"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

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THE WEATHER

Thundershowers today; Tuesday fair; moderate southwest winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 17.

GERMAN AIRMAN'S THRILLING STORY OF LONDON RAID

"Magnificently Terrific" Spectacle as Projectiles Burst in "Heart of England."

FLEW IN BURSTS OF FIRE

As Anti-Aircraft Guns Opened on Them on the Edge of the Suburbs.

THEN CAME BATTLE PLANES

British Fliers in Their Path Gallantly Assailed Them—Two Shot Down, Narrator Asserts.

BY A PARTICIPANT IN THE RAID.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN July 1, (via London.)—The commander of one of the German airplanes that took part in the recent raid on London, supplies for publication the following account of his experiences, over the signature of "A Participant":

At 8 o'clock in the evening we consult the weather expert. "Well, Herr Professor, what may we expect?" we ask. The professor, by way of reply, points to the wide expanse of blue above and says, "Splendid; it couldn't be better." There is a faint haze with light winds.

The next morning the sky is bluer than ever at 9 o'clock, the sun seeming to be laughing at the world. We are getting ready. Our commander addresses a few last words to us, ending with "God bless you, lads." At 10 o'clock punctually our leader's machine, heavily burdened, rises and heads for London. Our huge birds swarm after him.

Soon the Belgian coast comes in view. To the left we clearly make out the German front lines. Next we are at Nieuport, with a wide territory all around inundated. Ostend and Zeebrugge follow. We leave Holland to the right at the mouth of the Scheldt and Vlissingen is just visible. The commander is still flying somewhat ahead, the squadron, in close formation, behind. We can recognize the men in the machine flying nearest us, and signals and greetings are exchanged. A feeling of absolute security and indomitable confidence in our success are our predominant emotions.

Now our leader turns to the left. We are above the sea, the coast lines disappearing gradually. Barographs indicate higher altitudes. The motors are thundering their monotonous song of human power. Now and then the sharp tack-tack of practicing machine guns penetrates even the clamor of winds and the humming motors. In front, but far below us appears a cloud bank.

Still more distant in a hazy atmosphere is the English coast. We notice our comrades in other machines pointing to the coastline. They nod at each other and seem highly enthusiastic. We pass the cloud bank and in long lines see English sentinel boats stretched behind. Then, in a hazy veil, the mouth of the Thames appears. We approach Sheerness at the left, which town ought to know us.

Anti-Aircraft Guns Open.

In a straight line we make for London, and now the first British shots reach our altitude, but that does not matter much. Onward we fly. Soon the bombardment dies away and the squadron closes in, moving higher. We follow the windings of the Thames on the map, and find we are speedily approaching our goal.

But another cloud bank appears. "Damn it all, shall our game be spoiled this time?" I exclaim. I write my fears on a piece of paper, and hand it to my pilot, and I see his fist coming down broadside with an oath.

Five minutes pass in anxious suspense, and I look around after the comrade airships. They are still following in close formation. Then we pass that cloud bank, and London's sea of houses stretches in vast expanse far below us.

We now discover the first of the English chasing flyers, but for the present they do not concern us. Suddenly there stand, as if by magic here and there in our course, little clouds of cotton, the greetings of enemy guns. They multiply with astonishing rapidity. We fly through them and leave the suburbs behind us. It is the heart of London that must be hit.

Attack in Panorama.

We see the bridges, the Tower of London, Liverpool Station, the Bank of England, the Admiralty's palace—everything sharply outlined in the glaring sunlight. There are ships on the Thames that look like toys. With my glasses in one hand I signal with the other to my pilot. Slowly long rows of streets pass through the small orbit of the glasses.

At last it is time to stop, I give a signal, and in less time than it takes to tell I have pushed the levers and anxiously follow the flight of the released bombs. With a tremendous crash they strike the heart of England. It is a magnificently terrific spectacle seen from midair. Projectiles from hostile batteries are sputtering and exploding beneath and all around us, while below the earth seems rocking and houses are disappearing in craters and conflagrations in the light of the glaring sun.

In a few moments all is over and the squadron turns. One last look at the panic-stricken metropolis and we are off on our home course. I nod to my

Continued on Page 3.

Argentina Demands Indemnity of Berlin

BUENOS AIRES, July 1.—Onorio Pueyrredon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, declared today that the Argentine Government was determined to enter a claim against Germany for the torpedoing of the Argentine vessels Oriana and Toro, insisting that the Argentine flag was again attacked in the case of these ships.

A note embodying the claim was sent to Germany last night.

8 PERSONS KILLED IN NIAGARA PLUNGE

More Than a Score Injured as a Crowded Car Overturns Into Whirlpool Rapids.

WASHOUT CAUSED DISASTER

Car Turned Turtle in 10 Feet of Water—Many Pinned Down by Seats—Report Some Missing.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 1.—A Belt Line car on the Great Gorge Route left the rails, plunged down a twenty-foot embankment and turned over in ten feet of water on the edge of the whirlpool rapids at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Eight persons are known to be dead. Two persons known to have been on the car have not been seen since the accident and are probably dead; an indefinite number, estimated at from two to ten, are reported missing, and more than a score are in the hospitals suffering from injuries received in the accident.

Following is a list of the dead, missing, and injured:

DEAD.

HERON, ALEXANDER, Niagara Falls.
KENT, JAMES S., Scranton, Penn.
MUCK, J. R., Princeton, Ind.
PHELPS, HARVEY G., Schenectady.
RASTERY, Mrs. B. M., Chicago.
SCHUMAKER, MARION LLOYD, Akron, Ohio.
SEASTROM, Mrs. BERTHA, Jamestown, N. Y.
WALLACE, Mrs. L. F., of Akron, Ohio.

MISSING.

BROWN, S. K., Warren, Ohio.
SEASTROM, VIOLET, Jamestown, N. Y.

INJURED.

BAIL, Mrs. S. W., Washington, Penn.
BROWN, Mrs. S. K., Warren, Ohio.
HARAODO, S., Japanese student.
HENN, CHAUNCEY, 449 Gregory Avenue, New York.
HORLACHER, Mr. and Mrs. J., Rochester, N. Y.
KENT, Mrs. JAMES, Scranton, Penn.
LUCAS, BERTHA, Renovo, Penn.
MANNING, DANIEL J., 169 West 166th Street, New York.
McCOY, Mrs. G. C., Kansas City.
McGILL, CLARENCE, member 74th Regiment, Buffalo.
MILLER, NORMAN, Erie, Penn.
POOLE, Mrs. ETTA J., Cincinnati.
RISING, GEORGE, Erie, Penn.
SEASTROM, ALEC, Jamestown, N. Y.
SEASTROM, ALMA and FLORENCE, daughters of Alec Seastrom.
SIMPSON, RACHAEL B., Martin's Ferry.
SLEE, Mrs. D. J., Toledo, Ohio.
SKMONI, S., Japanese student.
SMITH, Mrs. H. O., Akron, Ohio.
STOMINSKI, FRANK, Chicago.
SWEENEY, GEORGE W., Renovo, Penn.
VOLGSTEADT, Miss JOSEPHINE, Erie, Penn.

A washout, due to recent heavy rains, was the cause of the disaster, which occurred just below the Cantilever Bridge and sixty feet below the point where the smooth waters of the river break into the turbulent eddies of the Whirlpool Rapids.

The car was in charge of Louis E. Crandall, motorman, and Alexander Heron, conductor. It had all but completed the circuit of the gorge, having crossed from the Canadian side of the river on the trolley bridge at Lewiston. There were more than fifty passengers on board, according to general estimates. The car was one of the open type, the seats extending from side to side, with steps on both sides the full length of the car.

All the seats were occupied and some of the passengers were standing between them, and there were others on the rear platform.

The car was running at a speed of about twenty miles an hour when it struck the weak spot in the roadbed. Less than half a minute elapsed from the time the motorman felt the first jarring sway until the car was bottom side up on the edge of the rapids.

As it slipped down the twenty-foot incline from the tracks to the edge of the river, screaming men and women fought to escape, and some of them were able to get free, but were unable to obtain a footing on the steep bank.

There was a mad scramble in the shallow water between the wrecked car and the river bank. From the river side the bodies of at least two of the passengers were seen to be caught in the swifter waters, and were carried down to the whirlpool.

Members of a National Guard regiment, who were on guard at the Cantilever Bridge, saw the accident, and were the first to come to the rescue. The soldiers slid down the bank into the river, and worked in water up to their waists getting injured passengers free from the wreckage and passing them up the bank, where an emergency car had been placed to carry them to the Niagara Falls Hospital.

The supports of the roof on the forward part of the car had been crushed by the impact on the rocks in the river bottom, throwing the seats together. This pinioned many of the passengers below the surface of the water, and it was in this part of the car that most of the fatalities occurred.

"I believe at least half a dozen bodies were carried down the river to the whirlpool," said one of the soldiers, who was taken to a hospital to recover from exhaustion. "When I was running down the railroad tracks I saw out in the stream what seemed to me to be two arms raised above the surface. Ten feet away from them I am sure I saw the bright color of a woman's dress near the surface, and still further down a man was swimming in an effort to get out of the rapids. He disappeared."

Conductor Heron was in the forward part of the car collecting the last of the fares. He was thrown from the running board and crushed to death as the car toppled over.

The statement by the National Guardsman that he had seen half a dozen persons struggling in the water was the most definite obtainable as to the number of persons carried away from the river side of the wrecked car. Nearly a score were reported to the police as missing, but most of these were located in hospitals and hotels later in the evening. It is certain, however, that in the holiday crowd there were many making the trip unaccompanied. The list of dead and known missing and the injured makes a total of thirty-four. Practically no one escaped injury, and this leaves more than fifteen persons to be accounted for if the estimate of fifty as the total number of passengers on the car is correct.

OUR FOOD HELPS NEUTRALS TO FEED KAISER'S TROOPS

Sustenance for 7,700,000 Soldiers Procured by Foe from Holland and Scandinavia.

FIGURES REACH WASHINGTON

Cattle and Fodder in 1916 Enabled Germany to Get 1,410,000 Metric Tons of Food.

NEED OF COAL A FACTOR

But Some Neutral Merchants Have Made Millions by Violating Their Country's Laws.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Germany is obtaining hundreds of thousands of tons of foodstuffs annually, enough to supply its entire army on the west front, from Holland and Scandinavian countries, and the exports from the United States, which reach those neutral nations, alone make this situation possible, according to a statement obtained today from an official source.

The assertions contained in the statement are based on figures obtained by the British Government after careful investigation and which are published for the first time. One of these is that fats sufficient in quantity to supply the rations of 7,700,000 soldiers, practically the entire army of effectives in Germany, are now going into that country.

The figures will be placed at the disposal of the Exports Council, created recently by executive order, which will determine shortly the policy of the United States in its commercial relations with the neutrals. They will be used as an argument for a tighter clamping on of the lid than some had favored.

A proclamation from President Wilson declaring the first list of exports to be placed under license and the countries affected thereby has been expected for some days. Early announcements, it was said tonight, have caused the representatives of some of the neutral countries concern, and they have sought to soften the decree. This may be one of the reasons for the delay in taking final drastic action.

The statement made public today contains an analysis of the food situation as it affects Germany, which was prepared by an expert. It names twelve commodities of which, it is stated, Germany imported last year a total of not less than 1,410,100 metric tons. Cattle and fodder and other exports from this country to the neutrals, it is stated, were all that made it possible for the neutrals to supply Germany with such great quantities of the products named.

What Official Figures Show.

This part of the statement reads:

"In order to illustrate the operations of exportation of foodstuffs from Holland and Scandinavia into Germany, the following figures are presented. These figures, it must be distinctly stated, illustrate the minimum. These amounts of foodstuffs are known from reliable sources to have been imported by Germany from Holland and Scandinavia during 1916. Just what amounts were imported is a matter of conjecture. Certainly some more was imported, possibly much more. The following figures represent the chief articles:

	Metric Tons.
Butter	82,600
Meat	115,800
Pork products	68,800
Condensed milk	70,000
Fish	407,000
Cheese	80,500
Eggs	46,400
Potato meal	179,500
Coffee	58,500
Fruit	74,000
Sugar	12,000
Vegetables	215,000

"When these substances are calculated for their food values and applied to their entire population, we learn that they contain for each individual in the German Empire 120 calories per day, which is 6 per cent. of the intake capita diet according to the regulation ration. In protein these importations furnish about 10 per cent. of the intake.

"It is in fats particularly that the figures become impressive. It must be recalled that fat is the scarcest food in Germany. Fat is mostly highly prized, indeed fat is the only food the lack of which was seriously apparent in the diet of the German people. The importations above stated contain a little over 5½ pounds of fat per person per year, corresponding to about a quarter of an ounce per day, which is almost a quarter of the daily fat intake of each German at the present time.

"This amount of food is equal in fat to the fat in the soldier's ration of 7,700,000 soldiers, practically the entire army of effectives in Germany. From the standpoint of calories these foodstuffs are equal to the total rations of 2,500,000 soldiers, practically the German army in actual service on the west front.

Blockade Must Be Strict.

"Obviously strict enforcement of the blockade through control of the exports of the United States to Holland and Scandinavia would necessarily result in elimination of these foodstuffs from German diets. If there be anything in the theory of the blockade, it must be made strict, if it is to be effective, and certainly the facts here presented constitute a definite basis for embargo on exports on the part of the United States. These embargoes need not in the least endanger the food supplies of Holland and Scandinavia for their own people. Such an embargo is merely to prevent their

Continued on Page 2.

Chinese Dictator Restores Throne; Hsun Tung Emperor

LONDON, July 2.—General Chang Hsun, says a Reuter dispatch from Peking, has informed President Li Yuan-Hung that he must retire, as the Manchu Emperor, Hsun Tung, has been restored to the throne.

Another Reuter dispatch from Peking says that Hsun Tung issued a mandate Saturday morning announcing his succesison to the throne of China.

BOSTON 'PEACE' PARADE MOBBED

Soldiers and Sailors Break Up Socialist Demonstration and Rescue Flag.

TWO DIVISIONS ATTACKED

Socialist Headquarters Ransacked and Contents Burned—Many Arrests for Fighting.

BOSTON, July 1.—Riotous scenes attended a Socialist parade today which was announced as a peace demonstration. The ranks of the marchers were broken up by self-organized squads of uniformed soldiers and sailors, red flags and banners bearing socialistic mottoes were trampled on, and literature and furnishings in the Socialist headquarters in Park Square were thrown into the street and burned.

Police reserves stopped the rioting after it had been in progress an hour and a half. Many arrests were made.

The police took into custody some of the participants in hundreds of fist fights which were waged on the Common and in the line of the parade on Tremont Street, while agents of the Federal Department of Justice, under the direction of Assistant District Attorney Goldberg, arrested in the crowd a number of persons who were alleged to have made unpatriotic remarks in the heat of the conflict. None of the soldiers and sailors who figured in the disturbance was arrested.

The procession, which consisted of hundreds of men and women, many of whom carried babies, formed in Park Square, and, passing through Eliot Street, marched along Tremont Street, one division going to the baseball ground on the Common, where a meeting had been arranged, and another proceeding to Scollay Square. Most of the marchers carried small red flags with white centres, emblematic of the peace demonstration, and there were large banners bearing inscriptions, some of which read:

"Russia has a six-hour day. Why not America?"

"Liberty Loan a first mortgage on labor."

A large American flag was at the head of the procession.

Half a hundred men in the uniform of Naval Reservists, National Guardsmen, marines, and Canadian "Kilties," who had watched the formation of the parade, marched across the common in a double column and intercepted the procession at the corner of West and Tremont Streets, and again at the corner of Winter and Tremont Streets. In both instances the contact resulted in a street fight. Blows were exchanged, and flags were snatched from the hands of the marchers, while women in the line screamed in fright.

At Scollay Square there was a similar scene. The American flag at the head of the line was seized by the attacking party, and the band, which had been playing "The Marseillaise," with some interruptions, was forced to play "The Star-Spangled Banner," while cheers were given for the flag.

The police had just succeeded in quieting this disturbance, when the reserves were called out to quell a near-riot at the meeting place on the Common. The first of the "peace" speakers had barely begun his remarks when the reserves arrived. They formed a circle in the crowd, with the police wagon as a centre, in front of the speakers' stand, but in spite of their presence there were scores of individual fights in the big gathering. To restore quiet Supt. Crowley, as Acting Police Commissioner, revoked the permit for the speaking and the meeting was called off.

Meanwhile the Socialist headquarters in Park Square had been ransacked, and its contents destroyed in a bonfire. The American flag taken from the paraders was placed over a statue of "Lincoln the Emancipator" near the scene of the bonfire.

The peace demonstration was organized at a conference of Socialist branches, labor unions, and workmen's benefit societies of the metropolitan district, acting under the name of the Workmen's Council, in imitation of the Council of Workmen and Soldiers of Russia. It was announced that the organization represented 10,000 workingmen, and that its program would include the peace terms of the Russian workmen—no forcible annexations, no punitive indemnities, and free development of all nations.

Among the speakers who were announced as on the program for the meeting on the Common were James H. Maurer, President of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor; J. Edward Morgan of San Francisco, representing the Mooney Defense Movement; James O'Neal, State Secretary of the Socialist Party, and Joseph Murphy of Lowell.

RUSSIANS LAUNCH GREAT ATTACK ON LINE OF 18 MILES

Resume Offensive in Galicia Interrupted by Teuton Invasion of Rumania.

HALICZ THEIR OBJECTIVE

Berlin and Vienna Report Repulse, with Heavy Losses to Masses of Infantry.

BATTLE STILL IN PROGRESS

Artillery Duel Extends Northward to the Middle Stokhod and Southward to Stanislau.

BERLIN, July 1, (via London.)—The Russian troops in the eastern theatre of the war have opened a heavy attack on the Germans along the Stripa front. They stormed the German positions along an eighteen and a half mile line, but, according to the official German report, met with heavy losses and were forced to retire.

This was the most extensive attack delivered by the Russians since the revolution. The text of the official statement reads:

Eastern Theatre.—Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria—The Russian Government having been constrained to yield to the pressure of the leading Entente Powers, part of the army has been induced to attack. After a destructive fire lasting all day against our positions on the Upper Stripa as far as the Narayuvka River, there followed in the afternoon powerful attacks by the Russian infantry on a front of about thirty kilometers, (18½ miles.) The storming troops, who sustained heavy losses, were compelled everywhere to retire by our defensive fire.

Nocturnal attacks, into which the Russians also were driven without artillery preparation by the Entente leaders, were unsuccessful and broke down on both sides of Brzezany and near Zwyzyn. The artillery duel extended northward as far as the Middle Stokhod, and south as far as Stanislau. There have been no attacks on this front up to the present. Between the Carpathians and the Black Sea no important events have occurred.

Macedonian front: On the right bank of the Vardar Bulgarian advanced posts near Altohakmahle repulsed an attack by British battalions.

A supplementary official bulletin issued tonight reads:

In the east the attacks of the Russians near Koninchy and between the Ziota Lipa and the Narayuvka occasioned new engagements.

VIENNA, July 1, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press, via London.)—Austrian troops in Eastern Galicia are on the defensive against Russian attacks, says the official statement issued today from Austro-Hungarian General Headquarters. Russian attacks south and southeast of Brzezany, near Koninchy, and west of Zalocz, the statement adds, were repulsed. The text follows:

Eastern Theatre: In Eastern Galicia, with the army group of General von Boehm-Ermolli, the defensive is in full progress. After several days of violent fire from the heaviest guns, the enemy in the afternoon commenced an infantry attack south and southeast of Brzezany and near Koninchy. They were everywhere repulsed. Wherever portions of the enemy infantry were able to move forward they succumbed before our barrage fire.

A very strong attack, started late in the afternoon west of Zalocz, broke down under our artillery fire. Toward midnight the enemy, without artillery preparation, endeavored to advance south of Brzezany. He was repulsed. During the night the artillery fire declined, but it revived the next morning.

Not since the Fall of last year, when the Russian Army in Galicia by a series of fierce attacks swept westward from the Stripa, crossed the Kopolice and Ziota Lipa Rivers, and reached the very outskirts of Halicz, the key to Lemberg, capital of Galicia, which they also approached from the south after capturing Stanislau, have there been active hostilities in that region. The great Teuton drive on Rumania caused the diversion of Russian troops from Galicia to stem the tide of invasion there, which was accomplished after the Germans had overrun Wallachia. The present offensive is notable as the first undertaken on any

Continued on Page 3.

Harden Sees the Allies Resolutely United; Peace Only If Germany Yields to Democracy

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 1.—A dispatch to The Chronicle from Amsterdam says that in the latest number of Die Zukunft Maximilian Harden expresses himself in an extremely pessimistic tone with regard to the general situation, especially concerning Russia. He writes:

"Only a miracle can bestow an early peace upon us. Either our enemies must be smashed up or Germany's aspirations must find unity with those of a majority of the world. Only the second miracle can be accomplished by human strength.

"The goal of our enemies is democracy and independence for every race ripe for freedom, a real and not sham reduction of armaments, and a court of justice before which all who are suspected of being responsible in greater or less degree for the outbreak of war must present themselves. They aim at a condition which will give weapons to right against the arrogance of force, a state of affairs which will threaten with peril any enterprise of attack, and which will remove from one mortal man the decision whether peace shall prevail or war shall come, and deprive him of the power to impose that decision on the people. They aim at preserving the prerogatives of all countries as jealously as socialism, already recognized by the State, protects the prerogatives of individuals.

"If Germany sees blazing over that goal the great celestial sign of the times, then peace is reachable tomorrow. Over all other questions agreement will be achieved easily, but if that condition of things for which millions of people sigh, appears to her to be ignominious, then she must fight on until one group conquers, and the other falls in exhaustion. The people alone can be responsible for what is to come, but the spirit of statesmanship, before they make their choice, must light the path for them."

FRENCH HAVE NAMED OUR MEN 'SAMMEES'; 'OVER THE SEA TO GERMANEE' THEY SING AS THEY MARCH AWAY TO FIRST CAMP

Germany Gets the News of Our Men Ahead of France And Before Dispatches Were Allowed to Come Here

The following dispatches from The Hague and Zurich, based on newspapers received from Berlin, probably of Friday's date, show that Germany had the news before Paris, which got it only yesterday, and before American correspondents were permitted to cable it from Paris on Saturday night.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Saturday, June 30.—Commenting contemptuously on the reported arrival of American troops in France, Count zu Reventlow declares the whole story sheer bluff, intended simply to depress the Germans. He remarks that the arrival of the first troops has been twice reported under two different dates, and points out that the first troops cannot land twice.

"If the statements were true," he writes, "it would not be necessary to bluster about them. On the contrary, they would be kept as quiet as possible."

Reventlow asserts that the only American troops actually landed are some aviators and medical corps men, and continues:

"This flying corps and at least a great part of the medical staff belong to the dear dead days of American neutrality and of that hopeful German expectation of being able to fight for the freedom of the seas shoulder to shoulder with the United States and against Great Britain."

Dr. Muehling denounces President Wilson in a newspaper as "the greatest humbug and liar of five quarters of our globe, despite the pleasing characters of this type already existing in other enemy countries." He explains that Mr. Wilson's book, published in 1894, correctly points out a deep difference between the constitutional monarchy in Germany and autocratic monarchies. Yet he now asserts that it is a German autocratic monarchy that America is fighting, according to the editor.

ZURICH, July 1.—Referring to the arrival of American troops on French soil, the military critic of the Frankfurter Zeitung says that Germany must not overlook the fact that American help is really very great, though it will come only by degrees. Under these conditions, he says, if France is obliged to restrict her military activities, it will signify no strengthening of the German situation. The critic thinks that the Entente plans for a greater offensive will be delayed, and perhaps will not be carried out until the Spring of 1918. Hence, he writes, there is greater opportunity for the Central Powers to take the initiative.

The critic of the Hamburger Nachrichten questions whether the Entente will delay an offensive until the Americans arrive in force.

NEWS OF OUR MEN HELD UP IN PARIS

Washington Believed to Have Asked French and British Censors to Delay Cables.

PASSED BY ARMY CENSOR

Dutifully Stopped in Paris, but London and Germany Get the News.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Having found it impossible to curtail the freedom of the press through a censorship law because Congress refused to enact any such legislation, the United States Government has apparently undertaken to circumvent the spirit of Congressional and public opinion by a new method of press restriction. There is evidence that the Washington Government has enlisted the services of the French and British censorship administrations to prevent certain news from reaching American newspapers, and through this means hopes to accomplish what Congress refused to sanction.

THE TIMES correspondent has been informed that the French and British Governments were asked by some one in the name of the United States to hold up press cable dispatches to American newspapers relating to the American military forces now in Europe, even after these dispatches had been approved by the army censor attached to the headquarters of General Pershing. In what way this desire of the United States Government was conveyed to the Governments of France and Great Britain is not known. Secretary Lansing said tonight that to his knowledge the State Department had made no such request, and it was indicated by a high War Department official that nothing on the subject was known there.

Some one in authority in this Government, however, appears to have been responsible for the action of the French Government is holding up cable dispatches describing the arrival of the American expeditionary force at a French port. These particular dispatches were not filed until after the entire force had been landed and all objection to the publication of the descriptive accounts had been removed by General Pershing or some one acting under his authority. Accounts of the landing of the American troops had been printed in London as early as Thursday last, but this did not influence the French censors in showing leniency toward some of the dispatches filed at French telegraph offices for cabling to newspapers in the United States.

The new method of overcoming the dictate of Congress that there should be no censorship of the American press is likely to be aired in the Senate or the House this week. During the debate in both houses on the press restriction section of the Espionage bill it was made plain that the sentiment in Congress was overwhelmingly against curtailing the constitutional guarantee of the freedom of the press, and the temper of the opponents of the press gag measure was such as to show that an effort to circumvent the legislative will through interference with newspaper publications would be resented by the Senate and the House in a manner that would be felt by the offending officials of the Government.

The stupidity of the French censors or their intent to make the censorship of dispatches to American newspapers as annoying as possible in the hope of

Continued on Page 2.

TROOPS DEBARKED IN RAIN AND MIST

Cheering Sight When Crowded Transports Loomed in Fog Nearing the Docks.

THRONGS ON DECKS SILENT

Soldiers on Landing Quickly Go to a French "Bankwee" to Exchange Money.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 1.—As our party rode through French country, every arce bursting with ripened crops, there were many quarter hours of anxious silence, and it was an immense relief to find our gallant fellows all safe when we arrived at a port.

We felt like making a round of the commanders and shaking hands on their outwitting Boche prowlers and cabling congratulations to Washington on excellent arrangements well carried out. In normal conditions it would be something of a feat to bring so many boats and men across the Atlantic without even a minor mishap. To do it in the teeth of hostile submarines was to win America's first round against Germany.

Aside from feeling that we scored handsomely on this particular venture there was solid satisfaction in the practical demonstration that troops in large numbers could be sent across the ocean, and that in the course of a few months an American army big enough to count in the final decision would surely be landed in France.

On the Transports.

There was soon opportunity for more enthusiasm. We saw looming in the mist the shapes of other transports coming up to the dock. One of them passed so close that every face was visible. The docks were literally yellow with men. There must have been a thousand in sight. We could have shaken hands with those nearest us. There was not a sound from them—no singing, no shouting. Even when I hailed them and asked about the voyage there came back from them only two or three a single word, "good" or "fine." They had not found themselves in this new, strange country. They had had a long voyage packed like sardines in transports menaced by a silent and invisible enemy. They were a beautiful lot of youngsters, clean-limbed and bright-eyed.

Just as the transport was abeam somebody on the bridge called out through a megaphone: "Don't stand at the rail! You are not here for ornament!" There was a scampering, and two or three dozen men ran up a companionway below the bridge. When they had reached a barrier at the top they all vaulted it with the lightness of antelopes.

We spent a good part of the day walking about among the newly arrived soldiers. Always we were struck with their intelligence and independence. They came from a civilization in which equality and fraternity were genuine. They

Continued on Page 2.

AFTERWARD GO SIGHTSEEING

Glad to Land, They Set Out Quickly on Exploration Trips.

NAIVE QUESTIONS PLENTIFUL

Many Ignorant of French, but Show Independence in Dealing with Shopkeepers.

NEW TYPE WINS ADMIRATION

American Uniforms and Equipment Fit the French Conception of the Far West.

By WYTHE WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 1.—The "Sammees" have arrived in France. The "Sammees" are American regulars. No longer are they "doughboys."

The baptismal ceremony of the new name, which will rank with the Tommy and the poilu of the British and French armies, occurred the very instant the first of Uncle Sam's fighting men marched off a transport that landed them at "a French port."

"Sammee! Sammee! Vive Sammee!" shouted the populace that thronged the quay sides. Pershing's boys understood perfectly this French pronunciation of a name which they felt naturally belonged to them, and they grinned cheerfully. So "Sammees" they became and "Sammees" they will probably remain to the end of the war.

The fact that the first contingent of the American Army and its supplies down to the last mule and the last sack of tobacco have arrived safely at "a French port" is about the only "news" that American correspondents are permitted to cable concerning the landing or the trip across the ocean. The American censor was the first man on the job.

Censorship Lid Tight.

I have never attempted to cover a story that is so chock full of news where so little is permitted to be made public—and the correspondents feel that part of the suppressed information, which will probably emanate from Washington in a few days, might have an equal effect on the Germans were they allowed to put it on the wire as they got it.

Printed rules covering the arrival of our troops set forth that the name or location of the port of debarkation cannot be indicated even by descriptive reference. Second, the name of the General commanding the division is the only one that can be printed. Names of brigade and regimental commanders and names and numbers of any units are all barred. Lastly and most important, there is the strictest prohibition against anything that indicates the route of the transports and the methods of the warships that safeguarded their voyages.

These same regulations remind us that the American expeditionary force depends more upon the correspondents' patriotism and discretion than upon censorship in safeguarding military secrets. Both General Sibert and Admiral Gleaves, who commanded the convoys, told us absolutely all there was to be told, but the reporter's instinct to "see it in the paper" has been rigidly curbed.

Glad to Get Ashore.

The best way to indicate the feeling of all troops at having solid earth beneath them again is to retell a story the General told me yesterday at luncheon. The principal in the story is a negro stevedore who crossed on the same ship as the General. When land was sighted—just a tiny speck on the horizon—this negro was working on deck. He overheard officers remark that land could be seen. He dropped work and stood shading his eyes at the distant mark. Then he suddenly gave a jump for a mast, and with the agility of a cat went up into the rigging. An officer called to him, but he shouted back without turning his head: "Man, I'se got to see more of that," and sat in the crosstrees with eyes fixed until thoroughly satisfied.

Although there undoubtedly was relief at escaping submarines, there was far greater satisfaction among the men, coupled with pride, that they are the advance guard and that they are at last comparatively near the battle front. They marched off the transports with bands playing the new marching song of the army, "Over the Sea to Germanee." The music was composed by Clarence Gridley, a son of the famous Captain Gridley of Manila Bay, and the words were written on the way over by John Erb, Commissary Clerk on one of the transports. The chorus goes:

Good-bye dear old Yankee land. Hello, France!
We've sailed across the ocean to make the Germans dance.
They have tried to rule the world with military stuff,
But we come from a country that never takes a bluff.

The music is reminiscent of "Tipperary," "A Hot Time in the Old Town tonight," and the "Doxology," but it will do. It has a great march rhythm and made an instant hit with the French crowds as the men marched through the streets of the city from the boats to the camp.

General Pershing arrived with several of his staff to welcome General Sibert and inspect the encampment.

The French population gave the troops their first welcome in a manner such as could be understood only by persons who have been in France and have watched her sacrifices during almost three years of war.

The General and his officers and men themselves were admittedly nonplussed, until they got ashore, at the comparative quietude that prevailed. Although the town had been advised some days before that it had been chosen as the port of debarkation and the Mayor had given orders that the city be decorated with American flags, none knew the day or hour of arrival. When the first transport drew in, there was scarcely anyone about. One of the town councillors explained things to me.

"Every man and woman here is employed in some form of war work" he said. "There are several thousand women making munitions alone. So, when it came out that the Americans actually were in our midst everyone was away at work. Why, every woman had a new dress ready to wear for the occasion and they were heartbroken. I rushed about to get a band together, but couldn't get enough to play."

General Holiday in Town.

When other boats drew in, a general holiday has been ordered, and there was enthusiasm enough to make up for the previous lack. Crowds of young women lined the landing quays and pelted the soldiers with fruit and flowers, and shouted, "Good morning," which was their stock of English, although one mademoiselle was heard insisting that the proper English words of greeting were "Good-bye."

As the troops disbarked, they first passed large gangs of German prisoners who were employed as dock laborers. Their eyes were wide with interest at merely seeing "Fritz," which was the term all used. They all wanted to know the meaning of the letters "P. G." painted on the back of each prisoner's coat, and their first French lesson was to understand that "P. G." meant "prisonnier de guerre."

The camp was constructed under French authority, and consists of dozens of demountable frame barracks which have now taken the place of canvas tents almost everywhere on the front.

The General went out immediately after the debarkation with his staff, and at once went into the problems of sterilized water supply and getting out food and baggage. Long before the troops arrived there was a stream of motor caravans piled high with suit cases, cots, blankets, and rolls. There probably has never before been such an influx of suit cases to France, where the old-fashioned bulky portmanteau still is in general use. The General's field stove was soon sizzling and a pile of trunks was carried into one of the barracks to use as table legs, the top consisting of side pieces for another barracks to be erected later.

Rainey Takes Moving Pictures.

Paul Rainey, with a moving-picture machine, then arrived to take the General and his staff. The General insisted that I and two other correspondents, already outfitted in the prescribed khaki, get into the movies with him. Immediately afterward he called across the field to his cook to "put on three more of those American beefsteaks," as it was his wish that we should sit down with him at his first meal on French soil.

It was a meal I shall never forget—off pine boards and trunks.

Since the beginning of the war I have sat often at a General's mess, and it was all very fine, but here at last I sat with a General who talked my language, plain United States English, and expressed his thoughts in that direct fashion which I was beginning only vaguely to remember.

He was my General, they were my officers, and the soldiers of my country. I had longed for their arrival here for a long, long time, and had worked and written stories that I hoped would help to get them over. And now they were here, and I was at table with them and they were telling without reserve all their thoughts and expressing all their hopes for themselves and the United States. I tell you it felt pretty good—putting the matter of good American food aside for the moment.

The General has a personality that gets right at your heart. He won the correspondents in half a minute, and it was plainly seen that his officers and men would go to the end of anything with him. Physically, he looks as large as Joffre, but he wears none of the panoply of rank except two tiny stars on the collar of a plain khaki uniform, and instantly gives the impression of a hard-working, direct, honest, and efficient soldier man.

Beefsteaks from America.

And as for those beefsteaks—well, the mere fact that they were direct from home made them taste different to one who has so long been accustomed to the intricacies of a French cuisine. Then there were good, old-fashioned "spuds" and biscuits—I had forgotten that such existed—and then at the end of the meal some one produced a bag of tobacco. That tobacco was from alfalfa land and made me homesick until the Quartermaster informed me how many thousand pounds were en route to this tobacco-benighted land, and with his promise that the supply always would be available at the canteen I felt better.

After luncheon we went back to the city to wait for the parade of our troops out to camp. Scores of them on a few hours' leave were already in the shops and cafés, while there was also a great number of bluejackets from the escort squadron, who were industriously preparing to take the night train to Paris. Their ignorance of the French language did not bother them. They usually traveled in bands of about ten, and when they wanted anything they got it.

Believe me, they were some sight. Individuality, independence, and democracy, befitting sons of Uncle Sam, impressed itself wherever they went, and the French had never seen anything like them from any army or navy. Although absorbed with amazement, they were frankly delighted.

I met a crowd standing outside a jewelry shop, bargaining with the proprietor on the subject of wrist watches, at which they were pointing through the window. I stopped to act as interpreter. I told them the article in question Monsieur le Propriétor valued at $5. The intending purchaser spat upon the ground.

"What! Five dollars for a wrist watch? Not on yer life!" he said, disdainfully, and I gathered from the hunch of his shoulders as he swaggered off, followed by his air, that he considered the mere wearing of a wrist watch concession enough and that to pay $5 for one would be a disgrace.

The men all had the usual difficulty with money and every one who spoke both French and English was constantly pressed into service to straighten out tangles. One excited "Sammee" told me that a tobacco store clerk wanted to charge him "one something and a half" for a pack of cigarettes, and that said "something" meant a dollar. Well, what he thought of the situation ended in a splutter of rage. I told him that the "something" probably meant only the franc value of twenty cents, and that with war taxes he must pay that much for French cigarettes, but why wish to sample them when those at his own canteen were so much better?

They were all naïve in their questions and the majority were child-like in their knowledge of French geography. Dozens wanted to know if there was any fighting in the immediate vicinity; while all day long I answered questions as to just how far away the lines were and also as to the time necessary to get to Paris. Word quickly passed of a likelihood that a large number of the troops would march through the Paris boulevards on the fête of the Fourteenth of July, tidings which were met with the greatest enthusiasm.

It was early afternoon when the regiments ranged in company formation on the quays, with bands at their heads, and shortly after the march began to the camp grounds. In this war I have seen the troops of every belligerent nation in line of march except Turks. Germans and Austrians I have seen marching in company formation to the French rear under guard; Belgians, Serbians, Russians, Portuguese, and Italians marching through Paris on holidays, and French, English, and British Colonials at the front in and out of the trenches. I therefore was able to make some comparison of our troops with all the others as they marched along in the sizzling afternoon.

Admired by Englishmen.

I stood with some of our staff officers, also some English correspondents who had come down from their front to "take in" the scene. I did not talk with them on the subject. I don't know what they thought, but I rather imagine that they had an idea that the first detachments of Americans at least would be a little army which, in their vernacular, "wouldn't be up to much."

I took my eyes off our men from time to time to note a new expression dawning on their faces. It was first surprise and wonder, gradually changing to pleasure and admiration. One so far forgot himself as to drop his monocle and leave it dangle unnoticed. He grasped my hand after a while and said: "My word, old chap, they're top hole," which was about as near enthusiasm as I ever got from an Englishman on any subject whatever.

And they were "top hole." I have never seen finer-looking troops in my life, although strikingly different in every way from every army now fighting in Europe. Their dress was different, their movement different, their faces different, and the feeling that seemed to radiate from them as they passed along was all different.

They symbolized the spirit of the Western World. They showed the individuality of the French, combined with the strength of the British, and added to this was a litheness of body and almost feline softness of tread that is utterly different from any other troops I had ever seen on the march.

Uniform Evoked Comment.

Comment on all sides was: "Notice how they walk without any sound." They did, indeed, seem simply to glide over the ground. Their uniform excited great comment. Their canvas leggings are different from anything ever seen over here, but the chief features of their garb were their slouch hats and the fact that they wore no coats, but marched simply in khaki shirts, open at the neck and with flowing neckties.

This all combined to give them a cowboy appearance which endeared them greatly to the French, with whom cowboy pictures have been popular ever since America entered the war. The fact that officers dressed so nearly like the privates also excited favorable comment. At ten yards distance one could not distinguish the one from the other. It was a distinct novelty to see a man lining up a company and roaring out commands wearing the same loose shirt, open at collar, and appearing the same as everyone else.

The heavy revolver sagging at every officer's hip and the wide knife bayonets of the new Springfield also took a share of comment and attention and added to the impression that this army must have been chiefly recruited from the ranches of the Far West.

The composite American face, as it peered under the thousands of slouch hats, also was a great study for the French, for it was so different from the American face that toured about Europe in the days before the war. It was a bit drawn yesterday, probably on account of the sea voyage, and the color seemed a bit off, but nevertheless it was a grim, honest face, with a light of good nature and idealism about the eyes that impressed us all that every man in that long line knew why he was over here to fight, and that he was glad.

They marched along to their first bivouac in France—those who are to furnish America her first casualty list, those who in the near future will probably change in some degree our war for ideals into what it has become for all our allies, a war of hate.

FRANCE ENTHUSIASTIC OVER TROOPS' ARRIVAL

Paris Paper Says America Does Nothing by Halves—Another Praises Expedition.

PARIS, Saturday, June 30.—The French press and public have extended an enthusiastic greeting to the American troops, the announcement of whose landing was permitted for the first time tonight. All the newspapers give a place of honor to descriptions of the impressive sight as the long lines of transports entered a French port and debarked the American forces.

The Temps dwells upon the youth, vigor, and military aspect of the Americans and the completeness of their equipment.

The Journal des Débats, in an editorial says: "The grand democracy of the New World does nothing by halves. It entered this vast conflict in full consciousness of the ends to be attained and with full resolution to neglect nothing in attaining those ends. What we witness today in the arrival of the Americans on French soil is magnificent proof of this fact.

"Two months and a half after the Americans entered the war their hardy troops arrive in solid lines upon the European front, and it is not a modest advance guard, as the most hopeful hardly dared to expect. On the contrary, the forces which have just landed on our shore surpass anything which could reasonably have been expected within so short a time.

"When we recall the length of time it took England to move her forces to South Africa, and, similarly, the length of time it took us to move our troops to Saloniki, this remarkable accomplishment by the Americans is seen in its full significance. The material they bring is on the same abundant scale as their troops.

"Those who have been doubtful whether the American concourse would come in time have failed to estimate at its just value the tremendous moral and material American power that German brutality has mobilized against itself. And what we see today is only the commencement. Each day henceforth will increase the weight of that formidable sword thrown into the balance by the sister Republic of America.

"Who can, even in Germany, be blind to the inevitable consequences of the events we are now witnessing?"

WOUNDED GREET PERSHING.

French Soldiers Wave Crutches and Try to Rise in Salutation.

PARIS, July 1.—One of the touching incidents connected with the arrival of the representatives of the American Army in France occurred today when maimed French soldiers received Major Gen. Pershing at one of the institutions of the National Federation for the Aid of the Wounded, in the Champ Elysée. A large crowd assembled, as is usual wherever General Pershing is expected, and waited patiently in a downpour of rain for the arrival of the American commander who was greeted with enthusiastic cries of "Long live the United States! Long live General Pershing!"

American Ambassador Sharp, Walter Berry of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris, Maurice Barres, President of the League of Patriots, and Louis Barthou, former Premier, were among those present. When General Pershing entered the room one of the maimed French soldiers limped forward to salute him in the name of his comrades. The private said:

"Though wounded, our souls still vibrate with the ardor of combat. We salute, in the person of the illustrious General Pershing, President Wilson and the noble American people."

M. Barres said the General's visit was symbolic, as "through him America salutes our mutilated and she is going to decide the coming victory, won in the first instance by our heroes."

Former Premier Barthou rendered homage to the first American troops reaching French soil, saying:

"The landing has great significance. It means that Americans have understood. You have struggled and fought for them and for the safety of the entire world. Henceforth they fight for you and they will avenge you."

General Pershing, who was visibly moved, arose and exclaimed, "Long live France!"

The wounded soldiers tried to arise, and some waved their crutches in the air, while all shouted, "Long live the United States!" Their acclamations followed General Pershing to the street, where he was the centre of another demonstration by the crowd, which had stood through the rain, waiting for a glimpse of the American commander.

TO DISCUSS HIGH PRICES.

All-Day Session of Committee on Living Problems.

The Committee on the High Cost of Living, of which Charles H. Ingersoll is Chairman, will meet tomorrow for an all-day session at the Hotel McAlpin. The program follows:

10:30 A. M. Speakers—Alfred J. Boulton, Cyrus C. Miller, Frederick C. Howe, Lincoln Steffens and B. Laska.

2:30 P. M. Speakers—Gilbert E. Roe, John J. Dillon, Charles H. Ingersoll, F. C. Leubuscher, Byron W. Holt and Mrs. Jacob Panken.

8 P. M. Speakers—William Lustgarten, S. J. Lowell, George L. Record, Dr. Harry W. Laidler, Benjamin C. Marsh and Amos Pinchot.

The committee has been organized according to its program, "to remove the fundamental causes due to privilege, of the high cost of living." Representatives of commercial and social organizations have been invited to attend the conference.

TROOPS DEBARKED IN RAIN AND MIST

Continued from Page 1.

were real human beings; there was no stamp of that humiliation which comes from habitual acknowledgment of social inferiority. This attitude does not interfere with their accepting military discipline. West Point traditions are unbending on that matter.

Reaction from the Voyage.

The troops were glad to touch earth after the long voyage, but among the recruits there was some reaction. A seaport town in a strange country on a rainy day does not redeem the promise made to the imagination of an adventuring youngster.

It was payday and in the afternoon the streets began to be crowded with khaki-clad figures, and as the effect of the voyage wore off there was increased curiosity and animation. "Banque" was the first French word the soldiers had to tackle, and it gave them no trouble. "Bankwee" was their ready rendition.

One of General Pershing's orderlies, who stood watching them go into a bank to get French money, growled patronizingly, as one enormously experienced and knowing the country, "They won't have a cent left tomorrow."

It was intensely interesting to watch this swarm from the West, to feel the vivid contrast with European order and civilization, and to speculate on the effect of the linking of the two. It will be enormous and permanent. One sees in parts of France today Mongolian types surviving from the German invasion. Americans will leave their imprint here, and take home with them influences that may modify American thought.

An amusing incident was the arrest of two stevedores for using profane language. They were carried off to the lockup in deference to French bystanders, though the objectionable language might very well have been thought by the said bystanders to have been American for "Vive la France."

Negroes' Odd Meetings.

Another amusing feature was the curiosity shown by various kinds of negroes in one another. I saw some of our good Southern darkies trying to make friends with black soldiers straight from Africa. Of course they couldn't understand a word though all of them looked exactly alike.

The attitude of residents of the port was one of mild interest and curiosity. There was no outburst such as greeted General Pershing in Paris.

The General and his staff arrived at the port at an early hour in the morning. They were met by local officials and a fair sized crowd and drove at once to inspect the camp. Everybody was pleased at the results accomplished in a short time. The camp seems sanitary and adequate. Naturally work has only just begun and a great war city will spring up here within a few months.

We met one or two friends among naval officers, and I had the welcome opportunity of going aboard a destroyer. It was beautifully shipshape after the long voyage, and both officers and men were fresh and fit, despite their constant vigilance. To look into the faces of such men and hear their sensible and confident, but never boastful talk, is to get re-Americanized.

Europe is keen for more American ships, especially destroyers. Secretary Daniels won general praise over here for disregarding the cry that he was depriving the American fleet of its eyes when he sent destroyers abroad. They have helped to steady England against the submarine assault. On all sides I hear the hope expressed that Washington will send more of the navy to this side, now that America seems safe from the submarine.

LIQUOR COMPROMISE IN FOOD BILL NEAR

Acceptance of an Amendment Leaving Wine and Beer Undisturbed Expected This Week.

WON'T COMBAT PRESIDENT

But 'Bone Dry' Advocates Threaten Revival of Problem Later—Hoover and Senators Confer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—With pressure from the White House opposing any drastic liquor legislation as a part of the Food Administration bill and the Anti-Saloon League, out of respect to the President's wish, withdrawing its lobby against liquor until the measure is passed, the prospect tonight seems to be that the Food bill, with the ban on wine and beer eliminated, will be passed by the Senate this week.

Whatever fight may come in the attempt to force through nation-wide prohibition will be concentrated in a rider to some other bill, or it may come up in an entirely new measure. It looked tonight as though the Senate would come to a vote within a day or so on the substitute amendment drafted by Senator Chamberlain yesterday, by which the distillation of alcoholic liquor would be proscribed for the remainder of the war, while vesting authority in the hands of the President to commandeer the existing stocks of whiskey, brandy, gin, and rum now in bond. In this amendment wine and beer are not prohibited.

Edwin C. Dinwiddie, resident manager of the Anti-Saloon League in Washington, said tonight that the league, in accordance with its letter to the President last night, would avoid all future effort to tie nation-wide prohibition to the Food bill.

Substitute Up Today.

The Senate Committee on Agriculture, which is trying to effect a compromise on the liquor legislation, will act tomorrow morning on the amendment drafted by Senator Chamberlain putting the ban on the manufacture of distilled spirits, but avoiding any legislation as to beer and wine. Members of the committee conferred today with Senator Chamberlain and agreed to take up the draft tomorrow with the idea of offering it in the Senate as a substitute for the prohibition section in the food bill as passed by the House.

Senator Chamberlain felt sure, he said tonight, that his amendment would be accepted by the entire committee, and further, that it would be adopted by the Senate. The vote might be close, he admitted, but he was confident the Senate would accept it as the logical way out of the liquor tangle.

Senator Thompson of Kansas, one of the radical nation-wide prohibitionist leaders, said the Chamberlain amendment would be fought bitterly in the Senate, but he thought the Senate would pass it.

"The President has probably saved the day for the advocates of tolerant liquor legislation," said Senator Thompson. "Until the Executive revealed his attitude in his conference with the Democratic Senators last week the nation-wide prohibitionists in the Senate had beer and wine beaten. The manufacture of whisky for the remainder of the war was doomed long ago.

"We had the votes to pass the House amendment against beer and wine before the President spoke. Now, in deference to him, it looks as if enough of the 'dry' Senators have been won over to beer and wine to pass the Chamberlain substitute. Naturally, we intend to put up a hard fight, but I am afraid we are going to be beaten.

"Aligned with the rabid Democratic opponents of legislation that will permit the use of any alcoholic drinks during the war—or after the war for that matter—are Senators Kenyon of Iowa, Jones of Washington, Gronna of North Dakota, and Brady of Iowa, all Republicans, who will stand, with others on their side, against the Chamberlain substitute. Senator Borah of Idaho is expected to vote with them."

"I believe the Food bill will pass with the prohibition against making whisky during the remainder of the war, but allowing wine and beer," said Senator Borah. "The President, I think, will have his way."

May Pass Bill This Week.

Senator Chamberlain, who is handling the Food bill, said tonight that, if a vote on the liquor amendment could be reached by Tuesday night, the bill undoubtedly would be passed this week. He expects the final vote on the measure Friday, at the latest. He says the bill will be passed by a comfortable margin.

A few changes were agreed upon in the bill today so as to still further eliminate objections voiced on the floor of the Senate. Most of these, Senator Chamberlain said tonight, pertained to the operative features of the measure. One change amends the provision against allowing any individual who has relations with the Government from dealing in any purchases to the Government in which he is interested. Under the section as amended, any such individual will be permitted to participate in the Advisory Council to the Government, but will not have a vote in which his own interests are involved.

Members of the Senate Agricultural Committee and Herbert C. Hoover, food administrator, were in conference today at the Capitol discussing amendments and measures to expedite the food legislation. Prohibition was discussed, but with Mr. Hoover taking no part. He is said to feel that war prohibition is solely a question of foodstuff conservation.

Among the changes in the food control features of the bill proposed by Mr. Hoover were application of the legislation to farmers' and gardeners' co-operative associations and the modification of the committee amendment prohibiting Government employes or agents from selling their own products to the Government.

"It is feared," said Mr. Hoover, "that as drawn the amendment would make the very men necessary for the work hesitate about helping the President in carrying out the provisions of the bill."

The committee agreed to remove exemption of grain elevators of farmers' organizations used for public purposes, but retained the exemption clause as to associations not organized or operating for profit.

NEWS OF OUR MEN HELD UP IN PARIS

Continued from Page 1.

thereby obliging this Government, is accentuated by the case of The London Times, which on last Thursday printed a full account of the landing of the American expedition at a French port. And London is only a day's journey from Germany, where newspapers from the allied countries in Europe are obtained in quick order. The phase furnished by the publication in The London Times is further emphasized by the fact that The London Times is believed to have received its report of the landing of the American troops by courier. It is to be expected that this plan will be adopted by other newspapers in the British Isles, as the censor does not have access to news obtained in this way. The result is that American newspapers are deprived of news which is nevertheless printed within a comparatively short distance of the borders of Germany.

The attitude of the United States Government, which has been exemplified in having the French censors hold up cable dispatches dealing with matters permissible to publish, is the outgrowth in part of the publication in American newspapers of a brief press dispatch telling of the arrival of the American expeditionary force now on French soil. This dispatch had been passed by the French censor, and when it reached the United States it was sent out over the wires of the press association by which it had been received. The Washington Government objected to the publication of the dispatch, asserting that it was premature, and that the War Department had requested newspapers not to print anything about the arrival of the American expedition in France until the department gave its consent.

While officials here were objecting to the printing of accounts of the landing of our troops English newspapers had already published the whole story. How soon the German Government knew of the arrival of the American force can be gathered from the fact that German newspapers containing comment on the matter had been received at The Hague before dispatches to American newspapers telling of the event were released in Paris.

Most of the newspapers of the country have been endeavoring to live up in good faith to the so-called voluntary censorship which has worked out satisfactorily, according to the testimony of those who have not shown a marked desire to restrict the freedom of the press. The newspapers have suppressed important information, frequently against their better judgment, merely because the Government was not willing to have it published. In some respects the voluntary censorship has resulted in the suppression of more news than has the British legal censorship.

In spite of this attitude on the part of the press, and in spite of the desire to co-operate shown by the newspapers, certain officials have endeavored to make it appear that there was urgent need of a censorship law. Minor incidents of alleged injudicious publication are constantly being cited by these officials to prove their case. As the result of the tendency in this direction by such representatives of the Government the old-time relations of confidence between officials and the press is being dissipated, and the opportunity to utilize the great power of the newspapers, which are anxious to be of help in every way, is being cast aside.

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DEFENDS ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

Published Charges Against Organization "Rot," Says Superintendent.

Local leaders of the Anti-Saloon League expressed indignation yesterday over statements published in The World that the Senate was going to investigate the alleged lobby maintained in Washington by the league, that the league was purely a money-making proposition, that it had been used by the Standard Oil Company as an agent for fighting organized labor, and that it faked petitions to Congress.

"In the main, this is the same old story," said the Rev. Samuel Hamilton, Superintendent for the metropolitan district of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter. "The liquor interests have been trying for years to find out who the league subscribers are and where the money comes from for our campaigns, and one of their favorite schemes for this is to try to get a legislative investigation.

"We welcome investigation. We have been investigated before by people who were no friends of ours, and they have always given us a clean bill of health. There is no secret about the way we collect our money or the way we spend it. A full statement of our receipts and expenditures, audited by a reliable firm of certified public accountants, is published regularly in our organ, The American Issue. Everybody knows that most of our money comes from collections taken up in churches of all denominations, and our books are always open to any subscriber or anybody who honestly wants to know anything about our business.

"To say we are agents of the Standard Oil Company is absolute rot. For all I know, John D. Rockefeller may be one of our subscribers, but he certainly has no influence in our organization. The rest of these accusations are either rank nonsense or simply vague innuendo."

AMSTERDAM POTATO RIOT.

Crowd Attempts to Seize Supplies Set Aside for Hospitals.

AMSTERDAM, July 1.—The Handelsblad prints a report of disturbances over the supply of potatoes in Amsterdam. Hundreds of women and youths collected in the Cruisweg, where a few potatoes had arrived. Only a small portion of the crowd could be supplied.

Later thousands of persons, the newspaper adds, besieged a dock where a small barge with potatoes for hospitals had been tied up. The crowd was driven off by mounted police, but it vented its feelings on the police building, where all the windows were broken. Several mounted policemen were severely injured by stones thrown by the crowds.

FRANCE TO RETURN WARSHIPS TO GREECE

Jonnart, His Task Ended, Is Recalled to Paris—Officials to be Prosecuted.

ATHENS, Greece, July 1.—An agreement has been reached whereby the French will return to Greece the vessels of the Greek light flotilla stationed at Salamis, ten miles west of Athens.

Senator Jonnart, the French High Commissioner to Greece, having accomplished his mission, is returning to Paris. He had a long conference today with King Alexander and Premier Venizelos.

The Minister of War has instructed all officers and men immediately to take an oath of fidelity to King Alexander.

Liberty of opinion will be a cardinal principle of the new Government of Premier Venizelos. Officials opposed to the Premier and who have observed a passive attitude and fulfilled their duties will retain their positions. Officials, however, who have interfered in party politics and have taken advantage of their positions to further the anti-Liberal cause will be dismissed and prosecuted.

Criminal prosecutions will be instituted against the persons responsible for the events of last December when Greek troops fired on a French landing party in Athens. Even Cabinet Ministers will not be immune. Proceedings also will be taken against Cabinet Ministers and officials holding office since February, 1915, who violated the Constitution.

SALONIKI, July 1.—The Provisional Government which was established here nine months ago by Premier Venizelos and his followers was merged on Saturday into the legal Government of United Greece. The officials of the Provisional Government have left Saloniki for Athens and steps are being taken to repatriate refugees. Saloniki thus returns to normal conditions. Greek steamship companies announce the resumption of service between Saloniki and other Greek ports.

Receives Delegates on War Prisoners

THE HAGUE, July 1.—Queen Wilhelmina received the German delegates to the War Prisoners' Conference this evening. The British delegates were received by her Majestey an hour later.

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CITY PASTORS PLEAD FOR SAVING OF FOOD

Pictures of Possible Famine Due to Waste Painted in Many Pulpits.

BEER AND WINE ATTACKED

"As Between Bread and Booze, There Should Be No Compromise," Says Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin.

Clergymen all over the city made the conservation of food the subject of their sermons yesterday. In response to an appeal from the National Food Director, Herbert C. Hoover, that they aid in the campaign to cut down waste and increase food production, the ministers pictured to their congregations the dire conditions of famine which have always followed in the wake of wars, because of reckless waste. In some cases the ministers devoted a part of their sermon to an attack on the continued sale of beer and wines, together with all other spirituous liquors.

"If the food situation is as acute as it is represented," said the Rev. A. Edwin Keigwin at the West End Presbyterian Church, "it would be sheer insanity to stop short of closing up every brewery in the land. Think of the food which would thus be released. I am taking my figures from the Liquor Dealers' Year Book. In the statistics of the year I find within one year 110,000,000 bushels of barley went into liquor, just one-half of the barley crop of that year. The business consumed 63,000,000 bushels of corn, 6,000,000 bushels of rye and 1,000,000 bushels of wheat.

"Gin or Win" the Question.

"In addition I find that 8,000,000 bushels of rice were used, just one-third of the rice crop for the year. All this valuable food was turned from life-giving into life-destroying channels. From a table of Washington statistics we learn that if the distilleries were closed for one year, 11,000,000 loaves of bread would be released each day, each loaf weighing a pound. The same authority asserts that the food which is wasted by the liquor industry would feed 7,000,000 men for an entire year.

"Whenever it is a question between highballs and high prices, no citizen should hesitate. As between bread and booze there should be no compromise. When the choice is between demoralization and defense, why parley? If David Lloyd George is in a position to know then both Great Britain and America must in the next few weeks answer this supreme question—'gin or win.'"

Dr. J. M. Neifert of St. Mark's in the Bouwerie, in speaking of the part that woman could play in the conservation of food, said:

"It is the women who control the economy of their homes, and it is now up to them to save food in order that lives may be saved. Famine is bound to cause more suffering than bombshells and powder. Science has banished much of the suffering that occurs on the field of battle, but the keener suffering which grows out of famine reaches the children at home, the helpless, and the sick."

Dr. Manning Makes Appeal.

The Rev. Dr. W. T. Manning at Trinity Church said:

"In accordance with the request made by Mr. Hoover, I want to speak to you today of the vitally important matter of food conservation. We who have been so eager for America to take her true part in this struggle are not going to fall short when we are asked ourselves to do some definite thing. We have shown that by the splendid readiness and willingness with which our men came forward on the day of registration, by the great subscription for the Liberty bonds, and by the response to the first great appeal for the American Red Cross.

"This request to put ourselves under discipline in regard to our food is one which will have a wholesome effect in many ways. It will bring home to us the meaning of the war and make it more real to us. It is a practical test of our patriotism. Our patriotism is worth nothing unless it means that we are willing to make personal sacrifices and put ourselves to personal inconvenience.

It is a way in which we can in some small measure share the sacrifice of those who are offering their lives for service at the front. This is an opportunity for special service by the women of our country in whose hands the question of food is to a large extent."

The Rev. Chester C. Marshall also made an appeal for food conservation in the St. James M. E. Church at Madison Avenue and 126th Street. In the same church Frank Moss delivered an address in which he designated the forthcoming anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence as "most thrilling, significant and dangerous in the history of the United States."

"For the first time since the Fourth of July has been celebrated by the American people," said Mr. Moss, "we are thrilled by the knowledge that the Stars and Stripes are floating over the battlefield of France and American soldiers are standing shoulder to shoulder with the fighting men of the Allies, all for the sacred cause of freedom and democracy. We are not defending our own land in this conflict, but unlike Germany who is fighting on foreign soil, we are not violating treaties, nor are we arrayed on the side of autocracy and militarism."

Dr. Lucius P. Brown, Director of Foods and Drugs of the Department of Health took occasion yesterday to make an appeal for food conservation.

"Stop wasting food," he said, "that is my advice to the city folks who want to help out in the present emergency. Back yard gardens are all right, but they accomplish very little as compared to conservation. The people here have already started in the right direction. There is 10 per cent. less garbage than New Yorkers threw out two years ago. But an appalling amount is wasted even now, particularly by the more prosperous families."

At the request of Food Director Hoover, nearly one thousand Camp Fire Girls all over the United States will begin today the distribution of "household tags" to all housewives. The acceptance of a tag means that the housewife has pledged herself to take part in the national service of food conservation. The tag which is to be hung in the window bears the design of the shield of the United States, surrounded by heads of wheat.

Seek Bakers for the Armies.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Expert bakers are being sought by the War Department to make bread for the war armies. It was announced tonight that the Quartermaster General had been ordered to form forty bakery companies of sixty-one men each.

"There should be a united, independent and autonomous Poland."—President Wilson.

To appreciate the importance of President Wilson's historic words, read:

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28 Lost on a French Liner Sunk in the Mediterranean

PARIS, July 1.—The French steamer Himalaya of the Messageries Maritimes, with 204 passengers and crew, has been sunk, as the result of an explosion, in the Mediterranean.

One hundred and seventy-six persons were saved.

The steamer Himalaya was 5,620 tons gross. She was last reported at Marseilles.

GERMANY TO INQUIRE INTO BOMB CONSPIRACY

Regrets Norway's Alarm, But Denies Rautenfels's Explosives Were for Use Against Her.

AMSTERDAM, July 1.—The German Government, according to advices received here, has ordered an investigation into the activities of Aron Rautenfels, a German who was arrested recently in Christiania in connection with the seizure of explosives in his possession.

The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, the semi-official organ, is quoted as saying:

"The German courier who was recently sent to Norway has been arrested on his arrival at Christiania. His luggage, bearing official seals, was searched by the Danish authorities. It was found to contain explosives and was seized.

"On account of the suspicion that the explosives were to be used in Norway, the Norwegian Government started legal proceedings against the courier. As the immunity of diplomatic couriers is guaranteed by international law, the Imperial Government protested against the arrest of the courier.

"He was subsequently released after it was officially declared that the use of explosives in Norway or against Norwegian interests was not intended. The courier will be prosecuted in Germany for violation of the law, especially the Norwegian law."

The journal adds:

"Competent German authorities have ordered an official examination into the case, and compensation will be given if it is proved necessary. That the incident aroused the anxiety of the Norwegian people is much regretted, but it can only be emphatically repeated that the explosives were intended for no enterprise whatever in Norway or against the Norwegian interests."

SAYS BERLIN DEMANDS TERRITORY IN EAST

Baden Liberal Politician Declares Terms Include Indemnity, Colonies and Coast "Security."

AMSTERDAM, July 1.—In connection with other recent impressions of what sort of a peace Germany is prepared to make, it is noteworthy that, according to Herr Rebmann, head of the Baden branch of the National Liberal Party, who spoke at Karlsruhe on Friday, there was not the slightest uncertainty regarding the contents of the peace demands to be observed at the recent meeting of the party leaders in Berlin. These demands were annexation of territory in the east, making the coast secure, a demand for colonial territory, and a war indemnity.

The speaker declared that this information had come from authoritative sources giving an overpowering impression of the repose and assurance at Great Headquarters respecting the outcome of the struggle.

SCHEMED TO SPY ON NAVY.

Germans Sought to Place Agents Near Yard in Southern City.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—That German intrigues in this country against the United States Navy must be carefully guarded against is evidenced by a case before the Department of Justice, says a statement issued today by the Navy League headquarters.

In a Southern city with a population of about 30,000, says this statement, a colony of Germans recently petitioned the city authorities to waive certain restrictions on their residence in zones. The petition was so phrased that it appeared to be harmless and Federal officials in the South were inclined to grant it.

When the petition was referred to Washington investigation showed that there was on foot a scheme to place certain German agents close to the Navy Yard, where mischief might be done. The request has been refused.

WOMEN IN BERLIN OFFICES.

Elected to Magistracy and Assigned to Social Welfare Work.

BERLIN, July 1, (via London.)—The first women elected to the Berlin magistracy have received their appointments.

They have been assigned to take charge of public social welfare work.

NEUTRALS SEND FATS TO KAISER'S TROOPS

Continued from Page 1.

citizens from furnishing foodstuffs for the German people."

The contention is made that the neutral countries could be supplied with sufficient of the products of America to prevent suffering, and that a long step could be taken in the conservation of the supplies which the United States needs for its own consumption and for its allies by strict regulation. The statement goes into some detail concerning the situation to illustrate this point. It continues:

"Readers of the London daily papers will recall that during the past Autumn and Winter, there were repeated charges by one section of the British press to the effect that the operations of the blockade against Germany were not sufficiently strict. Figures were given each month representing the amounts of foodstuffs being exported into Germany from Holland and Scandinavia. That the German Government maintained machinery for the importation of foodstuffs was known and one particular sub-division of the Department of the Interior, called the Central Buying Agency, was intrusted with complete charge of the purchase of foodstuffs from neutral nations.

"Inasmuch as importation of foodstuffs through Switzerland ceased when Italy entered the war, Holland on the west and Scandinavia on the north were the only countries from which these supplies could later be received. The figures of Consular agents in Holland and Scandinavia confirm the statements of exportation from these lands into Germany of considerable amounts of foodstuffs of vital importance. In particular it was pointed out that the Germans were especially active in importation of fats, the one type of foodstuff of which they had been most heavily deprived through the operation of the blockade.

"That Germany imported considerable amounts of these materials was well known to Americans residing in Germany prior to the declaration of war by the United States. Dutch cheese was plentiful and Dutch and Scandinavian importation of butter were everywhere to be seen.

"For a time the German authorities attempted to stimulate the importation of these articles by excluding the imported foodstuffs from the operation of the maximum prices. In other words, the importer was encouraged by being permitted to sell his wares at a higher price than the maximum fixed to the retail purchaser of the same German commodity. Later on, through the protests of the German agrarians, this favoritism was eliminated.

"Germany has always been averse to purchasing for cash since she desired to protect the value of the exchange rate. She has utilized industry to procure supplies and to some extent these coercions have been of such nature as to be recognized by the authorities in charge of the blockade. In particular coal has enabled Germany to exact from Scandinavia and Holland food in return for this fuel for which they are absolutely dependent.

Laws Violated by Merchants.

"But in addition to this there has developed organizations of producers and merchants in Holland and Scandinavia who circumvent the food restrictions of their own countries, violating laws against exporting supplies. All the nations named have regulations limiting the trade in foodstuffs with Germany, but on account of the large profits to be derived from this trade the large bodies of producers and merchants have always been able to make schemes for evasion of the local restrictions of their own country. From the returns of this trade these merchants have become extremely wealthy, and a name has been coined for them by which they are known, 'goulash millionaires.'

"It was recognized in Germany that the entrance of the United States into the war would mean the loss, in part at least, to this trade. It was recognized that the food articles imported by Germany from Holland and Scandinavia were supplied in large part through the importation from the United States. Dairymen imported oil cake, &c., from the United States for their dairies, and the products were sold to Germany. Thus the importations of butter and cheese, while really derived from Danish dairies, were actually obtained from the United States.

"The United States, now being in the war, faces the problem of restricting exportation to the neutral countries surrounding Germany to the point needed to prevent the citizens of these countries from using the supplies for the preparation of food for Germany."

Conferences on the export regulation question will be conducted this week, in order to determine just how far the Government can go without causing a real hardship to the neutrals and yet supply an effective weapon against supplying Germany with foods.

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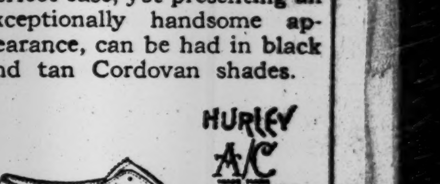

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FIGHTING AT VERDUN GROWS MORE BITTER

Position Near Dead Man Hill Changes Hands Five Times—French Holding Their Own.

BRITISH PRESS ON AT LENS

Gain Ground on Front of Half a Mile—Haig Took 8,686 Germans in June.

PARIS, July 1.—Heavy fighting continues in the Verdun region on the west bank of the Meuse, around Avocourt Wood, Hill 304, and Dead Man Hill, the War Office announced this afternoon. West of Dead Man Hill the struggle was particularly bitter, one position changing hands five times. Finally it was abandoned by both sides after being completely destroyed by artillery.

East of Rheims the Germans shelled the French lines heavily during the night, and attempted several strong surprise attacks, which were broken up with losses. Artillery and grenade fighting continued on the Aisne front.

The official statement issued this afternoon by the War Office, says:

To the east of Cerny notwithstanding a recrudescence of artillery bombardment only local fighting was reported in the sector from Cerny to Ailles. An attempt of the enemy to advance at various points on this front was repulsed by our grenades.

In the region east of Rheims our first lines were submitted to a violent bombardment in the early part of the night. Strong surprise attacks, directed by the Germans in the region east of La Pompelle, north and northeast of Prunay, caused the attackers serious losses and gained nothing for them.

On the left bank of the Meuse artillery fighting continued intense in the region of Avocourt Wood, Hill 304, and Dead Man Hill. An enemy attack on the Avocourt fortified position broke down under our fire.

West of Dead Man Hill lively fighting took place around one of our advanced posts, which was lost and retaken on five different occasions, and finally was abandoned by both sides. The position was completely destroyed by artillery fire.

British Closing In on Lens.

LONDON, July 1.—In a small attack last night the British drew closer to Lens, capturing German defenses over a front of half a mile on the northern bank of the Souchez River, southwest and west of the mining city. Today this district was heavily shelled by Germans, whose artillery was also busy in the valley of the Scarpe and north of the River Lys.

During June the British captured 8,686 German prisoners, including 175 officers, together with 67 guns, 102 trench mortars, and 345 machine guns, the War Office announced tonight.

The text of the early announcement reads:

Following our success yesterday south of Lens our troops attacked last night on the north bank of the River Souchez and captured the enemy's defenses on a front of about half a mile immediately southwest and west of the town.

We successfully raided enemy trenches during the night northeast of Epéhy. As the result of enemy raids east of Gouzeaucourt and in the neighborhood of Armentières we took prisoner a few Germans.

Tonight's statement follows:

The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the day in the Scarpe Valley, in the neighborhood of Lens and north of the River Lys. Seventeen prisoners were captured as a result of our attack last night on the north bank of the Souchez River.

During the month of June we have taken in the course of our successful operations against Messines and Wytschaete Ridge and on other parts of our front 8,686 German prisoners, including 175 officers, and have also captured 67 guns, including 2 heavy guns; 102 trench mortars, and 345 machine guns, besides great quantities of other war material.

Little Fighting, Berlin Says.

BERLIN, July 1, (via London.)—The official report from General Headquarters issued today reads:

The weather was rainy and misty, and the firing on the whole front in nearly all sectors was light. Some reconnoitring encounters had favorable results for our scouts.

Army group of Crown Prince Frederick William: The French endeavored to regain territorial advantages won by our troops on the Chemin des Dames and on the western bank of the Meuse. East of Cerny the enemy thrice attacked, after brief bombardments, the trenches we had taken on the plateau south of Bovelle Farm. All the attacks were sanguinarily repulsed.

Taking advantage of the disorder our Lippe battalions stormed the French lines further east as far as the Ailles-Paissy Road. By this success the number of prisoners captured by the well-tried Westphalian divisions in three days' fighting was increased to ten officers and more than 650 men.

On the western bank of the Meuse the French endeavored by many attacks to drive us out of the trenches on Hill 304 and east of that place. They were repulsed by our barrage fire and by desperate hand grenade fighting.

The supplementary official statement issued this evening, reads:

In the west there has been little fighting activity. A British attack in the morning near Lens failed.

GUNS IMPRESS AMERICANS.

Great Development of British Artillery Praised by Officers.

By The Associated Press.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, July 1.—American officers who have been studying conditions on this front for some time past say that they are wonderfully impressed with the British artillery, which has made them more than ever conscious of the immense efforts the United States will have to make in that direction.

The American people have been quick to appreciate the value of great aerial fleets of battle and scouting planes. The air service appealed at once to their imagination. But then after all is said and done it has been guns and still more guns, shells and still more shells that have turned the tide of war in favor of the Allies. The artillery has solved most of the problems of modern war. It was the artillery that blew the Germans from their grim grip on Vimy Ridge; it was the artillery that shook them loose from their nearly three years' hold on the high ground about Messines. It was the artillery that shattered and crumpled the steel and concrete defenses of the Hindenburg line from Arras nearly all the way to Queant. It is the artillery today that is harassing and pounding the Germans until they are fairly dazed when the infantry attacks begin.

The limited depth of the battles today is due to the fact that the infantry must not get beyond the protecting cover of their artillery. It was with their enormous guns, which no other nation possessed, that the Germans expected to blast their way to quick victory in 1914. Now their military ambitions and their military prowess are being dashed to pieces against the rocks of skilled supremacy in guns and gunners. Guns, airplanes, and infantry form the great trinity in modern war; they can only move hand in hand.

The life of high velocity guns at the rate of fire it is now necessary to maintain is very short, necessitating constant replacements and relinings of barrels. It is one of the most significant phases of the war as it approaches the end of the third year that the Allies, including America, with a wealth of raw materials at their disposal, can make these replacements, while the Germans are becoming more and more desperate in that respect.

Their artillery is very strong at times, but the shelling in which they indulge is as nothing compared with what must be endured from the allied guns.

STORY OF A MINE.
The last chapter in the history of the Great Treadwell Mine will be given in The Annalist today. On all news stands, 10 cents; $4.00 a year by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

CANADIANS NEAR LENS ADVANCE 700 YARDS

Troops Discover Cellar Large Enough for Small Army Which Stopped Previous Assault.

By Canadian Press, Ltd.

CANADIAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, July 1, (via London.)—The drive south and west of Lens continues with unabated vigor. During the night Canadian troops operating in the region east of Reservoir Hill, supported by a cannonade of great intensity, pushed forward 700 yards beyond the point reached on Thursday. They encountered strong opposition, especially on the left flank to the north of the city, and were unable to maintain the extreme point of their advance.

German counterattacks continued this morning. Fighting was proceeding amid the ruins of houses and the front was under a bombardment by heavy guns, making the line difficult to locate or maintain. The battle was really one in which the valor of small groups of men using bombs and bayonets decided the issue. The British troops in this advance from the northwest of Lens have maintained and enhanced the finest traditions of the army.

Where the Canadians are battling forward on the southwest, the floods along the River Souchez resulting from the blocking of the channel with débris of blown-up bridges slightly retards the advance. Nevertheless patrols are now well into the upper part of Avion and in close contact with the enemy's rearguard. In the lower end of Avion the destruction wrought is indescribable. There is not a habitable house left in this formerly populous suburb of Lens, and in some places the streets have been so ploughed up that it is difficult to trace where they have been. The enemy trenches, which were provided as usual with deep dug-outs, are almost obliterated, and the entrances to the latter have been blown in.

A sad reminder that victory is not to be had save by paying the price in the lives of brave men were the unburied dead, the bodies of men who formed a part of the first British assaulting columns two months ago. Some of these heroic soldiers fell amid the enemy wire, close to the trench which defended Avion. Others were seen to enter Coulotte, but never emerged on the further side, although the ruins appeared to afford no shelter for any large number of the enemy. That mystery has now been solved. A huge cellar, with a vaulted roof, has been discovered, practically intact, in which the enemy sheltered himself during the shelling and from which he emerged only when the infantry penetrated the village. This cellar is large enough to accommodate at least two battalions.

The enemy was not without the means of amusement in this subterranean home, for a harp and piano were among the things he left behind. Much furniture from a neighboring château was also found, including candelabra.

Dominion Day was celebrated at noon today by a triple salvo from all the guns of the Canadian Corps front. Just before noon the guns ceased to fire. Simultaneously at 12 o'clock, and again at 2 and four minutes past the hour, hundreds of guns, from eighteen-pounders to the great siege pieces, the shells from which fell miles behind the German front, burst out in a mighty clamor. The enemy, for the third time on Canada's natal day since the war began, realized that the Dominion is in this fight for liberty and democracy till the last gun is fired.

'PEACE IN GERMANS' HANDS.'

Dutch Paper Says Lloyd George's Speech Gives Them a Hint.

AMSTERDAM, July 1.—The Telegraaf interprets Premier Lloyd George's speech on peace delivered at Glasgow as meaning that if the German people democratizes its form of Government the Entente Allies will consider that Prussian militarism has been destroyed, and the peace conditions now demanded will then no longer remain operative. The newspaper then says:

"Peace may, therefore, be considered to lie in the hands of the German people. Philipp Scheidemann, the German Socialist leader, appears to have foreseen Premier Lloyd George's declaration when he urged the immediate putting forward of a wider suffrage policy."

BRITISH LAY OUT NEW DANGER ZONE

North Sea Rules, Effective July 4, Extend It Westward from Previous Limits.

HOLLAND ENTERS A PROTEST

Complains That Her Commerce by the Route Around England's North Coast Is Now Shut Off.

LONDON, July 1. — The new danger zone recently established in the North Sea by the British Government has drawn protests from the Dutch Government, which maintains that these regulations abolish the safe shipping route across the North Sea, thereby rendering the passage of all shipping to and from Holland around the northern coast of England completely impossible. The other routes are included in the German danger zone.

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says that the Dutch Government assumes that this cannot be the intention of the British Government, and in drawing the latter's attention to the most serious consequences entailed by these measures, has expressed the expectation that they will be modified.

The regulations issued by the British Government are in substance as follows:

From July 4 the danger zone in the North Sea will comprise all waters with the exception of Dutch and Danish territorial waters lying south and east of a line running from a point three miles off the Jutland coast along latitude 57 degrees 8 minutes, over the following points, namely: A point situated in 57 degrees 8 minutes, north latitude, and 4 degrees east longitude, and another situated in 53 degrees north latitude and 4 degrees east longitude; then along the line of 53 degrees north latitude to a point three miles off the Dutch coast, and from there toward the north and east along the limit of Dutch territorial waters.

Limits of the Zone Previously Barred.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The British Embassy had not tonight received the text of the new British zone danger order against which, according to London cable dispatches, Holland has protested.

The last previous modification of the danger zone was described in a Washington dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES, printed March 24, which stated that on March 21 the British Foreign Office had delivered to the American Embassy at London a note modifying the previous limits of the zone. The note then delivered announced that as from April 1, 1917, the danger area would comprise the waters, except Danish and Dutch territorial waters, lying to the southward and eastward of a line beginning three miles from the coast of Jutland on the parallel of latitude 56 degrees north and passing the following positions:

1. Latitude 56 degrees north; longitude 6 degrees east.
2. Latitude 54 degrees 45 minutes north; longitude 4 degrees 20 minutes east.
3. Latitude 53 degrees 23 minutes north; longitude 5 degrees 1 minute east.
4. Latitude 43 degrees 25 minutes north; longitude 5 degrees 5½ minutes east. and thence to the eastward, following the limit of Netherlands territorial waters.

Danger Zone Often Modified.

The North Sea danger area, as first established by the Admiralty announcement of Jan. 27, extended in a cone-like shape from Flamborough Head on the British coast to the territorial waters of Denmark and Holland, and included all the waters off the North Sea coast of Germany.

On Feb. 13 the Admiralty by a new decree materially lessened the danger area by cutting off the western portion and leaving an irregularly shaped zone off the Danish, Dutch, and German coasts. The western limit of this new zone was so located as to leave a safety lane between the British and German danger areas. At the same time the danger limits along the Dutch and Danish coasts were moved out so as to leave wider seaways for neutral shipping.

Off the coast of Denmark is a great sand shoal, known as Horn Reef, which extends outside of Danish territorial waters. The original British danger area extended to within three miles of the coast here. On account of the projection of Horn Reef vessels had to pass outside the three-mile limit into the danger area. The decree of Feb. 13 mapped out a diamond-shaped safety strip around this reef. The same decree widened the strip of safe waters off the Dutch coast eastward from the Terschelling Lightship.

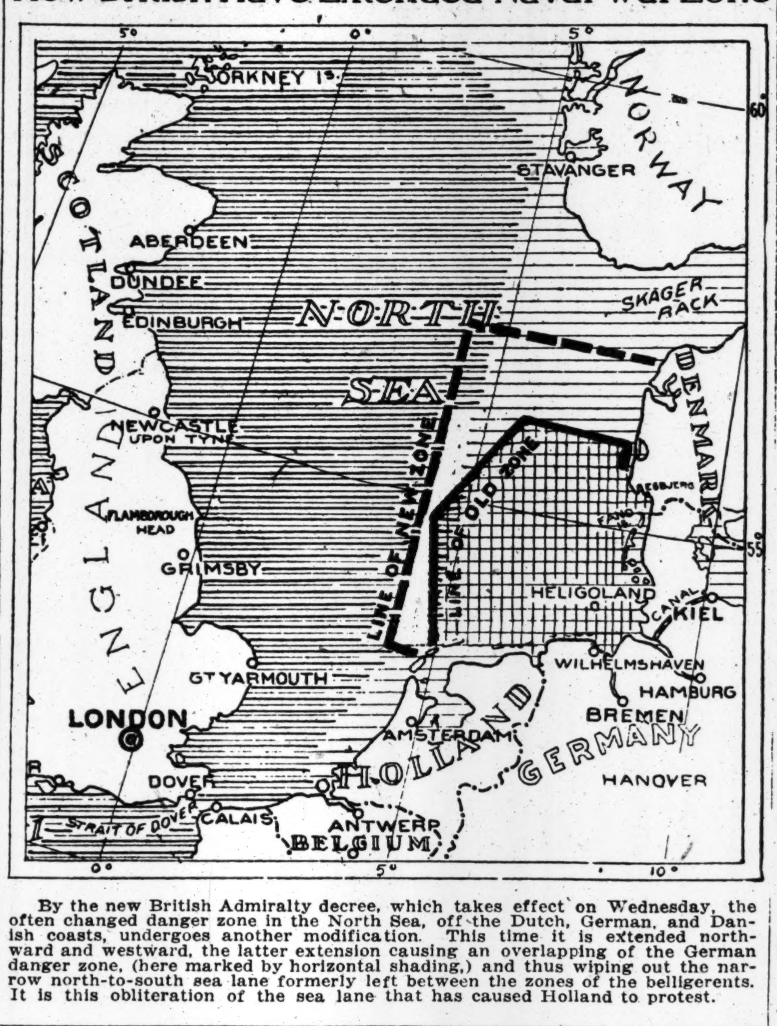
The changes made in March in the danger area included the wiping out of these safety areas and leaving only the Dutch and Danish territorial waters available for neutral shipping to the east and south of the sea limits of the zone.

The shift of the western limit of the danger area ten minutes westward along the parallel of 54 degrees 45 minutes to 4 degrees 20 minutes east did not close the safety channel left between the British and German danger areas.

The changes made at that time by the Admiralty were evidently intended to tighten the net which the British Navy was endeavoring to cast about this corner of the North Sea to prevent German U-boats, sea raiders, and other war vessels emerging from their bases at Emden, Wilhelmshaven, Bremerhaven, Cuxhaven, and Brunsbüttel into the North Sea.

The new decree now wipes out the sea lane which existed between the western limit of the German barred zone and the eastern limit of the British barred zone as announced in March.

How British Have Extended Naval War Zone



By the new British Admiralty decree, which takes effect on Wednesday, the often changed danger zone in the North Sea, off the Dutch, German, and Danish coasts, undergoes another modification. This time it is extended northward and westward, the latter extension causing an overlapping of the German danger zone, (here marked by horizontal shading,) and thus wiping out the narrow north-to-south sea lane formerly left between the zones of the belligerents. It is this obliteration of the sea lane that has caused Holland to protest.

REPORTS 4 BIG U-BOATS SUNK BY THE BRITISH

Naval Reserve Officer Says That They Were of the Latest Type.

Several British Army officers arrived yesterday at an Atlantic port to visit their families in Canada and Australia and recuperate from wounds received in the recent heavy fighting on the western front. All expressed their confidence in the final victory of the Allies and said that now that the United States had begun to land troops in France there was hope of beating the Germans to a finish in 1918, independently of what the submarine warfare might accomplish for the enemy.

An officer of the British Naval Reserve, who did not wish his name mentioned, said that there might be changes in the Admiralty Operating Board in the near future, which would include the transfer of its head, Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, and the appointment to the board of some of the younger officers, who have been actively fighting the submarines on light cruisers and destroyers.

He said that Japanese destroyers were doing good work in the Mediterranean, where the German and Austrian submarines have been very active in the last three months, and that three Japanese destroyers were on patrol duty in the Bay of Biscay and along the French coast.

This officer suggested that the sending over of a number of airplanes from America to patrol the British and French coasts would be the best method of checking the sinking of merchant ships by the submarines. He said it was difficult to tell how many submarines were being sunk, as the Admiralty kept the figures secret. He was informed at Portsmouth Dockyard fourteen days ago that four of the latest class of U-boats had been destroyed by the navy—two at the mouth of the English Channel, one in the North Sea, and the fourth in the Atlantic off Cadiz.

After having four airplanes shot from under him over the German lines and falling a few thousand feet on his return from an observation trip, Second Lieutenant Arnold Edwards arrived yesterday on his way to Sydney, Australia, to see his mother. He said that he had been as far as fifty miles within the German lines and had observed a change in the enemy's air fighting.

RUSSIANS LAUNCH 18-MILE LINE DRIVE

Continued from Page 1.

front by the Russian forces since the revolution last March.

It was divulged recently by General Iliesco, former Rumanian Minister of War and now Chief of Staff of the Rumanian Army, that Rumania was forced into the war and then deliberately sacrificed by M. Stürmer, the Czar's Prime Minister at that time, with the idea of concluding a separate peace on the ground that the swift conquest of Wallachia and the collapse of the Rumanian Army showed the German forces to be invincible. Prince Kropotkin, the famous Russian revolutionary, on his return to Petrograd two months ago, declared that the outbreak of the revolution had upset the Czar's plans for a separate peace by the narrow margin of three days.

ARMY GETS BACK TO WORK.

Eliminates Fraternizers and Loafers by Drastic Measures.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Saturday, June 30, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—While matters in Petrograd and in the rear seem generally to go steadily from bad to worse, there is an appearance of great improvement at the Russian front. Very large bodies, indeed, of the fighting forces at the front are quite sobered down after the revolutionary delirium and energetic progress with the main business of civilization, namely, Hun-killing, may now be counted upon securely from the main Russian front.

It is not advisable to enter into details, but I am in possession of trustworthy private information of a most satisfactory nature to the feelings of the Allies; indeed, the renewed German activity over several extensive stretches of the Russian front is itself indicative of increasing apprehensions of a Russian attack.

The newspapers report that fraternization has already come to an end on the Russian side, and that the Russian artillery now fires upon friend and foe alike whenever attempts are made to meet between the trenches. Another admirable sign is that short shrift is now given at the front to men or bodies of men who prefer loafing to fighting. The Russian armies seem seriously engaged nowadays in cleaning up—that is, in getting rid of those who wear State uniform and consume State stores without giving any return except what Americans picturesquely call chin music. Those who still wish to continue speechifying at the front are being disarmed and sent to the rear.

From fragmentary information, which alone is procurable from the front, it would appear that the Russian fighting men are recovering their strength of mind, that the regimental and company committees are beginning to look at matters from a purely Russian standpoint, as distinguished from looking through the glasses of German agents.

CROWDS FLED PETROGRAD.

Feared "Universal Peace" Demonstration Planned for Yesterday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Saturday, June 30, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Petrograd is again in a state of suppressed panic. Highly placed friends who have access to sources of authentic information warned me three weeks ago that during the first weeks of July it would be advisable to be anywhere but in Petrograd. Thousands upon thousands of people left the city for this weekend, solely to be out of the way during the Sunday celebration, organized by the present rulers of Russia as a demonstration of their demand for "universal peace." The Constitutional Democratic Party solemnly warns its adherents to keep away from this grandiose demonstration which is arranged on precisely the same plan as the great irreligious display of the "national funeral of victims of the great revolution."

Pressure is being put by the extremist parties on all members to attend this ceremony. The Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates orders all to appear without arms, but the anarchists announce that this is left to the discretion of the members. Armored motors in the possession of the extremists, are fully equipped and all have stores of ammunition on board in readiness for active work.

DUNCAN URGES 8-HOUR SHIFTS ON RUSSIANS

Minister Skobeleff Explains To Him What "Peace Without Annexations" Really Means.

PETROGRAD, June 29, (Delayed.)—James Duncan, labor member of the United States Commission to Russia, held the attention of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates for more than an hour tonight while he explained how America had met its labor problems in the last decade, and begged the Russian Delegates to benefit by the experience and mistakes of the United States. Organized workers of America, he said, might be of service to the working people of Russia in helping them to develop practical trade unions.

In connection with the munitions question in Russia he expressed the hope that the workingmen here would follow the example of America in introducing an urgency clause in their eight-hour legislation which, in time of war, would allow the operation of factories to their full capacity, so that the army might be adequately supplied with ammunition. He proposed a system of eight-hour shifts which, without imposing hardship on laborers, would increase the output to a point necessary for the successful conduct of the war.

"Soldiers at the front," Mr. Duncan said, "cannot be covered by an eight-hour day provision; war is not conducted that way. In giving the best possible service within twenty-four hours workingmen will be subjected to no greater hardship than soldiers in the trenches."

At one time the speaker was interrupted by a sailor who shouted that America was a nation of capitalists, but he was promptly hooted down by the rest of the council. Except for this one incident, the Delegates were sympathetic and attentive.

Replying to Mr. Duncan, President N. O. Tcheidse of the council said that if America agreed with Russia in its democratic aims, including a speedy conclusion of the war, as indicated by utterances of President Wilson that they were in full sympathy, he extended the heartiest greeting to the American delegate and would earnestly welcome America's assistance in the achievement of those aims. The Russian people, President Tcheidse said, were in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war in order to bring about peace as soon as possible.

In conference with M. Skobeleff, Minister of Labor, before the meeting, Mr. Duncan discussed the interpretation of the Russian watchword "peace without annexation."

"The Minister of Labor made it clear to me," Mr. Duncan told an Associated Press correspondent, "that Russian democracy means nothing by this phrase which we cannot heartily subscribe to. Before this phrase was defined it seemed to mean that Germany was to emerge from the war with impunity and without making reparation for the damage she had done. But the Russian Delegates do not mean this at all. They believe that Germany should be compelled to restore and make full reparation for Belgium, and they are not opposed to the principle of indemnities. Their word 'contribution' refers exclusively to the kind of war levy imposed by Germany upon Brussels. There is no important difference between the aims of the Russian democracy and our own. We both agree upon the conditions upon which peace can be determined."

The Pan-Russian Congress of the Councils of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates has passed the following resolution regarding the question of autonomy for the various nationalities of Russia:

"The solution of this question comes solely within the province of the Constituent Assembly, but meantime the Provisional Government should immediately promulgate provisional laws assuring to all nationalities inhabiting Russia the right to dispose of their political future and freedom to organize it as they please, and also proclaiming equal rights for all tongues, while at the same time reserving to the Russian language an official rôle."

Announcement was made today by the Executive Committee of the congress that Delegates Goldenburg, Kosanoff, and Smirnoff of the congress had left Petrograd for Stockholm. Thence the delegates will go to Great Britain, France, and Italy. They are authorized to enter into pourparlers on behalf of the executive of the congress of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates with all Socialist parties.

FIND RUSSIA IMPROVING BUT STILL IN STRAITS

Root Commission Sees Obstacles to Reconstruction, but Signs Are Encouraging.

PETROGRAD, July 1.—These outstanding points in the Russian situation have come under the observation of the commission headed by Elihu Root after two weeks' study of conditions here:

The industrial disorganization of the country and the obstacles in the path of reconstruction introduced by anarchistic and reactionary elements, irresponsible persons, and fanatics of all kinds working with the direct purpose of assisting the enemy or the equally malign desire to cause the downfall of the Russian democracy are much more serious than America has been led to believe.

The Provisional Government has been successful in enlisting the support of the great majority of the people, but until it is able with a strong hand to demonstrate its complete authority and exercise his authority in punishing all irresponsible persons and cliques, which by the creation of dissension in the country are attempting to prevent Russia from consolidating the benefits gained from the triumph of the revolution, there can be no real stability or security to serve as a basis for equal-suffrage work.

The commission noticed, however, many encouraging symptoms of the gradual assertion of the patriotic will of the country, and found a tendency among all the Socialists, except the extreme minority, to give full support to the Provisional Government. The result of the movement is to widen daily the breach which has been growing between the maximalists and the mode moderate Socialists.

Thus, instead of being able to continue to direct Russian socialism into its own channel of anarchist revolt, the maximalist faction now stands alone as a distinct and detached minority, ceasing to dominate or seriously to influence any considerable number of people.

A more sober and responsible conception is spreading through rural Russia and is correcting the negative ideas of the peasants and the mischievous doctrines propagated by the extremists.

There is still a mistaken idea among the masses of the people regarding the possibility of a close fraternity between the proletariat of Russia and Germany. The Socialists have not yet learned that there is little in common between the international Socialists and the purely nationalistic and militaristic Socialists of Germany, and that a world democracy cannot grow out of the association of Russian and German Socialyists.

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GERMANY NOW SEES WAR'S END IN FALL

Official Berlin Figures Give England Only 5,000,000 Tons of Shipping.

HALF GONE, IT IS ASSERTED

And Elaborate Calculations Are Made to Show That the End Is Nearing.

COPENHAGEN, July 1.—Today, July 1, is the date rather rashly fixed by Albert Ballin, shipping magnate and intimate friend of Emperor William, when peace in all probability would be reestablished. It is interesting to recall his prophecy, made with all positiveness at the annual meeting of the Kosmos Shipping Company on March 30 and based upon the expected workings of the submarine campaign and the Russian revolution, in view of the subsequent optimistic predictions of the submarine advocates in Germany to bolster the populace's sinking hopes for a speedy ending of the war.

Elaborate calculations were published yesterday by the German Admiralty to prove with mathematical certainty that the war would be ended this Summer if the submarine campaign continued at the present rate. The total tonnage available for England's supply of food, munitions, and materials is reckoned in the table on the basis of two independent sets of figures, at a maximum of 10,000,000 tons, including new construction, confiscated German ships, and purchases from neutrals. More than 5,500,000 tons of this total are declared to have been destroyed up to June 1, leaving 4,500,000 or at the utmost 5,000,000 tons then available.

This remainder alone, the semi-official statement argues, stood between the English nation and starvation. The tonnage, it says, is decreasing at the rate of 800,000 to 1,000,000 a month, so that there is every reason to look forward confidently to the time when England will be willing to quit.

On similar lines the German populace is being informed systematically, through the official and inspired press, that America's participation in the war will not have the slightest effect on its results. A neutral correspondent resident in Germany says that the view of American efforts encouraged in Germany is that America's armaments were not intended for use in Europe, but were being gathered in view of the Japanese danger, that their appearance against Germany need not be dreaded.

Day after day German papers under the headline "America's War Preparations," print items designed to show that America will furnish no material help to the Entente until long after the war is finished. They paint an absolute lack of enthusiasm for the war in America and tell of the failure of the Liberty Loan and of internal riots and disorders in the United States.

The arrival of Major Gen. Pershing and staff in France is the occasion for officially inspired scoffings for home consumption, and the announcement of the arrival of American troops in France is dismissed as a fantasy to encourage the French and British peoples.

AMERICAN GUN CREW MAKES A U-BOAT HIT

Liner's Officer, Arriving in England, Says a Second Submarine Got Away.

LONDON, July 1.—The gun crew of an American passenger steamship fired upon two German submarines in the course of her voyage from the United States to England. Both targets were at a considerable range, but the report to Washington of the commanding officer will express the belief that one periscope was shattered.

A third submarine was sighted, but at a great distance, and it submerged immediately.

The passengers expressed the greatest admiration for the marksmanship of the American gunners as shown both in practice and against the enemy. One member of the crew of the liner was formerly a gunner in the British Navy, and he won applause from the American gunners by making a bulls-eye hit on a barrel target in practice. On one occasion the Americans made seven bull's-eyes out of eight tries.

204
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DEPICTS THE KAISERS AS REAL PEACE LOVERS

Reichsrat Speaker Gets Applause as He Compares Them With Lloyd George and Wilson.

ZURICH, July 1.—Dispatches from Vienna quote the former Polish Minister Bilinsky as saying during the course of the budget debate that the new Kingdom of Poland must incorporate a monarchy under the sceptre of a Kaiser and form with Galicia an independent kingdom, as in the case of Austria-Hungary.

"We do not need an entente for our liberation," he said. "We are much freer than others outside the monarchy."

Baron von Plener, the official reporter of the debate, said that this solution of the Polish question was the right one, adding:

"As things stand today, the English are actualy Austria's chief foes. There is no other country where Austrian subjects after the war will be so maltreated and oppressed as in England. It is only due to special friendliness on our side that we make no reprisals. The world will finally perceive that we desire peace not from weakness, but from an honorable peace policy.

"Every intelligent person knows that Emperor Charles and Emperor William are more peace-loving rulers than Poincaré, Lloyd George, and Wilson."

Baron von Plener's reference to President Wilson was loudly applauded. He concluded:

"This war, which has now become madness, must be continued because some ambitious politicians in those countries desire it. We, too, must and shall continue the war. We at home must also endure courageously to the end, which finally will only be a good one for us."

The provisional budget was then adopted.

GERMANS HIDE DEATHS IN THE U-BOAT SERVICE

COPENHAGEN, July 1. — For many weeks, apparently in compliance with orders of the censor, the German newspapers have published no death notices from the submarine service, from which conclusions regarding the number of submarines destroyed might be drawn.

The monthly obituary tribute of the Hamburg-American Company to fallen employes appears, however, with eight out of twelve names ascribed to the navy. Nearly all are from the mechanical personnel of the company, and it is fair to presume that they were lost in the submarine campaign, because trained mechanics are not assigned to the marine forces in Flanders and surface ships are little exposed to casualties.

The same proportion of recent casualties from other sources from which the submarine personnel is drawn would indicate that the submarine losses are inconsistent with the Admiralty assertion that the monthly loss in boats is below ten.

Among the dead is Lieutenant Brinkbaeumer, who was decorated with the Iron Cross of the first and second classes, the usual tribute to a subma-

AIRMAN'S STORY OF LONDON RAID

Continued from Page 1.

pilot, indicating that everything is all right. He answers "likewise." We have gotten somewhat behind the squadron, but soon make up the distance.

Now we are in for a little bout with English chasers. They don't let us wait very long. As we reach the suburbs the first three English fliers suddenly appear in front of us, seeking to block our flight. At a hundred or two hundred meters distance both sides open fire, striving to get at each other's weak spots.

Battles in the Clouds.

Then from several directions the attacking British planes reach us. They appear from below, then from the right or left or from above. My pilot is watching with eagle eyes, while I, with my hand on the gun lever, am not slow to give a tack-tack to the daredevil who exposes himself to my machine. Twice we just evade terrific onslaughts. Two hostile pilots turn and do not come back.

But a third is a brave and tenacious fellow. For ten minutes we fire at each other almost incessantly, my opponent looking for an opening. Suddenly he makes for us and showers his bullets on our machine. I can see or feel that the bullets have struck our planes, but I know I've got him. I send a whole sheaf of fire into his body. His machine rears up in the air like a wounded animal, turns a somersault, and disappears in the depths. This is the first enemy I have defeated over British soil. Three cheers!

Already the British coast is in view again, but more fighting awaits us. This time the English fliers seem to have lost heart. Their attacks are easily beaten off.

Our machine reaches the coast at length and closes up with the rest of the squadron. While reloading my machine gun, my pilot discovers a new enemy. By his tactics I recognize him as one of those astute English flyers we encountered at the Somme. Perhaps we had met there. For a short time we fly almost parallel, both preparing to attack. Suddenly he turns sharply to the left and there he is not twenty meters distant. Our machine guns pour lead into each other. Suddenly his gun stops dead. Must have jammed. He turns sharply and tries to fly, but my machine gun catches him squarely on the broadside, and down he goes. Just twenty seconds of fighting and all is over, old friend of last Summer!

JUSTIFY GERMAN AIR RAIDS.

Berlin Papers Intimate That Only Military Damage Is Aimed At.

AMSTERDAM, July 1.—A semi-official telegram here today from Berlin says:

"The German press, referring to the British indignation at the air attacks on the fortress of London, says that if England wishes to spare her civilians she can remove them from the neighborhood of store places of war equipment. Folkestone, Dover, Sheerness, and London are such store places.

"The German people, under the pressure of English starvation and the war, has become a hard race with an iron fist. England has felt that and will experience it again tomorrow. England may lie and deceive or rage and threaten. The hammer is in our hands and it will fall mercilessly and shatter the places where England is forging weapons against us."

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SHIPMENTS FOR NEUTRALS. The Annalist, today, describes how it is proposed to control shipments to neutral nations. On all news stands, 10 cents; $4.00 a year by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

WOODS PROMISES ACTION ON FACTS

But Declares No Man Shall Be Made the "Goat" to Satisfy Clamor.

TAKES UP THE CRUGER CASE

Defends the Police Force as a Body and Says Evils Will Be Rooted Out.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods yesterday afternoon addressed 5,000 persons on the grounds of the Curtis High School, Tompkinsville, S. I., assembled for a review of the Richmond Division of the Home Defense League, and dealt with the Police Department in its relation to the Cruger case and the alien enemy problems. He began by saying that the 1,400 members of the Home Defense League whom he had just reviewed seemed capable of performing any "rough work" that might come to them, though he hoped that they would have no such work to do.

"At the present time," continued the Commissioner, "the clear searchlight of public inquiry is being turned on the Police Department. It was turned on, at my request, to get to the bottom of a situation in which the public was properly keenly interested. That searchlight will be kept on as long as there is anything further that it can reveal. It will get to the bottom and clean through the situation until it has found the facts. And I can promise you that proper action will be taken in accordance with the facts as they are found out. I can promise you further that no action will be taken until facts are found out. There is not going to be any member of the police force made a goat of in response to public clamor."

Further on, the Commissioner said:

"In New York seethe and ferment all sorts of things which are not found in other cities and which have not only a city-wide importance, but a nation-wide and an international importance. With those enemies, just as with the enemies of our city life, your police must deal. New, when those who wish to weaken and discredit an army like the police army, find that army in a situation where the people perhaps wonder if all is well within it, they wrongly and maliciously seize the opportunity to try to cast discredit upon the police army as a whole. Because there may be something wrong in some section of the army they try to make the public feel that something is wrong with the whole army.

"There is no large body of men in which wrong things cannot be found, but a properly organized body of men in which there are wrong things investigates itself and roots out those wrong things. That we are doing. The process of cutting out whatever cancerous growth there may be in the police organization is being wished godspeed by the big majority of the honest men of the force, and the honest men on your force are in a big majority.

"I want all of us and the public to understand that the great majority of this police force has done yeoman work during the last few years; and the last few months, not merely in fighting civil crimes, but in fighting, discovering, and bringing to the bar of justice alien enemies of the United States. I want you to understand that that work is going on.

"Let us all stand together in the inflexible resolve that we will tolerate nothing wrong, nothing unworthy, nothing less than the highest performance of duty on the part of the police force, and each member of it, and that, going ahead in a spirit of purging the force of all wrong, we are going to keep the name of the force as high as that of any police force in the world.

"We are going to keep it high by doing work of high grade; we are not going to suffer people to defame the fair name of the force where it does not deserve to be defamed, and we are going ahead, all of us, with steady tread, with set faces. No matter what enemies—civil enemies, alien enemies—no matter how they might try to pervert the truth, we are going ahead, shoulder to shoulder, with our eyes on the flag, and our hearts set on patriotic service to the city and to the nation."

Commissioner Woods spoke last night at the Washington Heights Methodist Episcopal Church, Amsterdam Avenue and 153d Street.

TO PRESS POLICE INQUIRY.

Wallstein May Urge a New Method of Selecting Detectives.

Commissioner of Accounts Leonard M. Wallstein spent most of yesterday preparing for further public examination of witnesses in the investigation which he is conducting into the Police Department's handling of the case of Ruth Cruger. The examination will be resumed in Mr. Wallstein's office in the Municipal Building on Thursday morning.

The investigation thus far, it is asserted by those who have followed closely the questions by Commissioner Wallstein and the answers by witnesses, has tended to establish these points:

First, inefficiency on the part of particular police officials in the Cruger case, shown in their apparently inexcusable delay in getting started to work on the case, in their assumption that Ruth Cruger had abandoned her home voluntarily and their blindness in clinging to this theory to the practical exclusion of all others despite the fact that Ruth Cruger had been last seen in Alfredo Cocchi's cycle shop, that there were many places in the neighborhood of the shop as well as in the shop itself to which she might have been lured, that Helen Cruger found the shop closed under suspicious circumstances on the morning following Ruth's disappearance, and that a responsible citizen, Edward H. Ward, presented positive evidence that Ruth had left her home intending to return in a short time. In addition to these things the police were unable to learn anything damaging to the character of the missing girl or to indicate that she might want to run away.

Second, the story of the girl who went with an unidentified man in a taxicab from the vicinity of Cocchi's shop, upon which the police based their entire working hypothesis, was weak in itself. The meagre description of the unknown girl obtained might have fitted any one of thousands of girls, and a discrepancy between the time Ruth Cruger was said to have left Cocchi's shop and the time of the taxicab incident, as reported to the police, was sufficient to make it improbable that Ruth Cruger was the girl of the taxicab story.

Third, Cocchi's disappearance within forty-eight hours after Ruth Cruger was known to have been in his shop did not make the police sufficiently suspicious of the Italian to prevent his escape from this country on a vessel which they made a pretense of watching, and to prompt them to make a thorough search of Cocchi's shop and cellar. Also the police failed to investigate the character of the missing man before or after his disappearance, but relied, in large part, upon the favorable reports of motor cycle policemen with whom he had been friendly.

Commissioner Wallstein's questions and comments have also given the impression that he will recommend that steps be taken to change the system by which detectives are appointed. At present a detective is usually a former patrolman, who, having done his patrolman's work well, is divested of his uniform and called a detective. The civil service examination by which men are made patrolmen places no emphasis on the requirements for good detective work, such as an analytical mind, resourceful intelligence, and a degree of education, but rather lays stress on physique necessary for a patrolmen's work. Patrick F. Solan, General Foreman of the Grand Central Terminal Buildings, is a small man, weighing only 116 pounds, and probably could never qualify as a patrolman, yet he practically walked straight to Ruth Cruger's body within less than an hour after he first entered Cocchi's cellar, and with nothing more to guide him than the evidence which stared at the detectives who failed to find the body. Mr. Wallstein probably will recommend that detectives be selected especially for their work by other means than those employed for enrolling patrolmen.

Cocchi Continues Suicide Threats.

BOLOGNA, Italy, June 28, (Delayed.)—There was great excitement today around the prison of San Giovanni in Monte, where Alfredo Cocchi, confessed slayer of Ruth Cruger, is confined. Many persons tried to see Cocchi, but were not allowed to enter the building under orders from Judge Zucconi. The murderer is kept in complete isolation and is under heavy guard, as he has again threatened to commit suicide. The prisoner is morose and refuses to speak to anyone, or to be shaved.

SUES PASTOR FOR DIVORCE.

Mrs. Gates Attacks Nevada Decree and the Subsequent Marriage.

A suit for divorce against the Rev. Lucius M. Gates, pastor of a Baptist church at Bradford, Steuben County, has been filed in the Supreme Court here by Mrs. Florence M. Gates, who alleges that her husband has married again in reliance on a Nevada divorce decree, which is not valid here, and is now living with his third wife. Mrs. Gates names the third wife, formerly Mary A. Fish, as corespondent.

Attached to Mrs. Gates's complaint is the marriage license obtained by the defendant and corespondent, showing that it was issued on Feb. 2 last, and the couple were married the same day. The clergyman said, in filling out the license, that he had been married twice before and that both wives were dead. Miss Fish was a school teacher, thirty-five years of age at the time of her marriage to the clergyman.

The records show that the Rev. Mr. Gates established a residence in Reno last year and got a divorce on the ground of cruelty. The plaintiff contends that, under the rulings of the New York courts, the decree is not effective here because the papers were not served on her in Nevada.

AGITATION ROUSES FEAR OF CAR STRIKE

Union Organizers Again Here Conferring with Workers on Rapid Transit Lines.

SOME THIRD AV. MEN MEET

Recognition of the Organization One Feature of the Prospective Demands.

William B. Fitzgerald of Troy, an organizer of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, and his assistants, announced yesterday that in a short time demands for concessions would be served upon the traction companies in New York. Fitzgerald led the carmen's strike of last Summer, which failed, but he and his associates are said to believe that because of the shortage of labor caused by the war the union may make a better showing this year. Fitzgerald, with Louis P. Fridiger and James B. Vahey, counsel for the union, have opened headquarters at the Continental Hotel. Fridiger issued a statement yesterday afternoon in which he said:

"It is not our intention to make immediate trouble. The members of the organization now number more than 12,000 and they demand the right to support the association and they want better working conditions.

"Immediately following the strike last year an attempt was made to make the men employed by the Third Avenue Railway Company betray their organization. The railway company raised the men's pay from 27 cents an hour to 30 cents and to more than that to some men. There was a string attached to the increase. While it was not openly demanded that the men renounce the union, it was hinted that it would be well for them to do so. More than 150 men who were very active in attending, speaking, and presiding at our meetings were laid off at intervals. The company's officials were too wise to lay them off all together. They knew that would precipitate another strike, but gradually the pay was reduced again to 27 cents an hour.

"After persistent requests that Fitzgerald be brought here and that action be taken regarding the wage increase, I sent for Mr. Fitzgerald. He came here and we went over the situation, held meetings and proceeded quietly to make the organization even stronger than it was last Summer before the beginning of the strike.

"A meeting was called for last Thursday night. It was a reorganization meeting of the lower Third Avenue System workers. A large crowd attended, and certain resolutions were passed. Friday morning two men were discharged because they attended the meeting, and four more were suspended indefinitely.

"Another meeting of the men was held on Friday night at which a resolution calling for higher wages was adopted. This was to have been presented to the company on Saturday morning. Saturday morning a notice was posted in the car barns which made known that the men were to get an increase in wages."

The increase which went into effect yesterday, raised the pay from 27 cents to 30 cents an hour for motormen and conductors in the employ of the company six months, 32 cents for men with the company more than one year, and 34 cents for men employed more than fifteen years.

Asked to explain the apparent failure of a meeting on Saturday night in Eagle Hall, 142d Street and Third Avenue, he said:

"That meeting was called at the men's own request. Superintendent Carrigan and Superintendent Reynolds, with seven car starters, patrolled in front of the hall intercepting the men as they went in. They tried to intimidate them by saying there would be trouble if they went in."

Fridiger also accused the police on duty at the hall of "acting under orders of officials of the Third Avenue Company." He said formal demands would soon be submitted to the companies, and outlined them as follows:

New working conditions.

Continuation of increased wages and minor revisions in the proposed wage schedule.

Complete recognition of the association by the companies.

Edward A. Maher, Vice President and General Manager of the Third Avenue Railway Company, issued a statement last night, in which he said:

"This is only an attempt of professional agitators like William B. Fitzgerald and Louis Fridiger to create dissatisfaction among our employes. They went to the trouble of distributing circulars announcing their meeting of Saturday night, but our men responded in the most part by tearing up the circulars in their faces. The meeting Saturday night in Eagle Hall was an abortive attempt to cause trouble on our lines. It was attended by twenty-one men, not one of whom was employed by the Third Avenue System."

Maher said the increase in wages announced yesterday was not given through fear of the union, but because the company recognized that the increase in the cost of living made an increase in pay advisable.

WORKING TO AVOID STRIKES.

Shipyard and Cloakmaker Disputes May Be Ended This Week.

Further attempts will be made by mediators today to settle the trouble brewing among the workers in the shipyards in and about New York who have threatened a strike unless they get more pay. They say they want the same pay and working conditions in the private shipyards as the Government gives its employes in the navy yards. Commissioner Mahaney of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation is trying to effect a settlement.

The Cloakmakers' Union has served upon the manufacturers a demand for a 20 per cent. increase in pay to meet the high cost of living. Two conferences have been held between representatives of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Cloak, Suit, and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, and another will be held Thursday night. Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the union, said it would probably be known after this conference whether or not there would be a strike. The cloakmakers had a fourteen weeks' strike in 1916, at the close of which a wage agreement was signed, but the union contends that the dollar of 1916 is worth only 17 cents in 1917 and that the workers must have more pay.

Officials of the American Federation of Labor have taken cognizance of a request of paper mills of the State to the State Industrial Commission that they be excused from observing the one-day-of-rest-in-seven provision of the labor law in order to increase production. An official of the Federation said last night that if the mills worked their men seven days a week a strike would be called. The Industrial Commission has not acted.

NO RISE FOR IRONWORKERS.

Demands of 25,000 Men Refused After Week's Conference.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 1.—Demands for wage increases made on behalf of the 35,000 bar iron workers in Middle Western plants were denied by the Western Bar Iron Association at the close of a week's conference here tonight.

The new agreement provides for a continuation of the present wage scale, although concessions were granted the men regarding working conditions, which, it was said, will enable them to increase their earning capacity. The scale is adjusted every sixty days on a percentage basis with respect to the selling price of bar iron, the present price placing wages nearly 150 per cent. higher than before the war. Anticipating a drop in selling prices after the war, the workers wished the minimum percentage rate raised in order that wages might not be reduced to the former level.

John Williams and M. F. Tighe of Pittsburgh, respectively President and Secretary of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, represented the men in the negotiations. S. C. Leonard of Detroit, President of the Western Bar Iron Association, headed the committee of manufacturers.

MORE COPPER MEN STRIKE.

92 Per Cent. of Employes at Miami and Inspiration Quit Work.

GLOBE, Ariz., July 1.—Ninety-two per cent. of the copper miners employed at Miami and Inspiration, Ariz., quit work today in response to a strike call, according to a statement issued by leaders of the Metal Mine Workers' Industrial Union, which is affiliated with the Industrial Workers of the World.

Fires were drawn from the smelters at Clifton today after a strike order had been signed by representatives of the miners, and 5,000 men soon will be out of work, according to estimates tonight. The strike order was signed at 10 o'clock today, and by noon the concentrators, mines, and smelters were idle.

1,200 Porcelain Workers End Strike

TRENTON, N. J., July 1.—About 1,200 porcelain workers who have been on strike here for three months voted today to return to work and will report for duty tomorrow morning. On April 2 nearly 1,200 quit work for better shop conditions and for more pay. A partial increase was offered and some of the men returned, but a majority held out for the original demands. At today's meeting strikers accepted the offer made by the manufacturers.

BANKING

is a business relation. We invite your deposit not as a favor on either side, but because we expect to make money out of it. We reciprocate with 2% interest on balances of $500 and upward.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway, New York
44 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FLAGWOMEN AT CROSSINGS.

Pennsylvania Lines, Short of Men, Now Hiring Girls.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWFIELD, N. J., July 1.—Thousands of excursionists on the electric lines of the West Jersey and Seashore Railroad, between Camden and the seashore, stared in astonishment today at a young woman wearing a trim, dark blue straw hat and large, orange colored goggles, who stood guard over the main grade crossing in the town.

This flagman is Miss Daise Ward, the first girl to take up the job at flagging trains on the Pennsylvania's lines in this part of the country. Miss Ward may soon have many women companions on other parts of the division, as the railroad officials have sent out notices to their station agents and foremen to employ women for these places wherever possible in order to free men for the section gangs, in which the railroad is shorthanded.

CHELSEA BOYS TO FARM.

Will Work Ten Acres at Mt. Kisco in Eight Battalions.

Boys of the Chelsea Neighborhood, through desire to serve the ends of food preparedness, have organized a Chelsea Farmers' Reserve, and the first battalion leaves this morning for Mount Kisco to work on a ten-acre farm from now until Sept. 15. The farm is being established by the Chelsea Neighborhood Association.

The Westchester County Safety Commission has offered the farm, rent free, and K. Murchison, the owner, has provided living quarters. About 120 boys from the Chelsea Neighborhood will cultivate the farm in shifts of eight battalions. The boys will work three or four hours a day, and the rest of the day will be devoted to swimming, fishing, trapping, baseball, hikes, reading, paper-chases, and story-telling around the camp fire at night.

SKINNER PROMOTED TODAY.

Succeeds Richards as State Superintendent of Banks.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 1.—George I. Skinner of Bainbridge, Chenango County, will assume the duties of State Superintendent of Banks tomorrow, succeeding Eugene Lamb Richards, whose term expired today, after three years' service.

Attaches of the banking department have presented to Mr. Richards a silver tea set, and a life size photograph of himself, which is to be hung in the Albany office of the banking department. Mr. Richards will resume the practice of law.

The appointment of Mr. Skinner by Governor Whitman follows twenty years of continuous service in the banking department, during fourteen of which he was First Deputy Superintendent. It was requested by many banking institutions.

Escaped a Mine, Died in Hospital.

BOMBAY, July 1.—A prominent New South Wales legislator named Winchcombe, who was a passenger on board the Peninsula and Oriental line Steamship Mongolia, which sank with the loss of twenty-three persons after striking a mine June 23 off Bombay, died in a hospital today. He suffered from exposure and overstrain in rowing toward the shore.

Store open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Closed all day July 4th.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Victrola XI—$100

Beethoven's Moonlight Sonata
On the Victrola

Cheerful Summer evenings are those spent in the homes where there are Victrolas.

Vesella's Italian Band, all keyed up, is ready to render Beethoven's Moonlight Sonata at a moment's notice.

Your favorite selection by some other great composer, faithfully recorded by the world's greatest talent, will be sung or played next.

All this minus the torturing formalities of going to the opera and waiting for the curtain to rise.

And for very little expense.

Victrola XI (*illustrated*), $100, together with $5.00 worth of Victor Records, your personal selection, total $105.

May be purchased on terms as reasonable as—

$5 Down—$5 Monthly

GIMBELS VICTROLA SALON—Eighth Floor

W. & J. SLOANE

100
Seamless Chenille Rugs
For Quick Disposal

These Rugs are similar in quality to a famous Chenille make. They are manufactured from the surplus yarns of the latter, which sell regularly at twice the prices quoted below.

"Hit-or-Miss" Mottled Effects in desired color combinations. Their low cost and practical appearance make them particularly suitable for Bungalows, Summer Homes, and Offices.

6 ft. x 9 ft. $20.00
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. . . . 32.50
9 ft. x 12 ft. 40.00

SUMMER RUGS

Rag Rugs and Braided Rugs—some at special prices; also "Bar Harbor" and "Narragansett" Rush Rugs and Grass Rugs. A great variety of particularly attractive effects.

FIFTH AVENUE & 47TH STREET, NEW YORK

Summer-time Preparedness in the Saks' Selections for Men

PREPAREDNESS never meant more at Saks' than it does to-day. For Golfing, for Tennis, for every outdoor sport, and for Business, we have introduced almost as many models as we have fabrics, leaving the scarcity of materials for the other fellow to talk about, while we show Manhattanites more wafer-like garments than they have ever before set eyes on.

For the Golfer we have Norfolks with knickers or long trousers that are "at home" in the most exclusive set. Some with patch pockets, others with bellows pockets, full or half belted with enough fabric tucked away at the shoulders to insure absolute freedom of your stroke.

¶ **We Have Sport Coats** in such a variety of models and fabrics that they deserve this entire space. Belted, half-belted or pleated, in Buff Color Gabardine, Trico Cloth, Flannel Effects, Plaids and Lightweight Corduroys in Blues, Browns, Greens and Natural color. The correct thing for wear with flannel or Khaki trousers and all outdoor sports.

For Business we have sack suits in fitted or semi-fitted and loose models, with collars that roll with all the ease and grace of a merchant tailored proposition. Tailored in lightweight flannels and woolens, Crash fabrics, and every other worthwhile Summer weave loomed.

Sack Suits.....$20.00 to $50
Two-piece Suits $9.00 to $15
Linen Suits.....$9.00 to $12
Golf Suits.....$17.50 to $30
Shantung Silk Suits $17.50 & $23
Sport Coats.....$7 to $12.50
Flannel Trousers in White and Striped Effects... $5 to $8.50
Mohair Coats and Trousers.....$15 and $17.50

Saks Clothes Are Saks Made

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Store open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Closed all day July 4th.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Gifts for Soldiers

Gifts that will not only carry an expression of friendship, but be of actual service to the soldier. These suggestions were made by men of military experience, and there is no reason why the articles shouldn't pass the authorities and reach their proper destination.

Costs can be prepaid, and packages carefully packed and shipped direct.

Air Pillows
Amber Glasses
Bachelor Buttons
Bathrobes
Braided Leather Lanyards
Books (Military and otherwise)
Breeches
Brushes (hair, clothes, shoes)
Brush Sets
Canned Heat
Cigar Cases
Cigar Lighters
Cigarette Cases
Cold Cream
Combs
Compasses
Cribbage Boards
Dominoes
Drinking Cups
Field Glasses
First-Aid Kits
Flashlights
Flasks
Fountain Pens
Games
Goggles
Handkerchiefs
Hats (service)
Ink Tablets
Jack-knives
Knife, Fork and Spoon Sets
Laundry Bags
Leather Coats
Money Belts
Mouth Organs
Oilskins
Pajamas
Pencils (plain or magazine)
Pipes
Playing Cards
Pocket Chess and Checker Boards
Pocket Kodaks
Portable Phonographs
Puttees
Regulation Field Lockers
Safety Pins
Safety Razors
Service Shirts
Service Uniforms
Sewing Kits
Shaving Sets
Sheets
Shoes
Shoe Polish Outfits
Sketch Materials and Outfits
Soap
Sox (wool)
Swagger Sticks
Sweaters and Sweater Coats
Talcum Powder
Thermos Bottles
Tobacco Pouches
Tooth Brushes
Tooth Paste
Towels
Trench Mirrors (metal)
Underwear
Vaseline
Wrist Watches
Wrist Watch Straps
Writing Paper

The articles listed here are not a part of the regular military equipment section. They are found in the various departments throughout the store. Any floor man will direct you.

B. Altman & Co.

An Extraordinary Sale of Men's Negligee Shirts
(all soft-cuff models)
will take place on the First Floor to-day and to-morrow

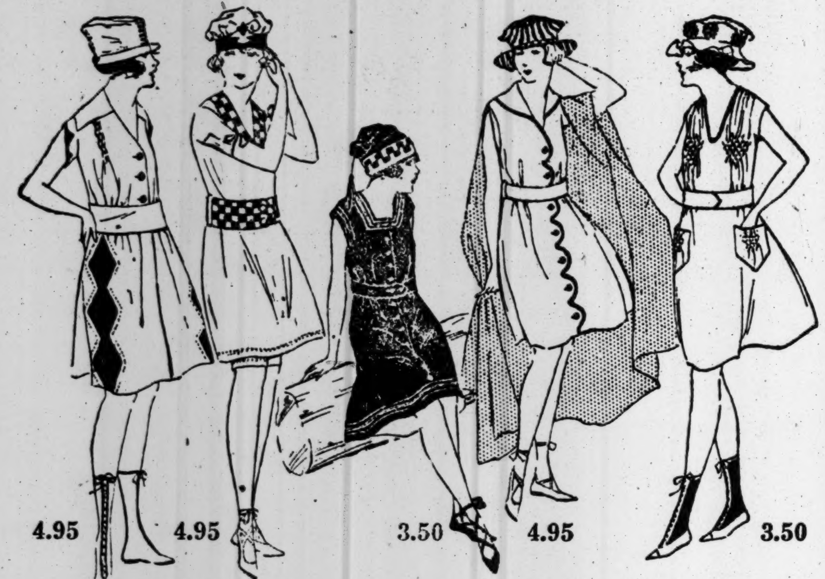
and will offer unsurpassed values in
One Thousand Dozen Negligee Shirts
exceptionally priced at
$1.10, $1.65, $2.25 & $2.85 each

All of the materials used in the making of these Shirts are striped shirtings of Spring, 1917.

Fifth Avenue—Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

A Pre-Holiday Event of Unusual Import

Stunning Bathing Suits for Women Special at $3.50 and $4.95



Only the very newest suits are offered in this event, many of which are skillful copies of much higher-priced suits. Charming one-piece slip-on, waistline, and Princess models are included, showing new collars, cap sleeves, new pockets and girdles. Developed in Surf Satin, Poplin, Mohair, Silk Poplin, Satin, and Wool Jersey, with piping, smocking and trimming in contrasting colors. The selection at each price is remarkable and the values most extraordinary. Sizes 34 to 46. *Fourth Floor.*

Two Interesting Values in

Women's Modish Summer Suits

At $8.50—A smartly cut belted model, in Palm Beach Cloth. New pockets and collar are in contrasting colors, and the skirt is in sport effect with two pockets. We have never offered better suits at this price. Sizes 34 to 44.

At $12.50—Cool, well tailored suits of Linen, Cotton Gabardine, Gunniburl, and Khaki Cloth, in plain tailored and sport models. Nothing better for the Summer months. In fashionable colors and white, sizes 34 to 44.

Clearance of Women's High-Grade Suits

The woman who acts promptly will profit to an unusual extent by these reductions. The models are tastefully executed in fashionable woolens, Silk and Wool Jersey, Tussah Silks and other desirable fabrics.

Formerly $25 to $125

Today $15 $22.50 $27.50 $33.50 $39.50

Of Especial Importance Today

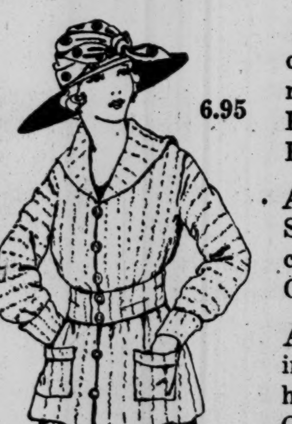
Misses' Suits and Coats Greatly Reduced

The selection is too varied for detailed description. The models are among the most successful shown this season. In the face of abnormal woolen costs these reduced prices should command your immediate attention.

Misses' Suits	were $18.50 to $25.00	**$12.00**
Misses' Suits	were $29.50 to $39.50	**$19.00**
Misses' Suits	were $45.00 to $55.00	**$28.00**
Misses' Coats	were $15.00 to $25.00	**$8.75**
Misses' Coats	were $29.50 to $35.00	**$15.00**
Misses' Coats	were $39.50 to $45.00	**$25.00**
Girls' Suits	were $15.00 to $22.50	**$7.95**
Girls' Coats	were $6.95 to $9.95	**$3.95**
Girls' Coats	were $10.95 to $15.00	**$5.95**
Girls' Coats	were $16.50 to $18.50	**$7.95**

The NEW in Women's Sweaters

Everywhere—at the seashore, country club, and on the dance floor—sweaters are enjoying unprecedented popularity. We shall feature today:



At $5—Fibre Silk Sweaters of unusual charm, with large sailor collar, sash and new pockets. In delicate colorings of Rose, Copenhagen Blue, Gold, Green and Purple.

At $6.95—Swagger Shetland Wool Sweaters in smart sport model with large collar, full belt and patch pockets. Colors: Corn, Purple, Rose and Green.

At $12.50—Pure Fibre Coat Sweaters in Russian back effect, copy of a much higher-priced model. Obtainable in Rose, Gold, Copenhagen Blue, and Purple.

A visit to our Sweater Department will reveal many interesting style features in both popular and higher-priced models.

Saks & Company

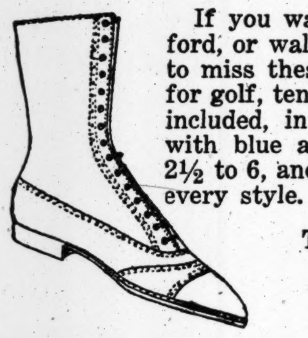
Broadway at 34th Street

Last Few Days of the Extraordinary

Sale of White Kid Sport Boots and Oxfords

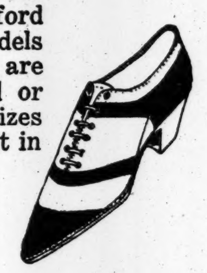
For Misses and Women

Oxfords at $3.85 **Boots at $4.95**



If you want a fine sport shoe or Oxford, or walking boot, you cannot afford to miss these wonderful values. Models for golf, tennis and all outdoor sports are included, in all white Washable Kid or with blue and brown trimmings. Sizes 2½ to 6, and widths AA to D, but not in every style.

The values are the best ever offered



We shall continue today the extraordinary

Sale of Real Hair Nets at 95c Doz.

Large size. All in individual envelopes.

Main and Third Floors.

Today We Shall Offer the Entire Balance of Our

Women's Higher-Cost Silk Dresses at Reduced Prices

These are frocks of most superior quality materials, beautifully trimmed with hand-embroidery or beading.

Georgette Crepe Dresses, beautifully embroidered.	Formerly $55 to $69.50	$45.00
Imported Striped Taffeta and Georgette Crepe Dresses.	Formerly $59.50	$35.00
Imported Foulard Dresses, trimmed with colored beading.	Formerly $49.50	$35.00
Lace and Net Dresses, artistically embroidered.	Formerly $39.50 to $45	$25.00
Rajah Silk Dresses, and Frocks of embroidered Georgette Crepe.	Formerly $39.50	$25.00
Plaid Taffeta combined with Georgette Crepe Dresses.	Formerly $45.00	$25.00
Imported Shirting Dresses.	Formerly $39.50	$29.50
Wash Satin Shirtwaist Dresses.	Formerly $35.00	$25.00
Silk Afternoon Dresses for stout women. Sizes 44 to 48.	Formerly $50 and $55	$39.50
Georgette Crepe Dresses, beautifully trimmed with beads (slightly soiled.)	Formerly $45 and $49.50	$25.00

New Models in Silk Summer Dresses Special at $18.50

A splendid assortment of frocks suitable for afternoon and street wear, individual in both models and materials. Included are dresses of good quality Crepe de Chine with collars of Georgette Crepe; Sport Dresses in combinations of Crepe de Chine and Taffeta; Charming Taffeta Frocks; Stunning Foulard Dresses with coin dots in White or Navy Blue or Black grounds, and charming Georgette Crepe models trimmed with Soutache Embroidery.

1,000 Cool, Summery Tub Dresses

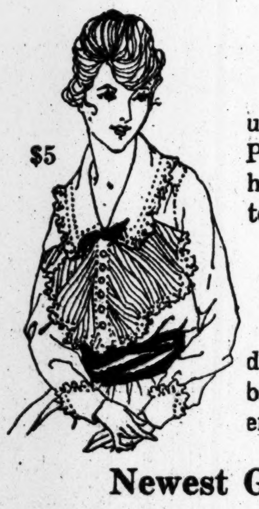
In Voile, Gingham or Linen

$5.95 $6.95 $7.95 $10 $12.50

As light as a breeze. Full of style and as cool as ever a frock could be. For the holiday, for mountain and seashore wear they are indispensable. Sizes 34 to 44.

Chic Summer Blouses

That reflect many new notes in collars and trimmings, priced remarkably low.



New Sport Blouses at $2

Very low in price, but far superior to blouses usually shown at this price. In tailored models of Pure White Linen, with deep collar and cuffs of handkerchief linen. Check and Polka Dot patterns to select from.

Voile & Organdie Blouses at $2

Ideal for holiday and seashore wear. In dainty plain tucked models, and attractive embroidery and lace trimmed effects, some with embroidered frills and Val. lace edging.

Newest Georgette Crepe Blouses, $5

Exquisite high and low neck models, trimmed with dainty lace, hand-embroidered or frills, some piped with Taffeta and finished with hemstitching. So beautifully made and finished that it is difficult to distinguish these charming productions from their expensive originals. *Third Floor.*

For Motoring and the Seashore—

Women's Jersey Silk Sport Coats Special at $19.50

In two distinct models, fashioned of superior quality Silk Jersey. Collar and border trimmed with Marabou. For present wear smarter, more becoming coats have yet to be introduced. Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Gold, Purple, Rose, Green, Black and White. All sizes.

FOR TODAY, MONDAY, ONLY

Women's Smart Summer Wash Skirts at $1.95 $2.95 $3.95

A collection of Summer skirts so diversified in models as to insure satisfactory selection to every one, comprising shirred and plain back effects, button front and side effects, with yoke tops and new pockets and belts. Made of Pique, Cotton and Velvet Corduroy, Gabardine, Eponge, Basket Weave and Honeycomb. Waist bands to 36. *Fourth Floor.*

The Result of an Important Purchase—

Dainty Summer Nightgowns at $1.50 and $1.98

The styles are very pleasing and will appeal especially to the woman of refined taste. Of nainsook, finished with a great variety of pretty trimmings. Every garment is NEW, and cannot be duplicated at these special prices.

Hand-Embroidered Sport Petticoats at $1.98

Superior in both make and material to garments usually offered at this low price. Of Cambric with hand-embroidered and hand-scalloped flounces.

Crepe de Chine and Satin Bodices, $1.98

Very charming models in washable satin and good quality Crepe de Chine, trimmed with dainty laces.

French Hand-Embroidered Nightgowns, $3.98

Two very attractive models, elaborately hand-embroidered and trimmed with lace insertion edging.

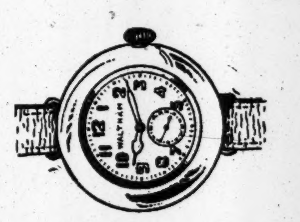
Peau de Cygne Petticoats at $2.98

We are only able to offer these splendid garments at this low price because of a special purchase. In two charming models with sectional or circular flounces, trimmed with ruffle or tucking.

Washable Negligees $1.98 $2.98 $3.98

Remarkable values. Made of White and Flowered Voiles. Also in Dotted Swiss, trimmed with lace or ribbon.

Men's Waltham Wrist Watches Special at $14.50



Regularly $18.50

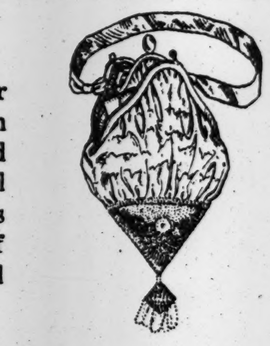
A 7-jeweled movement watch in sterling silver case, with numerals and hands that can be easily seen in the dark. Mounted on narrow tan pigskin strap. Remarkable value.

Nickel Wrist Watches at $3.50

Regularly $5.50. Reliable movement, with "Radium" dial, which can be easily seen at night. Choice of grey, brown, tan or black leather strap. *Main Floor.*

Of Unusual Importance on the Main Floor

Sale of Beaded Silk Moire Frame Bags at $4.95



Regularly $6.95—This is one of our newest and most fashionable bags, in diamond shape, one-third solid beaded in richly colored floral design. Tassel at bottom is also hand-beaded. Frame is double self covered and the lining is of flowered silk. Fitted with mirror and purse. *Illustrated.*

Of Unusual Importance on the Third Floor

Regaliste Corsets Reduced to $2.85

Regularly $5 to $10. Scientifically made corsets in low and medium top models. Fashioned of plain or fancy Broche, Coutil or Batiste, trimmed with lace or ribbon beading.

Broken Assortment of Well-Known Corsets at $1.35

Sizes from 20 to 32, but not in every model.

Regularly $2 to $5. All of the best known makes, in models for every type of figure. Made of plain and fancy Coutil and Batiste in Flesh Color and White. Also included are sport rubber corsets in desirable models.

R.H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

Old Sol Smiles On Light-Weight Clothes

And the man in the clothes smiles too—for hot weather has no terror for him if he is comfortably dressed in one of our smart

Tropical Weight Suits For Men At $19.75

Two piece oufits (Coat and trousers) made without a lining and as cool as a breeze from the sea. Summery colors in extremely light-weight worsteds. With patch pockets and silk sleeve linings. They cost less here than you would pay in any other good store in town. Direct Elevator to Clothing Department on 35th Street Side.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Men's Clocked Lisle Hose at 47c

Medium weight, full fashioned, elastic tops, reinforced toes, soles and heels. Colors include white or champagne with black clock, dark or light gray, champagne, navy, tan, white or suede with self clock. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

Men's Athletic Union Suits, $2.89

Well finished garments of good quality silk mixture, in white, champagne, Nile green or pink. Sleeveless and open knee length.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

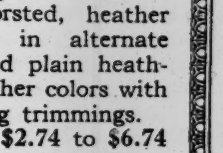
Get This Book On Golf—

We have just completed an interestingly written book—in which a golf expert has set down "Tabloid Tips On the Game." You may have a copy for the asking. Come in or write for one.

Macy's—Sporting Goods Dept., Fifth Floor, Centre.

Men's Bathing Suits

Half the joy of surf-play is in the free-and-easy feeling of your bathing suit. These are of that kind.



Men's two-piece Bathing Suits, worsted, silk trimmed in heather mixtures, $5.94; also Coast Model Bathing Suits, worsted, heather mixtures in alternate stripes and plain heathers and other colors with contrasting trimmings. $2.74 to $6.74

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St., Centre.

Let Us Help You Shop

If you want to purchase something for the folks at home or a gift of some kind for a friend—and are uncertain as to what you should buy—call at the Personal Shopping Bureau. An attendant who knows the store, its merchandise and the wants of people, will assist you in making your selection.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St. Broadway.

COAL PRICE DISPUTE MAY GO TO WILSON

With Baker and Lane at Loggerheads, the Controversy May Become Serious.

TOPIC FOR THE CABINET

Peabody Said to be Hastening Back, Perhaps to Resign—Meanwhile Price of Coal Stays Up.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The controversy over the method to be employed in fixing the price of bituminous coal, which flared up yesterday when Secretary of War Baker as President of the Council of National Defense rejected the agreement arrived at by the Committee on Coal Production of that organzation, Commissioner Fort of the Federal Trade Commission, Secretary of the Interior Lane, and 400 operators, may demand soon the intervention of President Wilson.

With Secretary Baker and Secretary Lane on opposite sides of the fence, the dispute approaches the doors of the President's Cabinet, and developments tonight did not indicate that there was promise of early adjustment without Executive action.

Secretary Lane could not be reached tonight, and Secretary Baker refused to develop his early remarks about price-fixing by the council and Mr. Lane, except to say that he "stood pat" on his letter, and that it spoke for itself. Asked if he had consulted Mr. Lane before the letter was made public through the Committee on Public Information, he refused to discuss that phase of the matter at all.

Chairman Peabody of the Committee on Coal Production left for Chicago and a week's rest after the agreement was announced Friday night. It was reported that he was on the way back to this city as a result of the late developments. None of his co-workers in the Council of National Defense had heard from him, and all refused to discuss a rumor that Mr. Peabody might sever his connection with the organization if the result of his efforts to get a low price for bituminous coal for the public as well as for the Government were finally tossed overboard without a chance of being revived.

Coal operators as a whole were inclined to accept the new situation with equanimity. The $3 maximum price for bituminous coal at the mine for the consuming public, with a drop of 50 cents a ton for the overnment, was to have gone into effect today. The operators came to the conclusion that the letter by Mr. Baker rendered void the agreement made, and decided to sit tight on the former basis, pending developments.

It was pretty generally predicted that the matter would be one of the live topics at Tuesday's Cabinet meeting if the President failed to take cognizance of it before that time. There have been a number of price-fixing questions involving Government officials which have threatened trouble as to method, and the present dispute came as a climax. A general revision of procedure among officials may be one result.

Director Gifford of the Council of National Defense, to whom Mr. Baker's letter was addressed, would not be drawn into the controversy today. It is understood that he will simply call to the attention of the various branches the statement by Mr. Baker that they had only advisory power, and that any effort to reach a definite agreement was a usurpation of powers vested solely in others.

The Baker letter has served to stir up much talk about all of the differences of opinion, big and little, which may have agitated the Council of National Defense and other branches of the Government from time to time. It has served also to emphasize that some officials have taken the stand for bottom prices for materials by the use of the most severe methods in dealing with producers, while others have felt that quicker action in the matter of output and delivery could be obtained by agreeing on tentative prices that might seem to give large profits to the producers.

All of the developments today have led to the belief that the President may take his place at the helm and determine the manner in which the various branches of the Government shall treat with producers in obtaining the supplies which the Government needs. Up to this time the President has simply made it known that he believes the Federal Trade Commission should investigate production costs for the purpose of determining prices. The question of present-day dealings with the producers, pending the result of such investigations, has been the source of whatever trouble there has been in other quarters.

Attention was called by some today to the fact that no reference was made in the letter written by Secretary Baker to Director Gifford to the fact that a fifty-cent reduction on each ton of bituminous coal supplied to the Government had been agreed to by the operators.

In defence of the agreement, it was pointed out that it brought about not only what seemed a fairly low tentative price for the Government supply, but a decided reduction to other big consumers throughout the country, who would not be affected by any price-fixing that Secretary Baker or Secretary Daniels might accomplish by forcing operators to supply the Government at a certain figure. This offer of $3 coal to the general consumer, it was stated, was a voluntary one which the operators could not be compelled to live up to in the present situation. In some instances the general consumer has been paying more than $5.

Based on war prices, $3 for coal was looked upon as low. War prices as a basis is the very thing to which some of the Government officials are unalterably opposed, and the present controversy may establish definitely the attitude of the President if he is called upon to decide the problem. Secretary Daniels has been one of the chief opponents of any consideration of war prices, and the Baker letter has apparently aligned the Secretary of War with him.

Rocking Boat Costs Two Lives.

Special to The New York Times.

DANBURY, Conn., July 1.—Rocking their boat caused the drowning of John Dahlberg and Joseph Rywolt, farmers, in Squantz Lake, near Danbury, this afternoon. Joseph Warwick, who was in the boat, was saved by Frieda Abramson, Alice Meneze, and Marian Cohn, New York girls, who rowed from Camp Crailo, on the shore of the lake, to his assistance.

2 Seriously Injured in Auto Crash.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 1.—An automobile, taken out, it is charged, without permission of the owner, crashed into a telephone pole on the White Horse Pike, at Chesilhurst, twenty miles from here, today, throwing five men to the roadway and injuring two of them so severely that they probably will die. Thomas Elder of Hannonfield and Raymond King of this place both suffered fractures of the skull.

SUNDAY GIVES FUND FOR WAR RELIEF

Evangelist's Free-Will Offering from His Revival Here Goes to Three Organizations.

SUM FOR BASEBALL OUTFITS

About 3,000 Workers in the Late Evangelistic Campaign Will Have an Excursion on the Hudson.

The $120,400.26 taken in by Billy Sunday in free will offerings during his New York campaign has been turned over to the war relief organizations with the exception of $426.69 which went to the purchase of baseball outfits for American soldiers and sailors. Before leaving New York, Sunday indorsed four blank checks and these have been filled out by the Executive Committee of the William A. Sunday Evangelistic Association and distributed as follows: To the American Red Cross, $32,381.79; to the Y. M. C. A. war work, $32,381.78; to the Y. W. C. A. war work, $55,300, and to the purchase of the baseball outfits, $426.69.

Sunday announced early in his New York campaign that he would devote all free will offerings to war work. The amount given to the Y. W. C. A. was designated to it by the donors and had to be applied as directed. Several of the contributors said they preferred to have their money given to the Red Cross, while others designated the Y. M. C. A. and the Evangelistic Association decided to give a like amount to each organization. The money for the baseball outfits was taken in as a loose change collection the last week the evangelist was at the Tabernacle.

On next Saturday, the Evangelistic Association announced, all those who were actively engaged in the revivals at the Tabernacle will go on an excursion to Bear Mountain. The party will include members of the Tabernacle Choir, personal workers, ushers, doorkeepers, and their friends, about 3,000 in all. A steamer has been chartered and will leave Pier 1, North River, at 1:30 P. M. It will stop at the pier at the foot of 129th Street at 2:30 o'clock.

Says Her 3 Children Are All Insane.

NEW BRUNSWICK, July 1.—Alleging that her three children are all insane, Mrs. Bridget Hart will bring them before a commission in the County Court here tomorrow under a petition that guardians be appointed for them so that the sale of a large piece of property owned jointly can be closed. The children are Katherine Hart, 30; Elizabeth Hart, 28, and George Hart, 21. All live with their mother on a farm.

TO MAKE SALVARSAN HERE.

Remedy Will Be Sold to the Government at Cost.

Salvarsan, which was discovered by Professor Paul Ehrlich of Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, for the treatment of diseases of the blood, is to be sold at cost to the Government by the H. A. Metz Laboratories, Inc., at 644 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. Dr. G. P. Metz, who spent a month at Hoescht, the German plant where salvarsan was produced, in 1916, brought back with him the secrets of its manufacture, and he has been conducting research work at the Brooklyn laboratories for some months. The remedy, it was announced yesterday, is to be distributed through the Consolidated Color and Chemical Company, of which ex-Representative Herman A. Metz is the President.

A member of the firm said it had been agreed to supply the needs of the Government during the war at cost. All necessary materials are to be had here, and the process will be cheapened by freedom from import duty, which amounted to 30 per cent., from Germany. It is intended to start the manufacture within two weeks or a month, it was said. Salvarsan, which is commonly known to the medical profession as "606," was protected here previous to the war by German patents.

Milk Goes Up, Light Down.

The price of electric light went down yesterday and the price of milk went up.

The New York Edison Company on June 27 adopted a resolution reducing the maximum rate for current from 7½ cents a kilowatt hour to 7 cents as of July 1. The action was taken after an investigation by the Public Service Commission which consented to hold the case in abeyance when the company made the decrease. Several milk companies will increase prices early in July from ½ cent to a cent a quart and cream 1½ cents a half pint.

FOUR BURNED IN DYE WORKS

One Man Expected to Die as Result of an Explosion.

An explosion of dye dust in the laboratories of the W. Beckers Aniline and Chemical Works at East Eighty-third Street and Ditmars Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday burned four men so severely and one of them will die. The condition of the others is serious. No damage was caused to the laboratories.

Foremen in the laboratories said last night that investigation showed no reason to believe the explosion had been caused by persons who might wish to destroy large stores of dyes in the laboratories.

James Beriotti of 1,075 Rockaway Avenue was so badly burned that physicians in the Kings County Hospital said he could not recover. Percy Beriotti, Herman Schultze of 13 Walton Street, Brooklyn, and Albert Gunther of 524 Powell Street, Brooklyn, were also seriously burned.

You Will Ask This Question
Or You Will Answer It

"Is your building 'piped for Gas'?"

This is the inquiry of the prospective tenant who has in mind the heating of the premises he is to occupy, He also has in mind a continuous and ever-ready supply of hot water.

The tenant may be looking for a floor or loft for his manufacturing business where *Gas must be had for fuel.*

It will be gratifying to the owner or his agent, to reply: "Yes, the building is completely equipped with gas piping so that every use of that commodity is possible."

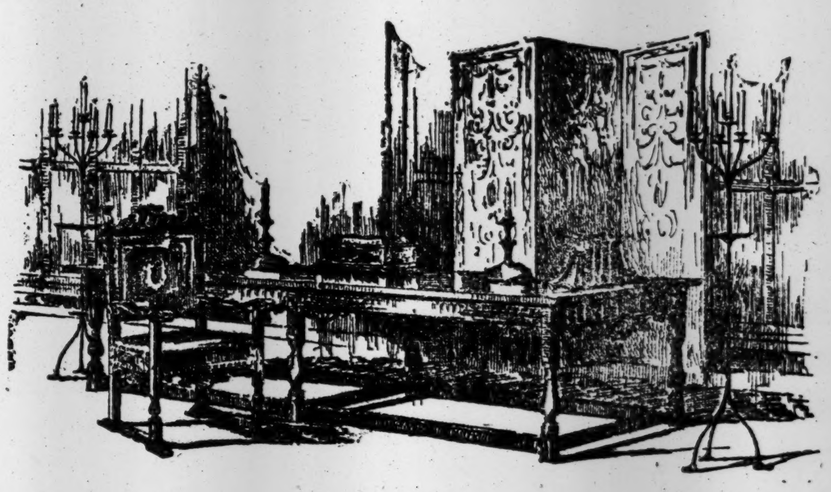
The experience of landlords and tenants, due to the coal situation, has forcibly impressed them with the necessity of having

Every Building "Piped for Gas"

A building so equipped is given an increased selling and rental value. We are receiving orders daily from landlords and tenants who are arranging for an *immediate* hot water supply and Gas Heating Appliances next Fall and Winter. Our services are at your command. Experts will lay out your necessary gas piping extension and figure out the cost for you. Telephone, "Stuyvesant 4900" and ask for the "Commercial Department." Immediate attention.

"The Right Way is the Gas Way"

Consolidated Gas Company of New York
GEO. B. CORTELYOU, President



The Suggestive Charm of the Hampton Shops

CONSTANTLY in the fascinating Galleries of the Hampton Shops one meets either an appealing group of Furniture or some subtle suggestion for the beautifying of one's own room.

An intuitive sense of fitness, for instance, seems to link together an old English oaken table with turned legs and fluted apron and a dignified straight backed Chair of Italian walnut as well as to heighten their effect by the cunning juxta-position of a pair of wrought iron tripod Candlestands, a richly painted jewel-casket and two bell shaped Candlesticks of gleaming latten.

This is one of the qualities which make the Hampton Shops a haven of refuge for those in search of the last word in Interior Decoration.

Hampton Shops
18 East 50th Street
facing St. Patrick's Cathedral,
New York

Decoration Textiles Furniture

You Are Sure
of COOLING SATISFACTION with
ICED POSTUM

A popular home drink that provides hot-day comfort of the right sort.

Directions: Postum made in the usual way, chilled with ice, and served with sugar, and either a dash of lemon or cream to taste.

INSTANT POSTUM
POSTUM CEREAL

United Service
Reduction in Rates

The maximum rate for electric light and power has been reduced from 7½ to 7 cents per kilowatt hour, effective July 1st.

This makes electricity, with its many labor-saving appliances, a greater economy than ever, in both the home and place of business.

GENERAL RATE FOR
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER

First 1000 kilowatt hours monthly at . 7c
Next 400 kilowatt hours monthly . . 6c
Next 800, excess over 1400 . . . . 5c
Next 1100, excess over 2200 . . . 4½c
Excess over 3300 kilowatt hours monthly 4¼c

Let us solve your light and power problems.

THE UNITED ELECTRIC LIGHT
AND POWER COMPANY

General Offices:
130 E. 15th Street
Stuyvesant 4980

Branch Offices:
89th St. at B'way
B'way at 146th St.

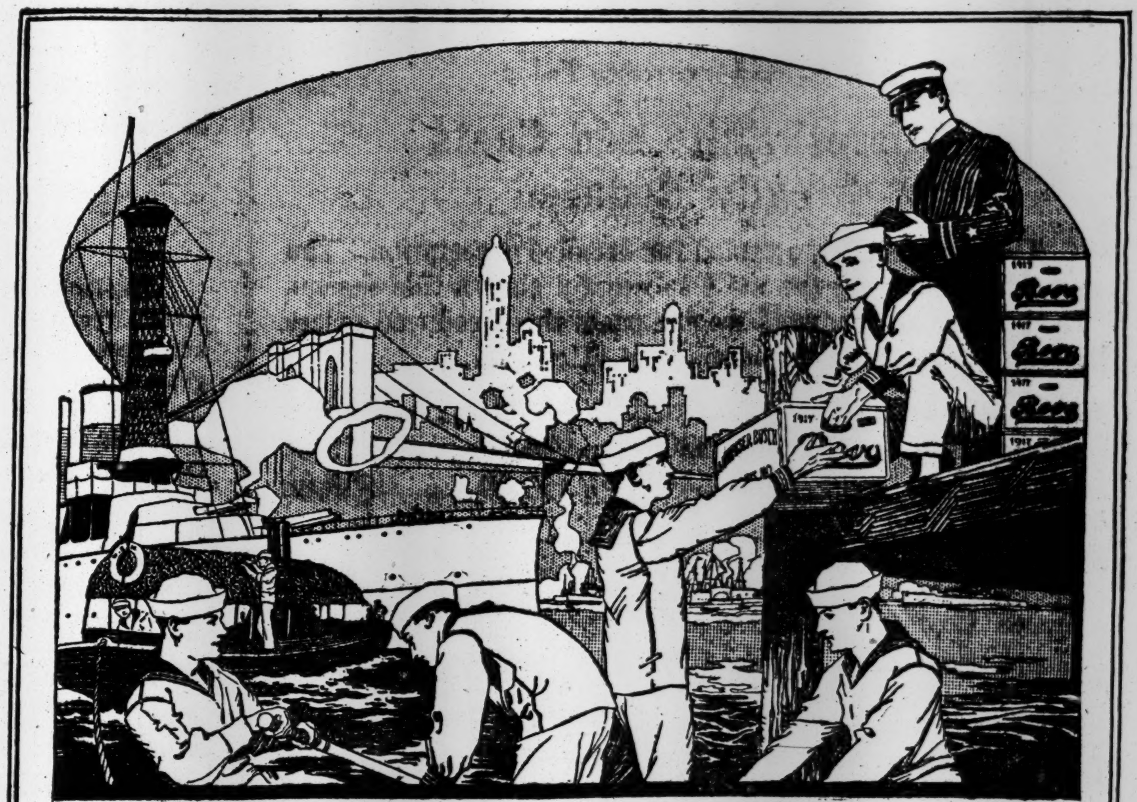
Children like Krumbles
and it Builds them up

Krumbles is the only cereal made from Durum Wheat, which is considerably more nutritious than any other wheat

LOOK FOR THIS SIGNATURE
W.K. Kellogg

© 1917–K.T.C.F. Co.

Kellogg's
Krumbles
All Wheat
Ready to Eat
THE ORIGINAL HAS THIS SIGNATURE
W.K. Kellogg



For the Blue-Jackets

Bevo
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
A BEVERAGE

Our boys in the Navy enjoy their Bevo. The Navy Department has put its official seal of endorsement on this triumph in soft drinks, by allowing it to be sold and served on all Naval Vessels.

Ashore or afloat, you will find Bevo a palate-pleasing, refreshing and nutritious beverage.

Just the thing to take along for sail or cruise—auto trip or camp and for the ice-box at home.

SEE THAT CROWN BEARS THIS FOX CAUTION SEE THAT THIS SEAL IS INTACT

Bevo—the all-year-'round soft drink

Bevo is sold in bottles only, and is bottled exclusively by

ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS

Anheuser-Busch Agency, New York City
A. Busch Bottling Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Anheuser-Busch Newark Agency, Newark, N. J.
GENERAL DISTRIBUTORS Families supplied by dealers

143

CAUTION SEE THAT THIS SEAL IS INTACT
Bevo

50 MORE RECRUITS WILL FILL THE 69TH

National Guard Regiments Are Rapidly Approaching War Strength.

CALL FOR MOUNTED POLICE

Two Companies Will Be Used for Patrol Duty Behind Lines in France.

It was predicted last night by officers of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, N. G. N. Y., that the regiment would find its ranks filled to war strength before sundown today. Yesterday the regiment needed only fifty more men to fill every vacancy, and officers were confident of getting this number, according to the prevailing rate at which men have been volunteering, within twenty-four hours.

Several other regiments of the National Guard are rapidly approaching full war strength, and are confident of reaching that point long before they are ordered into the Federal service. Recruiting has been especially brisk for the two companies of mounted military police, whose duty will be to patrol the country behind the lines in France, regulate traffic, and perform similar duties. The standards, both physical and mental, required of recruits in this branch of the service are exceptionally high, but the appeal of this form of duty is bringing the men needed rapidly.

Although "Regular Army Week" closed last Saturday, the army recruiting officers believe that the extra efforts made then will continue to show good results this week also, and would not be surprised to see today set a record for enlistments in the metropolitan district. All recruiting stations for the army opened last week will continue open this week and the next, and Colonel R. D. Walsh, in charge of recruiting, believes the 1,700 men still needed for New York's quota will be obtained within twenty days at most.

There will be a recruiting rally tonight at the Amsterdam Opera House, in West Forty-fourth Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus. Members of New Amsterdam, Knickerbocker, Regina Coeli, Liberty, Almirante, Holy Trinity, St. Joseph and St. Nicholas Councils of the order will march to the meeting escorted by fife and drum corps.

The principal feature of the navy's recruiting campaign this week, as last, will be the series of meetings on the decks of the U. S. S. Recruit, in Union Square, which have proved highly successful. The Naval Coast Defense Reserve announced yesterday that it still needs several hundred men to man submarine chasers and other patrol vessels off the Southern New England coast. This is in the Second District, with headquarters at Newport, but recruiting headquarters have been opened in the Woolworth Building. Machinists, carpenters, painters, pipe fitters, plumbers, electricians, and above all wireless men are wanted.

Special services were held yesterday in the Scotch Presbyterian Church, Ninety-sixth Street and Central Park West, in honor of the Scotch Kilties, who are now organizing a regiment for service in France if the War Department approves. The Rev. Robert Watson, pastor of the church, is chaplain of the organization. Brig. Gen. White, in charge of the British Recruiting Commission, addressed the congregation.

"Until America declared war it was an unneutral offense for an outside nation to recruit its subjects within the borders of the United States," said General White. "But since the ban on recruiting has been removed, Englishmen are coming to our recruiting offices by the thousands."

12-MILE HIKE WITH PACKS.

Second Company at Fort Myer Marches to the Rifle Range.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The second company of infantry under command of Captain A. S. Harrison made a twelve-mile hike today from the training camp for reserve officers at Fort Myer to the rifle range. This was the first of the thirteen tactical units from the camp to be sent out for rifle practice. They carried their shelter tents and were put through a tent drill before they started so as to be sure that all equipment was in proper shape. They are to camp at the range over night and cook their own meals. There was a report around the camp today that advantage would probably be taken of their return trip to engage them in a surprise tactical manoeuvre.

The other eight infantry companies will all be given a chance at rifle practice this week. While one company is on the range the others are sent by platoons along the rifle runs, evading the wire entanglements and developing their bayonet thrust under the instruction of Captain Koehler's "strong-arm squad."

The Second Battery, having been pretty well lamed up by horseback riding, will devote the early part of this week to training in harnessing and hitching double. The First Battery on Monday and Tuesday will have a workout with the horses, getting riding practice, and the rest of the week will be put through mounted and dismounted drills. Captain Marcus of Montclair, N. J., is commanding the Second Battery.

The camp was a deserted place today, as practically all of the men had over-Sunday leave. Many of the graduate engineers in camp took a hike to Great Falls, where they studied the old canal and other engineering work done by George Washington.

LAMBS VISIT PLATTSBURG.

Give Gambol for Enthusiastic Audience of Student Officers.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 1.—The first parade was held at the camp today, but it was not a military parade. It was headed by the Twelfth Coast Artillery Band, playing John Philip Sousa's marches, followed by the March King himself, in the uniform of a navy Lieutenant, leading 100 members of the Lambs Club of New York who arrived in Plattsburg to give their gambol at the training camp tonight. After luncheon in the mess shacks, the Lambs and the band marched and countermarched along Officers' Row, while the students trooped alongside the procession like boys at a circus parade.

It was a strange contrast. The entire training camp, many of whose men will be in the trenches by January, was at the disposal of the visiting Lambs, who, as De Wolf Hopper, accompanying the party, once said: "Ought to know all about war, as some of them had been married several times and had appeared bravely at the head of musical comedy choruses."

But in bringing good cheer and merriment to the future officers of the new armies, the Lambs were performing as patriotic duty as any, and well did they succeed. Every man in the camp has been looking forward to their coming for weeks. Anything that the Lambs wanted in camp was theirs for the asking.

Although the camp amphitheatre was built to seat 3,500 persons, and on a pinch could hold 4,000, it was too small to hold all who wanted to see the Lambs. Through the efforts of the Entertainment Committee, consisting of Captain J. A. Baer, the Camp Adjutant; Lieutenant J. J. Waterman, of the Second Cavalry, and Majors Reginald Barlow and Lewis Sanders, two entertainments Saturday and Sunday nights were arranged for the men at an admission price for both of 25 cents.

The high cost of theatre seats was reduced, 300 miles from New York so that the students saw an all-star cast for 12½ cents apiece. Plattsburg entertainments have suffered from week-end productions, and one repertoire musical comedy show billed here for all Summer has been put out of business.

If Plattsburg residents had their way, most of them would have been at the training camp tonight to see the Lambs. But limited seating capacity made this impossible, and in addition the objections of certain business men and proprietors of motion picture houses resulted in a ruling that none but guests invited and escorted by students could gain admission to the camp entertainments.

As for the Lambs Gambol its New York production has been mentioned before, but never before did it have such an appreciative audience as tonight, and the actors boarded their special train leaving the students some new songs to sing on their hikes. Perhaps, the band, too, will benefit after having been led by Lieutenant John Philip Sousa, for few of its selections hitherto have been as stirring as should be those befitting for a military camp.

Among the Lambs tonight were: John Philip Sousa, De Wolf Hopper, Augustus Thomas, Irving Berlin, Donald Brian, William Collier, Clifton Crawford, Leon Errol, Rube Goldberg, Raymond Hitchcock, R. H. Burnside, George Mack, Hy Mayer, Fred Niblo, Effingham Pinto, James T. Powers, Will Rogers, Ernest Truex, Henry Mortimer, Thomas McGrath, Andrew Mack, Thomas McGrane, Joe Meeker, George McManus, Julius Tannen, Sam Wallack, Jack Willard, Ned Sparks, Richard Tabor, C. A. Briggs, Roy Fairchild, and Macy Harlan.

MISS RANKIN VISITS BUREAU AS A SLEUTH

Women Printers' Complaints of Overtime Investigated by Montana Congresswoman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Fifty women employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing presented grievances today to Miss Jeannette Rankin, member of Congress from Montana, and urged her to assist them in obtaining shorter working hours. The delegation visited Miss Rankin in her apartments. A card index of the individual complaint of each woman worker was made by Miss Rankin.

Director Joseph E. Ralph announced yesterday the restoration of the eight-hour day in the bureau, following the letting down of work incident to the printing of the Liberty bond issue and large amounts of currency. Miss Rankin's visitors told her that this decrease in working time would not affect a large percentage of the workers. The women objected to working ten, twelve, and fourteen hours, even for overtime pay. Under Director Ralph, the bureau has had a record for exceptional efficiency.

Miss Rankin recently visited the bureau incognito. She went through the establishment as a constituent of another member of Congress. When she returned to the Capitol Miss Rankin wrote Director Ralph of the complaints of women, who said they could not stand of strain of long shifts at the printing presses and counting stands. She submitted a list of questions to Director Ralph. When Mr. Ralph announced shorter hours Miss Rankin believed her brief crusade had accomplished results, but the fifty women who called upon her today asserted that an inconsiderable percentage would be affected.

The contention of Director Ralph is that "99 per cent. of the women are satisfied, and a number of women have asked for more overtime work." Miss Rankin says her information is there is much dissatisfaction at the bureau.

"I found the physical conditions at the bureau good," said Miss Rankin. "The surroundings of the women workers are not unpleasant, but it is nerve-racking to require a woman to stand at a counting machine for ten, twelve, or fourteen hours. Many of them tell me they do not want this overtime work, but are compelled to take it to keep their positions. I am investigating to see what can be done."

URGE YOUNG MEN TO APPLY.

Training Camps Officials Reassure Candidates for Lieutenancies.

The Military Training Camps Association, which is conducting recruiting for the second series of officers' training camps, yesterday urged men who had obtained the necessary application blanks and intended to file applications for these camps to do so at once, and not wait until the last day, July 15. Blanks may be obtained at the association's offices, 19 West Forty-fourth Street.

Officers of the association yesterday urged good men who were near 30 years of age to apply.

NEW RIOT IN ST. LOUIS.

Three Patrolmen Shot by Negroes—Militia Ordered Out.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Monday, July 2.—Three patrolmen were shot, one of them seriously, when an automobile in which they were answering a riot call from Sixteenth Street and Boismenue Avenue was fired on by a crowd of negroes at that place.

Major Kavanagh, commanding Illinois National Guard troops stationed here, immediately dispatched Troops B and K to the scene of the shooting.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

Applications for loans of large amounts will be considered at the office at Fourth Avenue and 25th Street.

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
Eighth Av., cor. 127th St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

INVEST IN COOLNESS
DEFY THE HEAT

WEAR A COOL COMFORTABLE DRESSY SUIT MADE OF Priestley's Cravenette English Mohair

The Genuine has this label sewed in the coat. Look for it when buying.

Priestley's Cravenette English Mohair

For Sale by Leading Clothiers

All Priestley Mohairs are Imported

WILSON TAKES OVER BIG NAVAL BASE SITE

Proclamation Issued Which Will Start Immense Project at Hampton Roads.

ESTIMATED COST $3,800,000

Piers to be Built, Harbor to be Dredged, and Accommodations Arranged for 10,000 Recruits.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—President Wilson has issued a proclamation taking over the property of the Jamestown Exposition Company at Hampton Roads, Va., and the adjoining Pine Beach properties for use in the establishment of a great naval training station and base. This action was taken under authority of the recent Urgent Deficiency act, which appropriated $1,200,000 as payment for the property and an additional $1,600,000 for its equipment as a naval operating base, including piers, storehouses, oil fuel storage, training station, and recreation grounds for the men of the fleet.

Secretary Daniels has instructed Rear Admiral Walter McLean, commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, to take possession of the property and to serve notice on all interested persons residing or owning movable property on the site to vacate by Aug. 1.

"The acquisition of this property," said Secretary Daniels tonight, "makes possible the development on Hampton Roads, the normal anchorage of the North Atlantic Fleet, of one of the greatest naval bases in the world. This is something we have needed for many years, and ours is the only big navy which does not now possess such a base.

"Work on the training station will begin at once. The present buildings that are available will be prepared for occupancy; barracks, hospital pavilions, and other necessary structures will be erected as rapidly as possible, and provision will be made for 10,000 recruits. We expect to have quarters for several thousand completed before the end of August and to have accommodations for the entire 10,000 in a few months.

"The creation of the naval base involves the erection of piers and warehouses, dredging operations, and a big, broad development extending over a period of years. The Administration Buildings and the Historical Building of the Jamestown Exposition will be remodeled and used as administration buildings. The large parade ground known as Lee Field will be utilized as a part of the training station, which will embrace a total of about 300 acres. It is planned to develop the water frontage on Bousch Creek into a large basin for sailing craft, motor boats, &c., belonging to the training and aviation stations."

MACHINE GUNS MEET TESTS.

Eight out of Eighteen Types Go All the Way Through.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Announcement was made by the War Department tonight that in the machine-gun tests held in May eighteen types were tested, of which eight went all the way through the test, while the others fell out at various stages. The names of the successful machines were not made public, but it is understood that the Lewis machine gun passed very successfully; an order for 4,000 of this type has just been awarded by the War Department.

The tests were very pleasing to the War Department, as they enabled the board to recommend types of heavy and light machines that are satisfactory, and thus solve the problem that has been worrying the ordnance experts of the army for years. Congress has provided ample funds for machine guns. American manufacturing concerns are ready to turn them out, and the question of type has now been settled.

The War Department tonight authorized a statement, in part as follows:

"The Machine Gun Board found itself able to recommend satisfactory types of guns, and it is now up to the manufacturing talent of the country to produce them in the large numbers in which they will be required. It is not deemed wise to disclose the program of manufacture, nor to render prominent by publication the places where manufacture is likely to be carried on, but it will be gratifying to the country to know that in the tests and conclusions of the Machine Gun Board it was abundantly shown that American invention has not been asleep.

"The most recent classification of machine guns is into heavy type and light type. The light type comprises those which are light enough to be easily carried by a man in a forward movement and in which, for the sake of lightness, the capacity for continuous fire is, to a certain extent, sacrificed. These light type guns have been refined down by recent invention until some of them now weigh not more than fourteen pounds and can be easily carried and fired by one man, who can shoot from the hip while advancing. These light type guns are sometimes called automatic rifles, but this is through paucity of vocabulary, since all modern machine guns are automatic rifles.

"Machine guns form the essential armament of fighting airplanes. The airplane service gives a particularly good opportunity for the air-cooled type, since long-continued firing is not necessary and since the rapid motion through the air assists in cooling the barrel."

HONOR ROLLS IN CHURCHES.

Lists Read of Male Members Who Are Serving for War.

In fifty-four churches of Manhattan and Brooklyn yesterday, and possibly in others, lists of names of male members who have gone into war service in some form were read and notice given that additional names are to gathered as honor rolls. In many of the churches the names of women and boys taking up war work are to be included. The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, from the chancel steps of St. Bartholomew's Church, Forty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, as part of a patriotic service, stated that far larger numbers from that parish have volunteered than he had supposed. He called for all other names, that he might make and publish a complete roll. Similar notices were given in other churches.

Patriotic services were held yesterday in more than 300 churches in and near New York. Coupled with patriotism was prominently brought forward food conservation, and in some churches a letter was read from Bishop Greer indorsing Food Commissioner Hoover's appeal.

COLONEL TO GREET RUSSIANS

Commission Will Be Welcomed at Carnegie Hall Next Friday.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will be one of the principal speakers at the official reception to the Russian Commission to be held in Carnegie Hall next Friday evening.

In addition to the formalities of the occasion, which will include addresses by the Mayor and by Ambassador Bakhmeteff, the committee in charge of the American Ambulance in Russia has made arrangements to show several reels of moving pictures taken in Petrograd during the stirring days of the revolution. These pictures show the soldiers marching without officers, and also show how orderly the mobs were notwithstanding the absence of police. The films demonstrate the non-anarchistic tone of the change in Government.

The presentation of the film marks the first step in the drive of the American Ambulance in Russia for $200,000 for a big base hospital. The organization now is supporting forty-eight ambulances on the Galician front.

FIND WILSON SYMPATHETIC.

Jewish Congress Leaders Pleased with President's Attitude.

Nathan Straus, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Jewish Congress, and the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, rabbi of the Free Synagogue, issued statements yesterday praising President Wilson for his expression of "sympathy with what we are endeavoring to do for the oppressed of Israel through the proposed Jewish Congress."

"I am authorized to say that the President has learned with interest of the proposed American Jewish Congress," said Rabbi Wise. "He is persuaded that the American Jewish Congress will wisely and prudently serve Jewish interests and that its deliberations and policies will be in accord with and helpful to the aims and policies of the American Government."

CONDEMN IRISH CONVENTION

O'Brienites and Other "Antis" Hold a Mass Meeting in Dublin.

DUBLIN, July 1.—A mass meeting was held today in Phoenix Park, under the auspices of the committee headed by the Bishop of Londonderry, to protest against a partition of Ireland and to condemn the nominated Irish Convention. The Lord Mayor of Dublin refused to permit the use of the Mansion House for the meeting.

The principal speakers at the meeting were Ulster priests, labor leaders from Dublin, and representatives of William O'Brien's party from Cork. They spoke from four platforms to large crowds, composed mainly of persons out for a Sunday holiday. Many Sinn Fein flags and badges were displayed.

DROP OF $10,568,967 FOR PENNSYLVANIA

Report of Railroad Earnings for Five Months Shows Decrease, as Predicted.

WARNED INTERSTATE BOARD

Gross Income Increased, but Added Operating Expenses Overcome All Other Gains.

Fulfilling the prediction of Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made to the Interstate Commerce Commission in the rate case hearings, that railroad earnings would continue to fall, the fiscal report of the Pennsylvania for the five months ended May 31, made public yesterday, shows that the system earned $10,568,967 less than in the preceding five months. In May, the system earned $1,653,250 less than in April. The gross income of the Pennsylvania Lines, both East and West, showed increases, but the operating expenses increased in such a measure as to overcome the gain.

Taking the Pennsylvania system as a whole, the total revenue for the first five months of the year was $188,110,940.01, and the total operating expenses were $158,555,979.88, leaving a profit of $29,554,960.13. This was an increase of $15,019,051.16 in revenue and an increase of $25,588,918.24 in expenses, making a net decrease in earnings of $10,568,967.08. For May the income was $42,236,711.26, an increase of $4,039,618.90, and the expenses $33,117,093.38, an increase of $5,692,867.95. The percentage return on investment of the system was 5.81 per cent. for the year ended May 31, 1917. For the year ended May 31, 1916, it was 5.95 per cent.; for the year ended May 31, 1915, it was 3.72 per cent., and for the year ended May 31, 1914, 3.95 per cent.

ACUTE DISTRESS IN VIENNA.

Austrian and German Press Silenced and Cannot Tell of Conditions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 1.—The Times correspondent learns from a trustworthy source that the distress in Vienna is very grave. No word of the actual conditions is allowed to reach the outside world when it can be prevented, the Austrian no less than the German press being absolutely silenced. This information comes direct from the Austrian capital.

The entire German press in their latest issues admit the total failure of the negotiations for a separate peace with Russia and warns readers that Germany must be prepared for another Winter of war.

NEW YORK DOGS STILL SAFE.

Wicks Law Does Not Apply to Cities of the First Class.

Dog owners in New York City have nothing to fear from the Wicks dog law, which became effective yesterday, if they keep their dogs within city limits. The measure, which was passed by the last Legislature, applies to towns and cities of the second and third class. New York is a first class city.

However, a dog belonging to a resident of New York City would come under the provisions of the law if it was taken to a Long Island or Westchester County Summer home. It would be unlawful for a pet dog without a license to be carried in an automobile from a New Yorker's town home to his Summer home.

Aged Man Killed on a Motorcycle.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., July 1.—George Warner of New Britain, a man nearly 70 years old, riding on a motor cycle with his son Jesse, was terribly injured at a dangerous curve at daybreak, this morning, in collision with an automobile. He died six hours later. His son's injuries were not serious.

CIVIC ORCHESTRA CONCERT.

Audience of 3,000 Joins Muzio in Singing "Star-Spangled Banner."

The largest audience seen at the Civic Orchestra concerts filled the St. Nicholas Rink last evening, to the encouragement of generous promoters who planned this Summer series on a lavish scale, unmatched as far as its orchestra is concerned by most popular concerts here or abroad. Claudia Muzio of the Metropolitan Opera sang "America" and "The Star-Spangled Banner," in which the crowd of 3,000 joined, and Martha Maynard introduced the speaker of the evening, George Gordon Battle.

"What we have seen up to now," Mr. Battle said, "has been the pomp and pageantry of war. The grim reality is at hand; very soon we shall hear the beating of the wings of the Death Angel. I have often thought there was no imaginable cause which would justify the outpouring of blood in this cataclysm of war. But the time is at hand when we begin to see the end unfolding, to see the results in a free and enlightened world.

"Already the old autocracy and despotism of Russia is a thing of the past, and we have clasped hands with that new and great republic. We have clasped arms with republican France, with the constitutional Governments of England and Italy. We are learning to transmute the desire to serve our country into a new and high resolve, at every cost and every sacrifice, to do what we shall be required to do, to prove ourselves worthy of our heritage, until this black midnight is transformed into the dawn of a new day and of a lasting peace."

Conductor Monteux and his eighty-five stars from the best orchestras in New York gave a novel program last night, ranging from the "Fetes" and "Nuages" of Debussy and a movement from the symphony of Cesar Franck to Beethoven's overture to "Egmont," Wagner's to "Meistersinger," and the Russian dances from Borodin's "Prince Igor," which Monteux formerly led with the Diaghileff ballet. Miss Muzio sang airs from "Aida" and "Tosca" and for encore Arditi's "Il Bacio."

COMPOSERS IN NEW SOCIETY

Reginald de Koven Announces Plans of Its Organization.

Reginald de Koven yesterday announced plans for a society of American composers, dramatists, and leaders of national and civic musical organizations, to be formally launched in this city tomorrow, and soon to be incorporated, after the manner of the successful Society of American Singers.

The incorporators will represent all sections of the country, among the members being George W. Chadwick, Frederick S. Converse, and Henry Hadley of Boston; Arthur Farwell, Percy MacKaye, Max Rabinoff, Lee Shubert, John Philip Sousa, and David Stevens of New York; Mrs. David Allen Campbell, John Alden Carpenter, and Douglas Malloch of Chicago; Mrs. W. A. Hinckle, Peoria, Ill.; Mrs. Frank A. Seiberling, Akron, Ohio; Mrs. William D. Steele, Sedalia, Mo., and Charles W. Cadman, Joseph Redding, and W. J. McCoy of San Francisco.

WILSON ASKS MOVIES' AID.

Brady Heads Committee to Assist Information Board.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Organization of the motion picture industry for war service in co-operation with the Committee on Public Information has been undertaken by William A. Brady of New York, at the request of President Wilson. Mr. Brady becomes Chairman of a special Federal committee appointed by the President, and has pledged the support of the entire industry in America.

In a letter asking the service, the President wrote:

"It is in my mind not only to bring the motion picture industry into fullest and most effective contact with the nation's needs, but to give some measure of official recognition to an increasingly important factor in the development of our national life. The film has come to rank as the very high medium for the dissemination of public intelligence, and since it speaks a universal language, it lends itself importantly to the presentation of America's plans and purposes."

New Picture for Miss Kellermann.

William Fox announced yesterday that he would place on exhibition in the Fall a new marine picture with Annette Kellermann as the star. The Smithsonian Institution and the British Museum have furnished data for the film and the United States Fisheries Commission will co-operate in its taking. Scenes at the bottom of the ocean will be photographed by means of a submarine apparatus.

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GAIETY B'WAY, 46TH ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.

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Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue
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TWO BIG ATTRACTIONS
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Also British WAR TANKS in Action.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 2, 1917.

THE RAILWAYS' SURPLUS.

A delegation of railway representatives has had a consultation with the Senate Finance Committee which is considering the excess profits tax. The result is not known, but it may be hoped that the taxgatherers' hands may fall lightly upon the funds which have been diverted from shareholders' dividends to the service of the public. According to the decision of the majority of the Interstate Commerce Commission, these facilities have been "donated" by the "public," because they have paid the cost in rates and fares, and, therefore, cannot "lawfully be asked "to pay rates and fares which will "pay a return on such property." If the donation has been made by anybody besides the shareholders who have foregone their dividends, it has been made by the shippers and passengers, and not by the "public." The burden of the future growth is, therefore, thrown upon them by the Commission's decision. Either there must be a prolonged suspension of dividends or the dividend fund must provide the means of growth.

The prospect of railway development on that basis is indicated by the Commission's estimate that the railways need a billion a year. The dividend fund in the railways' best year, 1916, was $185,575,097, when the gross earnings were $3,500,000,000, and the net operating income was $1,043,948,467. In that year prior charges left $412,848,185 to be applied to dividends, surplus, and deficits of weak companies. The difference of $227,273,000 went to profit and loss, the surplus which cost the railways the decision against the increase of their rates, and which threatens them with a tax on their undivided surplus. If the railways are to suffer the double blow of inadequate rates and excess taxes, all hope is not lost. There are hidden reserves in the shape of unprofitable accommodations to the public which can be reduced. More passengers can be carried in fewer and less costly trains. More freight can be carried if shipments are delayed until they can be consolidated into fewer trains. The public will be worse served, but the railways still may survive, even if they cannot grow, and business must be done on a scale offensive to a public accustomed to more liberal accommodations.

It is a desperate recourse, but it is to be hoped that it will be considered in more kindly spirit by Congress than by the Commission. On the other hand, there will be no hope for deliverance from railway embarrassments if Congress and the State Legislatures should take their cue from the Commission rather than from the shippers, who have manifested their preference that rates and facilities should be increased together rather than reduced together. In case of reflection of the Commission's hardheartedness by the various Legislatures, the only hope of keeping the railways running would be by taxes. There could be no hope that Government management would produce better results than those reported by the War Board as accomplished under present conditions.

WAGE DIVIDENDS FOR THE RED CROSS.

The New York County chapter of the American Red Cross is sending circulars to 152,000 employers asking their co-operation in giving their workpeople the privilege of contributing to the fund, which concerns them as much as anybody. Perhaps it can be said that the Red Cross fund concerns wage earners more nearly than any other class of the community. They are the most numerous of all, and are inferior to no others in public spirit. The workers are fighters in all lands, and the Red Cross fund is for the benefit of the fighters for the interests of all, especially including workers.

Wage earners who contribute to the Red Cross fund would be giving to their own, as well as adding to the comforts of the nation's defenders.

The proposal is that those workers who wish may allow one day's wages to be contributed to the fund by their employers and in the workers' names. Individually the sums would be small. Together they would be imposing, as the record of the Liberty Loan shows. Individually wage earners cannot be solicited, and individually many of them feel that their contributions never would be missed. Already some employers have done what it is proposed should be done generally. Each and every contributor would receive a Red Cross membership, and those who wish could make their gift in installments. The people of moderate means showed the way in the case of the Liberty Loan. The coupon clippers showed the way in the case of the Red Cross fund. It is a generous rivalry in a cause respecting which there is no danger of an "excess tax."

RUSSIA'S CRIPPLED RAILROADS.

"Give us locomotives and we shall give you military success." This is the appeal and promise of Professor LOMONOSOFF, Russia's Minister of Railroads, a member of the commission now in this country. Russia needs 2,000 locomotives now, he says, and must look to foreign manufacturers for 850 annually in years to come. Orders for 500 locomotives and 10,000 cars were placed here some weeks ago, and Russia has been buying rolling stock at our mills since the beginning of the war. But her railroads are in a deplorable condition. Our Commission of Engineers, led by Mr. STEVENS, is striving to improve the inadequate and poorly equipped system. It has set men at work building piers, warehouses, and repair shops at Vladivostok, where, according to reports from Washington, a billion tons of war supplies await transportation, but it cannot make cars or the engines that draw them. Railroad material is part of the 350,000 tons of freight for Russia piled up at our northern Pacific ports and waiting there for ships.

Locomotives and cars for Russia can be obtained here. Manufacturers are now making them. But how are they to be carried across the Pacific? Those which have been ordered will be ready before the completion of the first of our new ships, wooden or steel, and Russia should not be required to wait seven or eight months. At present there are only eight American ships in the Pacific trade, and the number of British vessels sailing from our Western ports has been reduced from five to one. Russia's need points to Japan's opportunity. It is reported that our Government is asking Japan to transfer some of her ships from the Pacific to the Atlantic, and that two will carry supplies from our Eastern ports to Archangel. Many more should be available for Pacific service. We recently showed that since the beginning of the war the number of Japanese ships on that ocean in trade with American ports has grown from twenty-four to sixty-six. It may be that Japan's great merchant marine has been giving aid to her neighboring ally, but news reports have not contained proof of it. She is to be commended for yielding two ships for trips to Archangel, but many in addition could be used to the advantage of Russia between our coast and Vladivostok. If Japan withholds her ships from this service, her reasons should be made known to the world.

TWO HOOSIER COUNTIES.

Farmers, said THUCYDIDES, are a class more ready to serve their country in person than in purse. But this is not borne out by reports from Indiana, paradise of the corn-fed agrarian. The Liberty Loan was received not only as a good investment but as an opportunity for patriotic service. Two counties, one of the richest and one of the poorest, may serve as specimens.

In Johnson County, situated in the flat central prairies, poor is that home which has no silver cup brought back from national or international corn shows. It is the habitat of a whole cluster of corn kings, where high-school boys raise more corn to the acre than seasoned farmers over most of the rest of the earth. Naturally when war fell upon Johnson County out of a clear sky, and its citizens were told that America was expected not only to fight her enemies but to feed her allies, the inhabitants set to work on their own particular service of excellence, the raising of still more corn. But while raising corn, Johnson County incidentally oversubscribed its quota of Liberty bonds. Franklin College, situated in the county seat, a college which closed temporarily in 1864 because there was only one student left, and he had reentered after losing a leg at Shiloh, conducted a commencement in which one-third of the men who received their diplomas came back on leave from training camp; and the senior class, instead of the traditional gift to the college, made its contribution to the Red Cross.

More notable still was the contribution of Dearborn County. It is a river county, caught in an economic backwater for the last forty years, where the population is steadily declining and the perennial question of Spring is not whether there will be a destructive flood, but just how destructive the inevitable flood is going to be. It is a county, moreover, where half the inhabitants are wholly or in part of German blood.

But the German-Americans joined their fellow-citizens in organizing new National Guard units before the draft; in a Red Cross membership campaign which in Aurora, the largest town, put a sixth of the total population on the lists in the first week; and in subscriptions to the Liberty Loan which resulted in the county oversubscribing its allotment 52 per cent. Despite the floods, despite the handicap of the hilly river country in competition with the fertile plains to the north, Dearborn County's proportionate subscription was the third highest in the State.

There was no evidence, in the publications and the rumor that came from these regions before April 2, that Johnson County or Dearborn County was much interested in the war in Europe. It was a thing far off and remote from the cool shadow of the sycamore, the yellowing green of cornfields, the peace of the front porch at evening. But when the President called for a crusade against barbarism and autocracy, the Hoosier blood which had been poured out cheerfully in the sixties for a war it never wanted called from the ground to the Hoosiers of 1917.

SUBMARINES AND OCEAN TRADE.

Reports recently published say that prominent Germans have abandoned hope of ending the war by submarine piracy. The German people are complaining, it is asserted, that they have been misled by those who promised that the submarines would force England to give up the fight within two or three months. Germans must have been reading official statements about our foreign trade and that of Great Britain.

Our exports in May exceeded those of April by $21,000,000, and imports were the largest ever reported in a month. The figures for four months, since the beginning of ruthless submarine warfare, are shown below:

	Exports.	Imports.
May	$551,000,000	$281,000,000
April	530,000,000	254,000,000
March	554,000,000	270,000,000
February	467,000,000	199,000,000

Announcement of Germany's purpose in the first week of February caused some restraint and delay during that month. But preparation for defending ocean carriers was made, and exports soon increased. Now it appears that the total, exports and imports, was larger in May than in any one of the three preceding months, and was greater than February's total by $166,000,000. Official British trade reports are not less satisfactory and encouraging. They show an increase in May over the totals for April, March, and February. Imports were larger by $16,000,000 than in the corresponding month one year ago, and comparison with the records of last year shows gains for five months as follows: Imports, $134,000,000; exports, $64,000,000.

Submarines have not reduced our monthly exports of food, munitions, and other products to our friends in Europe, or prevented an increase of Great Britain's imports from the United States and other countries. But their barbarous assaults upon the merchant marine of neutrals and belligerents call for the greatest possible activity in the work of replacing the ships that have been lost.

WHERE JOFFRE FIRST WAS FAMOUS.

France first heard the name of JOFFRE in 1894, when he was 38 years old. He was south of the Sahara in Africa, a Major in the French Army, when suddenly his name rang through France as "The Hero of Timbuktu." Years ago, he told how it all happened in a little book that was translated into English under the title of "My March to Timbuctoo." It is a modest, simple narrative, so condensed in style, so full of weighty matter pithily presented, that it cannot fail to remind the reader of CAESAR's "Commentaries."

He had been sent to Senegal, French West Africa, to build a railroad from Kayes, at the head of navigation on the Senegal River, to the Niger. This route would give river and rail transportation between the French Atlantic ports in Africa and the famous City of Timbuktu. The world is, today, thus linked with this once mysterious trade mart in inner Africa.

It was known that the merchants of Timbuktu were handling a trade of some millions of dollars a year along the caravan routes across the Sahara; and that this commerce was greatly handicapped by the Tuareg of the desert and the Fula of the Sudan who were alternately masters of Timbuktu, as one or the other gained the ascendency. Each race, in its turn, exacted enormous tribute as the price of permitting industry and commerce to be carried on; and the helpless people of the city were on the verge of destitution and despair when France decided to go to their relief.

While Major JOFFRE was pushing his railroad forward as fast as possible, Colonel BONNIER was dispatched with troops to the relief of Timbuktu; and some time after, JOFFRE was ordered to leave the railroad in other hands and lead another body of troops to that city. He made a wonderful march of about 500 miles under very difficult circumstances, for the Niger was in flood, no boats could be obtained, and the troops had to march, heavy laden with supplies, through dense scrub, beyond the river's reach. In spite of these impediments, JOFFRE gained rapidly on the advance party; but he did not hear till he was within a few miles of Timbuktu that the Tuaregs, who were then masters of the city, had killed Colonel BONNIER and most of his men.

Then JOFFRE turned defeat into splendid victory. He had his force within the city almost before his presence was known; and he trounced the Tuaregs so effectively that in a few hours he was master of Timbuktu, to the great joy of its inhabitants. He so firmly established French supremacy over that town and the whole of Northern French West Africa that the vast region has never again been in jeopardy. The hero of Timbuktu suddenly became one of the marked men of France; and the steady advancement that came to him culminated, early in the present war, in his supreme commandership of the French forces, and later in the position, recreated for him, of Marshal of France.

WILLIAM WINTER.

WILLIAM WINTER used the English language with extraordinary skill. He had a strikingly individual and quite inimitable style, his vocabulary was opulent, his industry for more than half a century was unflagging. It was natural that he should love to write, for few, even among writers of acknowledged and widely proclaimed ability, could write so well. His verse was graceful in form, musical in expression, and was illuminated by his keen and unfailing sense of beauty in nature, and dominated frequently by a gentle note of sorrow. His prose was flowing and elegant, (that ancient term of literary approval exactly applied to his writing,) and marked by native wit and playful humor, by unusual descriptive power, and, when his generally kindly nature was stirred to wrath, by the facile employment of invective.

For half a century and more he gave his skill and energy to chronicling theatrical incidents. Perhaps the beauty he described, the rare charm he discerned, were sometimes in his own mind, inherent in his nature, rather than actually present in his subject, but the beauty and charm were graphically expressed in his chronicle. The worthy and really deserving actors of his long day owed much to him, and many of them knew it. As he grew older he found it difficult to reconcile the course of the theatre with his cherished ideals. Against mutability he courageously and persistently waged war.

In his old age, however, he had reason to believe that he was not without honor in his own land. His portrait was painted for the Academy. He was the guest of many club banquets. Distinguished men and women crowded the Century Theatre one day not long ago to testify to their sympathy with his ideals and their appreciation of his services to art and journalism. He kept busy until almost the end, within a few days of the completion of his eighty-first year. His books were widely read. He was a delicate, sensitive man, always shrinking from the turmoil of modern life. It has been said of him that he ought to have lived in the England of Queen ANNE. In any era he would have been a noted personage. But he rounded out with effective achievement his life in the America of the nineteenth and some of the twentieth century.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Shopkeepers and Their Customers.

According to those Wise Ones on the Council of National Defense who are acting as its Commercial Economy Board, 100,000 men would be released for military service and millions of dollars would be saved if retail butchers and grocers and the proprietors of dry goods and department stores would cut down the number of their deliveries to one a day. So the Wise Ones have sent out a nation-wide appeal to the retailers to institute this reform at once.

The advice, of course, is good, but there is some reason for complaining that in this matter of unnecessarily numerous deliveries, and others like it, the blame is so often put wholly on the customers, especially the women, and they are so often scolded for not following the better habits of the not very remote ancestors who did their own marketing and didn't expect to have their purchases sent home to them. The buyers are not wholly irresponsible, indeed, for the economic abuses that have arisen, but it is not unnatural that they should have taken advantage of privileges offered to them by shopkeepers eagerly competing among themselves for trade.

There is more than a little exaggeration, too, in the current assertions as to what could be saved if ordering by telephone were abolished and the delivery system done away with or reduced to the least possible minimum. There are economies as well as wastes in doing one's marketing by telephone, for it saves time that in many cases can be more profitably utilized than in going from shop to shop collecting family supplies, and while it undoubtedly increases cost, the added expenditure is by no means always or necessarily money lost.

There is no defense whatever to be made for the housewives or housekeepers who refuse to do their ordering with sufficient intelligence to make a single delivery sufficient for the day. They could all accomplish that end if they would do a little thinking when they made out their morning list of things needed. But in this respect, also, the responsibility is a divided one, and the dealers could long ago have remedied the evil if each of them had not been afraid of losing customers if he were less "obliging" than his rivals. In the majority of cases they have preferred to raise prices instead of offering discounts to patrons who showed enough sense to appreciate them.

They Were Both of One Mind.

Here is a tale that comes well-authenticated and is worth rehearsal as showing, among other things, that not all women are pacifists—that some of them do very consciously raise their sons to be soldiers in case of need. It is from Alabama that the story comes. There, in a town the name of which is not essential to the narrative, a young man, whose weekly wage is the sole support of a widowed mother, was for weeks in doubt of his right to follow his own eager desire to enlist in the army. He came of a fighting family—one that had been represented in every other war this country ever had—and it was hard for him to bear the thought that this time his name would not be answered by "Present" when the roll was called. At last the feeling became intolerable, and one morning, after a sleepless night during which he had endlessly balanced his opposing responsibilities, he came down to breakfast with his mind made up to volunteer.

He found his mother sitting with more than usual primness in her accustomed place at the table, and noticed that her salutation lacked its familiar warmth. Inquiry as to the cause of the change brought out the grievance. The mother was ashamed of her son and told him so—she could not understand how a son of hers and of his father could remain at home while other men were offering their lives in their country's service!

The son explained that he had delayed only because his going would endanger the security of her declining days and might even bring hardship upon her, and he said that he had reached, before she spoke, the determination that even that sacrifice should be made in a national emergency as great as the one now existing. Thereupon the mother's stern face became radiant. She declared that she was proud of him—that his decision was exactly right. Then she made the astonishing revelation that the day before she had spent the last $200 remaining of the money left by her dead husband in buying for herself an admission to an Old Ladies' Home.

That had been her way of depriving a son she had sadly thought degenerate of his last excuse for keeping out of danger!

Another Chance for Economy.

Among the reasons assigned by one of the big milk companies for making yesterday another advance in the prices to be paid by its customers there was presented the fact that bottles now cost $2 per gross more than formerly. As reasons go, that isn't altogether a bad one, but it would have more merit if the milk companies were to take more pains to prevent the enormous destruction of milk bottles that is constantly going on—a destruction the results of which are visible daily on city and suburban highways and are a constant danger to children, not to speak of being the bane of the automobilist's life.

Both the milk wagon drivers and the buyers of milk could properly be held to a stricter accountability for these eminently respectable receptacles, and if somebody had to pay for every one that goes out of the distributing stations and is not returned, the $2 per gross advance could easily be made up, and more.

Just how much of the breakage is due to the carelessness of drivers and how much to that of the customers is something that the companies should be able easily to discover, and both classes are amenable to discipline, or in other words to fines, in the one case taken out of wages and in the other out of a reasonable preliminary deposit such as is demanded and received in the case of many other not unlike containers of liquids, some of them as innocent as milk and some that are on the defensive.

And if milk goes up now, at the season when pasturage is cheapest and best, to what dizzy altitudes is it not to fly next Winter?

The Wrong Kind of Criticism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We are a more or less free people, and the privilege of grumbling is doubtless ours, but —does criticism of a wholly destructive character benefit any one? Does uninformed faultfinding with the acts, thoughts, and alleged motives of those intrusted with the nation's work at such a time as this improve the national morale? Does muckraking alone improve service? Does a man, or an army, or even a Congress do better work or accomplish more in a given time for ridicule, abuse, and sneers?

As I understand the situation, every one except German sympathizers wants us to do our utmost to win the war. German sympathizers are either peaceable aliens who keep their mouths shut and their pens locked up or enemies and traitors who, under the law, must themselves be locked up—or worse. Giving aid and comfort to the enemy is a treasonable act. Statements printed in our newspapers to the effect that our bond issues are failures, that our naval bases are inadequate and ill-equipped, that our army program cannot possibly be carried out on time, that our public men are unfit or unpatriotic, that our food supply is short, that our working people are starving, that any quantity of similar lies is true, certainly give comfort, if not aid, to such of the enemy as are fools enough to believe them, and, what is much worse and more to the point, tend to the discouragement of such of our own well-meaning citizens as allow their thinking to be done for them, and may even lead to the serious disturbing of public confidence.

By all means let us have the truth, given by those who know the truth. Let us also have all the criticism of a constructive nation that the traffic will bear. Some of it may do good, but the other kind benefits none and disgusts many.

GEORGE B. MULDAUR.

New York, June 26, 1917.

A Fourth of July Thought.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's issue of The Atlanta Journal appears this ringing sentence:

"There is not enough room in the world for the Divine Right of Kings and the Declaration of Independence."

Old America is beginning to realize this. This declaration epitomizes American thought, and is going to bring from America a blow sufficient to put out the worst notion that ever entered the thought of man—the Divine Right of Kings.

CHARLES J. METZ.

Atlanta, June 28, 1917.

A PACIFIST.

A Pacifist? Yes, truly, in a way!
I am in love with peace, and much prefer
Her calm dominion. Could I stir
The world to strife, and win immortal sway
Among her peoples, I would still say, Nay.
I do not care for warfare! Yes, to me
The joy of peace is more than all the might
To vanquish earth, and so control the sea
That none but I could over it take flight.
But peace is not a state, as some aver,
Forever fixed, for all eternity!
Too many worldly tyrants still agree
That might is right, and carnage fire is good.
I cannot well be peaceful if I would.

I hold no love of murder in my breast,
Though science tells me I am kin of beast;
Nor do I like on misery to feast,
Or human wreckage, which is war's behest.
Fain would I work and play, and give my best
To noble labors that shall bless mankind;
But should some demon of destruction bring
His force upon me, shall I let him find
My patriot courage but a coward thing?
No! Hating war and bloodshed, I attest
My love of peace, of justice, freedom, right,
And for these four how gladly I will fight!
A Pacifist I am, and might and main,
I will do battle, that sweet peace may reign!

LURANA SHELDON.

RED CROSS EXPERTS WILL GO TO RUSSIA

Special Commission of Eminent Men Will Study Needs of Country.

TO TAKE MEDICAL SUPPLIES

William B. Thompson, Financier, and Dr. Frank Billings of Chicago In Charge of Investigation.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, announced yesterday that a special Red Cross Commission is to be sent to Russia as the first step of the plan of the relief organization to "do something immediately to hearten" that country. The commission, which is to make an extensive study of the needs of the nation, will be composed of a group of eminent men from all parts of the United States headed by William B. Thompson of New York and Dr. Frank Billings of Chicago. Mr. Thompson is a copper financier at 14 Wall Street, who contributed $250,000 to the war fund recently raised by the Red Cross. He was also one of the men who helped to finance relief work in Belgium. Dr. Billings is one of the best known physicians in the Middle West.

The commission will carry with it a quantity of medical supplies and surgical instruments for distribution to hospitals, institutions and Red Cross organizations in Russia. It will also ascertain along the broadest possible lines in what manner the Red Cross can extend most effective relief work to the wounded, and what can be done for the needy and suffering civilian population. There will be twelve men in the commission, all experts in problems of medicine, public health, and social service. Raymond Robins of Chicago, Dr. J. D. McCarthy, Professor of Public Health at the University of Pennsylvania, and Dr. George C. Whipple, Professor of Sanitary Engineering at Harvard University, will accompany the commission as its advisers on problems of sanitation and public health.

To deal with general medical problems the commission will have the services of Professor William S. Thayer of Johns Hopkins University, Professor C. E. A. Winslow of Yale University, and Dr. Wilbur E. Post of Chicago. The commission will also make a study of Russia's food supplies, and will be assisted in this work by Harold H. Swift of the packing firm of Swift & Co. of Chicago and Professor Henry C. Sherman of Columbia University. Mr. Swift and Professor Sherman will consider the needs of convalescent soldiers and prisoners as well as of the civilian population and the men at the front.

"In co-operation with the American Railroad Commission already in Russia," an announcement sent out yesterday from the Red Cross headquarters said, "the Red Cross Commission will study the problem of transportation, especially with reference to making sure that shipments of relief supplies may reach destinations without delay. For this special work the commission has as one of its members Henry J. Horn, formerly Vice President of the New Haven Railroad. In addition to the foregoing, the members of the commission are J. W. Andrews, Thomas Thacher, and Dr. Orrin Weightman. Accompanying the commission as inspectors and attachés are R. I. Barr, Norton C. Travis, William Cochran, William C. Nicholson, Cornelius Kelleher, Malcolm Tirnie, Allen Wardwell, and Major Malcolm Grow, U. S. A.

"The determination of how American relief on a large scale can be best administered in Russia will not be made by the Red Cross War Council until after preliminary investigation by this special commission. Following such inquiry the American Red Cross will be able to decide whether best results can be obtained by utilizing existing agencies in Russia, as has been done by the American Red Cross Commission in France, or whether it will be best to build up in Russia a new and independent administration for this purpose. It is the plan of the American Red Cross at the earliest possible moment, and in the most thoroughgoing ways which it can devise, to make the Russian people know that the American people are behind them not only in words but in real measures to alleviate their sufferings and share with them the burden of caring for their sick, wounded, and starving people."

HOW STATES AIDED RED CROSS.

Delaware Leads With Per Capita Contribution of $5.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Latest tabulations by the American Red Cross, announced tonight, show that Delaware led all other States in per capita contributions to the Red Cross War Fund, with a rate of $5. Figures for other States follow:

Connecticut, $2.05; Ohio, $1.81; Massachusetts, $1.50; Rhode Island, $1.43; District of Columbia, $1.37; New York, (outside New York City), $1.28; Colorado, $1.27; Michigan, $1.18; Pennsylvania, $1.14; California, $1.12; New Jersey, $1.10; Missouri, 95c.; Montana, 94c.; Illinois, 88c.; New Hampshire, 84c.; Oregon, 82c.; Maine, 75c.; Utah, 73c.; Idaho, 71c.; Indiana, 49c.; Wisconsin, 48c.; Kansas, 48c.; Mississippi, 47c.; Maryland, 41c.; Louisiana, 40c.; Iowa, 40c.; Tennessee, 39c.; Vermont, 39c.; Arizona, 38c.; West Virginia, 36c.; Virginia, 34c.; Oklahoma, 27c.; Florida, 25c.; Texas, 25c.; Nevada, 21c.; Kentucky, 16c.; Arkansas, 15c.; Alabama, 15c.; North Carolina, 12c.; Georgia, 12c.; North Dakota, 11c.; New Mexico, 10c.; South Dakota, 9c., and Hawaii, 3c.

TO SEND AMBULANCE UNIT.

Knights of Columbus Also Plan $1,000,000 Mercy Fund.

The Knights of Columbus are to send an ambulance unit to the front in France, according to an announcement made yesterday at a meeting of the organization. Already ten ambulances, two motor trucks, and a touring car have been obtained. Members of the Knights of Columbus have volunteered to man the ambulances.

The national headquarters in Detroit, moreover, has undertaken to raise a mercy fund of $1,000,000 by individual assessment of members throughout the country. The fund will be used to relieve the sufferings of men at the front.

It was said at the meeting that the ambulance unit in less than three months would be ready to sail for France. Ambulances have been donated by Corrigan Council, St. Joseph's Council, New Amsterdam Council, Castilian Council, San Salvador Council, Mystic Rose Council, and Brendan Council. Nineteen councils are going to furnish motor cycles.

The united councils of the Bronx will hold a celebration on the campus of Fordham University on Wednesday, beginning at 10:30 o'clock.

EXCURSIONS FOR THE POOR.

Children's Aid Society to Provide Water Trips and Luncheons.

More than 10,000 poor women and children of New York will have an opportunity for an outing on sixteen steamboat excursions to be given this Summer by the Children's Aid Society, it was announced yesterday. Ten of the sixteen excursions are to be given through the aid of Mrs. Vincent Astor and Mrs. Edward S. Harkness.

Trips will be made up the Hudson and then down the bay to the society's Summer home at Bath Beach, where luncheon will be served.

The society will not diminish its recreation activities during the present Summer because of the war.

RELIEF FOR JEWS IN LANDS HELD BY ENEMY

By State Department's Permission Funds Have Been Sent to Holland for Distribution.

By permission of the State Department, the Joint Distribution Committee of the Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, of which Felix M. Warburg is Chairman, will furnish relief to Jews in countries held by the armies of the Central Powers as well as to Jews in other lands. As a result of negotiations carried on with the State Department since the United States entered the war, the Joint Distribution Committee has sent funds to the Dutch Ambassador at Washington, to be forwarded by him to his Government and in turn transmitted to the local committee of Jews engaged in distributing relief in the various countries. The committee appropriated $150,000 for Poland and Lithuania in German occupation, and $100,000 for Poland in Austrian occupation.

The committee also appropriated $50,000 for feeding and clothing the children in the Hebrew schools in Warsaw, and $40,000 for Rumania, which is to be entrusted to Mr. Vopicka, United States Minister to Rumania, who is now in this country, but will shortly return to his post. When in Moscow, Mr. Vopicka will purchase food with this money and, with the co-operation of the Russian Government, will distribute it among the Jews in Rumania. In addition, the committee appropriated $45,000 for Palestine, this being the usual $40,000 monthly appropriation for relief work in Palestine; $2,000 for the Dreyfus Soup Kitchen; $2,000 for the Nathan Straus Soup Kitchen, and $1,000 for the Health Bureau at Jerusalem. In view of the situation that has been reported as existing in Palestine, the committee also appropriated $50,000 to be distributed at the discretion of S. Hoofien, Director of the Anglo-Palestinian Bank at Jerusalem, who has been appointed by the Dutch Government as its special representative in Palestine for the Jewish Relief Work of the Joint Distribution Committee.

"The conclusion of these arrangements with the American State Department by the Joint Distribution Committee through its representative at Washington, Fulton Brylawski," the committee announced, "now ends all doubt as to how the $10,000,000 being raised by the Jews of the United States is to be distributed to their coreligionists affected by the war, and is expected greatly to stimulate contributions to the fund."

TO CONFER ON FIRE RATES.

Insurance Companies to Hear Demands for Decrease in New York.

Conferences will soon be held in New York between representatives of the fire insurance companies and of real estate interests to consider the request of the property owners for a decrease in insurance rates for the city. The Advisory Council of Real Estate Interests holds that because of compliance with safety regulations of the Fire Department, reducing fire hazard, there should be a lowering in the insurance rates. The high pressure system is also given by them as a reason for lesser insurance rates in some parts of the city.

The National Board of Fire Underwriters has prepared a statistical review showing the fire loss per capita in New York City in 1916 was $1.56; in Chicago, $2.05, and in Philadelphia, $1.63. In Boston the per capita fire loss was $3.30; in Pittsburgh, $2.98, and in St. Louis, $3.06.

"It is our firm belief," the statement says, "that the process of educating the people of the United States into an understanding of the folly and wickedness involved in our national habits of carelessness and neglect is absolutely essential to check our huge annual fire loss."

The statement recorded that the Black Tom munition explosion added $11,000,000 to the total of the year's fire losses, and said:

"With the present situation in this country many more such disasters will probably occur; in fact, you will recall that in the early part of the present year we were again visited by another serious explosion, namely, at Kingsland, N. J. The plants of this character are no doubt being thoroughly guarded, but we believe that more stringent regulations should be enforced by the proper authorities relating to storage, transportation and handling of such products."

OPPOSES GARAGE ORDINANCE

Would Spread Nuisance in Residence Section, Says H. S. Swan.

Herbert S. Swan, Secretary of the Zoning Committee, with offices at 277 Broadway, issued this statement yesterday:

"An ordinance which comes up in the Board of Aldermen next Tuesday will, if adopted, allow an unknown number of existing buildings to be converted into garages. As the proposed ordinance absolutely ignores the restrictions limiting the use of buildings in different districts it must be viewed as a direct even though an unintentional, attack on the zoning resolution.

"The zoning resolution at present permits a public stable to be altered into a garage provided the cost of alterations does not exceed half the value of the building exclusive of foundations. But the existing requirements of the building code as to the fireproof construction of garages are so stringent that practically no non-fireproof stable can be converted into a garage within the expenditure of money allowed by the resolution. The ordinance now before the Board of Aldermen would relax this provision of the building code to such an extent that any stable could be converted into a public garage.

"If the amendment to the building code now before the Board of Aldermen is adopted the relief granted by the zoning resolution from the garage nuisance will in large part be nullified."

SEES DANGER IN SUFFRAGE.

Mrs. Wadsworth Fears Possible Effect of Women Voting in War Time.

The wife of Senator Wadsworth has accepted the Presidency of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage. In a letter to Mrs. Horace Brock, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the association, Mrs. Wadsworth says:

"I feel it my duty, in the interest of patriotism and national defense, to accept this office. We are a country at war. Surely the qualities of leadership most needed at this time are strength, stability, breadth, and fairness of vision, a direct and uncomplex method of thought and action. Can we possibly hope to gain these by throwing into our national politics so inflammable and uncertain an element as the feminine vote?"

Mrs. Wadsworth protests "against the seditious and disloyal actions of the pickets in Washington," and says that "these bolder and more audacious spirits" might have more influence upon the electorate than the conservative woman voter would have. She describes the pickets as a "lawless and mischief-making company."

New Officers of Naval Reserve.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1.—Sixteen petty officers of the Naval Reserve force of the Second Naval District have been promoted to ensigns. They are Alfred G. Gennert, New York City; George T. Jarvis, Syracuse, N. Y.; Fred Ackert, Lake Forest, Ill.; Paul H. Sherer, Pasadena, Cal.; John H. Lionberger and Andrew McCreery, St. Louis; Charles Shuler, Jr., Davenport, Iowa; Elias Q. Norton, Washington, D. C.; Douglas G. Lovell, Garrison, Md.; Thomas Robins, Jr., Stamford, Conn.; Hamilton Vose, Jr., Milwaukee, Wis.; Allan C. Brown, Rhinelander, Wis.; Philip C. Kauffman and Gould T. Miner, Princeton, N. J.; Marion W. Lee, Cambridge, Mass., and John H. Brayton, Fall River, Mass.

TAMMANY DECLARES FOR CITY OWNERSHIP

Would Include Not Only Traction, but Gas, Electricity, and Telephones.

OPENS WAR UPON FUSION

Accuses Administration of Working for Corporate Interests and Ignoring Its Pledges to the People.

Tammany Hall came out uncompromisingly yesterday for a municipal ownership platform in the present municipal campaign. It announced that it was in favor of the municipal ownership and operation of all public utilities, including traction, gas, electricity and the telephone. Tammany is working with the Democratic Fusion Committee, whose Platform Committee has held meetings in all the boroughs, and has received suggestions along municipal ownership lines. A statement issued yesterday by the Democratic County Committee, which includes its proposals for incorporation in the Democratic Fusion platform, says:

"The supply of transportation, light, heat and power is of the utmost importance to the community. The services rendered have become a necessity to the life, health, comfort, convenience and industry of the city. These great services are monopolies, and whatever is of necessity a monopoly, should be a public monopoly, especially where it offers a service of universal use. Thus only can the cost of these indispensable public services be reduced to the cost of similar services in more progressive cities, and thus only can the selfish resistance of the public utility corporations be made to give way to a progressive development of the city in the interest of the people.

"The taxpayer is unduly burdened through swollen payrolls and the disastrous result of ill-considered and costly experiments undertaken by the present administration. Despite the claim of efficiency which the fusion administration makes at every opportunity and in complete disregard of its failures and extravagances, the burden of taxes has steadily advanced, notwithstanding an effort at concealment of the fact by increasing valuations instead of advancing the tax rate. Despite the mounting cost of the city's administration, nothing has been done to ameliorate living conditions in the congested districts of the city. Disease prevention, hospital treatment for the sick, sanitary control over food supplies, adequate breathing spaces in crowded districts, recreation requirements, the scientific control of food supply and the regulation of transportation and marketing cost, not to mention other legitimate and highly important functions of the modern city, have been wholly neglected or touched upon in the most insincere and ineffective manner.

"We stand for the whole program of progressive development which has enabled so many cities to outstrip New York in every condition that makes for order, health, and well-being.

"We believe in the immediate inauguration of municipal markets, municipal refrigeration, municipal housing, and every productive activity within the intelligence and means of the city as a whole.

"We oppose the further granting of franchises for public utilities. The prodigality with which these public assets in the past have been given or bartered away for inadequate consideration explains the penury of New York City, which despite its wealth is so burdened with debt accumulation and reduced in income that all it can do is to appeal to the corporations, which already hold it helpless in their grasp, to undertake what it has not the resolution to attempt for itself. The Fusion administration has made the City Government a private instrument for the service of the privileged few. We believe the power of the municipality should be used as the common agent for all."

In coming out for unrestricted municipal ownership, the Tammany Committee made an attack upon the present administration in which it accused it of working in behalf of corporate interests. In summing up its opposition to the fusion policies, it said:

"The present city administration was elected on pledges that the City Government would be conducted on progressive lines, in the interest of the citizens as a whole and not of special privilege. These pledges have been forgotten or ignored, and the Fusion administration has steadily pursued a course of obsequious deference to the public utility corporations and predatory and privilege seeking business.

"New York City faces the enlightened demands of the present day for a scientific extension of municipal function with a depleted treasury and an exhausted borrowing power, while there is not a valuable privilege or franchise, an immunity or a power of extortion sought or proposed by the public utility corporations of the city which has not found in the present Fusion administration eager and artful advocates and apologists. The city's revenues have been wasted in ill-considered and improvident undertakings, which today stand as costly and futile commitments without possibility of completion."

WANTS CITY TO OWN UTILITIES

Judge Hylan Calls on Business Men's League to Adopt Plank.

The Business Men's League, which was organized to promote the candidacy for Mayor of a business man, will hold a meeting this evening at its headquarters, 50 East Forty-second Street. County Judge John F. Hylan of Brooklyn will appear to urge the adoption of a Municipal Ownership referendum plank in the league's platform. Judge Hylan is a candidate for the Mayoralty nomination and in accepting the invitation of Joseph Yeska, Chairman of the league, to address the Platform Committee, Judge Hylan said:

"The several transit corporations in the city are insistent on further taxing the public by increasing the rate of fare. Many of the lines have not sufficient cars to carry the people in decency and comfort and refuse to purchase the necessary equipment when ordered to do so by the Public Service Commission. The law should be so amended as to provide for the submission of the question of public ownership and operation of public utilities to the people, and if approved of, acquire same and operate them in the interests of the community."

FUSION TO DISCUSS TICKET.

Agreed Upon Mayor Mitchel, but Undecided on Other Offices.

The first meeting of the Committee on Nominations of the Fusion Committee of 1917 will be held this afternoon at the office of George W. Wickersham at 40 Wall Street. It is understood that the committee will insist upon the selection of Mayor Mitchel as the Fusion candidate, and although there will be no discussion of Mr. Mitchel's nomination, it is understood that he will run. Candidates for lesser offices on the ticket will be taken up.

The committee will consider the indorsement of candidates other than the city offices having representation on the Board of Estimate. An Assemblyman and Alderman for each district and an Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals are to be elected, while county offices are to be filled in every county included within the greater city. Five City Court Justices are to be elected in Manhattan and the Bronx and one Supreme Court Justice is to be elected from the First Judicial district and two from the Second. The Fusion Committee, it was announced, had not yet determined upon its course of action with reference to presenting a ticket including these offices. Senator Ogden L. Mills is Chairman of the committee, but he may not attend as he is now in Washington preparing to join General Pershing's staff in France.

THE SOUTH BLAMED FOR NEGRO EXODUS

Speakers for Race Declare Injustice at Home, Not Northern Wages, Causes Migration.

LYNCHING A BIG FACTOR

School Facilities and Lack of Race Friction in New York Cited as Attractions.

A mass meeting of New York negroes to discuss the problems created by the wholesale negro migration from the South in the last year, held yesterday afternoon in the Abyssinian Baptist Church, 240 West Fortieth Street, showed plainly that Northern negroes are watching the exodus of their people with deep interest and approval, and that they believe the reason for it is not higher wages in the North, but treatment in the South to which they object. The church was packed to the doors, and the speakers were freely applauded.

Several of the speakers alluded to the extent of negro migration from the South in the last year. Mr. Powell estimated that 350,000 negroes had left Georgia, Alabama, Florida, and other Southern States within ten months, and he placed the economic loss to that region, due to their departure, at $200,000,000. In Ocala, Fla., he said, the Rev. A. L. James, a negro clergyman found his flock so depleted that he gave up his parish and came to New York. Arriving in Harlem, within two days he found twelve families from his flock, and was busy re-establishing his church here.

"This migration," said the Rev. Clayton Powell, pastor of the church, "differs from all others in that it has no visible leader. To say that the negro is coming North for higher wages is grossly to misinterpret the spirit of the exodus. The negroes are leaving the South because life to them has been made miserable and unbearable.

"They are tired of being kept out of public parks and libraries, of being deprived of equal educational opportunities for their children, for which they are taxed, of reading signs, 'Negroes and dogs not admitted'; the men are tired of disfranchisement, the women are tired of the insults of white hoodlums, and the whole race is sick of seeing mobs mutilate and burn unconvicted negro men. These migrating thousands are not seeking money, but manhood rights. All the people coming here are not poor. If the 350,000 negroes who have recently left the South were offered $5 a day and free transportation back, not 10 per cent. would return in a whole year. If they were assured that these horrible injustices would be removed, especially the hellish institution of lynching, 80 per cent. of them would return almost as quickly as they came away."

Fred Moore, editor of The New York Age, the negroes' organ, pointed out that in New York you could see white and negro children going home from school side by side, under the protection of the same policeman. "There is no race friction in the North," he said. "Who is responsible for race friction in the South? How can white people in the South expect the black people to respect them when they are always drawing the color line? Can the white South expect the black South to stay there forever under those conditions?

"We have been patriotic, we have been faithful, we wanted to fight for our country, but the man in the White House drew the color line on us. The South is in the saddle in Washington. But unless THE NEW YORK TIMES and the other Northern papers that have spoken for us cry out now to the South and tell them where they are heading, it will be too late for them to save themselves. We have been patient. We have never taught our children to hate the white man, but right now the Southern white child is taught in his own home to hate, not only the negro, but the Northern white man who wants to give the negro the square deal. The only people who can stop this emigration are the white people of the South, and they can only stop it in one way: by putting an end to lynching and injustice to our race."

Jackson-Brinsmade.

Arthur Hart Jackson, son of Mrs. George T. Jackson and the late Dr. Jackson of New York, and Miss Dorothy Chapin Brinsmade, daughter of Mrs. William Gold Brinsmade, were married Saturday in the Congregational Church in Washington, Conn., by the Rev. R. E. Carter of Washington and the Rev. Herbert C. Turner, chaplain of the Hampton Institute. R. M. Jackson was his brother's best man and the ushers were college classmates of the bridegroom, who was graduated last year from Princeton—Sterling Carter, W. Stanley Dell, Ralph P. Hinchmann, Jr., J. Noel Robinson, Edmund Wilson, Jr., and his brother, Frederick W. Jackson.

Dow-Taylor.

Howard Dow, son of Charles M. Dow of Jamestown, N. Y., and Mary Campbell Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Campbell, a manufacturer, were married on Saturday at the home of the bride's parents, 515 Mount Prospect Avenue, Newark, by the Rev. Dr. William J. Dawson, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Newark.

Bell-Robin.

Harry Dudley Bell, a nephew of Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, U. S. A., commanding the Department of the East, and son of Mrs. Allen Bell of Shelbyville, Ky., and Mrs. Blanche E. Robin, a widow, of Philadelphia, were married on Saturday in the little chapel on Governors Island by Chaplain Edward B. Smith, U. S. A.

William Zeigler Out of Danger.

The condition of William Zeigler, adopted son of the late baking powder manufacturer, was said to have improved so yesterday that he was considered out of danger. Mr. Zeigler was operated upon for appendicitis on Wednesday, and it was thought for a time he would not live.

MISS WILSON TO SPEAK FOR AMERICANIZATION

Will Address Children at City Hall and Make Tour of Playgrounds This Afternoon.

Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, will be the principal speaker at the Americanization Forum Day exercises to be held in front of the City Hall this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Five thousand Boy Scouts, Naval Scouts, junior policemen, and school children will gather to celebrate the opening of the city schools as community centres in accordance with a proclamation by Mayor Mitchel.

Besides Miss Wilson, addresses will be made by Mayor Mitchel and Police Commissioner Woods. Music will be furnished by the Catholic Protectory Band.

Later in the afternoon Miss Wilson will make a tour of twenty-five playgrounds, including many on the east side. Flag drills, dances, and athletic carnivals will be given by the children. Miss Wilson will preside at a meeting to be held tonight at the Washington Irving High School. Addresses will be made by Frederic C. Howe, Commissioner of Immigration; W. G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education; Mayor Mitchel, and George W. Perkins. There will be music by the army band from Governors Island.

TO SELL MARK TWAIN HOME.

Humorist's Daughter Finds Connecticut Place Too Isolated.

Stormfield, Mark Twain's old home near Redding, Conn., in which the humorist died, has been advertised for sale. He built it with the idea of getting a country home which should be near enough to New York, and yet not too near, in Summer and Winter; but his daughter, Mrs. Clara Clemens Gabrilowitsch, to whom it passed after his death, found it too far away for the needs of an artist whose affairs required frequent presence in the metropolis. She and her husband, Ossip Gabrilowitsch, lived in it intermittently until 1914, but since then they have spent their Summers at Seal Harbor, Me., and most of the Winter seasons in New York.

The house, built on 248 acres acquired by Mr. Clemens, stands on a hilltop in the section where General Israel Putnam raised his troops in the revolution. It embodies a good many of the humorist's own ideas of architecture.

The house was built in 1907, but the humorist did not find the happiness he expected there. His daughter Jean, who had lived with him for many years, was drowned in her bath at Stormfield on Christmas Eve, 1909, as a result of an epileptic stroke, and Mark Twain was still suffering from grief over her death when he died on April 21 following.

200 TRAINS CANCELED.

Pennsylvania, N. Y. Central, and Lackawanna Adopt War Schedules.

The first material curtailment of New York train service because of the war began yesterday when the New York Central, the Pennsylvania, and the Lackawanna cut off more than 200 trains. The New Haven has announced a 15 per cent. reduction in service soon to be inaugurated, and the Erie has taken off about seventy-five trains.

The greatest cut was made by the Pennsylvania, where four trains in the Washington-New York service will be eliminated—10:08 A. M. and 5:08 P. M. from New York and 2:40 A. M. and 9:05 A. M. from Washington. Many luxuries of Pennsylvania trains will be eliminated, such as lounging, dining, and library cars.

The New York Central will take off about 100 trains, but none of importance.

Commuters may suffer some inconvenience on the Lackawanna. Residents of Montclair, Dover, Morristown, and South Orange, N. J., will lose from ten to fifteen trains in week days and ten on Sundays. No important through trains will be taken off.

EXPECT DRAFT EXTENSION.

President Likely to Apply Act to Get Regulars and Militia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—In view of the failure of the effort to fill the ranks of the regular army through a recruiting drive last week, President Wilson is expected to put into operation the provisions of the Selective Draft act to bring both the regular army and the National Guard up to war strength.

The situation concerning the National Guard is even more vexatious to the authorities than that concerning the regular army. At least 100,000 men are needed to fill the ranks of the guard, while a little more than 50,000 are required for the regular establishment.

In view of the conditions, the number of men drafted into active service under the first call will be at least 775,000, instead of the 625,000 needed for the national army. Enlistments for the regular army and National Guard will be continued, but it is believed that the President will not delay in issuing a notification that the draft law will be applied in obtaining men to fill the ranks of these organizations.

In some quarters here it is felt that if high officials of the Government would make a point of addressing regiments in process of formation and visiting the camps where troops are being mobilized the newspapers would be glad to print their speeches, and this publicity would help to obtain men.

NEW PLAN TO RESIST DRAFT.

"Peaceful" Opposition Scheme Is on Foot in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 1.—Federal Judge Westenhaver will recall the Special Grand Jury which has been investigating operations of persons opposed to the draft law to return indictments against those who resist "peacefully" through definite refusal to serve if drafted.

Federal officials here have learned of a plan to be followed by certain classes of persons to attempt to counteract the draft law through such refusal to serve, unaccompanied by violence.

GOULD COMPLETES PLANS FOR WEDDING

Only a Few Persons Will Witness His Marriage in Rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral.

LATE AFTERNOON CEREMONY

Fellow Members of Miss Lucci's Class Had No Knowledge of Her Romance.

Arrangements were completed yesterday for the marriage of Kingdon Gould to Miss Annunziatta Camilla Maria Lucci, which will take place late this afternoon in the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Madison Avenue and Fifty-first Street. The ceremony will be performed by Mgr. Gherardo Ferrante, who has known Miss Lucci for some time. It was said that not more than six persons would be in attendance at the wedding.

Facts about the beginning of the romance, which took even the Gould family by surprise, and information as to how the Goulds felt about the match, continued yesterday to be carefully guarded. Inquiry at the home of George J. Gould, Lakewood, N. J., brought a statement that Kingdon Gould had spent the night there, but no other information was forthcoming.

"I have nothing to say," was Mr. Gould's reply to a reporter who met him as he and his fiancée were leaving her home at 27 East Sixty-second Street, shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He later denied that he was taking Miss Lucci out to Georgian Court to introduce her to his family and added that they were merely out for a stroll. It had been announced earlier that Miss Lucci probably would meet the George Goulds yesterday, and Kingdon Gould's laughing evasion of a direct answer on the topic strengthened the impression that the "walk" would likely terminate at Lakewood.

Fellow-members of Miss Lucci's in the Art Student's League, who described the bride-to-be as "wonderfully charming," said they had absolutely no knowledge of the young Italian woman's romance.

It was reported in Lakewood last night that Miss Lucci was formerly an instructor for Miss Gloria and Miss Edith Gould for four years, and that she left the Gould family about a year ago. This could not be confirmed.

TELLS OF GERMANY'S AIMS.

Prof. Myers Says She Seeks Control of Seas and the Near East.

Professor William Starr Myers of Princeton University last night delivered an address on "Germany's Objects in the War" in the Church of the Ascension, Tenth Street and Fifth Avenue, of which the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant is rector. As the church forum has been discontinued for the Summer, Professor Myers's address was considered merely as a lecture, and there was no discussion after it. Professor Myers declared that Germany's objects in the war are, first, absolute and complete domination and control of the seas, and, second, complete control of Central Europe, the Balkan Peninsula, and Asia Minor. He traced the cause of the war to the seizure by Austria of Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1908, and declared it his belief that in 1913 Austria had decided to begin the war on Serbia, which brought on the conflict.

"If Germany at the end of the war has lost Belgium, Northern France, and Poland," he said, "but still holds the route to the Near East, Germany will have won, and within ten years after peace will be so strong that she can beat the entire world, ourselves included."

END WAZIRISTAN RAIDS.

British Expedition Back After Punishing Tribesmen.

LONDON, July 1.—The return of a punitive expedition from the district of Waziristan, in the northwest frontier province, on the border between India and Afghanistan, is reported in an official statement issued tonight. The statement reads:

> On June 25 the force in Waziristan returned to Ispana Raghza, carrying out punitive measures en route. The opposition encountered was negligible. Our airplanes raided Makin and Marobi with considerable effect.

Mohmand tribesmen who lived in Northwest India gave the British Government much trouble early in 1915, and in November, 1915, by breaking through the hills on raids into the northwest frontier province. On each occasion the British dispersed the hostile forces.

WRECKED BUDAPEST SHOPS.

Rioters for Franchise Did Damage Estimated at $200,000.

AMSTERDAM, July 1.—During the recent franchise demonstrations in Budapest, says a telegram to the Berlin Tageszeitung from the Hungarian capital, damage to the amount of 1,000,000 kroner, (about $200,000,) was done. The windows of eight cafés and about 200 shops were smashed, and goods were stolen from the shops. The damage done to street cars is estimated at 60,000 kroner.

Dispatches received in London on June 28 from Budapest reported that 25,000 persons had marched in a demonstration for universal, equal, and secret suffrage. It was reported that the police had some difficulty in dispersing the crowds.

Engagements.

Mr. and Mrs. William P. Robertson of Hartford, Conn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Hazel Adele Robertson, to the Rev. Harold Sumner Winship, pastor of the Second Congregational Church at Coventry, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Bergstresser of 58 West Forty-seventh Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ethel Munger Bergstresser, to Bert A. Stewart of New York and Newton, N. J.

"BELL AND WING"

By Frederick Fanning Ayer

READ WHAT THESE ENGLISH AUTHORITIES SAY OF THIS MOUNTAIN-NEST OF VERSE, THESE SUPERNAL FLIGHTS OF SONG.

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FIRE PERIL CONTROLLED.

Adams Tells of Increased Vigilance on the Waterfront.

New York City is guarding its waterfront vigilantly against fires during the war, according to a report by Fire Commissioner Adamson to Mayor Mitchel. Realizing that the hazard there is greatest because of the shipping of munitions, there have been many additions to the fire fighting fleet. Referring to what was done in 1916, Mr. Adamson reports:

"The waterfront hazard was recognized to be so serious that we organized an auxiliary fleet of fireboats, 143 in number, composed of the powerful tugboats operated by all the railroads with terminals in New York and on the New Jersey side of the river, as well as tugboats owned by the Standard Oil, Bush Terminal, and other private companies. All of these boats are equipped for fire fighting, their crews have been instructed in fire extinguishment, and they have already done excellent service at a number of waterfront fires."

Mr. Adamson reports that in 1916 there were 312 fewer fires throughout the city than in 1915, although 8,000 new buildings had been constructed, and the fire hazard had grown considerably. By improving conditions at parochial schools, correcting fire alarm systems in factories, fire drills and other preventive measures, there was a marked improvement in conditions, the Commissioner asserts.

"During the three years of this administration," the Commissioner's report adds, "there has been a reduction of 2,972 fires in buildings and $6,287,150 in the loss as compared with the three years immediately preceding. In 1916, owing to the war and prosperity, factories choked with goods, and heavy munition shipments, our local fire hazard was the greatest ever known, and the loss was naturally greater than in 1915."

BEGINS WORK FOR BABIES.

Diet Kitchen to Distribute Milk and Instruct Mothers.

The following announcement was made yesterday by the New York Diet Kitchen Association at 33 West Forty-second Street:

"While this generation is fighting for democracy in France, we will try to save the growing generation. It is important that these lives should be more carefully safeguarded than ever. Beginning today we will hold thirty-seven conferences each week until further notice at our eight health stations. At these conferences mothers will be instructed by physicians in the care of themselves and their children, particular attention being paid to diet and clothing. The station nurse will visit the homes in each district to see that these instructions are carried out.

"In addition to our conference work, we will distribute certified milk to infants and invalids, and will do important prenatal work among expectant mothers.

"We need $10,000 for this and other activities, and trust that the generous givers of this city will help us."

600,000 TONS OF CANE LOST

Consul Morgan Estimates Destruction in Cuban Revolt.

H. H. Morgan, United States Consul General at Large, returned here yesterday from Cuba, where he was sent by the State Department to investigate the damage done by the rebels in the recent insurrection which followed the elections. He said it was estimated that 600,000 tons of sugar can had been destroyed by the rebels, but the mills had not been damaged to any considerable extent. All the railroad bridges between Santiago and Camagüey had been blown up, and it would cost fully $10,000,000 to put the Cuban railroads in commission again.

Mr. Morgan said that the Government forces had full control when he left Havana for Key West a week ago. He was accompanied on the trip, on which he started from Washington on four hours' notice, by his son, H. H. Morgan, Jr.

FAVORS ELEVATED FOR MAILS

Representative Siegel Also Suggests Use of the Subway.

Use the subways and elevated railways of the city for the carrying of the mail. This is the suggestion of Representative Isaac Siegel of this city, who has written a letter to the Merchants' Association advocating the plan. The letter was made public yesterday.

"There is undoubtedly considerable complaint in regard to the delivery of mail in New York City, Mr. Siegel said. "It is now agreed that the pneumatic tubes and the automobiles are carrying all the mail that can be sent out in any given time. Since the elevated roads have been third-tracked and the third tracks are used for only a few hours each morning and a few hours each evening, no reason can be advanced why mail should not be carried up and down town during the rest of the day. I can not understand why the subways cannot be used during the long night hours forthe same reason."

NEW BRONX LINE OPENED.

Spur to Relieve Congestion at 149th Street Ready for Use.

Borough President Douglas Mathewson of the Bronx and several Bronx officials and representatives from the Public Service Commission and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company made the initial trip yesterday over the new spur from 143d Street to Bergen Avenue, the Bronx, which will relieve congestion at 149th Street and Third Avenue. The Bronx residents will be able to use the new detour today with a saving of several minutes.

Heretofore passengers traveling on the elevated and subway transferred at 149th Street to either road. The new spur has been added to the West Farms Division of both lines, and means a shorter cut. At 143d Street the cars of the new branch will turn northeast to Willis Avenue, to 147th Street, where connections will be made with the West Farms trains.

Speeder Gives Name of H. Pulitzer.

A young man who gave the name of Herbert Pulitzer, and who said he was 20 years old and lived at 7 East Seventy-third Street, Manhattan, was arrested yesterday afternoon at Jamaica Avenue and Queens Boulevard, Jamaica, charged with speeding an automobile at the rate of forty-two miles an hour. He was also charged with having no owner's license with him. Because of the fact that the machine bore a Massachusetts tag the policeman arrested the young man rather than summons him, as is usual. He furnished $100 cash for appearance in court this morning.

National Banks at Maximum.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The number of national banks in the United States has reached the highest point in the history of the system. A total of 7,635 is recorded with the Treasury, according to a statement issued today by the Controller of the Currency. This is an increase of 47 during the fiscal year just ended. In the year 150 national banks have increased their aggregate capital stock $25,000,000.

Nieuw Amsterdam Resumes Sailings

ROTTERDAM, July 1.—After five months of idleness, the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam sailed from this port yesterday without cargo or mail. Only one or two Americans were on the passenger list, which contained the names of 240 in the first cabin, mostly on the way to the East Indies, and 330 in the second cabin. There were 340 persons in the steerage. The Holland-America line does not intend to use the steamship Rotterdam, which has been definitely laid up until the end of the war.

Million More Autos in America.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Over a million more motor cars were registered in the United States in 1916 than the year before. The number of cars registered last year was 3,512,996, an increase of 43 per cent.

EX-JUSTICE MOODY DIES AT HIS HOME

Retired Member of U. S. Supreme Court Had Been Ill for Seven Years.

IN ROOSEVELT'S CABINET

As Attorney General He Directed Anti-Trust Litigation—Retired at Age of 57.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Monday, July 2.—William H. Moody, former Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, died at his home here at 1 o'clock this morning.

Since he gave up his seat on the Supreme Bench seven years ago, Justice Moody had been confined to his home suffering from a baffling disease which caused a hardening of the joints. Notwithstanding his physical helplessness, his mental powers had remained unimpaired.

He was Secretary of the Navy and Attorney General in the Cabinet of President Roosevelt, and was appointed to the Supreme Bench in December, 1906.

When Justice Moody retired he was 57 years old, and had served only four years as an Associate Justice. He suffered from acute rheumatism.

He represented the Massachusetts district in Congress for two years prior to 1902, when President Roosevelt, pleased with his activities in the House, appointed him Secretary of the Navy to succeed John B. Long. He was the youngest member of the Cabinet at that time, and two years later President Roosevelt transferred him to the post of Attorney General.

It was under his supervision that the anti-trust campaign of the Roosevelt Administration was mapped out, the proceedings which dissolved the Standard Oil Corporation being largely directed by Mr. Moody. In this connection, it was said, it was his persistence that caused the introduction into the Federal courts of Missouri late in 1906 the suits asking for the dissolution of the alleged illegal combination. It was said that just before he left the department he contemplated an onslaught on the so-called Tobacco Trust.

It was on Dec. 17, 1906, President Roosevelt again showed his partiality for Mr. Moody. Associate Justice Brown, suffering for years from failing eyesight, signified a desire to retire from the bench, and it was to fill this vacancy that Mr. Moody ascended the highest judicial bench.

Justice Moody was born on a farm at Newbury, Mass., Dec. 23, 1853, and after his graduation from Harvard took up the study of law in the office of Richard H. Dana, who wrote "Two Years Before the Mast." It was while acting as City Solicitor in Haverhill that Mr. Moody first displayed the skill in a prosecution of cases that was later to push him rapidly to the front in his profession. For his work in Haverhill he was appointed District Attorney of Essex County.

While holding that office the Attorney General of Massachusetts was prevented by illness from representing the State in the famous Lizzie Borden murder trial in Fall River, and Mr. Moody was selected to take his place. His conduct of the trial attracted wide attention.

Always interested in outdoor sports, Mr. Moody at one time was President of the New England Baseball League. Until the several severe attacks of illness which marked the latter part of his public career, he found his chief recreation by walking, bicycling, horseback riding, and golf. The latter part of his life was spent quietly at his home.

In his brief service on the Supreme Bench he was credited with many important opinions. Among the most noted of his cases were the Knoxville Water Company and the Consolidated Gas Company decisions, in which the court took advanced ground on the restriction of the rights of corporations in the matter of charges, and the first enunciation of the new doctrine was intrusted to Mr. Moody.

He was also the mouthpiece of the court in the case of the St. Louis & Iron Mountain Railroad Company versus Taylor, in which the provisions of the safety appliance law were upheld, and in the case of Twining versus the State of New Jersey, in which the control of the question of self-incrimination in criminal proceedings was declared to belong wholly to the States and in no respect to the Federal Government.

In personal appearance Justice Moody was often mistaken for Colonel Roosevelt, and many noted a similarity in the decisive manner of both men. He was a bachelor.

MRS. WILLIAM WINTER ILL.

Arrangements for Funeral Had Been Deferred to Learn Her Wishes.

Definite arrangements for the funeral services of William Winter, the veteran dramatic critic, who died at his Staten Island home on Saturday, will probably be made today. No announcement of the services was to be made until Mrs. Winter arrived from California, but dispatches received last night said that Mrs. Winter was too ill to make the journey across the continent, and friends and relatives here will make plans for the funeral at once.

Scores of messages of sympathy and condolence were received from all parts of the country by the family yesterday. Among these were individual messages from many men and women of the theatre as well as from the Players, Lambs, and other theatrical organizations. Frank A. Lawrence, President of the Lotos Club, sent the following telegram to Jefferson Winter: "Every member of the Lotos Club will join me in mourning the loss of our fellow-member, my own dear friend, your honored father. His pure, fine, useful life will ever remain an inspiration to us all."

The following committee was appointed to represent the Lotos Club at the funeral: Frank R. Lawrence, John Elderkin, J. Hartley Manners, Melville E. Stone, Lawrence F. Abbott, H. Reeves Smith, Ogden Mills Reid, Collin Armstrong, Victor Herbert, Henry C. Junge, David Bispham, Horace Porter, and Chauncey M. Depew.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 1.—Almost coincident with the death in New York of William Winter it became known here yesterday that his widow is seriously ill at her home at Mentone near Redlands. Because of this neither the widow nor the daughter, Mrs. Fielding J. Stilson of Los Angeles, will be able to attend the funeral.

Mrs. Winter has been compelled to live in California for the last twelve years, being unable to stand the cold Winters. She has been too ill for several months to make the trip back East, and is now confined to her bed. Under the name of Elizabeth Campbell Winter Mrs. Winter is well known as a novelist. Among her books are "The Spanish Treasure," "The Curse of Dangerfield," and "Hawthorne Lodge."

GEORGE H. PARKS DEAD.

President of Tidewater Co. Was a Leader in the Paper Industry.

George H. Parks, President of the Tidewater Paper Company, died last night at his home, 270 Riverside Drive, in his sixty-first year. Before the establishment of the International Paper Company Mr. Parks, with his father and brothers, was proprietor of the Glens Falls Paper Company, then one of the largest paper mills in this country.

Mr. Parks later became Vice President of the Great Northern Paper Company and in 1901 returned to the International as Vice President. He left the International in 1916 to become President of the Tidewater Paper Company

Charles T. Dodd.

Charles T. Dodd, son of Moses W. Dodd, founder of Dodd, Mead & Co., publishers, and brother of the late Frank H. Dodd, died on Saturday at his home, 504 East Fifty-eighth Street, in his seventy-second year. Mr. Dodd had been a member of the firm of Horace S. Ely & Co., real estate dealers, for forty years.

SUFFRAGISTS IN GIRL HUNT.

To Search for Missing Velma Pomeroy, Once in Their Employ.

Spurred by the arrival at the Hotel McAlpin last night of ex-Judge C. W. Pomeroy of Kalispell, Mon., whose 25-year-old daughter, Velma, has been missing since Tuesday night, the police of this city, Philadelphia, Newark, and Jersey City redoubled their search for the girl. Today members of the New York State Woman's Suffrage Party, headed by Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, a former employer of Miss Pomeroy, will join in the search for the girl, who is thought to have been disturbed by a false fear that she had failed in her ambition to "make good" in the East. Miss Pomeroy came to this city in July, 1916, to engage in suffrage work, after a five years' clerkship in her father's law office. Her work in Mrs. Laidlaw's office was eminently satisfactory, the suffrage leader said yesterday. When the National Lawn Tennis Association began its "Minute Men" campaign to get recruits for the national service, Miss Pomeroy became private secretary to Paul Williams, its Field Secretary.

Lately, according to her cousin, Miss Helen Russell, with whom she shared a three-room studio apartment at 125 Washington Place, Miss Pomeroy had conceived the erroneous idea that her work was unsatisfactory. On Tuesday night, according to Miss Russell, her cousin said she would go out for some food. At 12:43 A. M. Miss Russell received a telegram sent from the Jersey Central Station in Jersey City, which said her cousin had been delayed, and would not return until the morning, when she would explain her absence.

Miss Russell the next morning notified Judge Pomeroy and Police Headquarters. Investigation showed Miss Pomeroy boarded a train for Philadelphia after sending the telegram, and that she arrived there, but no further trace of her has been reported. The girl, who is an exceedingly attractive brunette, is about 5 feet 6 inches in height and weighs about 120 pounds. When she left home she was dressed in a mustard-colored tailor-made suit, with a Georgette crepe de chine waist of the same hue. She wore a small black brimless straw hat trimmed with two quills, one on either side. Judge Pomeroy denied that his daughter had formed any romantic attachment.

TRAP UNTERMYER PLOTTER.

Youth Accused of Sending Black Hand Letter to Lawyer Arrested.

The Yonkers police last night arrested John Ciarleppi, 16 years old, of 1,083 Nepperhan Avenue, Yonkers, who is charged with threatening to take the life of Samuel Untermyer unless $25,000 were deposited in a certain lonely place in the woods. Mr. Untermyer, who lives at 675 Fifth Avenue, but has a country place at Greystone, near Yonkers, gave the letters to the police, who set a trap for Cialeppi by putting a packet of paper in the place mentioned in his letter.

One letter to Mr. Untermyer read:

"Der sir: Send me $25,000 in three days time or I shall slue you. Don't tell this to anybody or if you do we shall slue you and bombard your house and property. Go to Odell Avenue by way of Park Hill Avenue and leave the money in the big flower pot near Netterhan Avenue."

Samuel Wolff, Chief of the Yonkers Police, went to the place mentioned last night and deposited the packet in the flower pot. Two policemen clad in gardeners' clothes were left at the place, to wait for the "blackhander." Ciarleppi ran when he seized the packet and the police had to fire their pistols to force him to stop.

Mr. Untermyer was at Rye Beach yesterday and the police were unable to communicate with him, but it was said at his home at Greystone that he would make a complaint against Ciarleppi.

OFFICER SHOOTS ANOTHER.

O'Brien Wounded Dangerously by Jealous Patrolman.

William F. O'Brien, a policeman, of 525 Tenth Avenue, Brooklyn, was shot and seriously injured early this morning by Thomas F. Callahan, also a policeman, in the Callahan home at Melrose Avenue and Oxford Street, Queens. The two men had been on patrol together for several years and had become so friendly that O'Brien was often a guest at the Callahan home.

Not long ago the two men were transferred to different stations, but their friendship continued, and O'Brien continued to visit at the Callahan house in Rosedale. After being released from his post in the 147th Precinct at 17 Butler Street, Brooklyn, shortly after midnight Callahan went to his home. There he found O'Brien, and a quarrel arose over alleged attentions paid by O'Brien to Callahan's wife. The two men began to fight, and Callahan shot O'Brien in the stomach with his service pistol. O'Brien was taken to the Jamaica Hospital with a charge of assault lodged against him, and Callahan was taken to the Jamaica Police Station.

Ex-Premier M. J. Schollaert.

HAVRE, France, June 30, (delayed.)—M. J. Schollaert, Preident of the Belgian Chamber of Deputies and former Premier, died here last night. M. Schollaert became Minister of the Interior in the Belgian Cabinet in 1908 and soon thereafter was appointed Premier. While he was Premier the annexation treaty, by which the Congo Free State became a territorial possession of Belgium, was passed. At the death of King Leopold and immediately preceding the ascendency to the throne of King Albert, M. Schollaert administered the Government at the head of a Regency Council. He remained as Premier until June 8, 1911, when his Cabinet was defeated in a vote of confidence over a Ministerial School bill.

Tug Capsizes, Six Drowned.

PERNAMBUCO, Brazil, July 1.—The British seagoing tug Florida capsized June 28 off Pernambuco while bound from Rio de Janeiro for London. The Captain and five sailors, including E. J. Heckroth of New York and W. H. Suptren, an Indian from Kentucky, were drowned. Four other members of the crew were saved.

Obituary Notes.

WALTER LANGSTROTH of Irvington, N. J., died on Saturday in the Perth Amboy Hospital.

MARY E. ALLIGER, secretary for Supreme Court Justice G. D. B. Hasbrouck of Kingston and formerly librarian for the Third Judicial District Law Library, died at Kingston, N. Y., Saturday night.

MELVIN R. VAN KEUREN, 60 years old, a civil engineer, died yesterday at his home in Eatontown, N. J. He was the owner of Monmouth Park.

HERBERT L. ABRAMS, a real estate dealer of Westfield, N. J., died suddenly on Friday at the home of his sister, Miss Georgia Abrams, at Point Lookout, Long Beach, L. I., in his fifty-third year.

EUGENE J. REILLY, a member of the Photo-Engravers' Union, died at his home, 770 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, on Saturday.

Mrs. SAMUEL MATTHEWS of 299 Macon Street, Brooklyn, died at her home on Saturday. She was a niece of Cardinal Farley and a charter member of the American Daughters of Ireland.

JAMES M. SMITH, for many years a foreman in the Queens Highway Department and for thirty years a resident of Long Island City, died on Friday at his home, 33 Flushing Avenue, Long Island City. He was 50 years old.

WILLIAM H. BUTLER, 73 years old, a retired blasting inspector of the New York Fire Department, died Saturday at his home, 394 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn.

PAULINE PALLMEYER, wife of Charles Pallmeyer, who was formerly a partner in the I. S. Remson Company, died on Saturday at her home, 259 Ridgewood Avenue, aged 48 years.

CHARLES VAN PILT, known as Charles Van, a theatrical performer, died at his home, 932 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, on Saturday. He was born in Brooklyn forty-one years ago and leaves a widow, one son, and two daughters.

WILLIAM FRANCIS MANION, 52 years old, of 128 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn, formerly in the real estate business, died on Friday at his home.

FRANCIS S. CEPIRLO, a retired business man of Manhattan, is dead at his home, 27 Strong Place, Brooklyn, in his eightieth year. He was born in Austria and had traveled extensively over the world. He spoke twelve languages, including Chinese and Japanese.

ALONZO W. MOORE died on Friday at his home, 112 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, aged 55 years. He was for many years in the trunk and bag business in lower Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BYK.—June 26, Jewish Hospital, Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Byk, a son.

ELKAN.—June 27, 745 Kelly St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Elkan, a daughter.

LICHT.—June 29, Sydenham Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Licht, a daughter.

REINHEIMER.—June 28, 43 West 93d St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Reinheimer, a daughter.

Engaged.

GROSS—ABRAHAMS.—Mr. and Mrs. Max Abrahams, 1,391 Madison Av., announce the engagement of their daughter Dora to Mr. Joseph Gross of Philadelphia.

BERKOWITZ — PREISS. — Ella Preiss to George Berkowitz.

BRACH—GATES.—Ruth Gates to Dr. Louis Brach.

HIRSCHKORN — HERRNSTADT. — Sophie Herrnstadt to Louis L. Hirschkorn.

KAPEWICH—WOLFF.—Rae C. Wolff to Arthur Kapewich.

KOHN—NEWMAN.—Nancy Newman to Samuel Kohn.

LEICHTER—WEISS.—Elsie Weiss to Milton M. Leichter.

LEVY—GUNSBERGER.—Fannie Gunsberger to Alexander Levy.

LIEBERMAN—KRAUS.—Eva Kraus to Joseph Lieberman.

LOEB — KARLSRUHER.—Carrie Karlsruher to William Loeb.

MENDOZA — NEUBERGER. — Madeline V. Neuberger to Daniel A. Mendoza.

NEIVERT—GINSBERG.—Charlotte Ginsberg to Nathaniel Neivert.

NUSSBAUM—ROTHBAUM.—Sadye Rothbaum to Philip Nussbaum.

OPPENHEIM—ROLNICK.—Lillian Rolnick to Hugh L. Oppenheim.

PAGAN—WALLIS.—Ethel Wallis to William F. Pagan.

ROSENFELD—MILLER.—Rose Miller to Edward Rosenfeld.

SCADRON—LIVINGSTON.—Frances Livingston to Joseph Scadron.

SEIBEL—SCHONZEIT.—Rose Schonzeit to Leon Seibel.

TABOR—TALLY.—Henrietta Tally to Edward Tabor.

ZEFFERT—STEIN.—Frances Stein to Monroe Zeffert.

Married.

DOW—TAYLOR.—On Saturday, June 30, at 5:15, Mount Prospect Av., Newark, N. J., Mary Campbell Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Campbell, to Howard Dow of Jamestown, N. Y.

POWELL—SELDNER.—Friday, June 29, 1917, by Hon. Charles L. Guy, Mrs. Jean Seldner, daughter of Mrs. Ernestina Brown, to Mr. Henry M. Powell.

BLACKLEY—McLEOD.—June 28, Marian A. McLeod to Kenneth C. Blackley.

BLOCK—BLOCK.—June 25, Ida Block to Arthur A. Block.

BUCHWALD—KORNGOLD.—June 30. Fannie Korngold to Samuel Buchwald.

CROSS—CAREY.—June 28, Julia R. Carey to John F. Cross.

DAVIS—NEWMARK.—June 26, Lillian Newmark to Chauncey Davis.

GRIFFIN—SCHWEITZER.—June 28, Carrie Schweitzer to Vincent Griffin.

HAMMERSCHLAG — SAMISCH. — June 26, Beatrice Samisch to Julius Hammerschlag.

JUDELSON—LEVY.—June 24, Fannie Levy to Harry Judelson.

KORACH—WEINBERG.—June 27, Viola A. Weinberg to Dean Korach.

LEVY—LEVIN.—June 24, Tillie Levin to Charles Levy.

LOWENFELD — MOSKOWITZ. — June 26, Lillian Moskowitz to Isador Lowenfeld.

MILLER—BLUME.—June 28, Myra Blume to Charles Miller.

WOLF—WINSTOCK.—June 26, Grace S. Winstock to Francis J. Wolf.

Brooklyn.

BIGELOW—MUIR.—June 30, Jane Muir to S. Stringham Bigelow.

COMSTOCK—SMITH.—June 30, Jessie F. Smith to Dr. Albert Comstock.

FEIGERT — BRUNNER. — June 30, Sylvia Brunner to Jacob Feigert.

Long Island.

WHITE — WILKES. — June 30, Arline E. Wilkes to James R. White, Jr.

Died.

ADAIR.—On June 30, 1917, Robert, elder son of the late Robert and Ann Adair, in his 61st year. Funeral services at his late residence, 11 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 3, at 2:30 P. M.

ALLIGER.—At Kingston, N. Y., June 30, 1917, Mary E. Alliger. Funeral private at the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. Allen Wood, 70 Shufeldt St., on Tuesday at 2:30 P. M.

ALLINGTON.—On Sunday, July 1, at Newfoundland, N. J., Edith Allington, mother of Constance Allington of England, for four years Superintendent of the Bryn Mawr Club of New York. Notice of funeral hereafter.

APGAR.—Harold Kenneth, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Apgar of 605 West 139th St., suddenly, on Sunday, July 1, in his 18th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COPELAND.—Grace M., aged 7. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, Monday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

DODD. — Charles T., suddenly, Saturday, June 30. Funeral services at 11 A. M., Tuesday, July 3, at Presbyterian Church, Madison Av. and 73d St.

DUFF.—On Saturday, June 30, 1917, at his home, 72 Rossiter Av., Yonkers, N. Y., John T. Duff, in his 64th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his sister, Mrs. John R. Sim, 536 West 156th St., New York City, Tuesday, July 3 at 2 P. M.

ELY.—At Freehold, N. J., June 30, 1917, Carrie C. Holmes, widow of Asher S. Ely. Funeral from her late residence, 83 West Main St., Freehold, N. J., Monday, July 2, at 2:30 P. M. Friends and relatives invited without further notice.

ESPAILLAT.—Augusto. Body lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, Frank E. Campbell Building.

FINGER.—Fanny, on Sunday, July 1, widow of the late Adolf Finger, (nee Kraus,) in her 78th year. Funeral services will be held from her late residence, 21 Warren St., Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, July 3, at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

GUNNISON.—On June 30, 1917, Dr. Almon Gunnison, aged 73, at 59 Rugby Road, Brooklyn. Service at All Souls' Universalist Church, Ocean and Ditmas Avs., Brooklyn, Monday evening, July 2, at 8 o'clock.

GUSTAVESON.—After a lingering illness, on June 30, 1917, Augusta, beloved wife of the late John L. Gustaveson and mother of Mrs. Herbert A. Page, Mrs. George R. Bruns and Mildred Gustaveson, in the 56th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at the late residence, 39 Nickle St., Corona, L. I., on Tuesday, July 3, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Cedar Grove Cemetery.

HOLMES. — At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Friday, June 29, Jeannie van Deusen, wife of the late Rev. John McCellan Holmes, D. D., and daughter of the late Peter and Susan Livingston van Deusen of Hudson, N. Y. Funeral private. Interment at Hudson on Monday, July 2, at 2:30 P. M.

KLUSSMANN.—On Saturday, June 30, 1917, at his residence, 54 11th St., Hoboken, N. J., Henry B., beloved husband of Minnie E. Klussmann, (nee Von Glahn,) in his 41st year. Relatives and friends, also members of the Lutheran Brotherhood of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church, 81 Christopher St., New York City, on Tuesday, July 3, at 2 P. M. Interment at Lutheran Cemetery.

LAMBERTSON.—At Chatham, N. J., July 1, 1917, Jennie, daughter of Andrew J. and Addie B. Lambertson. Funeral services will be held at her late residenc, Chatham, L. I., on Tuesday, July 3, at 3:30 P. M.

LOUD.—On July 1, 1917, at Asbury Park, Louisa Stephens Loud, widow of Henry W. Loud and daughter of the late Benjamin Prescott Sherman and Maria Elizabeth Stephens. Funeral from the residence of her brother, Richard B. Sherman, 73 Hawthorne St., Flatbush, at 3 P. M. Tuesday, July 3.

McKNIGHT.—Louise S., on June 30. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 1,970 Broadway, Tuesday afternoon, 12:30.

Died.

MARTYN.—Marcia Esther. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 1,970 Broadway, (Campbell's Building,) Wednesday morning, 10 o'clock.

OLDRIN.—Eva S., widow of John Merwin Oldrin of Sea Cliff, L. I., at the Mineola Hospital Saturday. The funeral service will be held at 2:30 P. M. Monday, July 2, at the chapel at Greenfield Cemetery, Hempstead, L. I.

PARKS.—On Sunday, July 1, 1917, at his residence, 270 Riverside Drive, George H. Parks. Funeral and interment at Glens Falls, N. Y., on Tuesday.

SAWYER.—At Montclair, N. J., on July 1, Anne Chandler, wife of Decatur M. Sawyer, aged 64 years. Funeral at her late home, Llewellyn Road, Montclair, on Tuesday, July 3, at 3:30 P. M. Friends are kindly requested not to send flowers.

SICHEL.—Members of Manhattan Lodge, I. O. B. B., are invited to attend the funeral of Brother Mayer Sichel Tuesday, July 3, 1917, 10:30 A. M., at 271 West 113th St.
SAMUEL LEAVITT, President.

SIMONS.—At Port Chester, N. Y., June 30, 1917, Edward J. Simons, aged 56 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 15 Monroe Place, Tuesday, July 3, 2:30 P. M.

STANLEY.—On Sunday, July 1, 1917, at 552 Elm St., Westfield, N. J., David Stanley, husband of Josephine Stanley, in his 82d year. Services Tuesday, July 3, 2 P. M., at First M. E. Church, Westfield. Interment private, at Greenwood Cemetery.

STEPHENS.—William T. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 67th. Time later. Actors' Fund.

WINTER.—William, at his late residence, Staten Island, Saturday, June 30, 1917, in his 81st year. Notice of funeral later.

CANFIELD.—Philip, 218 East 75th St., June 29. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CHILDS.—Margaret, 181 East 111th St., June 29. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

CORBETT.—Edmund J., 2,033 Newbold Av., Bronx, June 29. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

COYLE.—Jane, 132 East 93d St., June 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

FOLEY.—Mary, 229 East 67th St., June 29. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GORE.—John, 348 East 77th St., June 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HARNED-EASTON.—Florence, June 30. Funeral 107th St. and Amsterdam Av.

McGINN.—Theresa, 436 East 116th St., June 30. Funeral notice later.

McPARTLAND.—Mary, 478 3d Av., June 29. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MOONEY.—Walter, 599 East 139th St., June 30, aged 14. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

MORRIS.—Simon, 201 West 120th St., June 29.

MURPHY.—Alice, 4,633 Park Av., Bronx, June 29. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

NILSON.—Anna, June 29. Funeral 688 9th Av.

PARKER.—Ralph, June 29. Funeral 600 Melrose Av.

PRYOR.—Margaret, 287 West 153d St., June 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

SAND.—Chris, June 30, aged 51. Funeral 304 West 126th St. today, 2 P. M.

SHEEHAN.—Elizabeth, 82 West 92d St., June 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SULLIVAN.—Helena, St. Rose's Home, June 30. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

WARD.—Sherman M., 71 East 92d St., June 30. Funeral private.

WILLNER.—Philip, 136 West 111th St., June 29, aged 21.

Brooklyn.

BUTLER.—William H., 394 Pulaski St., June 30, aged 74.

CAHOON.—Eva D., 76 Douglass St., June 30, aged 4. Funeral service today.

DAVIDOVITZ.—Ludwig, 1,382 Sterling Place, June 30. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FRANK.—Louisa, June 30. Funeral, 86 Lefferts Place, tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KEANE.—Mary E., 883 Putnam Av., June 29. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McCANN.—Mary T., 702 5th Av., June 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'CONNELL. — Martin, 306 Atlantic Av., June 30, aged 30. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—James J., 658 Eastern Parkway, June 30, aged 16. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

O'HALLORAN.—Michael, 15 Greenpoint Av., June 29. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

PALLMEYER.—Pauline, 259 Ridgewood Av., June 30, aged 48. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

REILLY.—Eugene J., 790 St. John's Place, June 29. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

SHIPTON.—Elizabeth, 351 Keap St., June 30. Funeral notice later.

SPENMAN.—Mary, 435 46th St., June 30. Funeral notice later.

VAN PELT.—Charles, 932 Eastern Parkway, June 30, aged 41. Funeral tomorrow.

Hoboken and Jersey City.

GRAHAM.—Margaret, 258 9th St., June 30. Funeral tomorrow.

KRACKE.—Herman E., 408 Lake St., West Hoboken, June 30, aged 47. Funeral tomorrow.

In Memoriam.

WOODWARD.—In sad, loving remembrance of my darling husband, Dr. Julius Hayden, a perfect man, nobly planned, who passed to the higher life Sunday, July 2, 1916. Anniversary high mass Monday, July 2, 10 A. M., at Holy Name Church, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av. Also Brandon, Vt., and Long Lake. WIFE.

CONNELL.—John A., mass Ascension Church today, 7 A. M.

DISTILLATOR.—Pauline, in memory of; died July 5, 1916.

DOWD.—William H., in memory of; died July 3, 1911.

FLEISCHMANN.—Markus, in memory of; died July 6, 1911.

GILFEATHER.—Mary E., in memory of; died July 8, 1911.

JONES.—Margaret, in memory of; died July 8, 1908.

KAHN.—Max H., in memory of; died July 3, 1905.

LYONS. — Mary A., mass St. Michael's Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 8 A. M.

MARX.—Lehman, in memory of; died July 3, 1905.

MARX.—Lottie, in memory of; died July 4, 1905.

MYERS.—Harry S., unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, July 8, 3 P. M.

PLASTRIK.—Hannah, in memory of; died July 3, 1914.

ROCHE.—David, mass St. James's Church July 4, 9 A. M.

ROONEY.—William H., in memory of; died July 7, 1916.

STRAUSE.—George, in memory of; died July 2, 1912.

WOODWARD.—Dr. Julius H., in memory of; died July 2, 1916.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

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At St. Michael's Church,
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PATRIOTIC SERVICE
At Eight o'Clock.
EVERYBODY WELCOME.
MAJOR GEORGE HAVEN PUTNAM
will speak.

Major Putnam is a Christian, a scholar, a patriot, and a veteran of the Civil War. In this time of world war the words of a citizen like Major Putnam will surely fit the occasion better than fireworks and noise. All good citizens will be made welcome.

SUPERBAS COME FROM BEHIND TO BEAT PHILLIES IN WAR RELIEF BENEFIT GAME

ROBINS TRIUMPH IN BENEFIT GAME

Ninth-Inning Rally Causes the Downfall of Phillies by Score of 3 to 2.

FANS THREATEN BILL KLEM

Umpire Arouses Ire by Close Decision—Concert and Drill Help Entertain Big Crowd.

By staging a ninth-inning batting rally, which sent the attending crowd of about 12,000 enthusiasts into a frenzy, Uncle Wilbert Robinson's wayward Dodgers yesterday downed Philadelphia by the score of 3 to 2 in the first regularly scheduled National League Sunday baseball game played in the borough across the bridge in many, many years.

That fateful ninth inning was a hummer. The game itself was a hair-raiser from the start and furnished the crowd with an interesting pitchers' duel, but the ninth inning was an unexpected climax. After retiring the doleful Phillies, the Robins were behind in the score by a matter of 2 to 1. The crowd implored Charles H. Ebbets's athletes for a rally, and the players responded with a vim.

Hickman started with a clean single to right and trotted along to second when Jimmy Lavender issued a pass to Casey Stengel. Moran called it a day for Lavender and sent Eppa Jepha Rixey to the mound and immediately there was a Philadelphia convention staged right in the pitcher's box, in which the entire infield took part. After acquainting Rixey with the fact that they were in the lead and advising him as to the general rules for preserving a lead in a baseball game, the meeting disbanded. However, the advice was unheeded, or at any rate was absolutely set at naught by the fighting Robins.

Wheat, the first Robin to face Eppa Jepha, slashed a grounder in the direction of one Niehoff, who hovers about second base for Pat Moran.

Stengel and Niehoff in Collision.

Casey Stengel was bent on giving his best efforts in trying for a Robin victory, and immediately with the crack of the bat in Wheat's hands, he started on a mad tear for second base. About midway between both stations Stengel, Niehoff, and the ball collided, the ball keeping harmfully—for the Phillies—on its way to right field, while Hickman crossed the rubber with the tying run and Stengel went to third, ready to dash home at the slightest provocation with the tally that would win for Brooklyn.

His plans were considerably upset, however, for no sooner had Hickman completed his run home than the Philadelphia bench, as one, trotted up to both umpires and requested an explanation of why Stengel bumped into Niehoff, while Pat Moran and those of his cohorts near enough to him to be in the talk range vociferously gave it as their opinion that Stengel should be called out for interference and Hickman sent back to second.

Umpires Take Run from Robins.

This was not pleasant news to the Robins, and rotund Wilbert Robinson led his little flock in a verbal attack on Moran's opinion. The argument continued for several minutes, and finally the umpires, Bill Klem in charge, and Kitty Bransfield on the bases, shooed the players out of their immediate vicinity and held a consultation all their own. At the end of this confab it was decided that Moran knew a lot about baseball, and Stengel was called out and Hickman ordered back to second.

Anybody who knows the Brooklyn baseball fan can imagine how those in the stands felt when they saw the run being discredited. They felt worse than that, and immediately fell on everybody and everything that was not Brooklyn with a terrific verbal assault. Had they known what the venerable Mike Mowrey was going to do when he came to bat they would probably have conceded the decision without a word. But the crowd was not taken into Mike's confidence to this extent, and they yelled in discontent.

Finally things reached a state where George Cutshaw felt perfectly safe in going to the plate, and he sent a neat sacrifice along the first-base line which advanced both Hickman and Wheat a peg in their travels. Mike Mowrey, the next batter, scord both men with a screeching double to left field, which gave the Robins all the honors they wanted for that day.

Crowd Threatens Bill Klem.

The excitement of the crowd did not die with the tallying of those two winning runs, however, for when Wheat had crossed the plate with the second and winning run the crowd surged out on the field and gathered threateningly about Bill Klem, on his way to the dressing-room exit. It was with difficulty that the veteran arbiter got safely off the field.

For four innings the crowd was furnished with an interesting duel between Big Jeff Pfeffer, the Robins' mainstay, and Jimmy Lavender. In the fifth session the Dodgers broke the ice, when, after Stengel had died, Wheat tripled to right and scored on Cutshaw's bad infield bounder, which got away from Niehoff and went for a hit. Mowrey also singled, but, with Cutshaw, was left stranded on the paths.

In the sixth the Phils got to Pfeffer effectively, and before Big Jeff could recover had jumped to the lead. Paskert started with a single to left, and scored on Stock's triple over first base to the right field wall. Then Pfeffer uncorked a wild pitch which let Stock over the plate with the run that gave the Phillies the lead until the ninth inning.

Before the game the fans were treated to a concert and patriotic demonstration for the benefit of the Militia of Mercy and kindred wartime societies. About 1,500 bluejackets marched about the field, while Admiral Usher, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard; Commodore E. T. Fitzgerald of the recruiting ship Granite State, Captain Forshew of the Second Naval Battalion, and several other naval officials looked on from a box. Immediately with the completion of the concert President Ebbets ordered the sale of tickets stopped, so as to conform with the law regarding Sunday baseball, and those who came to the park thereafter were admitted free. The score:

BROOKLYN, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Olson,ss	4	0	0	2	2
Myers,1b	4	0	0	10	0
Hickman,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Stengel,rf	2	0	0	1	0
Wheat,lf	4	2	1	5	0
Cutshaw,2b	4	0	2	3	2
Mowrey,3b	4	0	2	1	3
Meyers,c	3	0	1	3	1
Miller,c	0	0	0	0	0
Pfeffer,p	3	0	0	0	2
aSmyth	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	3	7	27	11

PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Paskert,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Bancroft,ss	4	0	0	2	8
Stock,3b	3	1	1	0	2
Cravath,rf	3	0	1	0	0
Whitted,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Luderus,1b	3	0	0	14	0
Niehoff,2b	4	0	0	3	5
Killifer,c	3	0	2	4	2
Lavender,p	3	0	0	0	1
Rixey,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	6	*25	15

*Stengel out for interference, and two out when winning run was scored.
a Ran for J. Meyers in eighth.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	—3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Mowrey. Three-base hits—Stock, Wheat. Sacrifice hit—Whitted. Double plays—Niehoff, Bancroft, and Luderus; Cutshaw and H. Myers; Bancroft, Niehoff, and Luderus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Brooklyn, 6. Base on balls—Off Lavender, 3; Pfeffer, 3. Hits and runs—Off Lavender, 6 hits, 2 runs in 8 1-3 innings; Rixey, 1 and 1 in 1-3; Pfeffer, 2 runs in 9. Struck out—By Lavender, 4; Pfeffer, 3. Wild pitch—Pfeffer. Time—2 hours. Umpires—Klem and Bransfield.

Southern Association.

New Orleans, 6; Birmingham, 2.
Nashville, 4; Little Rock, 1.
Memphis, 3; Chattanooga, 1.
(First game.)
Chattanooga, 5; Memphis, 1.
(Second game; 7 innings.)

Eastern League.

Bridgeport, 6; New Haven, 3.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburgh, 1.
(First game.)
Cincinnati, 5; Pittsburgh, 1.
(Second game.)
St. Louis, 4; Chicago, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland, 5; Chicago, 4.
Detroit, 5; St. Louis, 0.
(First game.)
St. Louis, 15; Detroit, 9.
(Second game.)

Standing of the Clubs.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	38	22	.633
Philadelphia	37	25	.597
Chicago	39	33	.542
St. Louis	35	31	.530
Cincinnati	36	37	.493
Brooklyn	28	33	.459
Boston	23	35	.397
Pittsburgh	21	42	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	43	24	.642
Boston	41	24	.631
New York	35	29	.547
Detroit	33	32	.508
Cleveland	35	34	.507
Washington	25	39	.391
St. Louis	26	41	.388
Philadelphia	23	38	.377

Where They Play Today.
NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Boston at New York,
(Game starts at 3:45.)
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30.)
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Boston.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Detroit at St. Louis.
Washington at Philadelphia.

COBB KEEPS UP RECORD.

Gets Hits in Each Game With St. Louis—Tigers Win First.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Cobb hit safely in both games of the double-header between Detroit and St. Louis today. Cobb now has a record of having secured one or more hits in thirty consecutive games. He got two singles in the first game and a double and two singles in the second game. Boland allowed but four hits, and Detroit shut out St. Louis in the first game, 5 to 0. Three errors behind Hamilton helped Detroit materially in scoring the runs.

Hard hitting marked the second game, which St. Louis won, 15 to 9. In the sixth inning the locals drove Ehmke from the box and pounded Cunningham, who relieved him, four singles, two doubles, a base on balls, and two errors netting eight runs.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	4	0	0	4	3
Vitt,3b	3	0	1	0	2
Cobb,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Veach,lf	5	0	1	4	0
Heilman,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Burns,1b	4	1	1	8	0
R.Jones,2b	2	2	2	2	1
Stanage,c	2	1	0	5	0
Boland,p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	31	5	8	27	7

ST. LOUIS, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Sloan,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Austin,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Sisler,1b	4	0	1	7	2
Pratt,2b	4	0	0	7	2
Severeid,c	4	0	2	5	3
Jacobson,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Marsans,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Johnson,ss	2	0	0	2	6
aShotton	1	0	0	0	0
Lavan,ss	0	0	0	1	0
Hamilton,p	2	0	1	1	2
Total	30	0	4	27	18

a Batted for Johnson in eighth.
Errors—Sisler, Pratt, Severeid.

Detroit	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	—5
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Sisler, Hamilton. Three-base hit—Burns. Stolen bases—R. Jones, Cobb. Sacrifice hits—Stanage, (2,) Boland, Hamilton. Sacrifice fly—Bush. Double plays—Johnson, Pratt, and Sisler; Johnson, Severeid, and Pratt. Left on bases—Detroit, 8; St. Louis, 5. First base on errors—Detroit, 1. Bases on balls—Off Boland, 1; Hamilton, 5. Earned runs—Off Hamilton, 2. Struck out—By Boland, 2; Hamilton, 2. Time—1 hour 59 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty, Nallin, and Connolly.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Sloan,lf	3	2	0	1	0
Austin,3b	4	2	2	2	1
Sisler,1b	5	2	3	10	0
Pratt,2b	4	1	2	2	4
Jacobson,rf	5	2	2	3	0
Marsans,cf	5	2	1	0	0
Johnson,ss	4	2	1	3	3
Hale,c	5	1	3	7	1
Sothoron,p	2	1	1	0	1
Dav'nport,p	2	0	1	0	1
Total	39	15	16	27	13

DETROIT, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	5	1	0	2	1
Vitt,3b	3	1	1	1	0
Cobb,cf	5	1	3	3	0
Veach,lf	5	2	1	0	0
Heilman,rf	4	0	2	0	0
Burns,1b	5	2	1	11	0
R.Jones,2b	4	0	0	1	5
Spencer,c	3	1	2	6	1
Ehmke,p	2	0	0	0	4
Cun'gham,p	0	0	0	0	1
aCrawford	1	1	1	0	0
C.Jones,p	0	0	0	0	1
bStanage	1	0	0	0	0
Mitchell,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	38	9	11	24	14

a Batted for Cunningham in seventh.
b Batted for C. Jones in eighth.
Errors—Vitt, Burns, (2,) Mitchell, Pratt, Hale, Davenport.

St. Louis	1	1	0	0	0	8	0	5	.	—15
Detroit	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	2	2	—9

Two-base hits—Cobb, Jacobson, Hale, Sisler, Marsans. Three-base hit—Vitt. Home run—Crawford. Stolen bases—Vitt, Sisler, Marsans, Johnson, Bush, (2,) Heilman, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Austin, Sothoron. Sacrifice fly—Pratt. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—Detroit, 2; St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Ehmke, 1; Cunningham, 1; Sothoron, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Ehmke, 7 hits, 4 runs in 5 innings, (none out in sixth;) Cunningham, 3 and 2 in 1; C. Jones, 0 and 0 in 1; Mitchell, 6 and 3 in 1; Sothoron, 0 and 6 in 7, (none out in eighth;) Davenport, 2 and 1 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Sothoron, (Spencer;) Mitchell, (Sloan.) Struck out—By Ehmke, 2; Sothoron, 3; Davenport, 3. Wild pitch—Sothoron. Time—2 hours 6 minutes. Umpires—Nallin, Connolly, and Moriarty.

WHITE SOX ERRORS COSTLY.

Cleveland Outbatted, but Wins by Score of 5 to 4.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 1.—Although outbatted, Cleveland defeated Chicago 5 to 4 this afternoon, scoring the winning runs in the eighth on a pass, Cicotte's two wild throws and Chapman's pop single. After scoring Speaker with a triple in the first inning, Roth stole home on the first ball pitched. Chicago almost tied the count in the ninth on two passes and Weaver's double. Score:

CLEVELAND, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	3	1	0	2	0
Chapman,ss	4	1	0	2	6
Speaker,cf	3	1	1	1	0
Roth,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Harris,1b	3	0	1	9	2
Wamb's,2b	3	0	0	4	4
Evans,3b	3	0	1	2	1
O'Neill,c	2	0	1	4	1
Deberry,c	0	0	0	0	0
Morton,p	2	0	0	0	1
Coumbe,p	1	0	0	0	3
bBillings	1	0	0	0	0
cHoward	0	1	0	0	0
Total	28	5	6	27	17

CHICAGO, (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leibold,lf	2	0	0	1	0
J.Collins,lf	2	1	0	1	0
Weaver,3b	5	2	2	2	1
E.Collins,2b	4	0	2	2	4
Jackson,rf	3	1	1	1	0
Felsch,cf	3	0	3	3	1
Gandil,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Risberg,ss	3	0	0	0	0
Lynn,c	3	1	2	5	0
Cicotte,p	3	0	1	0	4
aSchalk	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	12	24	10

a Batted for Cicotte in ninth.
b Batted for Morton in third.
c Ran for O'Neill in eighth.
Errors—Cicotte, (2,) Graney, Morton.

Cleveland	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	.	—5
Chicago	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	—4

Two-base hits—Weaver, (2,) Lynn, Harris, O'Neill. Three-base hits—Felsch, Roth. Stolen base—Roth. Sacrifice hits—E. Collins, Graney. Sacrifice fly—Felsch. Double plays—Wambsganss, Chapman, and Harris; Wambsganss, Harris, and O'Neill. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Cleveland, 3. First base on errors—Cleveland, 3. Bases on balls—Off Cicotte, 2; Morton, 1; Coumbe, 5. Hits and earned runs—Off Cicotte, 6 hits, 1 run in 8 innings; Morton, 6 and 2 in 3; Coumbe, 6 and 2 in 6. Struck out—By Cicotte, 5; Morton, 2; Coumbe, 1. Time—2 hours 5 minutes. Umpires—Owens and Evans.

Chicago Limited
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TONEY TWIRLS TWO VICTORIOUS GAMES

Reds' Pitcher Goes Eighteen Innings and Allows Pirates Six Hits in All.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 1.—Fred Toney won both games from Pittsburgh here today, holding the Pirates to three scattered hits in each game, Cincinnati captured the first, at 4 to 1 and the second at 5 to 1. In each contest Toney was master of the Pittsburgh team and was never in danger.

It was "Wagner Day," and the new manager of Pittsburgh was presented with a loving cup by the fans of Cincinnati and Louisville, a delegation of fans coming from the Falls City to honor the veteran player, who started his baseball career in that city many years ago.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CINCINNATI, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Groh,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Kopf,ss	4	2	3	2	3
Roush,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Griffith,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Neale,lf	4	1	3	4	0
Mitchell,1b	4	0	2	11	0
Shean,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Wingo,c	3	0	1	4	0
Toney,p	3	0	0	0	3
Total	33	4	13	27	11

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Carey,cf	3	1	2	3	0
Pitler,2b	3	0	0	4	3
King,rf	3	0	0	3	0
Wagner,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Hinchman,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Ward,ss	3	0	0	1	3
Schmidt,c	2	0	0	2	1
McCarthy,3b	3	0	0	0	2
Jacobs,p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	27	1	3	24	13

Cincinnati	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	.	—4
Pittsburgh	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Neale, Kopf. (2.) Three-base hit—Kopf. Stolen bases—Carey, Kopf, Shean, Neale. Sacrifice hit—Pitler. Sacrifice fly—King. Double plays—Ward, Pitler, and Wagner; Jacobs, Ward, and Wagner; Shean, Kopf, and Mitchell. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 3; Cincinnati, 7. Bases on balls—Off Jacobs, 2; Toney, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Jacobs, 13 hits, 4 runs in 8 innings; Toney, 3 and 1 in 9. Hit by pitcher—By Toney, (Schmidt.) Struck out—By Jacobs, 1; Toney 3. Time—1 hour 24 minutes. Umpires—Quigley, Byron, and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

CINCINNATI, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Groh,3b	4	1	2	3	1
Kopf,ss	4	1	2	3	4
Roush,cf	4	2	3	5	0
Griffith,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Thorpe,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Chase,1b	4	1	0	8	1
Shean,2b	4	0	1	3	2
Wingo,c	4	0	2	1	0
Toney,p	4	0	1	1	1
Total	36	5	13	27	8

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Carey,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Pitler,2b	4	0	0	1	1
King,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Wagner,1b	4	0	1	8	1
Hinchman,lf	3	0	0	3	1
Ward,ss	2	0	0	0	3
Fischer,c	3	0	1	4	1
McCarthy,3b	3	1	0	3	0
Steele,p	3	0	1	1	2
Total	30	1	3	24	9

Errors—Shean, Roush.

Cincinnati	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	.	—5
Pittsburgh	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

To-base hit—Roush. Three-base hits—Thorpe, Griffith. Stolen base—Chase. Double play—Kopf and Chase. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 3; Cincinnati, 7. First base on error—Pittsburgh. Base on balls—Off Toney, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Steele, 13 hits, 5 runs in 8 innings; Toney, 3 and 0 in 9. Struck out—By Steele, 2; by Toney, 1. Time—1 hour 24 minutes. Umpires—Quigley, Byron, and Emslie.

CARDS APPLY WHITEWASH.

Doak's Pitching Proves a Puzzle to Chicago Batsmen.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Roger Hornsby's hitting and Doak's fine pitching gave St. Louis a 4-to-0 victory over Chicago today in the final game of the series. Not a Chicagoan was able to reach second base. Hornsby's triple sent the first run across the plate for the visitors and he scored the second run on a single by Cruise. In the third inning, after two were out, he singled and sent two more runs across the plate.

The score:

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
J.Smith,rf	4	2	1	3	0
Baird,3b	3	1	1	2	2
Long,lf	4	0	0	0	0
Hornsby,ss	2	1	2	1	1
Cruise,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Miller,1b	4	0	0	12	2
Gonzales,c	3	0	0	5	0
Betzel,2b	3	0	1	3	5
Doak,p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	30	4	6	27	14

CHICAGO, (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Flack,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Mann,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Doyle,2b	4	0	1	1	2
Merkle,1b	4	0	1	14	0
Williams,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Zeider,3b	2	0	2	0	3
Wortman,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Elliott,c	3	0	0	6	3
Douglas,p	0	0	0	0	2
aWolter	1	0	0	0	0
Aldridge,p	1	0	0	0	2
bRuether	1	0	0	0	0
Seaton,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	5	27	15

a Batted for Douglas in third.
b Batted for Aldridge in eighth.
Error—Doyle.

St. Louis	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Three-base hit—Hornsby. Sacrifice hit—Baird. Double play—Miller and Hornsby. Left on bases—St. Louis, 2; Chicago, 5. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1. First base on balls—Off Doak, 2; Seaton, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Douglas, 5 hits, 2 runs in 3 innings; Aldridge, 1 and 0 in 5; Seaton, 0 and 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Aldridge, (Hornsby.) Struck out—By Aldridge, 5; Doak, 1; Seaton, 1. Time—1 hour 35 minutes. Umpires—Harrison and O'Day.

MISS GALLIGAN IS BEATEN.

Miss Boyle, Aided by Handicap, Wins Swim at City Island.

Miss Charlotte Boyle of the National Women's Life Saving League scored a creditable victory in the 100-yard handicap swim for women which was the feature of the program at the City Island swimming carnival yesterday, when she showed the way to the finish mark to Miss Claire Galligan, one of the leading female swimmers in the country. Miss Galligan, on the scratch mark, conceded a handicap allowance of eight seconds to her rival, but was unable to overtake Miss Boyle, who swam the distance in 1:33 1-5. Miss Edna Cole finished third.

Another interesting performance was witnessed in the 220-yard men's event, in which J. Zimnoch, New York A. C., started on the honor mark and won by a touch at the finish from Leo Giebel, a clubmate, who had three seconds. Giebel registered a victory in the seventy-five-yard event.

Other winners were: One-half mile swim, closed to members of the Life Saving League, B. Bloom; high dive, Mike Mullen, New York A. C.; fancy dive for women, for the Annette Kellermann Cup, Miss Josephine Bartlett.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT PROVIDENCE.

											R.	H.	E.
Providence	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	.	—4	4	6	0
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	0	3	1

Buffalo, at Montreal: postponed, rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Newark	41	24	.631
Baltimore	40	24	.625
Providence	40	26	.606
Toronto	35	29	.547
Rochester	32	33	.492
Buffalo	27	40	.403
Richmond	24	42	.364
Montreal	20	41	.328

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
Newark at Providence.
(Two Games.)
Buffalo at Montreal.
(Two Games.)
Rochester at Toronto.
(Two Games.)
Baltimore at Richmond.
(Two Games.)

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RICHARDS IN FIFTH ROUND.

Calm Tennis Prevails in University Heights Tournament.

The tennis tournament at the University Heights Tennis Club went along yesterday without a ripple of surprise ruffling the rather easy advance of the favorites. The first and second round matches were practically completed, and one player, V. Richards, succeeded in making his way through the fourth round, which gave him a bracket in the round before the semi-finals. Elliott Binzen won a third-round match from G. Rahill, with the score 6—2, 6—1. The summaries:

First Round.—C. J. Finlay defeated L. Schmidt, 6—4, 2—6, 6—4; F. Plumb won from B. Arnold by default; M. E. Fox, Jr., won from H. Hutchings by default; G. Reigenbach won from H. J. Steinkampf by default.

Second Round.—E. Desnoes defeated F. Campbell, 6—2, 6—4; R. J. Weeks won from Frank Anderson by default; G. Mersereau won from H. Bassford by default; U. Richards won from Gerald Donaldson by default; E. H. Jones defeated M. Olcott, 6—0, 6—0; A. J. Ostendorf defeated C. L. Schmidt, 6—2, 6—3; E. J. Clapp defeated C. J. Finlay, 6—0, 6—0; F. Plumb won from Harold Taylor by default; G. G. Greny defeated H. R. Hathaway, 6—4, 6—0; G. Rahill won from J. Hardy by default; E. Binzen defeated E. Wagner, 6—0, 6—2; Fred Anderson defeated Paul Martin, 9—7, 4—6, 6—4; C. Chambers defeated J. K. Winkler by default; M. Landau won from George Throckmorton by default; L. Spencer won from Cecil Donaldson by default.

Third Round.—M. Messner defeated E. Desnoes, 6—4, 6—3; R. Tappan defeated R. J. Weeks, 6—2, 4—6, 8—6; G. Mersereau defeated H. Marschalk, 4—6, 6—4, 6—1; U. Richards defeated A. Iler, 6—3, 6—4; A. J. Ostendorf defeated E. H. Janes, 6—0, 6—2; E. J. Clapp defeated F. Plumb, 6—2, 6—2; E. Binzen defeated G. Rahill, 6—2, 6—1; C. Chambers defeated H. Hewetson, 6—1, 8—6.

Fourth Round.—U. Richards defeated G. Mersereau, 6—3, 6—1.

BAGGS WINS NET BATTLE.

Comes from Behind and Defeats Henderson at 6—8, 8—6, 6—3.

Ralph L. Baggs won the final of the singles event in the Sunningdale Country Club tennis tournament yesterday morning when he defeated Embree Henderson in a three-set encounter, with the score 6—8, 8—6, 6—3.

Henderson played well at the start and was within sight of victory at one point. After capturing the first set he ran off a lead of 5—4 in the second, and had his own service to depend upon for the next game. Baggs, however, broke through, and this was the turning point in the match. After making the score deuce he succeeded in pulling it out of the fire, and in the last set had a comparatively easy path to victory.

HALPINE TWICE VICTOR.

Wins Mile and Three-Mile Runs—$500 for Red Cross.

A representation of some of the premier athletes in the Metropolitan District was attracted to the first set of outdoor games to be held under the auspices of the Intersectional Athletic League, at C. C. N. Y. stadium yesterday afternoon. No individual prizes were distributed, the only prize for which competition was held, being a point trophy. This went to the representatives of the Salem-Crescent A. C., who finished with a total of 30 points. Mohawk A. C. athletes were second with 24, Glencoe A. C. third with 20, Pastime A. C. fourth with 18, and Morningside A. C. fifth with 17.

The games were held for the benefit of the Red Cross Society, and were free to the public. A collection was taken up among the 5,000 or so who witnessed the performances, and this, added to the revenue coming from the sale of programs, netted a sum of about $500.

All of the events on track and field were handicap affairs, and the scratch competitors had a bad day. Only one of them competed with success, and he was E. F. Jones, Alpha P. C. C., who carried off first honors in the running broad jump from the scratch mark, with a jump of 22 feet 1 inch. In several of the events scratch men finished with the leaders, but Jones was the only scratch winner.

Terry Halpine, the Morningside A. C. distance runner, showed excellent form in the longer distance races, and was the only double winner of the day. He registered victories in the one-mile run, in which he was allotted 60 yards, and the three-mile event, in which race he received 150 yards. In the latter competition Halpine was closely followed over the line by Victor Voteretsas, a clubmate, who was on the honor mark.

CLOWERY A DOUBLE VICTOR.

Wins Two Events at Games of Catholic Y. M. N. U.

C. Clowery of the Paulist A. C. was the individual star of the games of the Catholic Young Men's National Union, held yesterday at Celtic Park in conjunction with the Clare Men's annual outing. Clowery, with a handicap allowance of seven yards, scored a victory in the 100-yard handicap dash, and also accounted for the premier honors in the 440-yard handicap event, in which he had a handicap of fourteen yards.

Other winners were: Two-mile run, J. Phillips, Paulist A. C.; 880-yard run, H. Cunningham, Paulist A. C.; medley relay race, Paulist A. C. team, H. Cunningham, T. Larkin, J. Dougherty and Harry Wigger.

American Association.

Kansas City, 8; Toledo, 5.
(First game.)
Kansas City, 13; Toledo, 4.
(Second game.)
Milwaukee, 2; Indianapolis, 1.
(First game.)
Indianapolis, 13; Milwaukee, 4.
(Second game.)
Louisville, 8; Minneapolis, 2.
(First game.)
Louisville, 6; Minneapolis, 4.
(Second game.)
St. Paul, 2; Columbus, 1.
(First game.)
St. Paul, 6; Columbus, 0.
(Second game.)

GREAT ISLE VICTOR IN SPEEDWAY BRUSH

Wins Special Event After Splitting Heats with Wood Olcott and Bon Todd.

After four keenly contested heats Great Isle, a bay stallion of Grand Circuit experience, owned by A. R. Issaeff, was returned the winner of a special trotting event for a cup which featured the closing Spring matinée of the Road Drivers' Association on the Harlem Speedway yesterday afternoon. J. Manning held the reins over Great Isle and drove him home first in the second and fourth heats, while in the third he got second place. The opening heat of the race went to Wood Olcott, another Issaeff horse, driven by his owner, and Great Isle finished third. Bon Todd, a brown mare, owned and driven by Dr. C. P. Martin, gave Great Isle a stiff race for premier honors, winning the third heat in a hard drive.

The final day of the season was Red Cross Day, and between $75 and $80 was realized for the society through the efforts of the Misses Geraldine Martin, daughter of Dr. C. P. Martin, and M. J. Smith, daughter of the driver Jesse Smith, who went among the crowd disposing of programs for whatever amounts they could collect.

Of the eight events carded all but two resulted in straight victories, the exception besides the special cup event being the 1:12 trot in which A. T. Meckel's Fox Dean was forced to three brushes to register over J. Leonard's Silent Sister.

Oakland Boy, J. A. Murphy's bay gelding, which has been out of recent competition, was among the competitors yesterday, and scored a victory in a special trot over J. Flaherty's Lester M.

The summaries:

Special Class.—Trotting.
Oakland Boy, b. g., (J. Smith) 1 1
Lester M., br. g., (J. Flaherty) 2 2
Marion Toddington and Dingee scratched.
Time—1:07; 1:06.

1:03 Class.—Pacing.
Clover Patch, br. m., (J. Smith) 1 1
Master McKerron, b. g., (R. Jacob) 2 2
Countess Kohl scratched.
Time—1:02; 1:10.

1:05 Class.—Trotting.
Nell McLintock, r. m., (J. J. Morris) 1 1
Catherine P., b. m., (E. Carpenter) 2 2
Time—1:10; 1:05½.

1:07 Class.—Trotting.
The Trip, b. s., (L. Smith) 1 1
Bessie Baron, b. m., (E. Carpenter) 3 2
Kinetic, r. m., (W. J. O'Neil) 2 3
Hindenburg, b. g., (W. Hammdorf) 4 4
Time—1:09; 1:07.

1:12 Class.—Trotting.
Fox Dean, br. g., (A. T. Meckel) 2 1 1
Silent Sister, b. m., (J. Leonard) 1 2 2
Lady Advice scratched.
Time—1:17; 1:16½; 1:17.

1:03 Class.—Trotting.
The High Born Lady, b. m., (A. R. Issaeff) 1 1
Courier Boy, b. g., (J. P. Kennedy) 2 2
Time—1:05; 1:07½.

1:05 Class.—Pacing.
Automatism, br. g., (W. J. O'Neil) 1 1
Happy Hawkins, ch. s., (R. Jacob) 2 2
Exultant, br. g., (J. Gilmore) 3 3
Time—1:14; 1:11.

Special Cup Race.—Trotting.
Great Isle, b. s., (J. Manning) 3 1 2 1
Bon Todd, br. m., (Dr. C. P. Martin) .2 3 1 2
Wood Olcott, br. s., (A. R. Issaeff) .1 2 3 3
Time—1:05; 1:05¼; 1:08; 1:05.

ALTAIR'S SEVENTH VICTORY.

Defeats Twelve Star Yachts in Port Washington Races.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., July 1.—Thirteen yachts of the "star" class started and finished with only 5 minutes and 54 seconds separating the first and the last in an interclub race over the six-mile triangular course of the Port Washington Yacht Club in Manhasset Bay this afternoon.

The Altair, undefeated this season, won its seventh consecutive race when it crossed the finish line fifteen seconds ahead of its old rival, Charles E. Hyde's Hydra. The latter just beat out E. G. Unitt's Banshee, flying the colors of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club, by one second. A fresh breeze was blowing from the south.

TO PLAN YACHT RACES.

Meeting Today to Discuss Series of Weekly Contests.

So pleased were the owners of the handicap class of yachts with the outcome of the races at the New Rochelle Yacht Club Saturday that all owners of boats of that class have been invited to a meeting to be held this afternoon at the office of R. B. Budd, 30 Church Street, at which a proposition will be considered to hold a series of weekly races exclusively for boats of this class.

Yacht owners who have their craft in the water are so anxious for contests that they propose to try and enlist the interest of the racing men in the Sound clubs to take these suggested races under their promoting wings. It is understood that the Regatta Committees of several of the smaller clubs are willing to promote the handicap races if they can get sufficient encouragement also from owners of one-design boats, who are equally anxious to find some sphere of action for their boats.

Yankees Lose Exhibition Game.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1.—The Trojans, a strong local team, defeated the New York Americans in an exhibition game today, 6 to 1.

The score by innings:

											R.	H.	E.
Trojans	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	1	—6	6	7	2
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1	1	7	3

Batteries—Gero and Carr; Love, Munroe, and Alexander. Umpire—McManus, Newport.

Clysmic—
Of Course

Because its sales are bounding ahead faster than any other table water—sparkling for flavor, lithiated for health.

15 grains of Lithia Salts to the gallon.
Sold everywhere in splits, pints and quarts only.

Don't accept ordinary waters

Insist on genuine

CLYSMIC
THE KING OF TABLE WATERS

CLOSE CALL FOR LUETTA.

Wins 270-Mile Power Boat Race on Hudson by 13 Seconds.

Three of the motor boats which started on Saturday afternoon in the race for Class A motor boats from in front of the clubhouse of the New York Motor Boat Club at Riverside Drive and 147th Street for a run to Albany and return had finished the course and reported at midnight last night. The other five starters all made Albany in safety and started on their return trip this morning and are expected home some time before daylight.

The race was over a course of 235 nautical miles, or 270 statute miles, and was won by W. E. Little's Luetta, a boat which he purchased in Boston recently and brought to the Hudson a week ago especially for this race. Under corrected time she won the race by the very narrow margin of thirteen seconds from William Bagley's Helen B., one of the old reliable craft of the river fleet. On elapsed time Luetta reached home fifty-three minutes in advance of her rival and one hour and twenty-six minutes ahead of C. H. Carlson's Kitty C. II., which was the scratch boat of the fleet.

The summaries:

Boat and Owner.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.	Corrected Time. H.M.S.
Luetta, W. E. Little	29:38:26	28:27:35
Helen B., W. Bagley	30:31:20	28:27:48
Kittie C., C. H. Carlson	31:04:50	31:04:50

Watt and Boyd Win at Golf.

Match play for the Governors' and Consolation Cups was started yesterday on the links of the Flushing Country Club. In the first round for the Governors' Cup C. F. Watt defeated R. H. Lord by 7 up and 6 to play, and R. H. Boyd defeated C. Stevick by 5 and 4. When E. F. Wilmerding and Thurston Ely completed their round in the consolation division it was found that they were all square after the handicap allowances were made.

RUSH

was marked on Everybody's cable to Isaac F. Marcosson at the first flare of the Russian Revolt.

He Jumped to Petrograd

and after seeing the big man of the Revolution—Kerensky—wrote Seven Days. It's one of the *great* exclusive stories of the development of Democracy.

Russia's returning exiles are pictured in the cabled story by Shepherd the War Correspondent. He traveled with them—a motley, tragic crew, with the dawn of hope beginning to shine in their faces.

THESE TWO

great features give you the whole picture of Russia *today* and a glimpse of tomorrow.

Also, you should read the instalment of Mary Roberts Rinehart's great serial, Victor Rousseau's unusual novel, and a fine dessert of lighter entertainment.

All in the July number of

Everybody's
MAGAZINE

Yesterday, when the men were changing to white flannels, didn't you wish you had a pair, too?

Better make your wish good to-day; then you'll have them in time for the Fourth.

By wearing blue serge and packing a pair of white flannels, you have two suits wherever you go. Lightens your luggage!

Bathing suits and Sporting Goods at all stores.

$16.00 suit cases—$11.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"The Four Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

RACING
AT
AQUEDUCT
TODAY
THE OAKHILL HANDICAP
2 MILE STEEPLECHASE
and FOUR other Good Races
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Special Race Trains leave Penna. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30, 1, 1:30, 1:55 P. M. Special Cars Reserved for Ladies. Course also reached by Trolley.
Grand Stand, $3. Ladies, $1.50.

SPENCER CROWNED KING OF CYCLISTS

Canadian Youngster Wrests the Title from the Veteran Champion, Kramer.

NEWARK, N. J., July 1.—Arthur Spencer of Toronto, Ontario, clinched the national cycling championship at the Velodrome here this afternoon before 12,000 bicycle fans. He takes over the title from Frank L. Kramer of East Orange, who has held the championship for sixteen years.

Spencer won the two-mile championship race today from Alfred Goullet. Kramer was third and Willie Spencer fourth. There is one more race to be decided, that at five miles, but the outcome will not have any bearing on the final standing of the riders, even if Goullet, who is now second, wins it.

Spencer, the new champion, is but twenty years old and has been only riding as a professional for three years. He won his novice race at Waterloo, Ontario, four years ago.

Reggie McNamara won the Australian pursuit race for the professionals in which he defeated Bob Spears, Alf Grenda, and Pete Drobach in that order. The two-mile handicap went to Eddie Madden. Fred Byron won the Australian pursuit race for the amateurs.

If these mild cigars were made only for Summer smokers they couldn't be any better fitted for these warm days.

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VALJEAN
CIGARS
"Truly a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward
DAVE SAQUI MAKER
Various Sizes and Shapes

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

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1917 HUDSON Super 6 Cabriolet.
1916 STUTZ Roadster; wire wheels.
1916 CADILLAC; 7 passenger.
1916 CADILLAC Roadster; like new.
1916 STEARNS; light 4.
1916 HUPMOBILE Touring.
1916 OLDSMOBILE Touring.
1915 PACKARD; 6-48; 7 passenger.
1914 PIERCE-ARROW; 6-48; 7 passenger.
N. Y. MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 West 55th Street,
2 Doors from Broadway.

TIRES BY THE CARLOAD
A Great Saving in All Makes
WE BEAT ALL DEALERS' PRICES!
Save You 15% to 50%
TUBES, 40% to 60% Discount
Used Tires and Tubes "Dirt Cheap."
A GOOD PLACE TO SAVE $ $ $ $ $
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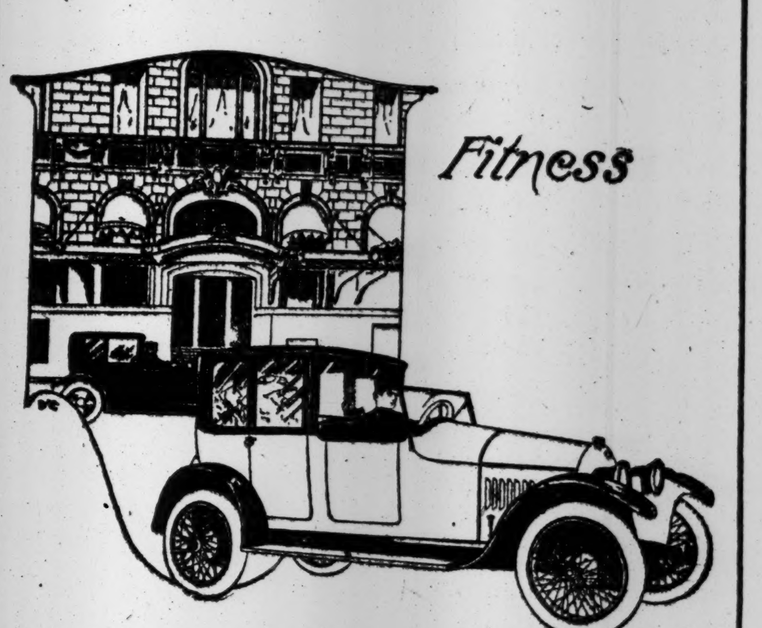
1761-1763 Broadway, near 57th St.



Fitness

BEAUTY is rarely mixed with vulgarity.

Dependability is never associated with weakness.

People are sometimes stamped—and often judged—by the motor cars in which they ride. There are cars that indicate a love of display—others that show mere mechanical interest—some that mean skimping economy.

Scripps-Booth exists because discriminating people believe in the fitness of things.

A car of light weight and most moderate price, it is in daily use by people of taste and refinement because it possesses the qualities of mechanical performance and graceful design that class with their scheme of things.

Isotta Fraschini
Motors Co., 2 W. 57th St.

1677 Broadway, New York.
Newark, 71 Central Avenue
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2 or 3 Pass. Roadster, 4 cyl., 25 h. p., $825
2 or 3 Pass. Roadster, 4 cyl., 30 h. p., $935
4 Passenger, 8 cylinder, 35 h. p., $1,285

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WE are the largest manufacturers of Velveteens and Corduroys in the United States—all colors, grades and prices. Order NOW and you will have them when you want them at a price that a little later will be very low. Come and see them.

Crompton - Richmond Co., Inc.
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OUR SPRING LINE FOR 1918 OF CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES IS NOW READY
ROSENGARTEN & KELLNER, 20 West 20th St.

FLAGS Bargain prices, 12x18 inches, on staff, gilt spear, best quality, $7 per gross; also 4x6 ft., cotton bunting, $14.00 per dozen. Immediate delivery. U. S. Flag Co., 130 West 17th St. Tel. Chelsea 608.

WASH DRESSES
2,000 Wash Dresses to Close Out.
Alvin Waist & Dress Co., 132 W. 22nd St.

NAVY TAFFETA DRESSES
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ROBBINS BROTHERS
Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums.
12 West 23d Street, New York.

WASH SKIRTS of every description to close out at a price. Our new Fall line on display now. WIENER BROS., 14-16 West 17th Street.

Sport & Silk Dresses—Popular Price
Booth, Bregman & Sumberg, 129 W. 27th St.

WE ARE OFFERING SPRING SUITS AND COATS TO CLOSE OUT.
Simon Ginsburg & Bro., 16-18 W. 22d St.

5000 PLUSH COATS
Now Ready—See Values
Rothstein & Nelson, 129 W. 28th St.

Women's Bath Robes, $24.00 dozen up.
AB. & A. FRANKLIN,
151 West 26th Street.

OUR NEW FALL LINE.
COATS AND SUITS NOW READY.
Joseph Schwartz, 132 W. 25th St.

COATS, SUITS, IMMEDIATE DELIVERY M. B. KAUFMAN, 6 W. 32d

Silk Dresses $6.75 $15.00 Annetta Waist & Dress Co. 109-111 West 27th St.

WASH DRESSES $1.50 $5.00 ROSEBUD MFG. CO. 37-43 W. 26th St.

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Merchandise guaranteed as represented or returnable within ten days.
Regular Weekly Sales Days
Every Tuesday and Friday
General Merchandise.
Wearing Apparel for Ladies, Misses & Children,
Every Wednesday
Clothing for Men, Youths & Children.
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All Qualities—Rock Bottom Prices.
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Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.,
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Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way,
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries,
546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise. 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4299.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RAPHAEL BLAUFARB & HERMAN BIEBER, individually and as copartners trading as BLAUFARB & BIEBER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, July 2, 1917, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 198-200 Stanton St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Trousers, Overcoats, Safe, Desk, Fixtures, etc.
ISAAC F. COHEN, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned until Monday, July 9, at the same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL J. ZIMBLER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, July 2, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 171 Stanton St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the right, title, and interest of Isaac F. Cohen, as receiver in and to the following merchandise: Men's and Boys' Clothing, Suits, Trousers, Overcoats, Safe, Desk, Fixtures, &c.
ISAAC F. COHEN, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned until Monday, July 9, at the same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of JOSEPH TOCH, alleged bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, July 9, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,020 Amsterdam Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' furnishings, hosiery, underwear, dresses, dry goods, fixtures, etc.
MORTIMER S. BROWN, Receiver.
LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of CONTINENTAL PUBLIC WORKS CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, July 2, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2 Rector St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Office Furniture, Cabinets, Desks, Safe, Typewriter, etc.
JOSEPH A. FLYNN, Receiver.
ROSENBERG & BALL, Attorneys for Receiver, 74 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALFRED M. WOOLEY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, July 6th, 1917, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 66 West 36th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, groceries, cigars, cigarettes, bar fixtures, tables, and general line of hotel furniture and fixtures.
HOWARD WOOLEY, Receiver.

PLEA TO ECONOMIZE STEEL DURING WAR

Chamber of Commerce Would Confine Its General Use to Essentials.

NEEDED BY GOVERNMENT

Lumber and Concrete Are Advocated as Substitutes in Private Construction Work.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Backed by a declaration that war demands for steel will increase, and that the utmost supply which the United States can produce will be below the requirements, an urgent plea is made that steel be used for general business purposes only when the requirement is unavoidable. Lumber and concrete are strongly advocated instead, and there is an intimation that unless a substitute for steel is found some manufacturers may be obliged to curtail or even suspend operations during the conflict.

This message goes to business men in the second of a series of war bulletins sent out by a committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States cooperating with the Council of National Defense.

"It should be anticipated that the steel situation which is developing with rapidity," Waddill Catchings of New York, Chairman of the committee which issues the bulletin, says, "will probably make it impossible for general manufacturers, unable to find a steel substitute, to secure adequate supplies of steel and may even make it impossible to secure any. No substantial increase in production is anticipated. Even maximum production from existing facilities cannot be expected because transportation, labor, and material conditions will interfere with the full operation of plants. On the other hand, indications are that the war requirements will continue to increase.

"The Council of National Defense wishes to hear from producers of iron and steel whenever output is limited through transportation difficulties or business conditions. Furthermore, pending the establishment of some method of distributing steel output according to war needs, producers of steel may render real service by assisting those producing war work to secure their steel requirements. Not only will this help win the war, but it will tend toward less disturbance in business when steel supplies are shut off from industries engaged in unessential production."

The bulletin says that the supplies of lumber and concrete are ample.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 25	2.10	2.08	1.85	1.82½
June 26	2.10	2.09	1.87	1.83½
June 27	2.08	2.01	1.84	1.78
June 28	2.01½	1.99	1.82	1.80
June 29	2.02½	2.00	1.82	1.80
June 30	2.02	2.00	1.82	1.80⅛
Week's range	2.10	1.99	1.87	1.78

CORN.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.
June 25	1.57¾	1.54⅛	1.48⅞	1.45¾	1.11⅝	1.09¼
June 26	1.57	1.54⅛	1.48	1.45	1.10	1.06¾
June 27	1.56¾	1.54	1.47⅛	1.44¼	1.09⅝	1.06¼
June 28	1.57¼	1.55½	1.49¼	1.46	1.09¾	1.07¾
June 29	1.57	1.56⅛	1.47¾	1.45⅝	1.09⅛	1.07½
June 30	1.58½	1.56¾	1.47¾	1.45½	1.09⅛	1.06
W'k's re.	1.58½	1.54	1.49¼	1.44¼	1.11⅝	1.06

OATS.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.
June 25	63⅛	62⅜	53¼	52⅝	55	54¼
June 26	63	62¼	53	52½	54⅝	54¼
June 27	63¾	62¼	53⅜	52⅝	55	54¼
June 28	64⅞	63½	55	53	57	54⅞
June 29	65	64¼	55	54⅛	57	56⅛
June 30	65¾	64¼	55¼	54	57⅛	55⅝
Week's range	65¾	62¼	55¼	52⅝	57⅛	54¼

Provisions.

LARD.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 25	$21.62	$21.50	$21.87	$21.70
June 26	21.40	21.10	21.70	21.30
June 27	21.35	21.12	21.57	21.30
June 28	21.27	21.15	21.52	21.40
June 29	21.17	21.05	21.45	21.27
June 30	21.00	20.70	21.25	20.97
Week's range	21.62	20.70	21.87	20.97

RIBS.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 25	$21.85	$21.75	$21.95	$21.72
June 26	21.70	21.40	21.85	21.55
June 27	..	..	21.77	21.47
June 28	21.62	21.55	21.75	21.65
June 29	21.42	21.35	21.65	21.50
June 30	21.37	21.10	21.47	21.22
Week's range	21.85	21.10	21.95	21.22

PORK.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
June 25	$39.75	$39.75	$40.65	$39.95
June 26	..	..	39.50	39.00
June 27	..	..	39.65	39.30
June 28	..	..	39.62	39.40
June 29	39.20	39.05	39.37	39.27
June 30	39.15	39.00	39.20	38.90
Week's range	39.75	39.00	40.05	38.90

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	July. High.	July. Low.	Aug. High.	Aug. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
June 25	26.60	25.94	26.51	26.86	26.50	25.82
June 26	26.91	25.85	26.15	26.15	26.70	25.90
June 27	27.28	26.80	27.02	27.02	27.00	26.55
June 28	27.11	26.58	27.10	26.60	26.85	26.15
June 29	26.95	26.55	26.82	26.70	26.65	26.16
June 30	26.90	26.66	26.88	26.88	26.55	26.27
W'k's re.	27.28	25.85	27.10	26.15	27.00	25.82

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.
June 25	26.60	25.96	26.67	26.03	26.90	26.20
June 26	26.83	26.12	26.88	26.19	27.00	26.37
June 27	27.14	26.65	27.18	26.75	27.37	27.00
June 28	27.00	26.30	26.99	26.35	27.19	26.65
June 29	26.75	26.30	26.84	26.86	26.91	26.66
June 30	26.70	26.39	26.77	26.57	26.93	26.74
W'k's re.	27.14	25.96	27.18	26.03	27.37	26.20

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,732.—In Bankruptcy.—SY A. HORWITT, INC., Bankrupt.
Sy A. Horwitt, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 25th, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on July 12th, 1917, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23635.
Notice is hereby given that GUSTAVE BECKER and MAX BECKER, individually and as co-partners, trading as BECKER BROTHERS, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,403.—In Bankruptcy.—GERTRUDE L. MOORE, Bankrupt.
Gertrude L. Moore was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 8, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 10, 1917, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,525.—In Bankruptcy.—A. J. CRAWFORD CO., INC., Bankrupt.
A. J. Crawford Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 22, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 12, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 24,737. In Bankruptcy.—JOHN V. D. CORNELL, Bankrupt.
John V. D. Cornell was duly adjudicated bankrupt on June 27, 1917. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on July 11, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24563.
Notice is hereby given that HYMAN GOLDSTEIN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 1st, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

BROADCLOTH.—Open to buy broadcloths for cash. Farragut 2347.

CHEVIOTS.—Lymansville pebble cheviot, all shades. Supreme Girls' Coat Co. Gramercy 4241.

CLOAKS.—Presto Cloak & Suit Co., 12 West 31st St., will look at cloaks and suits all week.

CLOTH.—Will buy 30-inch melton, navy, brown, or Oxford; submit swatches and prices. Box H 37 Times.

COATS, Suits.—Prominent jobber looking at Fall samples. Fourth floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS.—Jobber looking at Fall Coats and suits. 8th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS.—Open to place orders on children's and juniors' coats. P. M. & S., 119 W. 23d.

CORDUROY.—Narrow wale, all shades; must be cheap. Telephone 3989 Spring.

COTTON PANTING.—Wanted, large quantities of cotton panting and cottonades. Reply H. W., care of The G. M. E., 11 West 19th St.

COTTON GOODS.—We buy jobs of all grades of cotton goods; cash; send samples. Box T 368 Times Downtown.

COTTON, crepe, plisse, fancy figures, light colors; any quantities for cash. T 358 Times Downtown.

CREPE DE CHINES and Georgettes; also black and navy taffeta. Columbia Ladies' Waist, 149 Spring St. Phone Spring 5890.

DRESSES.—California ready-to-wear shop is open for silk and wash dresses, evening gowns, suits, cotton blouses, silk blouses, silk underwear, sweaters of the better grade; must be good styles and exceptional values. Give details for interview to H 75 Times.

DRESSES, SKIRTS.—Contractors wanted on silk dresses and skirts. Lauretta Skirt Co., 456 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 6945.

DRESSES.—Jobber of misses' dresses will look at Fall silk dresses Monday. 31 West 31st St., sixth loft.

GEORGETTE.—Open for quantity Georgette, $1.12½; good quality. Elise Waist, 121 West 17th.

GINGHAM TREFFENS wanted. Telephone 1268 Franklin.

OVERCOATINGS, Mackinaws, Serges.—Spot cash. Max Well, 404 4th Av. Madison Square 4620.

POM-POM.—Will buy Pekin and all shades. Farragut 554.

POM POM.—American, all colors. Farr. 3885.

POPLIN.—Open for lightweight P. P. L. or 767 in black. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th St.

POPLINS and men's wear serges; open to buy any quantity for cash. H 34 Times.

POPLINS.—Navy poplin, American 90610. Will pay cash. Chelsea 8249.

POPLINS.—Open to buy any quantity for spot cash. Chelsea 2656.

RIBBONS.—Newark & Danziger will purchase large quantities dotted silk ribbons from $1.25; submit samples. 34 34th St., Bush Terminal Building No. 6, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SERGE.—Wanted 10 pieces Whitman's No. 5 cream serge, Juilliard 4800, all shades; Juilliard 4058, all shades; Botany, 48-inch serge; Botany, 48-inch gabardines. Reply H. W., care of The G. M. E., 11 West 19th St.

SERGES.—104 Whitmans and 528,519 Garfield. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th.

SHANTUNG.—Will buy any quantity at low prices. Address T 369 Times Downtown.

SILKS.—Stripes, plaids, black, navy taffeta, any quantity, at a price for cash. Room 1106, 44 East 23d.

SILKS.—Open for large quantities Jap silks, any width or weight. Address T 253 Times Downtown.

SUITS.—Bailey Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. Moscovics open for linen suits. Ben F. Levis, resident buyer, 72 Madison Av.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at suits Monday and Tuesday. Call with samples, 11 West 32d St., first floor.

SUITS AND COATS.—Jobber looking at samples of suits and coats. 9th floor, 29 West 30th St.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders on suits from $6.75 to $8.50. 1st floor, 15 West 26th St.

SUITS.—Exclusive jobber placing orders on high-priced suits. Rubin, 50 West 17th.

TAFFETA.—Open for navy taffeta at a price; also Juilliards, 42-inch, gray. Vigro, Simon, 44 East 32d St.

TRUNKS.—Open to buy wardrobe sample trunks for suit samples. Adams-Berlin & Co., 1,133 Broadway.

VELOUR, heavyweight, American or similar, spot cash. Stuyvesant 2496.

VELOURS.—Open for heavyweight velours and poplins for cash. Farragut 622.

WAISTS. — Kaufman's Underselling Store, Harrisburg, Pa. Mr. Gutman open for jobs in silk and cotton waists, also house dresses. Ben F. Levis, resident buyer, 72 Madison Av.

WAISTS, Organdies, cheap white dresses, poplin skirts. Jobber, 1,265 Broadway, Room 716.

WAISTS.—Jobber $6.75 to $13.50; cottons; quote prices; also silks. X 373 Times Annex.

WASH GOODS.—Will buy for cash unlimited quantity cotton piece goods, white or colored; will take garment manufacturers' surplus stock; submit samples and quotations. Box E 450 Times Annex.

WOOLENS wanted for cash, American 13045 and Pom-Poms; also Hug-Flagiers melton, all shades; also Nyles light-weight velour. Tel. Madison Sq. 6635.

ZIBELINES.—Open to buy low-price goods, all colors. Tel. Greeley 6172.

Offerings to Buyers

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 at $2.10 net, F. W. Thompson's burella 273 at $1.75 net. Farragut 9728.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany, 54 inch; also kerseys, plushes and serges. Farragut 9812.

BURELLA.—Bochman's, seven shades, $1.85 net. 48 West 22d St., 5th floor. Tel. 2795 Gramercy.

COATS.—Twenty ladies' plush coats, average about $18 each: slightly damaged; will take $7 each. 11 Waverley Place, Room 28. 4842 Spring.

COATS, Suits.—Silks and cloths; closing out; sacrifice. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

CORDUROY.—Wide wale, all colors. Victoria, 40 West 27th St.

COTTON Piece Goods. — 50 pieces to sell cheap. Call Farragut 9439.

CREPE DE CHINE, Georgettes, colors, black velvet ribbon at price. Farragut 3647.

DRESSES, Suits. — We have in stock for immediate delivery navy taffeta dresses in jersey silk and pongee sport suits, $7.50 up. Tip-Top Dress, 134 West 37th.

DRESSES.—Navy, taffeta and crepes; extra assortment of large sizes; special prices on quantity; lot $6.75 up; immediate delivery. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—150 wash, 50 military, 50 taffeta, including stouts, to clear before Fourth; closed rest of week. Primo, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES. — Silk, gingham, white, fancy voiles; immediate delivery. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Shantung, job, to close out. Theo. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway, sixth floor.

DRESSES.—200 dozen ladies' and children's dresses to close out. A. Reder, 38 Walker St.

DRESSES.—Navy taffetas for immediate delivery, $6.75 up. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Job of navy taffeta and serge dresses. 130 West 26th St., 6th floor.

FLAGS.—American, Belgian, Italian, Russian, English, French, Japanese, &c., all sizes, cotton and wool bunting. Garibaldi Flag Co., 465 Pearl St. Telephone Worth 8779.

FRENCH LINENS and cotton piece goods, close out. Farragut 3647.

GEORGETTE CREPE. — 300 pieces very heavy, or any part, in white; regular $1.25, for $1 net. Chelsea Silk Works, 303 5th Av. Phone Madison Square 8497.

GEORGETTE, wash satin, duchess; colors; immediate delivery. Marks-Senner, 9380 Madison Square.

HOSIERY.—Men's, ladies', children's; substantial quantities; bought for Russian export; unable to ship; particularly interesting to exporters and buyers medium-priced goods. Motor Car Spring Company, 243 West 17th St.

HOSPITAL UNIFORMS and operating gowns; closing out. M. Abramson, 15 West 26th.

JERSEY CLOTH WOOL in all shades; immediate delivery. Mad. Sq. 5000, Extension 41.

KERAMI.—Have two pieces Sidney Blumenthal's Kerami for sale. Farragut 2347.

SATEENS. — Large quantity, fine quality, flowered sateens, suitable for petticoats, kimonos, and coat linings; samples mailed on request. Elias Ostroff, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SERGE.—Garfield 519; Whitmans 104, 87; Botany 11433; Saxonia, Poplins, Heavyweight Velours; Andrews 1464. Levensohn & Satz, Mad. Sq. 1265.

SERGES.—Botany, 780 and 11433 Juilliard, 54221 and 54249 Pacific W. F. X., all colors. Esco Woolen Co., 18 West 21st. Chelsea 1456.

SERGES.—Gera French serge, navy and black; quality like Juilliards 54221. Chelsea 5822.

SKIRTS. — 350 discarded samples, all wool poplin, all wool serges, mixtures at $1.50 each. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 5359.

SKIRTS.—Fancy silks and taffetas, to close, $2.75 up. Nivil, 151 West 36th.

SUITS.—Job 50 Spring suits; good assortment. S. R. Kahn, 1,123 Broadway.

TAFFETAS, Crepes, and Georgettes. — All shades, for immediate delivery. Commercial Silk Co., 44 East 28d St. Gramercy 1283.

TAFFETAS.—Navy and green; good quality; for sale. Farragut 257.

VOILES.—Sport designs on voiles, skirtings and linen finished suitings in large quantities to close very cheap. D 404 Times Annex.

Offerings to Buyers

WASH SKIRTS, white and stripes; close out at $5.50 a dozen. Jacob Hyman & Co., 137 West 25th.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 doz. fancy and white, to close; $5.50 doz. up. Queen, 149 West 36th.

WOOLEN CLOTH.—Twelve pieces; some 30-ounce all wool; will sell 60c on the dollar. 11 Waverley Place, Room 28. 4842 Spring.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

BALTIMORE—M. Witz & Co.; M. Witz, cotton piece goods; Breslin.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; J. A. Keogh, Palm Beach suits; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; W. E. Skillings, millinery; Mr. Hann, jewelry, leather goods, dolls, toys, books; Mr. McNamee, representing; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Standard Neckwear Co.; O. Weinstein, neckwear; 1,270 Broadway; Aberdeen.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Goodall Brown Goods Co.; J. R. Sellers, furnishings goods, notions; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—T. Ascher Co.; J. L. Strauss, hats; 320 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; Miss Ball, ribbons; 404 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mrs. Moscovics, linen suits; 72 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—Freedman Bros. Clothing Co.; M. B. Freedman, piece goods; Wallick.
EASTON, Penn.—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, fancies; 621 B'way.
FINDLAY, O.—C. D. Levy, jobs, silks, cotton waists; 72 Madison Av.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. E. Gutman, jobs, silk, cotton waists, house dresses; 72 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—Brodin Millinery Co.; Miss T. Brodin, millinery; Breslin.
LOS ANGELES—Cohn, Goldwater & Co.; M. Cohn, furnishing goods; 396 Broadway.
MILWAUKEE—Blumenfeld-Locher Co.; T. Seelig, hats; 640 Broadway.
NEW ORLEANS—Chas. A. Kaufman Co.; C. A. Kaufman, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,140 Broadway; Hermitage.
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; J. W. Bussey, wash goods; 404 4th Av.; Continental.
PHILADELPHIA—Ross Millinery Co.; Harry Gross, women's hats; 621 B'way.
PHOENIX, Ariz.—S. Karrick; C. Karrick, dry goods; 116 W. 32d.
RICHMOND, Va.—Cohen Co.; J. B. Cohen, coats, suits, waists; 1,150 Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—W. N. Moore D. G. Co.; M. O'Shaughnessy, hosiery, underwear, and men's gloves; 72 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros.; Miss L. Gersbacher, jewelry, notions, house dresses; 50 Union Square.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Rice Stix Dry Goods Co.; E. R. Ganz, Fall suits and dresses; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; E. R. Ganz, Fall suits and dresses; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss S. Allen, juniors', misses' wear; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; T. A. Hennigen, waists, muslin underwear, children's wear; 377 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Co.; E. S. Levis, flowers, feathers; 303 5th Av.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; L. W. Wolterstorf, white goods, shirtwaists, ready-to-wear, carpets, and rugs; 350 B'way.
TOLEDO, Ohio—W. L. Milner & Co.; E. A. Bessire, woolen dress goods, linings, silks, wash goods; 116 W. 32d.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; E. W. Koch, dry goods; 1,170 Broadway.
TRENTON, N. J.—Ross Millinery Co.; Henry Gross, millinery; 621 B'way.
VANCOUVER, B. C.—David Spencer, Ltd.; jobs wash dresses; 31 Union Square.
WALLACE, N. C.—Horwitz Shop; Mr. L. Hirsch, linen and Palm Beach and mohair coats; 8 West 19th St.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Forecast:

N. Car. and S. Car.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; moderate s. winds.

Ga.—Fair Mon. and Tues., except occasionally thunder showers in extreme s.; gentle to moderate s. e. to s. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; gentle to moderate s. e. to s. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; cooler Mon. in w.

Ind.—Fair Mon.; cooler in extreme s. Tues.; fair; gentle to moderate n. w. winds, becoming variable Tues.

Lower Mich. — Fair Mon., preceded by showers in extreme n.; cooler in e. Tues. fair; moderate w. winds, becoming variable Tues.

Ohio—Fair Mon., cooler in extreme n. Tues. fair, moderate w. and n. w. winds.

La., Ark., and Okla.—Fair Mon. and Tues. E. Tex.—Fair Mon. Tues. unsettled.

Ill.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; cooler Mon. near Lake Michigan.

Mo.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.

Wis.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; cooler near Lake Michigan Tues.

Minn.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer in n. Mon.

Iowa—Fair Mon. Tues. probably unsettled. S. Dak.—Fair Mon.; warmer in w. Tues. cloudy, probably becoming unsettled by night.

Neb.—Fair Mon.; warmer in extreme w. Tues. unsettled.

Kan.—Cloudy Mon. and Tues.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

SCHUYLER, CHADWICK & BURNHAM.

Whereas, the firm of Schuyler, Chadwick & Burnham, a limited co-partnership, consisting of Sidney S. Schuyler, John R. Chadwick and Charles L. Burnham, as general partners, and David Oakes, as special partner, has heretofore been carrying on business within the State of New York, and is about to dissolve and discontinue its said business; and

Whereas, all of the members of said firm are about to form a new limited co-partnership, and have consented that the new co-partnership may use the said firm name of Schuyler, Chadwick & Burnham;

Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, do hereby certify as follows:

First: The name of the firm under which the said co-partnership is to be conducted is Schuyler, Chadwick & Burnham, and the county wherein the principal place of business is to be located is the County of New York, State of New York.

Second: The general nature of the business intended to be transacted by said co-partnership is that of brokers and commission merchants, and dealers in stocks, bonds, notes, foreign and domestic exchange and other securities, gold and silver, and in breadstuffs, produce, grain, provisions, cotton, coal and petroleum.

Third: The names of the general and special partners interested in said partnership and business are the said Sidney S. Schuyler, residing at No. 792 Belvidere Avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey, and John R. Chadwick, residing in the Town of Great Neck, Long Island, New York; Walter B. Tuthill, residing in the Town of Quogue, Long Island, New York; Hugh H. Caterson, residing at No. 716 East 230th Street, in the City, County and State of New York; Charles J. Raleigh, residing at No. 316 President Street, in the Borough of Brooklyn, County of Kings, State of New York, as general partners, and the said David Oakes, residing at No. 240 Belleville Avenue, in the Town of Bloomfield, State of New Jersey, and the said Charles L. Burnham, residing at No. 200 West 58th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, as special partners. That the above named general and special partners are all of full age.

Fourth: The amount of capital which the said David Oakes, one of the special partners, has contributed to the common stock of said co-partnership is One hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars.

Fifth: The amount of capital which the said Charles L. Burnham, the other of said special partners, has contributed to the common stock of said co-partnership is Fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars.

Sixth: The time at which said partnership is to begin is the fourth day of June, 1917, and the time at which said partnership is to end is the fourth day of June, 1922.

Dated, June 2d, 1917.

SIDNEY S. SCHUYLER,
JOHN R. CHADWICK,
WALTER B. TUTHILL,
HUGH H. CATERSON,
CHARLES J. RALEIGH,
DAVID OAKES,
CHARLES L. BURNHAM.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW York, ss.:

On this 2d day of June, One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, before me personally appeared Sidney S. Schuyler, John R. Chadwick, Walter B. Tuthill, Hugh H. Caterson, Charles J. Raleigh, David Oakes, and Charles L. Burnham, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they duly severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

J. VAN DEVANTER CRISP,
Notary Public,
N. Y. County, No. 211.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW York, ss.:

Sidney S. Schuyler, being duly sworn, deposes and says: I am one of the general partners named in the foregoing certificate. The sum of One hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars specified in the said certificate to have been contributed to the common stock of said partnership by David Oakes, one of the special partners, has been actually, and in good faith, paid in cash, and the sum of Fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars specified in said certificate to have been contributed to the common stock of said partnership by Charles L. Burnham, one of the special partners, has been actually, and in good faith, paid in cash.
SIDNEY S. SCHUYLER.

Sworn to before me this 2d day of June, 1917.

J. VAN DEVANTER CRISP,
Notary Public,
N. Y. County, No. 211.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,504.

Notice is given that GEORGE C. BRUNELLE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on August 1, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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Berkshire Hills
Where cool comfort, carefree life, invigorating air and delightful vacation pleasures await you.
Rest, Recreation and Beautiful Scenery
A wonderful Mountain and Lake playground; quickly, easily and conveniently reached by week-ender or summer sojourner.
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NEW YORK.

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ROSCOE, N. Y.
Altitude 3,000 feet; tennis, bowling, billiards, clock golf; electric lights, steam heat; excellent cuisine and service; State Road Route No. 4. June-October booklet. Terms, references on application.

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Boating Bathing Fishing | Ideal Family Summer Resort.
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Excursion and outings booked direct to the Park by way of
CENTRAL HUDSON STEAMBOAT CO.
and other River Steamers.
Write for descriptive booklet.
Orange Lake Publicity Bureau,
8 Fourth Av., Room 32, B'klyn, N. Y.
Tel. 2751 Main.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
12th season. Capacity 200; 130 acres of real country; 45 minutes from 42d St., 10 minutes from station; many rooms with private baths and sleeping porches; tennis, swimming pool, and bath house; orchestra. Special rates over the 4th. Rates $11 and up. Phone 1165 White Plains. Booklet.

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Now open for the season. For reservations write or phone J. K. Morris, Sag Harbor. Phone 18.

NEW JERSEY.

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Asbury's Best Small Hotel.
S. B. Driggs, Mgr.
ASBURY PARK, N. J.

THE METROPOLITAN
Asbury Park.
A new, modern hotel, of concrete construction NOW OPEN.
Centrally located. Luxurious suites. Private baths. Running water in all rooms. Music. Accommodates 200. O. & M. J. NORWOOD.

THE WARREN
ON THE OCEAN
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
A house that's "different" in its fine appointments, unusual and artistic decorations, homelike atmosphere and service. Surrounded by green lawns and gardens, at the edge of the sea. W. B. Stubbs, Prop., N. Y. Office Norece Hall. Tel. 7140 Schuyler.

HOTEL COLONIAL North Asbury Park, facing ocean and Deal Lake; refined clientele; suites with bath. F. D. DUDLEY.

HOTEL PALMER Lakewood, N. J. Open all year. $2.50 day, $14.00 week up, American Plan.

CAMP with excellent board, $8.50-$10 week. New idea. Illustrated booklet. Camp Village. Lake Hopatcong, N. J. P. O. Box 218.

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BERGHOLM Mountains; water; sports; fine table, milk, and rest.

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ATLANTIC CITY
RIGHT ON THE BEACH
ALWAYS OPEN

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AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
Virginia Av. and the Boardwalk.
Capacity, 600. Every appointment, including hot and cold sea water baths. White service throughout. ORCHESTRA. INDOOR ICE SKATING.

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$3 up daily. $15 up weekly. Capacity 600. Notable table. White service. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

THE LORAINE St. Charles Place and Beach. Private fresh and sea water baths; running water in rooms; elevator; superior table; special early season rates. Coach at trains. A. E. WAGNER, Prop. W. R. LAYTON, Mgr.

THE WILTSHIRE VIRGINIA AVE AND BEACH. Ocean View. Capacity 300. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Music. $3.00 up daily, special weekly. Amer. plan. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.
To Whom It May Concern:
United States of America, Southern District of New York, ss.:

Notice is given that CORNELL STEAMBOAT COMPANY, owner of the steamtugs W. N. Bavier and G. W. Decker, has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss or injury resulting from the accident to the tow of the said tugs on January 3, 1917, stipulated value of vessel and freight, $34,213. All persons claiming damages because of such loss or injury must prove their claim before Max Rockmore, Esq., commissioner, at Room 349, Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before August 15, 1917, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
May 9, 1917. U. S. Marshal.
KIRLIN, WOOLSEY & HICKOX, Proctors for Petitioner, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

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Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY
OFFERS HER VISITORS SECURITY in their
HEALTH—A germicide sea-island climate. No dust-splendid water-perfect sanitation.
WEALTH—Hotel Rates the same as three years ago.
HAPPINESS—Escape from high cost of living and scarcity of help. A shoal bathing beach-water less than 30 ft. deep 5 miles out.
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JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

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ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST AND FINEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
On the ocean front. A house of charming features with a capacity for 1,200 guests. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Private dressing-rooms in hotel for surf bathers.
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Terrace Restaurant and Roof Garden overlooking the sea; French Service. Orchestra.

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Surf-bathing · Tennis · Swimming-pool
Orchestra · Dancing
CAPACITY 600 S. Hamilton, Prop.

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CHALFONTE
HOSPITABLE — HOMELIKE
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Under management of Misses Gillan and Edwards, formerly of The Hall, Glen Cove, and Forest Hills Inn, Forest Hills, L. I., 45 minutes from Grand Central Station; tennis. Private garage.
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Now Open. Elevation 1,400 feet.
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FACES ALL THE YACHTING
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Large house, with annex; spacious rooms, porches; quiet, shady street; especially adapted to Summer guests; near car line; motor parties accommodated; automobile service.
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In one of my comfortable cabins in wilds of Pike County? Rockbound Camp, Glen Eyre, Penn.

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Delightful one-day auto trip. Special auto map. C. E. Peters, Bushkill, Pa.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.
White House four blocks; 431 rooms; absolutely new; finest cuisine; room and private bath, $2.50; American plan, $5.00; special monthly rate; two to six rooms, bath, kitchen, furn., china, silver; week or month.

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Get away to happiness—away to the nerve-resting, pine-scented, sleep-giving air of the Muskoka Lakes. There you will find this Hotel the cheery rooms, good food, golf, tennis, everything, that makes life worth while. Passport not required. No head tax. Royal Muskoka, P. O., Lake Rosseau, Ont.
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Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, Franklin St., 4; W. 129th St., 4:30 P. M. Newburgh and intermediate landings, Franklin St. 5; W. 129th St., 5:30 P. M. Phone 4675 Franklin.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

Inland Salt Water Routes—Through Long Island Sound
To Boston
Fall River Line
Leave Pier 14, North River, foot Fulton Street, daily, 5:30 P. M.
Steamers Commonwealth and Priscilla
Afternoon and Evening Concerts
Providence Line
Leave Pier 14, North River, daily, except Sunday, 6 P. M.
Fall River Line Steamers Providence and Plymouth in Service
Afternoon and Evening Concerts
$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms Inside Staterooms Always Cool

NEW BEDFORD LINE
To New Bedford and Summer resorts on Buzzard's Bay, Cape Cod, Martha's Vineyard and Nantucket. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., 6:00 P. M., June 29, July 3, 6, 9, 11, 13. Then Daily except Sun.

BRIDGEPORT LINE
Lv. Pier 27, East River, w'kdays, 3:00 P. M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. East 22d St., w'kdays, 3:15 P. M., Sundays, 4:45 P. M.

NEW HAVEN LINE
To New Haven, Hartford, Springfield. Leave Pier 28, E. R., near Catharine St., weekdays, 2:00 P. M., Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., foot East 22d St., weekdays, 2:15 P. M., Sundays, 10:00 A. M.

NEW LONDON LINE
To New London and Norwich. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., w'kdays, 5:30 P.M., Pier 70, E.R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P.M.

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Take the Biggest Boats
JULY 4th
To Newburgh, great white fliers, "Trojan" or "Rensselaer," leaving Pier 32, North River, foot Canal Street, 9:30 A. M.; West 132d Street, 10 A. M.; returning due New York, 8:30 P. M. Round Trip, $1.00.
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Thru service via People's Line at 6 P. M. every night for Albany. Night express at 6 P. M. weekdays for Troy, 9 P. M. Sundays for Albany and Troy, and Sunday day boats at 9.30 A. M. for Albany.
SPECIAL WEEK-END TRIP
The justly popular Saturday night to Monday morning Lake George and return, $5.50.
Send for special folder No. 21.
Telephone Canal 9000
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HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
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SPECIAL SAILING
New York to Vigo, Coruna, Gijon, Santander and Bilbao (via Havana)
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All Service Daily Except Sunday.
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.

UP BOATS	A. M. Through Service.	A. M. Po'keepsie Service.	P. M. King'n Service.
Desbrosses St.	8:40	9:40	1:45
West 42d St.	9:00	10:00	2:00
West 129th St.	9:20	10:20	2:20
Yonkers	9:45	10:50	2:45
Bear Mountain	...	*12:30	*4:30
West Point	...	*1:00	*5:00
Cornwall	...	*1:25	5:25
Newburgh	*12:15	*1:45	5:45
Poughkeepsie	*1:10	*2:35	6:45
Kingston	2:10	...	7:45
Catskill	3:25	...	...
Hudson	3:40	...	...
Albany	6:10	...	...

*One-Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, West Point or Bear Mountain.
Special 4th of July Trips to Kingston Point and return on Strs. HENDRICK HUDSON and WASHINGTON IRVING.
For information telephone Canal 9300.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Leaves daily except Sunday (no trip up July 4th) ft. of Christopher St., 6; W. 129th St., 6:30 P. M., for Newburgh, Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie. Tickets interchangeable with those of Day Line. Tel. 1097 Spring.

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EXCURSIONS VIA New Jersey Central
Hard Coal Comfort No Smoke
Next Wednesday and Every Sunday and Holiday
Lake Hopatcong
$1.50 for adults. Children 5 to 12 75c.
Lv. W. 23d St., 8:50; Liberty St., 9 A. M. Jackson Av., Jersey City, 9:17 A.M. Broad St., Newark, 8:30 A.M.
Next Wednesday, July 4
Mauch Chunk
$2.00 for adults. Children 5 to 12 $1.00
Lv. W. 23d St., 8:20; Liberty St., 8:30 A.M. Jackson Av., Jersey City, 8:47 A.M. Broad St., Newark, 9:15 A.M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

July 4th Excursion To New Haven
Steamer Richard Peck
Lv. Pier 28, E. R., Catharine St., 9:30 A. M.
Lv. Pier 70, E. R., 22nd St., 10:00 A. M.
Due New Haven, 2:30 P. M.
Return, leave New Haven, 4:30 P. M.
Due N. Y., Pier 70, E. R., 9:00 P. M.
An Ideal Outing on Long Island Sound.
Music—Dining Room—Lunch Counter.
Tickets $1.50 Children 75 Cents
Tickets limited. On sale only at Piers on day of Excursion.
The New England Steamship Co.

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TO BOSTON $4.00
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
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NEW BEDFORD LINE. Str. lvs. Pier 40, N. R., June 29, July 3-6-9-11-13, at 6 P. M. Effective July 16th, daily except Sunday.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH) LINE. Str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., daily except Sunday, 5:30 P. M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22nd St., 6 P. M.

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BOSTON $3.05
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.00
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ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $3.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Phone Spring 9491.

4TH OF JULY OUTING
Sail the Hudson to Newburgh, Beacon, Poughkeepsie and return on the spacious
STR. "BENJ. B. ODELL"
MUSIC—RESTAURANT—LUNCH ROOM
Leave Franklin St. 9 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:30 A. M.
Same Outing Every Sunday.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

SIGHT SEEING YACHTS
AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND.
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Via Long Island Sound, Buzzards Bay and
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WHITE STAR LINE
Frequent Sailings
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Carrying Passengers, Cargo and United States Mail
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Direct Route to the Continent
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NEW YORK TO GLASGOW
For further information apply
Company's Office, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

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SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
Swedish Steamer "Saga"
(only neutral steamer for South America) sailing from New York July 10th.
MOORE & McCORMACK CO., INC., Managing Agents, 29 Broadway.
Frank Tourist Co., Gen'l Pass. Agts., 398 B'way. Phone Franklin 4530 N. Y.

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Tours to Canadian Pacific Rockies, Pacific Coast, and Alaska. Short Tours to Montreal, Quebec, and Maritime Provinces.
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For illustrated guide address John F. Pierce, Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Can.

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A DAY ON THE OCEAN, STR. "TAURUS" Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R., ONLY Bar, Restaurant, Bait, Tackle, etc., on board.
CONEY ISLAND
Special Schedule, MONDAY, JULY 2ND.
Lvs. W. 129 St. 9:30, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30. Pier 1, N. R. 10:15, 11:25, 12:25, 1:25, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 7, 8:20, 9:30. Coney Isl. 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET, 9:30 A. M.
" PIER 1, N. R., 10:15 A.M., 2:15 P.M.
" ROCKAWAY BEACH, 12:15, 5 P.M.
Telephone Rector 872.

Albany, Troy and the North.
PEOPLES LINE FOR ALBANY
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Lve. Pier 32, N. R., ft. Canal St., 6 P. M. daily, also 9:30 A. M. and 9 P. M. Sunday; West 132d St. half hour later. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 return. Tel. Canal 9000.
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

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Lv. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Broad 8973. To Sandy Hook and the Ocean 1:30 P. M. Trips to NAVY YARD; every [illegible] hour, 25c.

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A year ago 5% public utility bonds of the better grade were selling at substantial premiums. Today some of these same bonds are to be purchased at prices well below par. The present exceptionally low prices are due almost entirely to the natural readjustment of interest rates as a result of the war, and in no sense, in our judgment, to the impairment of the value of the underlying security.

Send for Special Letter No. 1597 describing three high-grade public utility issues to which we would direct your special attention at this time.

Spencer Trask & Co.
Investment Securities
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ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

City of
Toronto
5% Bonds
Principal and interest payable in gold in New York
Due 1st July, 1919

Toronto is the capital of the Province of Ontario and is one of the most important financial, commercial and educational centres on this continent.

To yield **5.50** per cent.
Send for Circular A-64

Wood, Gundy & Co.
14 Wall St., New York
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Municipal Bonds

We own and offer a comprehensive list of carefully selected municipal bonds exempt by law from the Federal Income Tax which we recommend for investment. We shall be pleased to send descriptive circulars to investors on request.

Send for General Circular 90

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
4½% Bonds
Due Feb. 1, 1937
Principal and Interest Payable in New York City
Eligible to secure Postal Savings deposits at 90%.
Price 100 & Interest

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STOCK
LADD & WOOD
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
7 Wall Street, New York

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

The stock market was without definite trend last week and closed very irregular. The rails were relatively strong in the early part of the week upon expectation of a favorable decision from the Interstate Commerce Commission on the rate increase application, and weak at the close on the announcement of the small measure of relief granted them. The steel and copper issues moved uncertainly under the influence of conflicting views as to the probable course of the Government in determining prices to be paid. The motor stocks were decidedly weak and suffered a good deal of liquidation. The bond market was dull and heavy, with most issues selling off as a result of the shifting of investments by wealthy holders from taxable to tax exempt classes. Public interest in the market is still relatively small. For several weeks past banks have used moral suasion to discourage undue speculation, and there have been so many disturbing elements underlying the fluctuations in prices that most traders have been disinclined to assume the risks entailed by the purchase of stocks. There were signs at the close of the week that some of these uncertainties are in a fair way of being removed and that others are losing their terror. The drop in call money in the latter part of the week served to crystallize a better feeling toward the industrials; which, after all, are the market nowadays. There is little reason for any one to buy railroad stocks except for a long pull, their speculative possibilities having been pretty well eradicated by the consistent refusal of the Interstate Commerce Commission to allow the carriers more than a living wage.

The decision in the 15 per cent. case handed down Friday evening brought about a sharp reaction in the rails and a temporary period of weakness in the industrials. Considering the fact that most people had accepted as a foregone conclusion the granting of substantially all of the increase asked for, the decline was surprisingly moderate. Explanation of that fact may be found in part in the unusually small amount of railroad stocks now carried in brokerage offices and in part in the kindly expressions concerning the railroads' welfare which the commission included in its decision. In banking circles it is felt that the commission has erred in scrutinizing so closely the ability of the average railroad—if there is such a thing as an average railroad—to continue solvent, and that the country would be better off had the roads been allowed a general increase, even though the more prosperous lines can continue to pay dividends at the old rates. The railroad situation must be looked at not as it was yesterday, or is today, but as it probably will be some months from now. There was a time when the United States was oversupplied with mileage and the carriers oversupplied with equipment. There were long stretches of tracks that carried hardly enough tonnage to keep them free from rust, and thousands of box cars that usually stood idle. For several years now, or since the completion of the St. Paul's Puget Sound extention, there has been no important addition to the country's mileage, and equipment buying has been reduced. When the United States entered the war it was found necessary to put a committee of executives in charge of operations in order to insure expeditious movement of Government supplies. For some months now there has been a large car shortage. Railroads in the East are beginning to take off passenger trains and Pullman cars in order to keep freight moving. If business continues in its present volume the insufficiency of rolling stock must become more marked, for the railroads do not enjoy credit that enables them to make the improvements that are called for if the transportation systems are to keep pace with the country's development. From the standpoint of expediency it is at least debatable if it would not have been cheaper to allow the carriers to increase their rates for the effect of such increase on their credit and then to spare shippers most of the advances asked. The only borrowing that the railroads are doing now is through the agency of short-term notes. New stock issues are things of the past.

It looks as though a solution of the much discussed excess profits tax problem is being arrived at along the logical lines. In framing this measure Congress must keep in mind the disastrous effect it would have if it should operate to contract industry. The Senate Finance Committee has agreed on a plan to tax profits not in excess of 15 per cent. of normal 12 per cent.; those above 15 per cent. and not greater than 25 per cent., 16 per cent., and so on up to a tax of 35 per cent. to be levied on profits in excess of 100 per cent. and not more than 150 per cent. The next step is to insure the payment of such prices for supplies as will insure the operation at capacity of coal and ore mines, steel mills, and other basic industries. If high prices are allowed the less profitable plants can be operated and the more successful companies will be reached through the excess profits levy. The world's necessities are so pressing that the United States cannot afford to make possible survival of only the fittest industries. The essential thing right now is to get out every pound of coal and every billet of steel possible. A parallel is being supplied in the efforts being made throughout the country to increase the supply of foodstuffs through the cultivation of hundreds of thousands of small patches of ground. Much of the work now being done along this line is uneconomical, especially where salaried men are engaged in working lawns and golf courses, but the crying need is more food, and this is being provided. The Administration officials are coming to realize that it is better to pay 25 cents for copper than to force acceptance of 20 cents and so close many plants. Wall Street has recovered from its fear that drastic reductions will be forced upon the producers of steel, and is not at all disturbed by the thought that if the Government pays high prices it must be allowed to collect heavy taxes upon the profits resulting.

The mid-year money stringency, intensified this season by the enormous payments required on account of the Liberty Loan, seems to have been successfully passed. After holding at 6 per cent. for two weeks, call money last week fell to 4½ and 4 per cent. The prompt use which the Federal Reserve Bank made of the new amendments increased the supply of reserve notes and resulted in a much easier tone in the money markets. Bankers do not look for any unusual difficulty in meeting future needs either for commercial or market account.

MARKET IN LONDON SLOW.

Cheered by Liberty Loan and Landing of American Troops.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 1.—Business in stocks was slow and disappointing last week. Sentiment has been fairly cheerful, influenced by the brilliant success of the Liberty Loan and the arrival of American troops in France, both of which events created a deep impression in financial circles. After the Premier's speech Friday and the remarkable figures of the munitions output, stated in Parliament on Thursday, public confidence in the complete triumph of the Allies is greater than ever.

The chief attention of those interested in the stock markets is still directed to the speculative securities, prominent among them being shipping, oil, and armament issues. The revival of interest in the brewery stocks is due to the Government's decision to increase barrelage and to the belief that there will be no extension of Government control or any further attempt to press the Government purchase scheme for some time to come.

Rubber shares, influenced by a sharp break in the price of the commodity, fell heavily, but closed more cheerfully, with bargain hunters about. In the railway markets Argentines alone displayed consistent strength, but the volume of dealings was very slender. Gilt-edged securities held steady all week. Dealings in B and C stocks created by the new war loan are now at an end, conversion in the Bank of England books taking place July 2.

Much interest has been aroused by the heavy fall in the gold stock of the Reichsbank, the first disclosed loss since the commencement of the war. The destination of this gold was Holland, and the movement follows urgings in the German press of the need to take steps to prevent further depreciation of German currency.

The money market has been active, but the half-yearly demands have been easily met, partly owing to disbursements by the Treasury, and interest rates continue at the customary quotation of 4¼ to 4½ per cent. Discounts show a slightly easier trend in consequence of the strong demand for September and December maturities, and also in anticipation that the few banks still asking 4½ per cent. for money will concede ¼ per cent. next week. It is considered that the monetary prospect is largely dependent on the course of events in America.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended June 30, 1917:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Monday	752,282	680,186	265,174
Tuesday	741,651	530,437	305,678
Wednesday	903,222	338,242	224,077
Thursday	737,356	561,642	253,579
Friday	637,388	440,948	336,601
Saturday	395,625	153,066	189,411
Total w'k.	4,167,524	2,704,521	1,574,515
Year to date	101,275,256	85,158,448	63,039,248

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Monday	$3,047,800	$2,754,000	$1,944,500
Tuesday	2,724,550	2,990,000	2,203,500
Wednesday	4,659,000	2,453,000	2,762,500
Thursday	2,420,500	2,562,000	2,610,500
Friday	2,798,650	3,082,000	2,871,000
Saturday	1,348,500	1,173,000	1,253,500
Total w'k.	$16,999,000	$15,014,000	$13,645,500
Year to date	508,937,850	542,885,950	401,935,700

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

STOCKS.

	June 30, '17.	July 1, '16.	Increase.
R. R. & mis.	4,167,524	2,704,521	1,463,003

BONDS.

	June 30, '17.	July 1, '16.	Increase.
R. R. & mis.	$6,191,500	$12,043,000	*$5,851,500
Government	10,754,500	2,833,500	7,921,000
State	2,000	2,000	......
City	51,000	135,500	*84,500
Total all	$16,999,000	$15,014,000	$1,985,000

*Decrease.

STORY OF A MINE.

The last chapter in the history of the Great Treadwell Mine will be given in The Annalist today. On all newsstands, 10 cents; $4.00 a year by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York. —Advt.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JUNE 30, 1917.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	4,167,524	101,275,256
Same period a year ago.	2,704,521	85,158,448

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	84.36	81.44	90.46	75.77
Same period a year ago.	86.48	83.56	91.83	80.91

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
200	ADAMS EXPRESS	110	110	110	..
300	Advance Rumely	15⅞	15⅜	15⅞	+1¼
100	Advance Rumely pf.	28¼	28¼	28¼	−1¼
100	Ajax Rubber	68½	68½	*68½	..
800	Alaska Gold Mines	5¾	5⅛	5⅜	..
1,000	Alaska Juneau	4¾	4½	4½	−¾
24,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	31⅝	28½	30½	+2½
1,300	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf.	86	85¼	85½	+1
1,100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	93	91⅝	91⅝	−⅞
5,800	Am. Beet Sugar	94½	92	93¼	−½
16,100	Am. Can	50½	47½	49½	−½
700	Am. Can pf.	105	104⅞	105	+1
72,900	Am. Car & Foundry	80⅝	76	78¼	+1¼
100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	116	116	116	−⅛
300	Am. Cotton Oil	38	37½	37½	..
4,950	Am. Hide & Leather	15⅝	13¾	14	−¾
1,300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	64¾	61½	61½	−1½
350	Am. Ice Securities	25	25	25	−⅞
2,800	Am. Linseed	24⅜	22⅝	24	−⅝
700	Am. Linseed pf.	61	59½	60¼	−½
20,800	Am. Locomotive	74¾	69½	71⅞	−2⅜
100	Am. Locomotive pf.	104¾	104¾	104¾	+¼
2,800	Am. Malting	12	9⅞	11¾	−½
9,587	Am. Malting 1st pf.	68⅛	60	65½	−⅛
29,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	109	105⅝	107	−1⅞
200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	114	113⅞	113⅞	+⅜
238	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A.	99¼	98¾	99¼	−⅝
100	Am. Snuff pf., new	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	−1⅜
8,650	Am. Steel Foundries	74	70	72½	..
9,600	Am. Sugar Refining	121¾	118¾	120⅞	−⅜
100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	118	118	118	−1½
21,000	Am. Sumatra Tob.	40	35	39⅞	+4⅛
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	98	98	98	+8
60	Am. Tel. & Cable	62	62	62	..
2,200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	123⅝	120¼	*120¼	−⅝
400	Do sub. rcts. 2d pf.	70½	70	70½	+3
800	Am. Tobacco pf., new	101⅞	101	101	−⅛
3,300	Am. Woolen	54⅛	52	52⅝	−1½
100	Am. Woolen pf.	98	98	98	+1½
1,700	Am. Writing P. pf.	42	40½	41	−1¾
3,000	Am. Zinc L. & S.	32¾	30	32¾	+2¼
200	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	62½	62	62	−½
41,000	Anaconda Copper	83¾	80¼	*80¼	−2¼
100	Assets Realization	2½	2⅜	2⅜	−⅛
9,700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	102⅜	100	100⅜	−⅝
715	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	98¾	95¼	*95¼	+1¼
100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	15½	15½	15½	+½
300	Atlantic Coast Line	110	108⅞	108⅞	−4⅝
7,100	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	114	104	*106½	+½
400	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	60¼	60	60	−½
129,100	BALDWIN LOCO.	74¾	69¼	73⅜	+⅝
16,000	Baltimore & Ohio	75¼	71	72¼	−1
303	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	70⅝	69⅝	70⅝	+⅞
400	Barrett Co.	112	111	111	−2
100	Barrett Co. pf.	106½	106½	*106½	−5½
300	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	+⅛
100	Bethlehem Steel	145½	145½	145½	−½
167,300	Do Class B tem. cfs	144	137½	141¼	−1½
200	Do preferred	120	120	120	..
160	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	60	60	60	+⅛
300	Brown Shoe	71½	71½	71½	..
5,400	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec	14⅝	11⅛	11⅛	−3
600	Burns Brothers	101½	100	100	−1⅛
1,500	Butte & Superior	42	40½	40¾	−1¾
200	Butterick Co.	13	13	13	−1
1,500	CAL. PACKING	38½	38	38⅜	+⅜
1,200	Cal. Petroleum	20	19½	19½	−⅝
100	Cal. Petroleum pf.	51½	51	51¼	..
700	Calumet & Arizona	80½	80	80	−¼
4,900	Canadian Pacific	161½	158½	159⅝	−1⅝
71,100	Cent. Leather Co.	98½	93	95¼	−1¾
600	Cerro de Pasco	36½	35½	36	..
3,100	Chandler Motor	89	76	*79	−10
28,300	Ches. & Ohio	62⅞	59½	61	..
400	Chi. & Alton	16	15	16	.. ½
3,500	Chi. Gt. Western	12½	11⅛	11⅛	−⅝
1,100	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	35½	33	33	−1
12,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	78	71	73	−2½
1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	111¾	110½	110½	−¼
1,100	Chi. & Northwestern	111	110½	111	+1
59	Chi. & Northwest'n pf	150	150	150	..
12,600	Chi., R. I. & P. cfs. of dep., f. p.	69½	65½	67⅝	+2⅛
23,525	Chi., R. I. & P., w. i.	38½	35½	36¼	+1¼
11,800	Chi., R. I. & P. 7% pf., w. i.	79⅝	77¼	79	+2
7,025	Chi., R. I. & P. 6% pf., w. i.	71	68½	69⅝	+⅞
6,600	Chile Copper	22	21	21½	−¼
8,100	Chino Copper	57⅝	55¼	55½	−1⅜
400	Cluett, Peabody	67	65	65	−3½
8,450	Colorado Fuel & Iron	54½	51½	53¼	−¼
100	Colorado Southern	27	27	27	+1
100	Col. Southern 1st pf.	55	55	55	..
7,400	Columbia Gas & E.	42¼	39⅛	41⅝	+1¼
200	Consolidated Gas	108¼	108¼	108¼	−¼
3,700	Continental Can	103¼	99¼	103¼	+2¼
850	Continental Can pf.	112	112	112	+3½
217	Continental Insurance	54¼	54	54¼	+¾
30,500	Corn Products Ref.	33	31⅛	32½	−⅜
2,300	Corn Products R. pf.	106	105	106	+⅞
348,600	Crucible Steel	91¼	84½	90½	+5¾
400	Crucible Steel pf.	103	103	103	..
20,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	44¼	41¾	43	−⅝
1,775	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	90½	90	90½	+1
1,000	Cuban-Am. Sugar	191⅞	182	190	+6
100	DEERE & CO. pf.	99¼	99¼	99¼	−⅞
7,000	Del. & Hudson	116⅞	110½	112	−1¼
500	Del., Lack. & West'n.	210	210	210	..
100	Denver & Rio Grande	9	9	9	+2
700	Den. & Rio Grande pf	16⅜	15½	16	+¾
43	Detroit Edison Co.	127½	124	125¾	..
13,900	Distillers Securities	23¼	19⅜	22¼	−1⅝
8,300	Dome Mines	12¼	11	12	+⅜
100	Duluth, S. S. & At. pf.	9	9	9	..
1,700	ELK HORN COAL	37½	35½	36	−1
28,400	Erie	27⅞	24¼	25⅝	−⅝
7,000	Erie 1st pf.	40¼	38	38	−1
1,700	Erie 2d pf.	30⅜	29	29	−½
100	FED. MINING & S.	17	17	17	−1
300	Fed. Mining & S. pf.	45⅝	44⅞	45	..
500	Fisher Body	37	36¼	37	+2
300	GASTON, WM. & W.	33	32¾	33	+⅛
5	General Chemical	240	240	240	..
1,000	General Electric	162½	161	162	+1⅛
100	General Cigar pf.	98½	98¼	98¼	..
105,200	General M. temp. cfs.	121⅞	110⅝	118	−1
900	Gen. M. pf. temp. cfs.	89⅜	88½	89	−⅞
9,800	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	52	46	47	−4½
200	Goodrich pf.	105	104¼	104¼	−1⅜
100	Granby Consol.	86	86	86	..
4,200	Gt. Northern pf.	106½	106	106	−1¼
7,500	Gt. Nor. certs. for ore properties	33¼	31⅝	32¼	−⅜
2,300	Greene-Cananea Cop.	42⅝	40	40	−1⅞
1,000	Gulf States Steel	130	127	*128	−1
100	Gulf States S. 1st pf.	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	−⅞
1,600	HASK'L & BARKER	40	39	39	..
900	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	104	103	103⅛	+⅛
31,700	Inspiration Copper	64⅞	61⅜	62⅜	+1⅞
1,400	Interboro Con.	10	9⅞	10	+⅞
600	Interboro Con. pf.	57⅛	56⅝	57⅛	+1⅛
2,400	Inter. Agricultural	20⅞	18	19	−⅛
10,700	Inter. Agri. pf.	57½	52½	55½	+3¼
100	Inter. Harv. N. J.	112	112	112	−⅛
100	Inter. Harv. Corp.	70	70	70	+5
100	Inter. Harv. Corp. pf.	102	102	102	−⅜
9,900	Inter. Mer. Marine	28¼	26⅝	27¾	+½
25,100	Inter. Mer. M. pf.	84⅝	80⅞	82⅜	−⅜
18,400	Inter. Nickel	40⅜	38⅝	39¼	−1⅛
1,000	Inter. Paper	38	32½	34⅛	−1⅞
100	Inter. Paper pf., sta.	72	72	72	−3
4,400	KAN. CITY SOUTH'N	23⅛	21⅛	21⅛	−1
200	Kan. City Southern pf	55½	55½	55½	..
2,000	Kelly Springfield Tire	48⅝	44	45	−5
13,000	Kennecott Copper	45⅝	44¼	45	−⅜
100	Keokuk & Des Moines	4¾	4¾	4¾	−½
200	Kress (S. H.) Co. pf.	106	105¾	105¾	−¼
17,600	LACK. STEEL	98	93⅞	97	+⅛
300	Laclede Gas	97	95	95	−½
400	Lake Erie & West'n.	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	+⅜
1,600	Lee Rubber & Tire	19	17¾	18	−½
1,900	Lehigh Valley	66½	62¼	*62¼	−1½
300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	17⅛	17	17	−1
400	Louis. & Nash.	128	126⅞	127¾	+2⅛
100	MACKAY COS.	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	−⅝
200	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	..
250	Manhattan Elevated	115½	115	115	−¾
100	Manhattan Shirt	77	77	77	..
12,000	Maxwell Motors	49½	46	47⅝	−3⅛
600	Maxwell Motors 1st pf	67	65	65¼	−1⅜
1,300	Maxwell Motors 2d pf	31¾	30¼	30½	−1
100	May Dept. Stores	55	55	55	+1
22,400	Mexican Petroleum	97¾	92¾	96¼	−1¼
100	Mexican Petrol. pf.	94	94	94	+½
5,700	Miami Copper	41⅜	40⅝	41¼	+¼
33,800	Midvale Steel	64⅝	61⅛	63	−½
1,800	Minn. & St. L., new	19½	18	18	+1
100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	104¾	104¾	104¾	−¼
4,200	Mo., Kan. & Tex.	7⅝	6	6	−½
3,900	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	13½	11½	13½	+1⅝
1,400	Mo. Pac. c. of d., f. p.	62	60⅜	61½	+2½
52,100	Mo. Pac., w. i.	33	29¼	30⅝	+⅝
900	Mo. Pac. pf., w. i.	58	56⅛	56½	+½
100	Mo. Pac. c of d. 1st pd	26	26	26	+8
400	Montana Power	96	93⅝	95	−4¼
100	Montana Power pf.	112	112	112	−¼
300	NATIONAL ACME	35	34¼	34¼	..
200	Nat. Biscuit Co.	109⅞	108½	108½	−½
100	Nat. Biscuit pf.	115	115	115	−3⅜
4,500	Nat. Conduit & Cable	36¼	33½	34¼	−1⅜
8,400	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	40½	38¼	39⅝	−⅝
100	Nat. Lead	57	57	57	..
100	Nat. Lead pf.	110	110	110	+2
2,800	Nevada Con. Cop.	23⅞	23¼	23¼	−⅝
3,900	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	26⅝	23	25	+2⅜
300	New York Air Brake	145	143½	*145	−2¼
27,200	New York Central	93¾	89	90⅞	−1⅛
200	New York, C. & St. L.	27	26	27	−½
300	New York Dock	16¾	16	16	−2
200	New York Dock pf.	39	38	39	+1
12,210	New York, N. H. & H	40¼	36⅝	37	−1⅞
3,130	New York, Ont. & W.	24½	22⅝	22⅝	+⅜
300	Norfolk Southern	24¾	24½	24½	−½
9,400	Norfolk & Western	126⅞	122	122¾	−¾
400	North American	62½	61⅛	61⅛	−2⅜
11,800	Northern Pacific	104¼	100⅜	101	−3
900	Nova Scotia S. & G.	100¼	99	*99	..
88,300	OHIO CITIES GAS	135½	116½	126¼	−8¼
1,600	Ohio Cities Gas rts.	67	65	66⅛	..
100	Ohio Fuel Supply	47½	47½	47½	−1½
1,820	Ontario Mining	5⅞	5½	5½	−⅛
400	Owens Bottle Mach.	91	91	91	−½
15,125	PACIFIC MAIL	30½	27⅞	29	+¾
200	Pacific Mail pf.	101	101	101	+4
110	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	26	26	26	−¼
6,200	Pennsylvania R. R.	53⅝	52½	52¾	−⅛
7,900	People's Gas, Chicago	80	77	78	+1
100	Peoria & Eastern	9	9	9	+1
2,400	Pere Marquette	21¼	19	19⅛	+⅛
300	Pere Mar. prior pf.	63	60½	63	+3
2,750	Philadelphia Co.	35	33	34⅞	+1¾
1,100	Pierce-Arrow	41¾	41	41	..
1,100	Pierce-Arrow pf.	98	97	97½	..
200	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	74	72¼	74	+2
60,400	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d.	58	52	55½	+2¼
1,200	Pitts. Coal pf. cfs. of d.	119	117	118¾	+1¾
300	Pitts. Steel pf.	100	100	100	..
29,000	Pitts. & West Va.	35½	33¼	33⅜	−¼
1,700	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	66	64	64⅛	+⅛
4,300	Pressed Steel Car	78⅜	74½	75	−2⅛
300	Pressed Steel Car pf.	101½	100	100	−2¼
2,363	Pullman Co.	141⅞	140	140½	+2½
900	QUICKSILVER	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	−⅝
6,400	RY. STEEL SPRING	57	52¾	54	−1
100	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	−1⅞
10,300	Ray Con. Copper	28⅞	28	28½	−⅜
93,800	Reading	99⅜	94	95¾	−1½
300	Reading 1st pf.	41½	41	41	−⅜
100	Reading 2d pf.	43¼	43¼	*43¼	+1⅛
59,700	Republic Iron & Steel	93¼	90⅛	92½	..
200	Republic Iron & S. pf	103⅞	102⅝	102⅝	−1⅛
11,800	Royal Dutch tr. r.	66⅜	63¼	63¾	−1
1,500	ST. L. & SAN FRAN.	18⅝	17¾	18	..
300	St. L. & San Fran. pf	29	28	29	−1
2,150	Savage Arms	101⅞	99⅛	100	−3
4,950	Saxon Motor	20	15⅛	18	−1½
200	Seaboard Air Line	14¼	13½	13½	−¾
900	Seaboard Air Line pf.	31	28¼	28¼	+¼
900	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	170½	168	168	−3¼
1,000	Shattuck-Arizona	27⅝	26¾	26⅞	−⅛
127,900	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	48	39⅝	44¼	−3¾
1,200	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I.	61	57½	57½	−3
17,000	Southern Pacific	95⅝	92¾	93¾	−1¼
1,600	South Porto Rico S. rights	9¼	8¼	9¼	+⅝
34,500	Southern Ry.	29¼	26½	26½	−1½
1,500	Southern Ry. pf.	57⅞	55	55	−1½
263,500	Studebaker Co.	85	64¼	67⅛	−17⅝
500	Studebaker pf.	98⅛	92½	94	−5⅛
1,900	Stutz Motor	39	37¼	*38	−1
8,400	Superior Steel	51¾	47⅜	50¾	+3⅜
200	Superior Steel 1st pf.	101	101	101	+½
9,900	TENN. COPPER	19	17½	18⅛	+⅛
5,300	Texas Co.	216	208	214	−1¼
7,420	Texas Co. rights	22¾	21⅛	22½	..
2,900	Texas & Pacific	17	15¾	16	+¼
2,000	Third Avenue	23¼	20¼	20½	−½
275	Tidewater Oil	196	194⅛	196	..
17,400	Tobacco Products	59¼	56	56¾	−2¼
100	Tobacco Products pf.	98	98	98	..
1,200	Transue & W. Steel F	46½	46	46	..
100	Twin City Rap. Tr.	86¾	86¾	86¾	−1¼
100	UNDERWOOD TYPE	97¾	97¾	97¾	+2¾
200	Union Bag & P., new.	86¼	86	86	+¼
33,750	Union Pacific	139¼	134	135	−2¼
500	Union Pacific pf.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+⅜
2,300	United Alloy Steel	45⅝	45	45	−½
10,800	United Cigar Stores	106¼	104	104	−1⅞
100	United Drug	74	74	74	+2
100	United Drug 2d pf.	85½	85½	85½	+¼
800	United Dyewood	68½	67	68½	+2½
600	United Fruit	135⅝	133¼	133½	−¼
300	United Paperboard	28¾	28¼	28⅜	+2⅜
1,600	United Rys. Invest.	8⅞	6¼	8⅞	+1⅞
500	United Rys. Inv. pf.	18	16¼	17⅜	+2⅜
5,550	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	24½	21⅜	22⅜	+1⅜
1,100	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	57½	56½	57½	+3½
500	U. S. Express	19	18½	19	+1
108,200	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	165⅝	148¼	159	−7½
5,100	U. S. Rubber	61¼	57	59	−2
100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	107½	107½	107½	+¼
1,300	U. S. Smelt. R. & M.	61⅜	59	59	−2¾
450	U. S. Sm. R. & M. pf.	51	50	50	−1¼
1,044,100	U. S. Steel	132⅝	128	130⅞	+½
10,720	U. S. Steel pf.	118	117⅛	117¼	−¼
10,600	Utah Copper	112⅜	109	110	−1½
200	Utah Securities	20⅛	19¼	20⅛	+1⅛
900	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	44	42¼	42¼	−1½
200	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	110	106½	106½	−4
1,500	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	72¼	70	70	..
250	Vulcan Detinning pf.	23	23	23	−1½
3,000	WABASH	12¾	12⅜	12¼	..
16,430	Wabash pf., A	52⅛	49	49⅝	−⅝
7,200	Wabash pf., B	27⅝	26¼	26¼	−½
100	Wells Fargo Express	94	94	94	−1½
9,100	Western Maryland	22¾	20	21	−½
1,300	Western Maryland pf	39⅜	37⅜	39⅜	+⅛
400	Western Pacific	16¼	15¾	15¾	−¾
100	Western Pacific pf.	45¼	45¼	45¼	−¾
784	Western Union Tel.	94½	92⅝	94½	+2½
21,400	Westinghouse E. & M.	52⅞	49⅝	50½	−2¼
10,100	Wheeling & L. E.	16¼	15	16¼	+¾
200	Wheeling & L. E. pf.	34¾	34⅝	34¾	+½
300	White Motors	47⅞	47½	47⅞	+⅞
7,000	Wilson & Co.	73¼	67½	70	−3
65,400	Willys-Overland	35	30½	31⅜	−3¼
300	Willys-Overland pf.	92⅜	92	92⅜	−1⅝
600	Woolworth (F.W.) Co.	127	123¼	124¼	−2⅜
100	Woolworth pf.	122¾	122¾	122¾	−½
600	Worthington Pump	34¾	34	34⅝	+⅜

*Ex dividend.

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—at prices yielding 4½% to 5½%. The yield obtainable from these and similar bonds a few months ago was 4% to 4½%. These bonds should return to their former yield upon the return of normal times. The security is the same or better. They therefore represent an investors' opportunity which should not be overlooked.

Particulars upon request for special circular B-46.

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Established 1871
Equitable Bldg., New York
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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JUNE 30, 1917.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$16,999,000	$508,937,850
Same period last year	15,014,000	542,885,950

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds	83.28	83.12	89.48	83.12
Same period a year ago	87.06	86.97	87.43	86.19

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
ALASKA g. 6s, Ser. B	65	65	65	3
Adams Express 4s	100	100	100	4
Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s	100¼	99	99	96
Am. Hide & L. 6s	101½	101½	101½	1
Am. Smelt. & Ref. 1st 5s temp. ctfs	92	91⅝	91⅞	182
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	87⅞	87¼	87¼	14
A. T. & T. col. tr. 5s	98⅝	98⅛	98⅛	155½
Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	100¼	100	100¼	7
Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	95½	95⅛	95⅛	5
Am. Tobacco 6s	119	119	119	5
Am. Writ. Paper 5s	88½	86	86	7
Armour & Co. 4½s	90	89⅝	90	70
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	89⅞	89	89	64½
A., T. & S. F. cv. 4s, 1960	101	101	101	10
A. & C. A. L. 1st 5s, S. B	97½	97½	97⅝	12
Atl. Coast Line 4s	87⅝	87½	87½	4
Atl. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	80½	80	80	6
BALT. & O. pr. l. 3½s	90⅝	90	90	27
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	86	85½	86	10
Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s	97½	97	97¼	14
Balt. & Ohio cv. 4½s	89¼	88⅝	88⅝	74
Balt. & Ohio, P., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	79	79	79	2
B. & O., S. W. Div. 3½s	86½	86¼	86¼	2
Beth. Steel ext. 5s	100½	100⅛	100½	32
Beth. Steel ref. 5s	99	98½	99	13
B. R. T. 5s, 1918	98⅝	98	98⅜	34
B. R. T. gold 5s	92	91⅝	91⅝	6
Brooklyn Un. El. 5s	93	92½	92½	8
Bur., C. R. & N. col. tr. 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	1
Bush Term. Bldg. 5s	84¾	84¾	84¾	1
CAL. GAS & EL. 5s	96¼	95½	96¼	9
Canada So. con. 5s	99⅝	99½	99½	11
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	97	97	97	1
Central Leather 5s	99⅜	99¼	99⅜	87
Cent. Pac. gtd. 4s	83¾	83⅝	83⅝	7
C. de Pasco con. 6s	110¼	109	109	3
Ches. & O. cv. 5s	89¼	87⅞	88	153
Ches. & O. cv. 4½s	79¼	78½	78½	33
Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	83¾	83¾	83¾	4
Chi. & Alton 3½s	47	46¼	47	8
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	91	90½	90½	8
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96	95⅝	95⅝	389
C., B. & Q., I. D. 3½s	81⅞	80⅛	80⅛	5
C., B. & Q., Neb. ext. 4s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	1
C. & E. Ill. ref. 4s	32¼	32¼	32¼	10
C. & E. Ill. ref. 4s ctfs. of deposit	32¼	32¼	32¼	5
Chi. Gt. Western 4s	67¼	67	67	40
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4½s	95	94½	94½	12
C., M. & St. P. ref. 4½s, new	84¾	84	84½	54
C., M. & St. P. cv. 5s	99¼	98½	98½	39
C., M., & St. P. cv. 4½s	91	90¼	90½	21½
C., M. & St. P., C. & P. W. 5s	102	102	102	5
Chi. & N. W. gen. 3½s	78	78	78	3
Chi. & N. W. d. 5s, '21	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	1
Chi. & N. W., St. L., P. & N. W. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	8
Chicago Rys. 5s	92⅜	92¼	92¼	8
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	80⅜	80⅜	80⅜	15
C., R. I. & P. deb. 5s	84	84	84	21
Do ctfs. of dep., sta.	75	73	73½	304
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	71⅝	70⅞	71⅛	127
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s	112½	112½	112½	1
C., St. P., M. & O. deb. 5s	97½	97½	97½	1
Chi. Union Sta. 4½s	93	92½	92¾	22
Chile Copper 6s rec'ts, full paid	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	5
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	70	70	70	1
Cleve. Short L. 4½s	98⅞	97	98⅞	5
Col. Fuel & I. gen. 5s	91	90⅛	90⅛	6
Col. Industrial 5s	79	78	78⅞	50
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	79½	79½	79½	2
Con. Gas conv. 6s	108½	108	108⅜	5
Corn P. Ref. s. f., 34	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	28
Cub.-Am. Sug. col. t. 6s	100⅛	100	100⅛	5
Cumberland Tel. 5s	98⅛	96	98⅛	14
DEL. & H. lien eq. 4½s	97⅛	97½	97½	11
Del. & Hud. conv. 5s	97½	97	97¼	6
Den. & R. G. con. 4s	72½	70½	72¼	24
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s	60	59	60	2
Detroit United 4½s	80½	80½	80½	1
Dist. Securities 5s	65⅛	64½	65	128
EAST TENN., VA. & GA. con. 5s	100½	100⅛	100½	3
Erie conv. 4s, Ser. A	54½	53½	53½	10
Erie conv. 4s, Ser. B	54⅝	54	54	58
Erie conv. 4s, Ser. D	68½	67	67	66
Erie (Penn.) col. 4s	88½	88½	88½	5
Erie gen. 4s	62¼	61	62¼	12
GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s	102¼	101¼	102⅛	23
Gt. Falls Power 5s	97½	97¼	97½	9
Gt. North. ref. 4½s	94¾	94⅝	94¾	8
Green Bay deb. B	11	11	11	15
HAR. RIV. PORT 4s	82¼	82¼	82¼	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	83	80¼	83	4
Hous. & T. C. 1st 5s	103	103	103	1
Hous. & T. C. gen. 4s	92½	92½	92½	2
Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	13	13	13	3
ILL. STEEL 4½s	87⅜	87⅜	87½	6
Indiana Steel 5s	101½	101	101½	6
Int. Rap. Tran. 5s	93⅝	93⅛	93⅛	89
Inter.-Met. 4½s	63½	63½	63½	33
Int. A. Op. cl. tr. 5s	72½	72½	72½	10
I. M. M. s. f. 6s	91½	90½	90½	56
Int. Paper 6s	99¾	99⅝	99¾	1
Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	48	48	48	21
KAN. & MICH. 1st 4s	79½	79½	79½	4
K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	102	102	102	1
K., C., F. S. & M. 6s	71½	71	71½	9
Kan. City South. 5s	86	85½	85½	3
Kan. City Term. 4s	83½	83	83	7
Kings Co. El. L. & P. cv. 6s	110	110	110	1
Knox. & Ohio 6s	103½	103½	103½	1
LACK. S'L 5s, '23	99⅝	98½	99⅝	26
Lack Steel 5s, 1950	105	104⅝	105	32
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	99¼	99	99¼	14
Laclede Gas ref. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	3
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	93	92½	92⅝	13
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	91½	90½	90½	17
L. Val. of N. Y. 4½s	96	96	96	1
Liggett & Myers 7s	119	119	119	3
Liggett & Myers 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	2
Long Island ref. 4s	85	85	85	1
L.I. deb. 5s, temp. ctfs	81	80	80½	64
Long Island cons. 5s	100	100	100	1
Lorillard 7s	117	116⅞	116⅞	17
Lorillard 5s	99	99	99	4
L. & Nash. un. 4s	91½	91¼	91¼	10
L. & N., A.K.&C. 4s	83	83	83	2
L. & N., E.H.&N. 6s	103½	103½	103½	1
MANHATTAN cn. 4s	82¼	81½	81½	6
Man. con. 4s, tax ex.	83½	83	83	17
Mex. P. cv. 6s, Ser. A	107½	107½	107½	1
Mex. P. cv. 6s, Ser. C	107½	107½	107½	1
Midland Tenn. 5s	91½	91½	91½	4
Mid. Steel col. tr. 5s	93½	93½	93½	34
Milwaukee Gas 4s	90	90	90	1
Minn. & St. L. 1st and ref. 4s	49	48	48	22
Mil., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	88½	88½	88½	7
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	40⅝	40	40	3
M., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	34½	34½	34½	5
Mo. Pac. gen. 4s, w. i.	60¼	59	59¼	452
Mo. Pac. cons. 6s	100½	100½	100½	1
Mo. Pac. 4s, tr. rcts.	58⅝	57	57	15
Mo. Pac. 1st & ref. 5s, w. i.	95⅞	95½	95½	7
Mo. Pac. cv. 5s, tr. r.	57	57	57	1
Montana Power 5s	95¾	95⅝	95⅝	2½
NAT. TUBE 5s	100½	100	100½	23
N. O., T. & M. 6s	96	96	96	2
N. O., T. & M. inc. 5s	49	46	48½	109½
N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s	106	105¼	105¼	105½
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	79	79	79	21
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s, '34	85	85	85	19
N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	91⅝	91¼	91⅝	71
N.Y.C., L.S. col. 3½s	71½	71½	71½	6
N. Y., Chi. & St. L. 1st 4s	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	1
N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 5s	99½	98⅞	98⅞	16
N.Y., N.H.& H. cv. 3½s	57	57	57	½
N.Y., N.H.& H. cv. 6s	97	95¼	96	22
N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	70	70	70	1
N. Y. & Nor. 1st. 5s	101	101	101	3
Niag. Falls Pow. 5s	101	101	101	1
N. Y. State Rys. 4½s	78½	78½	78½	1
N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	26⅜	25	26⅜	28
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	94	93¼	94	55
Norf. & So. 1st 5s	96⅜	96½	96½	2
Norf. & West., P., C. & C. 4s	86½	86½	86½	6
Norf. & W. con. 4s	89⅜	89	89	9
Norf. & W. div. 4s	85½	85½	85½	3
Northern Pacific 4s	87¼	87	87	20¼
Northern Pacific 3s	62⅜	62¼	62⅜	21
Nor. Pac. 3s, reg.	61¼	61¼	61¼	1
N. S. P. 1st & ref. 5s	93⅝	93⅛	93⅛	19
ORE. R.R. & N. c. 4s	88	87	87	8
Ore. S. L. ref. 4s	87	87	87	8
Ore. Short L. 1st 6s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	1
Ore. Sh. L. cons. 5s	103	103	103	3
PAC. GAS & E. 5s	88½	87⅜	87⅜	8
Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s	96⅞	96½	96½	14
Penn. R. R. r. e. 4s	99½	99½	99½	1
Penn. 4s, 1948	95	95	95	1
Penn. con. 4½s	100	100	100	25
Penn. gen. 4½s	95½	95⅜	95⅜	6
Penn. gen. 4½s, tem. c.	95¼	94⅝	94⅝	112
Penn. g. 3½s, Ser. B	81½	81⅛	81⅛	2
Peoria & East. 1st 4s	57¼	57¼	57¼	1
Pere Marq. 1st 5s	90⅝	89	89	14
Pere Marq. 1st 4s	71½	71½	71½	1
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, Series A	99½	99½	99½	5
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, Series I	99½	99½	99½	3
Public Service 5s	87½	87½	87½	11
RY. ST. SPR. L. T. 5s	102½	102½	102½	7
Ry. St. Spr. Int. Oc. 5s	99	99	99	1
Reading gen. 4s	90⅛	89⅞	90	28
Rep. I. & S. 5s, '40	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	45
ST. L., I. M. & S. u. 4s	76	76	76	2
St.L.&S.F. pr. lien 4s, A	63	62¼	62¼	69
St.L.&S.F. pr. lien 5s, B	78½	78	78½	16
St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s	66¼	65½	66¼	190
St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s	49⅜	49	49	34
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	70	69⅝	69⅝	21
St. L. S. W. 1st t. 5s	63¼	63½	63½	1
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	62¼	62	62	15
Sta. Fe, Pres. & P. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	2
St. P., M. & M., Mont. ext. 4s	91	91	91	1
San A. & Ar. P. 4s	62¼	62½	62¼	10
Sea. A. L. adj. 5s	61	60⅞	61	49
Sea. A. L. ref. 4s	63¼	62½	63¼	6
So. Bell Tel. 5s	96¼	96	96	7
So. Pac. conv. 5s	99⅝	98⅝	98⅝	146½
So. Pac. conv. 4s	82	81⅝	82	54
So. Pac. ref. 4s	85¾	84⅞	85½	38
So. Pac. col. 4s	79	78⅞	79	2
So. Ry. 1st 5s	98	97¼	97⅞	30
So. Ry. gen. 4s	67½	66½	66½	44
Stand. Gas & Elec. 6s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	1
TEXAS CO. deb. 6s	103	103	103	43
Texas & Pac. 1st 5s	95	95	95	1
Third Av. ref. 4s	66	66	66	1
Third Av. adj. 5s	42	40	40	54½
Tol. & Ohio Ct. 1st 5s	98	98	98	1
Tol., P. & W. 1st 4s	60	60	60	4
Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	51	51	51	2
Tri-City 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	3
UNION PAC. 1st 4s	93	92	92½	26
Union Pac. con. 4s	89½	89½	89½	5
Union Pac. ref. 4s	85¾	85⅜	85⅜	13
U. R. R. of S. F. 4s	34½	34½	34½	2
U. R. R. of S. F. 4s, Union t. r.	34	34	34	8
U. S. Rlty. & Imp. 4s	51	49	50	15
U. S. R. 5s tr. ctfs.	86½	85⅛	85⅝	192½
U. S. Rubber 6s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	1
U. S. S., R. & M. 6s	103¾	103	103¾	36
U. S. Steel 5s	104⅞	104	104⅛	218
Utah P. & L. 5s	90	89⅞	89⅞	3
VA.-CAR. CH. 1st 5s	97½	97⅛	97¼	4
Va.-Car. Chem. cv. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	1
Va. Mid. gen. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	1
Va. I., C. & C. 5s	88½	88½	88½	5
Va. Ry. 1st 5s	95½	94⅞	94⅞	4
WABASH 1st 5s	100½	100	100	83
Wabash 2d 5s	92½	92	92¼	5
Western Electric 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Western Md. 4s	70	69⅞	70	8
Western Pacific 5s	85⅝	85	85⅝	18
West Shore 4s	83½	83⅜	83½	7
W. E. & M. 5% notes	100	100	100	1
Wilson & Co. 5s	101⅛	100⅞	100⅞	22
Wis. Central gen. 4s	83	83	83	1

Total sales $6,191,500

GOVERNMENT BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
U. S. 4s. registered	106	106	106	10
U. S. L. 3½s	100 3-50	100	100 1-50	6396
U. S. L. 3½s, (small)	100 6-50	100	100	*52,440
Am. For. Sec. 5s	95	94⅝	95	162
Anglo-French 5s	93½	93⅝	93⅝	1295
City of Bordeaux 6s	95	95	95	1
City of Lyons 6s	95	95	95	7
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	93⅝	93⅞	114½
Dom. of Can. 5s, '21	98⅜	97⅞	98⅛	15
Dom. of Can. 5s, '26	96⅛	95⅞	96¼	6
Dom. of Can. 5s, '31	96⅛	95⅞	95⅞	22
French Gov. tp. 5½s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	463
Japanese 4½s	86¼	86¼	86¼	89½
Jap. 4½s, 2d series, Ger. sta	79½	79½	79½	3½
Rep. of Cuba 5s, '04	98	93	98	7
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	171
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1918	99½	99¼	99⅜	522
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5s, 1919	97	96⅞	96⅞	268
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1919, new	99⅜	99	99⅜	644
U. K. of G. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	95⅞	94⅞	95⅛	240
U. S. of Mexico 4s	35	35	35	5

Total sales $10,754,500
*In $100.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
4s, 1958	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	5
4s, 1959	95½	94⅞	94⅞	18
4½s, Nov., 1957	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	5
4½s, May, 1957	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	5
4½s, 1963	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	5
4½s, 1965	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	8
4¼s, 1964	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	5

Total sales $51,000

STATE BONDS

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. Canal 4s, '60	100	100	100	1
N. Y. State 4½s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	1

Total sales $2,000
Grand total $16,999,000

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	62,165	93,105	286,590	$63,000
Tuesday	75,808	126,300	308,523	78,000
W'dnesday	120,623	131,545	190,470	32,000
Thursday	77,070	147,740	350,860	153,000
Friday	64,770	104,460	183,735	44,000
Saturday	52,500	67,665	168,035	76,000
Total	452,936	670,815	1,488,213	$446,000

Total, all stocks, 2,611,964.

INDUSTRIALS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
14,700	*Aetna Exp.	5	4⅛	4⅝	− ⅛
550	*Aetna E. pf.	30	27	29	..
8,330	*Air Red'n	90	83	85½	− 2½
4,890	Am. Int. Corp., ($50 paid)	57	50⅝	57	+ 6
8,800	Am. Tin & T.	⅝	½	11-16	− 1-16
100	Am. W. Paper	3½	3½	3½	..
10	Atlantic Steel	150	150	150	..
800	*Boyd Motors, (a pros)	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	..
100	B.-Am. T. Co., Ord. B	18	18	18	..
1,700	*But. Judson	54	52⅝	54	..
538	*Carbon Steel	106	102	104	+ 2
3,400	*Car. L. & P.	3½	2⅞	3	− ⅛
13,095	Carwen Steel	12¼	11⅞	12	− ⅛
7,700	*Central Fdy.	38	35¼	36½	+ ½
6,300	*Cent. F. pf.	56½	54½	56	+ 1
22,300	Chev. Motor	105	96	101	..
8,910	*City S., w. i.	30	28½	29¼	− ⅝
10,000	Curtiss Aero	43	38¼	39	− 3⅞
3,200	Curtiss A. rts.	1	⅝	⅝	..
6,900	*Eastern A. C.	6	5½	5½	− ⅝
2,465	Emer. Phono.	6⅝	5⅞	5⅞	− ⅛
2,000	Ev. Heaney	22⅜	22¼	22¼	+ ⅛
1,150	H. & B. Car.	40	39	39½	+ ½
10	Holly Sug. pf.	101	101	101	+ 1
400	Interc. Rubber	11⅝	11½	11⅝	..
2,500	*Int. Trad. Cp.	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
3,850	*Int. T. C. pf.	1	1	1	..
1,300	*Lake Tor. B.	8¼	7⅝	8¼	− ⅛
200	*Lima Loco.	56	55	56	+ 3
5,900	Manhat. Tr.	⅝	⅝	⅝	− ⅛
2,000	Marc. of Am.	3¼	2⅜	2⅜	− ⅛
200	Marlin Arms v. t. ctfs.	105	104	104	+ 2
46,500	*Maxim Muni.	2⅜	2	2	− ⅝
510	*Nat. Acme	36	35	36	+ 1
600	*N. Y. Shipb.	47½	47	47	+ 1
1,900	N. A. P. & P.	5½	5	5⅛	− ⅝
4,700	*Ohio C. Gas, w. i.	59	56	59	..
15,200	*Ohio C. G. rts.	67⅝	61½	65¼	..
300	Pierce-Arrow	42	41½	41½	+ 1
200	*Repub. M. Tr.	73½	72	73½	+ 1½
1,050	Sm. & T. Tr. pf.	10⅛	10	10⅛	..
200	*St. Jos. Lead	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	− ⅛
2,800	*Steel All. Cp.	6⅞	6⅜	6⅜	− ⅛
200	St., R. M. & P. v. t. ctfs.	34	33	34	− ⅛
9,700	Submar. Boat v. t. ctfs.	33½	33¼	33¼	− ⅝
270	*Todd Shipyds	86	85	85	− 2
84,000	Tri. F. v. t. c.	2¼	1 15-16	2 3-16	− 1-16
3,200	*U. E. Aero	3½	3	3¼	− ⅛
6,600	U.S. S'ship Co.	4⅞	4	4¼	− ⅝
18,500	*Unit. Motors	29	26	27	− 2
2,100	*U.S. Airc. Cor	6⅞	5⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
500	Un. Prof. Sh.	⅝	7-16	7-16	..
1,600	*U. S. L. & Heat Corp.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
1,200	Un. Zinc Sm.	5¼	4⅝	5⅛	+ ⅛
1,300	W. Film Cor., v. t. ctfs.	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
145,600	*W.-M. Air. Cp.	9⅝	8½	9¼	+ 1¼
6,900	*Zinc Conc. Co.	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝	+ ⅛

STANDARD OILS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
13,800	Anglo-Am. O.	20	19	19	− 1⅛
10	Buckeye P. L.	99	99	99	..
10	North. P. L.	97	97	97	..
5	Ohio Oil	340	340	340	..
150	Prairie P. L.	273	272	273	..
10	So. Penn Oil	275	275	275	− 5
10	St'd Oil, (Cal.)	260	260	260	..
15	St'd Oil, (N.J.)	590	590	590	− 15
40	St'd Oil, (N.Y.)	289	282	284	+ 4

OTHER OIL STOCKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
38,100	*†Allen Oil	65	61	65	+ 3
11,400	*†Am. Vent. Oil	20	18	19	− 1
12,200	*Barn. O. & G.	2⅝	2½	2½	+ ⅛
28,500	*†Bos.-Wyo. O.	21	16	21	..
1,425	†Con. Mex. Oil, (a pros.)	63	52	52	− 6
5,000	*Cosden & Co., (Oil Ref.)	12¼	11⅞	12¼	+ ⅛
4,300	*Cos. O. & G.	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	− ⅝
8,600	*Cos. O. & G ctfs.	12¼	11⅝	11⅞	− ⅝
100	*Cos. O. & G. pf	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	..
15,855	*†Crosby Pet. (a pros.)	62	51	58	− 2
52,800	Cum. P. & R.	1 1-16	15-16	15-16	..
1,500	*Elk Bas. Pet.	9⅝	9⅜	9⅜	− ⅛
14,300	*Elkland O. & G. (a pros.)	⅝	9-16	9-16	..
56,700	*Esmer. Oil	2⅛	1⅞	1⅞	− ⅛
8,000	*Federal Oil	5⅝	4⅞	5⅛	+ ⅛
2,500	*Inter. Pet.	13⅝	12⅝	13	− ⅝
4,100	Kenova Oil (a pros.)	7-16	⅜	7-16	..
23,875	Key Con.	9⅝	8½	9⅜	− ⅛
2,530	*Knick.-Wyo. Oil pf.	9¼	9¼	9¼	..
55,400	*†L. City O.	1½	.80	1 1-16	+ 30
2,200	*Merritt O.	26¼	25⅜	25½	− ⅛
54,000	Met. Pet.	2 1-16	1⅝	1 15-16	..
17,500	*†Midwest O.	78	75	77	..
5,400	*†M'west O. pf	98	95	97	+ 2
450	*M'west Ref.	136	134	135	..
700	*Nat. O. & R.	3½	3¼	3¼	− ⅛
5,025	*N.Y. Okla. O.	⅞	11-16	11-16	− 1-16
300	*N.Y. & Tex. O.	2	2	2	+ ⅛
23,300	*†Okla. Oil	7½	7	7½	..
2,000	*†Okla. O. pf	65	64	64	− 1
6,600	Okla. P. & R.	10⅝	9⅝	9⅞	− ⅝
1,000	Okla. P. & R. rights	11-16	⅝	⅝	..
15,900	†Omar O. & G.	35	30	34	− 1
6,300	Osage-H. O.	8⅝	7⅞	8	− ⅝
2,100	Penn. Gaso.	½	7-16	½	+ 1-16
14,750	*Sap. O. & R.	10	9⅝	10	+ 1-16
40,900	Seq. O. & R.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1⅛	− 1-16
4,350	*Sinc. Gulf C.	27	25	25½	− 1½
920	*Tex. Co. rts.	22⅝	22	22⅝	− ½
70,800	*†Un. West.	⅝	½	⅝	+ ⅛
6,900	†Utah Pet. Co. (a pros.)	41	38	38	− 1
4,600	*Victoria Oil, new stock	8½	7⅞	8¼	− ⅛
10,500	*West. States Pet.	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
4,900	Vac. G. & O.	7-16	⅜	7-16	..

MINING STOCKS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
$191,100	Acme Cop. H.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	+ 3-16
68,700	Al.-B. C. M.	⅝	½	⅝	+ 1-16
18,410	Alaska Mines	11-16	⅝	11-16	− 1-16
1,000	†Am. Comdr.	3	3	3	..
9,100	*†Al. St. Cop.	36	34	35	− 1
4,800	Ariz. B. Cop.	6	5⅝	5⅝	− ⅛
15,100	*†Atlanta	10½	10	10½	− ⅛
2,590	*†Atlas Cop.	35	34	35	..
400	*Big Jim	11-16	11-16	11-16	..
300	Beaver Cons.	31	31	31	..
42,900	Big L. Cop.	2½	2	2¼	− ⅛
2,700	Bingham	13	12⅝	12⅞	− ⅛
2,100	*†Booth	8	7½	8	..
25,100	†Bos. & Mon.	63	58	59	− 1
3,450	*Brad. Cop.	1¼	⅞	1	− ⅛
9,500	Butte C. & Z., v. t. ctfs.	11½	9⅞	10¼	− 1
1,400	Buffalo Mines	1½	1⅛	1½	..
13,700	Butte Detroit	½	7-16	½	+ 1-16
1,400	Butte-N. Y.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	− ⅛
22,100	*†Caledonia	59	56	57	− 3
23,900	*Calumet & J.	1⅝	1 3-16	1⅛	− ⅛
11,550	Can. Copper	2 3-16	2⅛	2 3-16	− 1-16
46,300	†Cashboy	8½	7½	8	..
10,150	*Coco R. M.	1 1-16	1⅛	1 3-16	..
20,300	Con. Ariz. Sm.	2 3-16	2⅛	2 3-16	..
2,900	Con. Copper M	6	5½	5½	− ⅝
2,600	*Con.-Home	5-16	¼	5-16	..
8,500	Cresson C. G.	5¼	5	5	..
15,500	Crystal C. M.	1 3-16	1 1-16	1⅛	..
2,600	†Dome Ext.	15	15	15	..
300	Dundee Ariz.	1	1⅛	⅛	..
129,660	*Emma Con.	1 1-16	15-16	1	− 1-16
16,500	*†Ferber Cop.	63	50	61	− 2
2,200	First Nat. C.	3¼	2⅝	3⅛	+ ⅛
13,850	Goldf'd Con.	52	49	51	..
1,600	Globe Dom'n.	7-16	⅜	½	+ 1-16
10,000	*†Goldf'd M'r.	6	5	6	..
9,200	*Green. Min'g.	1 1-16	1	1	− 1-16
7,000	*†Great Bend.	7	6	6	− 1
3,000	†Hargraves M.	12	11	12	..
8,685	Hecla Mining.	9¼	8⅝	9	+ ¼
1,150	Howe Sound	5⅝	5⅛	5½	− ¼
40,500	Ind. Lead	12	10⅛	12	+ ½
6,700	H. B. Zinc M.	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛	− ⅝
6,650	*Iron Blos'm.	1 1-16	1	1 1-16	− 1-16
9,900	*J. V., (a pr)	1⅝	1⅛	1½	− 1-16
3,500	Josvig-Ken., (a pros)	⅜	5-16	5-16	− 1-16
16,700	*Jumbo M. of N. M., (a pr)	1⅛	⅞	1⅛	..
17,300	*†Jim Butler	87	77	83	+ 5
11,000	†Jumbo Ext.	35	31	33	− 2
7,200	*†Kewanas	14½	13	14	− ½
17,000	Louisiana Con.	1½	1⅛	1 3-16	+ 1-16
10	La Rose Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
100	Kerr Lake	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	..
1,500	*Magma Chief.	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
11,200	Magma Cop.	47	43	46	+ 3
3,700	*†Magmatic C.	24	22	23	..
19,800	†Magnate Cop.	11-16	11-16	11-16	..
860	Marys. G. M.	1	⅞	1	+ 1-16
7,200	McNamara	24½	23	24½	+ 2½
12,500	*†Marsh M'g.	16	15½	16	+ ½
25,000	Mason Valley	7⅝	6⅛	7⅛	− ¼
8,300	*Milford Cop.	1½	1⅛	1⅜	− ⅛
500	McKinley-D	50	50	50	+ 1
1,600	Mines Holding	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	..
24,300	*†Mohican C.	.75	11-16	.75	+ 5
17,200	*†Moth. Lode	27	26	26½	..
2,200	*†N. H. Mont.	1	⅞	1	..
12,200	Monster Chief	3-16	3-16	3-16	..
24,700	*†Nat. Z. & L.	74	70	70	− 4
7,400	*N. Y. Zinc, (a pros.)	5-16	5-16	5-16	..
900	Nicklas Min.	1⅛	1	1⅛	..
8,500	Newray M.	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
300	Novada Hills	21	21	21	..
6,500	†Nev. Rand.	12	10	12	..
4,200	Nixon Nev.	60	50	54	+ 4
200	North Star	11	11	11	..
950	Nipissing M.	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
42,900	*Ohio Copper, new, w. i.	1⅜	1⅛	1 3-16	− 1-16
114,500	†Port. Con. C.	46	36	39	− 7
400	Ray Hercules	4	3⅝	4	..
25,750	†Rex Con. M.	28	24	25	..
5,200	*Red War. M.	1⅛	⅞	⅞	− ⅛
17,000	*†Rich. Cop.	58	48	56	+ 1
11,740	Rice Oil	5-16	¼	5-16	..
19,200	†Roch. Mines	53	50	52	− 1
3,200	*S. Rita Dev.	7-16	¼	¼	− 1-16
19,800	Silv. K. of A.	¼	3-16	3-16	− 1-16
1,000	†San Toy	15	15	15	− 1
1,300	Scratch Grav.	40	38	38	..
3,900	Senorito Cop.	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	..
1,200	Seneca Cop.	10½	10½	10½	..
4,000	Silver Pick	11	10	11	..
10,000	*†St. Nich. Z.	23	18	22	..
2,100	Stand. Sil.-L.	⅝	11-16	⅝	+ 1-16
12,700	*†Success M.	38	36	37	− 1
16,100	Stewart M.	⅝	5-16	5-16	..
1,500	†Sur. Gold M.	45	36	36	..
2,900	Sup. Cop., (a pros.)	1½	1¼	1⅜	+ ⅛
4,000	Temiskaming	40	39	40	..
1,850	*Tonopah Bel.	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	+ ⅛
11,350	Tonopah Ext.	2⅝	2 7-16	2⅝	− ⅛
1,210	Tonopah Min.	6½	6	6⅛	− ⅛
800	Tonopah Miz.	10	10	10	..
350	Tono. R. Eu.	21	20	21	..
10,900	*†Troy Ariz.	29	25	28	− 2
5,200	Un. Cop. M.	⅜	11-16	11-16	− 1-16
770	United East.	4½	4⅛	4⅛	− ¼
15,500	U. M. of Ariz.	¾	½	⅝	..
16,000	*†U. S. Tung.	25	20	23	+ 1
63,900	*†Utica Mines	29	24	25	− 2
200	Un. V. Ext.	38	38	38	− ⅛
2,100	Verdi Insp.	73	71	73	..
13,340	*†Utah N. M.	5⅝	4 3-16	5⅜	+ 1⅛
35,200	†Wilbert Min.	23	18	20	− 2
16,200	†West E. Con.	72	65	68	+ 2
48,778	†Yer. Mt. C.	33	25	29	− 4
3,700	White Caps	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	..

BONDS

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
11,000	*Am. Sm. 5s	92	91⅝	91⅝	− ⅛
102,000	*Beth Steel 5s, 2-yr. notes	98⅜	98¼	98¼	+ ⅛
64,000	Balt. & O. 5s, 1-yr. notes	99	98⅝	99	..
2,000	Balt. & O. 5s, 2-yr. notes	98½	98¼	98¼	..
19,000	Cosden & Co. new 6s	98	96	98	..
77,000	N.Y. City 4½s	103¼	102½	103	+ 1¼
117,000	*Russ. Govt. new 5½s	73	70¼	71¼	− 1
47,000	Rus. Gov. 6½s	85	82	84	..
10,000	Southern Ry.	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	+ ⅛

*Unlisted. †Sells cents per share.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE DURING THE MONTH OF JULY, 1917:

JULY 2, 1917.

Cleveland & Pitts. Rd. Co., Gen. Mtge. 4½s.
Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Coupon Bonds.
Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Registered Bonds.
Grand Rapids and Indiana Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. Ext. 3½s and 4½s.
Indianapolis, Ind., City of.
Jekyl Island Club 1st Mtge. 4½s.
Muskegon, Grand Rapids & Indiana 1st 5s.
Marion County, Indiana, Bridge Bonds.
Northern Pacific Terminal Co. of Oregon 1st 6s.
New Orleans, City of, Constitutional & Improvement 4s.
Niagara Falls Power Co. 1st 5s.
Niagara Falls Water Works 1st 5s.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Co. Special Guaranteed Stk. div. 1¾%.
Traverse City R. R. Co. 1st 3s.

JULY 3, 1917.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Co. Regular Guaranteed Stk. div. 1¾%.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

We regret to announce the withdrawal of Mr. Seneca D. Eldredge from our firm as of this date.

R. M. GRANT & CO.

June 30th, 1917.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that on June 14, 1917, W. FREELAND DALZELL et al. filed their petition praying limitation of liability as owners of the steamtug J. Fred Lohman for any loss, damage, or injury arising in or about February 20, 1917, while S. S. Joaquin Mumbru was in tow of the tug J. Fred Lohman, in consequence of which persons are alleged to have sustained damage. That petitioner has stipulated to pay into this court the value of said steamtug J. Fred Lohman and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $8,590, with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said Court to prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Room 349, P. O. Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 19th day of September, 1917, at 10:30 A. M.; and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

Dated, New York, June 15, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

BURLINGHAM, MONTGOMERY & BEECHER, Proctors for Petitioners.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that on June 14, 1917, W. FREELAND DALZELL, et al, filed their petition praying limitation of liability as owners of the steamtug Fred B. Dalzell, Jr., for any loss, damage or injury arising in or about February 20, 1917, while S. S. Joaquin Mumbru was in tow of the tug Fred B. Dalzell, Jr., in consequence of which persons are alleged to have sustained damage. That petitioner has stipulated to pay into this Court the value of said steamtug Fred B. Dalzell, Jr., and pending freight as appraised, viz: $11,590, with lawful interest according to law; That all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said Court to prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Room 349, P. O. Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 19th day of September, 1917, at 10:30 A. M.; And that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

Dated, New York, June 15, 1917.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

BURLINGHAM, MONTGOMERY & BEECHER, Proctors for Petitioners.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

New York, July 1st, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Mr. LEON G. GIBERT, JR., withdraws from our firm on this date, and Mr. WILLIAM J. WALSH has been admitted to partnership.

BOND, McENANY & CO.

FEDERAL LAND BANK

4½% Farm Loan Bonds

Dated May 1, 1917 Due May 1, 1937

Issued by the Banks, under the direction and control of the Federal Farm Loan Board, a Bureau of the Treasury Department of the United States Government.

Redeemable at par and accrued interest on any interest date after five years from date of issue. Coupon bonds exchangeable for registered bonds, which in turn are re-exchangeable for coupon bonds. Denominations $1,000, $500, $100, $50 and $25. Interest payable semi-annually, May 1st and November 1st, at any Federal Land Bank. Principal payable at the Bank of Issue. Both principal and interest payable in gold or lawful currency. (Arrangements have been made for the payment of November coupons at the Federal Reserve Banks, which arrangements are expected to be made permanent.)

Exempt from Federal, State, Municipal and Local Taxation

Under authority of Act of Congress approved July 17, 1916, the United States was divided into 12 districts and a Federal Land Bank was created in each district. Farm loan bonds are primarily the obligation of the bank issuing the same. All twelve banks, however, are ultimately liable for the payment of each bond.

The United States Government owns over $8,800,000 of the original issue of $9,000,000 of capital stock of these banks. The banks operate under Federal authority and Governmental supervision.

The bonds themselves are declared by the Act to be "instrumentalities of the Government of the United States." The extent to which the good faith and credit of the United States are pledged to the support of these obligations is evidenced by the foregoing. See also letter of the Secretary of the Treasury and the opinion of former Supreme Court Justice Charles E. Hughes on file at our offices.

As security for these bonds, there are pledged at least an equal par value of United States Government bonds or guaranteed first mortgages on farm lands cultivated by the owner. No mortgage loan may exceed one-half the value of the land mortgaged and one-fifth of the value of permanent insured improvements thereon as confirmed in both cases by Farm Loan Board appraisers.

The principal and interest of these bonds are exempt from United States, State, municipal and local taxation. This includes the Federal Income Tax and income from these bonds need not be included in Income Tax returns.

In Europe, farm loan bonds of this same general character have long been a favorite form of investment, selling at approximately the same prices as direct Government obligations.

The bonds are acceptable at par by the United States Treasury as security for Government deposits including Postal Savings deposits

The Attorney General of the United States on behalf of the Government, and the Hon. Charles E. Hughes acting on our behalf, have approved the constitutionality of the Act and the validity of the provisions exempting the bonds from taxation.

After a thorough study of the provisions of the Act creating the above bonds, the methods and policies followed by the Farm Loan Board in the establishment and supervision of the system and the security afforded by the bonds themselves we recommend them as a safe and attractive investment.

Price 101⅛ and Accrued Interest

netting about 4¼% to the redeemable date (1922) and 4½% so long as they may remain outstanding thereafter

Circulars giving detailed information will be furnished upon request

Alex. Brown & Sons
Baltimore

Harris, Forbes & Co.
New York

Brown Brothers & Co.
New York

Lee, Higginson & Co.
New York

The statements contained herein, while not guaranteed, are based upon information and advice which we believe to be accurate and reliable.

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BANKERS
438 CHESTNUT STREET
PHILADELPHIA

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OF THEIR FIRM NAME TO
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JULY 2ND 1917

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Seven years ago the Partial Payment Plan of purchasing New York Stock Exchange securities was first put before the American investment public. Year by year it has grown in favor and increased in scope until a score of responsible firms and institutions were using it to interest an ever growing army of investors.

Liberty Loan campaign of education has brought to the attention of a new army of investors the advantages of "investing while you save."

Our investment department has made up a diversified selection of Partial Payment purchases to suit any monthly savings capacity from $5 to $1,000.

Send for Circulars M-15 and T-15.

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THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE JULY, 1917, PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE

Ashland Waterworks Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Athens Terminal Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Auburn Gas Co. 1st Mtge. Skg. Fd. 5s
Bronx Gas & Electric Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
City of Oregon, Mo., W.W. & E.Lt. 5s
City of Rome, Ga., Ren. or Ref. Mtge. 4½s
City of Sedalia, Mo., Refdg. 4½s
Central Market St. Ry. Co. 1st S. F. 5s
Citizens Gas & Electric Co. of Council Bluffs 1st Mtge. 5s
Citizens Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute, Ind., 1st Refdg. 50 year 5s
Clinchfield Coal Co. 1st 5s
D. K. E. Holding Co. Genl. 5s
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
East Hampton Elect. Light Co. 6s
East Ohio Gas Co. 1st Mtge. S.F. 5s
Edison Electric Light & Power Co. of Erie, Pa., 1st 6s
Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Phila. 1st Mtge. 5s
Erie County Elec. Co. 1st Mtge. 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. General Refunding 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R.R. Co. 1st Cons. Rfdg. 4½s
Greenwich Tramway Co. 1st 5s
Hackensack Water Co. 1st 4s
Hamilton Ridge Lumber Co. Purchase Money 1st 6s
Indianapolis Water Co. Gen. Mtge. 5s
Jonesville, S. C., School Dist. 5½s
Kansas City Railways Co. 2nd 6s, Series A
Kansas City Railways Co. 2nd 5s, Series B
Kan. City. So. Ry. Co. Ref. & Imp. 5s
Knoxville Ry. & Lt. Co. 2 year Coll. 6% Notes
Lincoln Traction Co. Gold 5s of 1939
Lincoln Traction Co. Gold 5s of 1920
Lockport Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. Refunding 5s
Macon, Dublin & Savannah R. R. Co. 1st 5s
National Conduit & Cable Co. 1st 5s
New Orleans City & Lake R. R. Co. 1st 5s
New Orleans City R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. Co. Gen. 4½s
Norwich Gas & Electric Co. 1st 5s
Paducah City Railway 1st Cons. 5s
Pine Bluff Co. 1st 30-year Gold
Plattsburgh Traction Company 1st 6s
Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Co., Inc., 50-year 5% Gold
Ruhm Phosphate Mining Co. 1st 6s
St. Lawrence & Adirondack Ry. 1st 5s
Sharon & Newcastle Railways Co. 1st Lien S. F. 5s
Somerset County, N. J., Building 4s
South Shore Gas Co. 1st 5s
Terminal Warehouse Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Underground Elec. Railways Co. of London, Ltd., 4½% Bonds of 1933
Underwriters Bldg. Co. 1st 5s
United Fuel Gas Co. 1st S. F. 6s
United Gas & Elec. Co. of N. J. 1st Mtge. 5s
United Light & Railways Co. 6% Notes
Utica Belt Line St. R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Utica, Clinton & Binghamton R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
Virginia-Portland Cement Co. 1st 5s
Washington Sugar Co. 1st 6s
Willapa Elect. Co. 1st Gold 6s
Worcester & Connecticut Eastern Ry. Co. 1st 4½s
Youngstown-Sharon Ry. & L. Co. 1st S. F. 5s

DUE JULY 14, 1917.

Wladikawkas Ry. Co. (Russia) 4s

DUE JULY 15, 1917.

Cent. R. R. of Haiti 1 yr. 5% Notes
Ristigouche Salmon Club

WANTED
Gould Mfg. Co.
COM. & PFD.

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Send for letter S-2 describing our special service department, which watches the equity behind our clients' bonds.

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PROPOSALS.

NEW YORK MUNICIPAL RAILWAY CORporation invites proposals for furnishing and installing a Conduit System on the right of way of the Brighton Beach Line between Avenue H and Coney Island, Borough of Brooklyn. Bids to be opened July 16, 1917. For plans and further information apply to Chief Engineer's Office, Room 602, 85 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wanted
American Typefounders Com.
Auto Sales Gum & Choc. 6s
Bucyrus Common
Cripple Creek Cent. Ry. Com.
Federal Sugar Refining Com.
Hale & Kilburn Pfd.
Int'l Motor Truck Stocks
Remington Typewriter Stocks
For Sale
Cripple Creek Cent. Ry. Pfd.
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Electric Properties Corp. Com.
Goldschmidt Detinning Com.
Hale & Kilburn Com.
Penn Seaboard Steel
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power Pfd.
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Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

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MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
MIDWEST REFINING CO.
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
LOBITOS OILFIELDS, LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
GULF OIL CORPORATION
COSDEN & CO.
BONDS & STOCK
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

We beg to announce that Mr. John Hobart MacMurdy, Manager of our Bank and Trust Company Stock Department for the past nine years, has this day been admitted to partnership in our firm.

Mann, Bill & Co.

July 2nd, 1917.

Atlantic Fruit Co. Com.
Chicago Lumber & Coal Com.
Cripple Creek Central R. R. Com.
Gulf, Mobile & Northern R. R. Com.
Gulf, Mobile & Northern R. R. Pfd.
Pacific Coast Co. 2nd Pfd.
Yukon Alaska Trust
E. BUNGE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
44 Broad Street New York
Phones Broad 6951-2-3-4-5-6.

Bankers Trust Stock
Guaranty Trust Stock
Guaranty Trust Rights
Lehigh Val. Coal Sales
Victor Talking Machine
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
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2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Sugar Stocks
DUNHAM & Co
SPECIALISTS
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 4501-2-3 Hanover

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2000 Shares Sunshine Copper
100 Springf'd Body Com. & Pfd.
50 Standard Coupler Com.
DIDRICHSEN & Co
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

Atlantic Fruit
New Central Coal
Duluth Sup. Tract.
H. B. Claflin
Autosales
Carib Syndicate
Nat'l Casket
Remington Type.
Nat'l Surety
Vandalia Coal
U. S. Finishing
Caddo Oil
Bucyrus
H. K. Mulford
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Eastern Steel
DAWSON, LYON & Co
INVESTMENT STOCKS AND BONDS
42 WALL STREET NEW YORK

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells Flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation June 30, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	80	87
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr. & Dec.	96	98
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	76	80
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	90	95
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	95
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	60	65
B. Rouge El. 1st., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
Birm. R. & L. ext., '57	6	May & Nov.	96	99
Birm. Ry., L. & P., '54	4½	Apr. & Oct.	87	88½
Buf. Gen. El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	102½	..
Do 1st & ref., '39	5	Jan. & July	99	100
Buf. Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	100	101¼
Buf. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	101	..
Buf. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	96	98
Buf. & Sus. I. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Buf. & S. Iron deb., '26	5	Jan. & July	87½	92
Buffalo Trac. 1st, '48	5	June & Dec.	101	103
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	87	91
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	June & Dec.	103	104
Carolina P. & L. 1st, '38	5	Feb. & Aug.	91	93
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	96	98
Do '23	5	Jan. & July	100	102
C. Buck. L. & N. Tr., '21	5	Mar. & Sep.	95	98
Colo. Power 1st, '53	5	May & Nov.	89	93
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	..	94
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	95	99
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	93	98
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	98	98
Cons. Gas, (Balt.,) '39	5	Jan. & July	102	103
Do '54	4½	Jan. & July	90½	91½
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	..	90
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	100	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	95	97
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	100	100½
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	95	100
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	88	95
Consumers Pr. (Mich.) 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	93	96
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	100	102
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	96	99
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	89	92½
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	92	98
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	95	98
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	95	100
Fed. Lt. & T. deb., '22	6	Mar. & Sep.	88	92
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	90
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	87	91
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	100	102
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	65	75
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	84	85
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	100	104
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	94	98
Hudson Co. Gas., '49	5	May & Nov.	100	102
Int. Trac. coll. tr., '49	4	Jan. & July	57	58
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	73	74½
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	93	94½
Kan. C. L. & P. 1st, '44	5	Jan. & July	92	96
Do 2d, '44	6	Jan. & July	91½	95
Kan. City Rys. 1st, '44	5	Jan. & July	90½	92
Do 2d, '44	6	Jan. & July	91	93
Knoxv. Trac. 1st, '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	103
Lock. & Olc. R. 1st, '20	5	Jan. & July	..	96
Louis. G. & E. ref., 18	6	Jan. & July	99	100
Met. Ry. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	100	..
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	96½	99
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	69	70
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	87	90
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	95	98
Nash. R. & L. 1st con., '53	5	Jan. & July	99	101
Do ref., '58	5	Jan. & July	84½	87
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st in., '46	6	Jan. & July	96	99
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	102	104
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	102	105
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May & Nov.	75	77
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	68	73
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	100¼	102
Do ref., '32	5	Apr. & Oct.	101	104
Norf. & Ports. 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	82	84
Norf. Ry. & L. 1st, '49	5	May & Nov.	96¼	98½
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	80	86
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	93½
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	87	90
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	91	95
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	92	96
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	90	94
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	95	98
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	95	100
Paterson Ry. 1st, '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	101	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	86	90
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	80	85
Poto. El. Pwr. 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	100	101½
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	[illegible]	99½
Roch. Ry. & L. 1st, '54	5	Jan. & July	95	98
Roch. Ry. cons., '30	5	Apr. & Oct.	99¼	100½
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	65	75
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	92	96
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '34	6	Feb. & Aug.	87	88
San Diego Gas & E. deb., '22	6	June & Dec.	97	100
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	93
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	93	95
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	97	98¼
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June & Dec.	85	91
Standard G. & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	90	94
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	78	84
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	91	96
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	82	85
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	97	100
Twin S. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	88	92
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	81	82
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	85	90
Do deb., '26	6	May & Nov.	97	99
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	80	80½
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	61	62
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	6	Feb. & Aug.	97	99
United Util. conv., '43	6	Jan. & July	95	98½
Wash., Balt. & A., '41	4	Mar. & Sep.	82	83
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	100	102
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	78⅛	78½
W. States G. & E., '27	6	June & Dec.	97	98
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	90	95
Wisc. Edison deb., '24	6	Mar. & Sep.	93	97

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Graphophone, '30	6	June & Dec.	100⅛	101¼
Chesapeake & Pot. Tel. 1st, '29	5	Jan. & July	102	103⅛
Lima Locomotive, '39	6	May & Nov.	94	98
Monon Coal 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	55	70
Poc. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	92	95
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	95
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	..	101

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation June 30, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	....	20	22
Do pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	73	74
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	a4½	Q	July 2, 17	116	118
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	May 1, 17	48	50
Am. Light & Trac.	b5	Q	May 1, 17	318	319
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 1, 17	110	111
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Mar 1, 17	67	69
Do pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	88	90
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	July 1, 14	30	34
Do pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	65	66
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	..	..	....	8	9
Do 1st pf.	..	..	....	76	80
Do participating pf.	..	..	....	23	25
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Jun 1, 17	85	88
Buffalo Gen. Electric	1½	Q	Jun 30, 17	100	104½
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	90	95
Capital Traction	1¼	Q	July 1, 17	79¼	79¾
Car. Power & Light	½	Q	May 1, 17	36	37½
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 17, 17	99	101
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Jun 1, 17	..	72
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50)	..	..	....	45	50
Cities Service	*½	M	Jun 1, 17	279	281
Do pf.	½	M	Jun 1, 17	85½	86
Colorado Power	½	Q	Apr 16, 17	29	31
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 16	98	103
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	Q	May 1, 17	49	50
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 1, 17	75	77
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 17	93	96
Con. Trac. of N. J.	4	S	Jan 15, 17	69	72
Cumb. Co. Pr. & Lt. pf	1½	Q	May 17, 17	90	93
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	July 2, 17	57	60
Do pf.	3	S	July 2, 17	83	85
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	May 1, 17	99¼	100¼
Eliz. & Trenton	..	..	....	23	..
Do pf.	..	..	....	33	..
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Jun 15, 17	104	107
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 17	132	135
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	11	13
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	44	46
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Mar 15, 17	..	75
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	..	..	....	87	90
Hudson County Gas	4	S	J. & D.	130	133
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	..	..	....	24½	27
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb 15, 17	95	97½
International Traction	1	Q	Jun 30, 17	..	50
Do 2d pf.	1	Q	Jun 30, 17	..	52
Kan. City Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	29	35
Do pf.	$2.50	S	Apr 2, 17	59	64
Kan. City Railways	..	..	....	21	24
Do pf.	..	..	....	58	60
Kansas G. & Elec. pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	97	100
Mich. State Tel.	$1.50	Q	Jun 30, 17	87	90
Middle West Util. pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 17	71	72½
Mobile Electric	1¾	Q	May 15, 17	86	91
Muskogee G. & El. pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 17	90	93
Nashville Ry. & L. pf.	1¼	Q	July 1, 17	69	71
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	Jan 1, 17	95	96
Niagara Falls Power	2	Q	Apr 14, 17	170	180
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	13	15
Do pf.	3	S	J. & J.	59	62
No. States Power	1¾	Q	Apr 20, 17	95¾	97
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 14, 17	97	99
Nor. Texas Electric	1	Q	Jun 1, 17	50	53
Nor. Texas Electric pf	3	S	Mar 1, 17	78	83
Pacific Gas & Electric	1¼	Q	Apr 15, 17	57	57¼
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 15, 17	89	90
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Apr 10, 17	85	90
Pacific Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 17	91	95
Pine Bluff pf.	..	..	....	97	100
Pug. Sd. T., L. & P. pf.	c75	Q	July 2, 17	70	73
Republic Ry. & Light	1	Q	Apr 14, 17	35	37
Do pf.	1½	Q	Apr 14, 17	67	69
Riverside Traction	..	..	....	14	..
Do pf.	2½	S	Apr 1, 17	32	..
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	May 15, 17	88	91
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Apr 15, 17	103	105
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 17	125	129
S. W. Pwr. & Light pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 17	97½	100
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	....	11	12
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 15, 17	35	37
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	May 15, 17	122	127
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	6	6½
Do pf.	..	..	....	29	29½
Texas Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	May 1, 17	97	100
Tri-City R. & L. pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	90	94
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	July 2, 17	38	42
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	69	72
Un. Ry. & El. (Balt.)	1	..	Apr 14, 17	28	29
United Utilities	..	..	....	23	26
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	94	98
Washington Gas	$1.20	Q	May 1, 14	72½	72¾
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 17	69	75
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 17	79½	80
Western Power	..	..	....	14¼	15½
Do pf.	1.20	Q	Apr 15, 17	55	56
West. States Gas & E.	½	Q	May 15, 17	30	35
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 17	90	93
Wisconsin Edison	$3½	S	Dec 30, 16	46	49
Yadkin River Pwr. pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	99	100

*Ex dividend. a—Incl. 2% payable in com. stock. b—2½% payable in com. stock.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation June 30, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass	*1½	Q	May 15, 17	328	330
American Chicle	1½	..	Jan 20, 16	59	60
Do pf.	1½	Q	July 2, 17	69	71
Amer. Graphophone	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	85	86½
Do pf.	1¾	Q	May 15, 17	102	103
Amer. Typefounders	1	Q	Apr 14, 17	39	41
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 14, 17	88	91
Atlantic Refining	..	..	....	11	17
Do pf.	..	..	....	35	45
Atlas Powder	d5	Q	Jun 10, 17	155	158
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 1, 17	99	101
Automatic Elec.	1	Q	May 1, 17	..	45
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Apr 4, 17	128	131
Barn. Bros. & S. 1st pf	1¾	Q	May 1, 17	88	91
Beatrice Creamery	2½	Q	May 10, 17	225	235
Do pf.	1¾	Q	May 10, 17	107	109½
Borden's Cond. Milk	4	S	Feb 15, 17	101½	103
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 15, 17	102	104
By Products Coke	8	A	....	162	167
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	4	S	Mar 30, 17	93	96
Cardenas-Am. Sugar	..	..	....	20	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	80	90
Casein Co. of America	..	..	....	38	43
Celluloid	2	Q	Jun 30, 17	180	185
Central Aguirre Sugar	b10	..	July 2, 17	171	..
Central Coal & Coke	..	..	....	65	70
Chi. Lumber & Coal	..	..	....	60	65
Childs	1½	Q	Jun 11, 17	71	72
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 11, 17	93½	94½
City & Sub. Homes	..	..	Jun 4, 17	6	7½
Crocker-Wheeler	g3	Q	Apr 15, 17	102	104
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 17	105	107
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	1.25	Q	Apr 16, 17	175	180
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	May 1, 17	115	120
Federal Sugar	1¼	Q	Jun 15, 17	88	90
Do pf.	1½	Q	Apr 30, 17	92	95
Goodyear Tire & Rub.	3	Q	Jun 1, 17	181	185
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	105½	106½
Great Western	‡1¾	Q	July 2, 17	360	390
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	115	118
Guantanamo Sugar	1½	Q	May 1, 17	61	62
Hercules Powder	m4	Q	Jun 25, 17	245	248
Holland-St. L. Sugar	3	Q	Apr 15, 17	14¼	15¼
Do pf.	7	A	Mar, 1917	9	10
Holly Sugar	..	..	....	42	47
Do pf.	1¾	Q	May 1, 17	100	101
International Salt	x1½	Q	Jun 30, 17	56	58
Int. Silver	..	..	....	63	..
Do pf.	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	101	103
Kan. City Stock Yards	1¼	Q	May 1, 17	90	94
Do pf.	1¼	Q	May 1, 17	80	84
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	May 31, 17	68½	70½
Manati Sugar	2½	..	Dec 1, 16	116	120
Do pf.	y2¾	Q	July 2, 17	94	97
Matanzas-Am.	..	..	....	8	15
Do pf.	..	..	....	72	78
Mergenthaler Linotype	2½	Q	Jun 30, 17	145¾	146¾
Michigan Sugar	2½	Q	Jun 1, 17	92	93¼
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 17	97	99½
Midwest Refining	$1	Q	May 1, 17	136	137
Nat Candy	1½	..	Mar 14, 17	28½	28⅞
Do 1st pf.	3½	..	Mar 14, 17	104	105
Do 2d pf.	3½	..	Mar 14, 17	88½	89½
Nat. Sugar Refining	1½	Q	July 2, 17	96	98
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Jun 11, 17	312	313
New Niquero Sugar	..	..	....	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond	3	Q	Jun 20, 17	158	163
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 21, 17	105	109
Nipe Bay Sugar	2	Q	Jul 14, 17	125	135
Otis Elevator	1¼	Q	Jul 16, 17	56	58
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 16, 17	84½	86
Prestolite	..	..	....	137	140
Remington Typewriter	..	..	....	13½	14
Do 1st pf.	1¾	..	Oct 1, 14	69	70
Do 2d pf.	2	..	Oct 1, 14	42	45
Royal Baking Powder	2	Q	Jun 30, 17	143	145
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 30, 17	100	101½
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	2	Q	July 2, 17	77	79
Santa Cecilia Sugar	..	..	....	20	24
Do pf.	..	..	....	64	67
Semet Solvay Co.	..	..	....	225	233
Shredded Wheat	1½	Q	Jun 30, 17	..	130
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 30, 17	94½	..
Singer Sew. Machine	2½	Q	July 2, 17	214	218
Union Ferry	2	S	J. & J.	37	40
U. S. Gypsum	..	..	....	34	36
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 30, 17	94	96
Warner Sugar	1¾	*Q	Jun 15, 17	100	110

*And 11% extra. ‡And 10% extra. b—Incl. 7½% extra. d—Incl. 8% extra. g—Incl. 1% extra. m—Incl. 2% extra. x—Incl. ¼% in favor of Red Cross. y—Incl. 1% in favor of Red Cross.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation June 30, 1917. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	14	S	July 2, 17	540	550
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 17	235	240
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	3	S	July 1, 17	175	185
Batt'y Pk. N.	400,000	†6	S	July 2, 17	150	..
Bowery	250,000	*4	Q	May 1, 17	390	420
Bronx Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 2, 17	150	..
B'w'y Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	....	140	150
Bryant Park.	200,000	*4	S	July 1, 17	160	170
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	..	..	....	90	100
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	July 2, 17	360	370
Ch.-P. Nat.	3,500,000	b4	Q	July 2, 17	230	240
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	S	Apr 2, 17	..	125
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	July 1, 17	388	392
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	2½	Q	July 2, 17	200	203
City (Nat'l)	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 17	445	455
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	*3	Q	July 2, 17	200	..
Colonial	400,000	3	S	July 2, 17	450	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	July 1, 17	325	350
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2	Q	July 2, 17	169	172
Corn Exch.	3,500,000	g4	Q	May 1, 17	315	320
E.R.Nat.($25)	250,000	2	..	Jun 1, 16	65	75
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13, 17	110	130
Fifth Av.	100,000	‡25	Q	July 2, 17	4300	4800
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	July 2, 17	200	225
First Nat.	10,000,000	¶10	Q	July 2, 17	990	1000
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 17	180	190
Ger.-Am.($75)	750,000	*4	S	Feb 1, 17	138	..
German Ex.	200,000	10	S	July 2, 17	375	390
G'mania, new	400,000	10	S	May, 1917	200	225
Gotham Nat.	200,000	b3	Q	July 2, 17	200	..
Greenwich	500,000	b5	Q	July 2, 17	320	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	a8	S	July 2, 17	690	700
Harriman N.	1,000,000	100	..	Jan 11, 17	245	255
Imp. & T Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	July 2, 17	500	515
Irving Nat.	4,000,000	b3½	Q	July 2, 17	220	223
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	c9½	Q	July 2, 17	975	1020
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 17	..	325
Manh'n ($50)	2,050,000	$4	S	July 2, 17	325	..
M. & Ful. Nat	1,000,000	3	Q	July 2, 17	245	255
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	b4	Q	May 8, 17	300	306
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	July 2, 17	250	..
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	July 2, 17	275	300
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	July 2, 17	180	190
Mutual	200,000	7	S	July 2, 17	375	..
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	July 2, 17	210	225
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	8	S	July 2, 17	400	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	500,000	10	S	July 1, 17	350	450
N.Y. Prod. Ex	1,000,000	5	S	Apr 16, 17	195	..
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	May 1, 17	270	..
Public	750,000	2½	Q	Jun 30, 17	230	240
Park Nat.	5,000,000	5	Q	July 2, 17	440	475
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	July 2, 17	200	225
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	b4	Q	July 2, 17	450	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	July 2, 17	395	415
Sherman Nat	300,000	1½	Q	July 2, 17	120	130
State	1,500,000	3	S	July 2, 17	100	110
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb 1, 17	100	135
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 30, 17	153	158
United States	200,000	10	S	July 1, 17	500	..
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	July 1, 17	275	300
West Side	200,000	6	S	July 2, 17	275	300
Yorkville	100,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 17	600	..

*Incl. 1% extra. †Incl. 8% extra. ‡And 110 special div. ¶Incl. 5% of First Security Co. payable in Liberty Bonds. a—Incl. 2% extra. b—Incl. 1% in favor of Red Cross. c—Incl. 2% in favor of Red Cross. g—1% Red Cross div.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	10,000,000	a7	..	July 2, 17	440	445
B'way Trust.	1,500,000	2	Q	May 1, 17	160	166
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	July 2, 17	600	610
Central	5,000,000	6	Q	July 2, 17	785	795
Columbia	5,000,000	3½	Q	Jun 30, 17	285	290
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	110	120
Empire	1,500,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 17	290	300
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	b6	Q	June 30, 17	360	365
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	4½	Q	May 1, 17	455	460
Fidelity	1,000,000	2	Q	July 2, 17	210	215
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30, 17	245	255
Fulton	500,000	5	S	July 2, 17	260	275
Guaranty	20,000,000	b6	Q	Jun 30, 17	420	425
Do rights	..	..	..	....	64	65½
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 17	265	275
Hudson Tr.	500,000	3½	S	Jun 30, 17	140	145
Kings Co.	500,000	6	Q	May 1, 17	640	..
Law. Title & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	July 2, 17	110	115
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	..	Sep 30, 07	95	100
Manufact're.	1,000,000	1½	Q	July 2, 17	145	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	b7	Q	Jun 30, 17	380	400
New York	3,000,000	b9	Q	Jun 30, 17	590	610
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	20	S	Jun 11, 17	925	950
People's Tr.	1,000,000	3½	Q	Jun 30, 17	280	..
Q. Co. Jama.	600,000	..	..	....	70	80
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30, 17	350	355
Transatlantic	700,000	3	S	July 2, 17	145	155
Union	2,000,000	*5	Q	July 2, 17	390	400
United States	2,000,000	25	S	July 2, 17	1005	1020
U.S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 17	435	445

*Incl. 1% extra. a—Incl. 2% in favor of Red Cross. b—Incl. 1% in favor of Red Cross.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Surety	$5,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 17	125	127
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	4	Q	May 15, 17	245	248
City of N. Y.	583,000	2	..	July 1, 15	100	110
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Jan 31, 17	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	1.50	S	Jan 4, 17	$54	$56
Fidel. Ph'nix	2,500,000	10	S	Jan 8, 17	335	345
Ger. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan 15, 17	140	160
Ger.-Amer.	2,000,000	†5	S	Jan 15, 17	510	520
Germ'a ($50)	1,000,000	†12½	S	July 1, 17	335	355
Globe & Rut.	700,000	8	Q	July 1, 17	700	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	July 2, 17	165	172
Home Fire	6,000,000	b12½	S	Jan 8, 17	470	480
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Jun 30, 17	128	137
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	95	100
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	b4	Q	July 2, 17	215	218
N.Y. T. & M.	2,125,000	1¾	Q	July 2, 17	85	92
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*15	S	July 1, 17	360	375
No. River ($25)	600,000	5	S	July 1, 17	160	175
Pacific	400,000	5	S	Jan 17, 17	140	160
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15, 17	87	92
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	S	July 1, 17	90	110
Westc'r ($10)	500,000	10	Q	May 1, 17	50	56

*5% extra. †Including 2½% extra. b—1% in favor of Red Cross paid July 2.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bl'k'r St & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	15	23
Do 1st 4s, '50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	55	65
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	Q	Apr 15, 17	155	170
B'l'nC.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 17	165	171
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	107	117
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	265	300
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	225	250
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	Q	July 2, 17	135	150
2d Av. Ry. 1st con. 5s, '48	5,631,000	2½	..	Feb 1, 08	2	7
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F,M,A,N	105	115

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Bowery Savings Bank

128 and 130 BOWERY.

NEW YORK, June 11, 1917.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 16, 1917.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1917.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

German Savings Bank IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Cor. 4th Ave. and 14th St.

New York, June 4, 1917.

Interest at the rate of FOUR (4) PER CENTUM per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending June 30, 1917, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws not exceeding three thousand ($3,000) Dollars, and will be payable on and after July 21, 1917.

Deposits made on or before July 10, 1917, will draw interest from July 1, 1917.

HUBERT CILLIS, President.
A. KOPPEL, Treasurer.

138TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

UNION SQUARE SAVINGS BANK

No. 20 Union Square

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending June 30, 1917, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 16th, 1917. Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1.

WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, President.
H. ROCKWOOD BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.
FREDERIC C. MILLS, Cashier.
Open 10 to 3; Mon. 10 to 7; Sat. 10 to 12.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED.

EMIGRANT Industrial Savings Bank

51 Chambers St., New York

The Board of Trustees has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all deposits entitled thereto

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1917, will draw interest from July 1st, 1917.

JOHN J. PULLEYN, President.
JOHN S. DALY, Comptroller.

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK

Corner 8th Avenue and 42d Street.

118th consecutive semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum on all sums entitled thereto from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 16, 1917.

Deposits made on or before the 10th of July will draw interest from the 1st.

Amount due depositors....$26,581,435.27
Surplus, PAR values..... 2,350,145.80

E. K. SATTERLEE, President.
H. W. NORDELL, Comptroller.
WALTER B. BROWN, Secretary.
HENRY P. AICHELE, Asst. Sec'y.

Dry Dock Savings Institution

341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 3d St., New York

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1917, on all deposits from FIVE DOLLARS to THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS entitled thereto under the By-Laws, at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum, payable on and after July 16, 1917.

Deposits made on or before July 10 will be entitled to interest from July 1, 1917.

ANDREW MILLS, President.
WM. F. PATTERSON, V. Pres. & Treas.
SAMUEL WEBSTER, Secretary.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD, Asst. Secretary.

Union Dime Savings Bank

40th Street and 6th Avenue

An interest dividend (116th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of Three and One-Half Per Cent. per annum, Credited July 1, 1917, and payable on and after Thursday, July 19, 1917, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws.

Money deposited on or before July 10th, 1917, draws interest from July 1, 1917.

Alex. P. W. Kinnan, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
Frank F. Hazard, Secretary.

The Manhattan Savings Institution

644-646 Broadway, Cor. Bleecker St., N. Y.

132nd SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

June 12th, 1917.

The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 30th inst., payable on or after July 16th, 1917.

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1917, will draw interest from July 1st, 1917. Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 6:30 P. M.

Constant M. Bird, President.
Benjamin Griffen, Vice-Pres. Arthur Stiles, Sec'y.

Maiden Lane Savings Bank

170 Broadway, cor. Maiden Lane

4% Per Annum

Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.
Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Saturdays to 1 P. M.
J. HEYNEN, Sec'y. F. A. RINGLER, Pres.

42nd Semi-Annual Dividend

ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK of the City of New York.

64-66 Spring St., cor. Lafayette St.

A dividend has been declared for the six (6) months ending June 30th, 1917, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

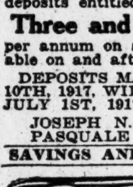
Three and One-Half Per Cent.

per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 17th, 1917.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH, 1917, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST, 1917.

JOSEPH N. FRANCOLINI, President.
PASQUALE I. SIMONELLI, Secretary.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.



The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society announces its semi-annual cash dividend at the usual rate of Four and One-Half Per Cent. per annum on all savings share accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the society's

57th Consecutive Dividend

SECURITIES—First Mortgages (in small amounts) on dwellings in New York City and vicinity—non-speculative.

Bank Department Supervision.

Even a dollar starts an account. Thousands of investors, large and small.

SIMPLE MAILING SYSTEM. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before July 10 earn from date opened. Begin now or write for Booklet A.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
For Home Building and Savings,
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

4½ PER CENT

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of WOOL EXCHANGE REALTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 260 West Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, the 10th day of July, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

J. G. WYLIE, Secretary.

A Comparison of January and June Bond Prices

The attention of investors is called to the following comparison of bond prices and yields. A review of the market history of these issues shows that present prices are unusually low.

Issues	Jan. 1917 Price	Yield	June 30, 1917 Price	Yield
Florida East Coast Ry. Co. 1st Mortgage 4½'s	96	4.72%	91½	5.00%
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul Gen. & Ref. 4½'s	98½	4.57	85	5.30
N. Y. Central & Hudson River R.R. Deb. 4's	94¼	4.48	85½	5.30
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul Deb. (now Mtg.) 4's	94⅝	4.45	85½	5.30
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. Convertible 5's	94¾	5.35	88½	5.83
Seaboard Air Line Ry. Co. First Cons. 6's	99½	6.04	93½	6.50
Interborough Rapid Transit Co. First & Ref. 5's	99⅝	5.02	93½	5.38
American Tel. & Tel. Co. Coll. 4's	92¾	4.78	87½	5.43
United States Rubber Co. First & Refunding 5's (issue price)	96¾	5.22	86	6.02

Circulars describing any of the above issues will be sent upon request.

The National City Company
National City Bank Building, New York

Coupons Due and Payable at the Office of
A. B. LEACH & CO.,
62 CEDAR ST., N. Y.

JULY 1, 1917.
Albion, Ind., Water Company.
Bainbridge, Ga., Sewer.
Barton, N. Y., School.
Barton, Fla., St. Imp.
Batavia, N. Y., Sewer.
Bluefield, W. Va., St. and Sewer.
Cascade Co., Mont., Sch. Dist. No. 1.
Choteau Co., Mont., Funding.
Clinton, Iowa, Refunding.
Cook Co., Ill., Sch. Dist. No. 170.
Ellsworth, Kan., Refunding.
Enfield, Ill., Refunding.
Fairmont, Ind., School.
Georgia Lt., Power & Ry. Co.
Green Bay, Wis., School, C. H. & Rfdg.
Hillsboro County, Fla., Road.
Huntington, Ind., Waterworks.
Huntington, Ind., Waterworks Co.
Jonesboro, Ind., Funding.
Kalamazoo, Mich., City and St. Imp.
Kent, Wash., Water and Light.
Lebanon, Ind., Waterworks.
Lemhi Co., Ida., Court House & Jail.
Linwood & Auburn Levee Dist.
Madison, Ga., School.
Marshall Co., Minn., Ditch.
Miles City Electric Light.
Montpelier, Ind., Funding.
Morrison County, Minn., Ditch.
Ossining, N. Y., Sch. Dist. No. 1.
Pitt Co., N. C., Bridge.
Quebec, Canada.
Raleigh, N. C., Water.
Randleman, N. C., St. Imp.
Robertson Co., Tenn., Road.
Rochester, Ind., Funding.
Rock Hill, S. C., W. W., Lt. & Sewer.
Shelbyville, Tenn., School.
Snohomish, Wash., General & Water.
South Orange, N. J., School & Rfdg.
Taylor County, Wis., Jail.
Vigo County, Ind., Building.
West Bay City, Mich., School.
Winston, N. C., Gen'l Municipal.
Yalebusha County, Miss., Jail.
JULY 12TH.
Fowler, Ind., School.
JULY 16TH.
Veedersburg, Ind., School.
JULY 17TH.
Huntington, Ind., Water.

Living Costs—War Burdens And Your Investments

GROWING living costs and the financial burdens caused by the war have created a greatly increased demand for 5½-6% securities of demonstrated worth and soundness. You will find that the purchase of well-secured bonds, bearing a liberal interest yield, will do much to aid you in solving the financial problems the war has brought.

THE first mortgage serial bonds, safeguarded under the Straus Plan, are worthy of your careful attention and investigation as a July investment. We emphasize their soundness rather than the attractive interest rate they bear, and will be pleased to explain their merits.

OUR July Investment List describes a diversified selection of these sound bonds, netting 5½-6%. Call or write for our July List and our booklet, "Acid Tests of Investments in War Time," and specify

Circular No. A-103.

S. W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA CINCINNATI DETROIT SAN FRANCISCO
BOSTON MINNEAPOLIS ROCHESTER DAYTON KANSAS CITY
35 Years Without Loss to Any Investor

Yielding about 8.75%
Curtis Aeroplane
7% Cum. Preferred Stock

Through sale of new Common Stock $2,000,000 additional cash equity has just been placed behind the Preferred.

Over $20,000,000 new business reported booked recently.

Stock bought on July 2nd will receive $3.50 semi-annual dividend, payable July 16th. Also, right to subscribe to 30% of new Common Stock at 35.

Ask for Circular T 5

CHAS. H. JONES & CO.
20 Broad St. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

Cities Service STOCKHOLDERS

A situation exists in regard to the proposed new issue of stock which presents interesting possibilities to present holders.

For details send for Special Letter

CLARENCE C. PERPALL & CO.
50 Broad Street, N. Y. Telephone 2920 Broad

STANDARD OIL

WE WILL BUY	WE WILL SELL
25 Buckeye P. L.	25 Eureka P. L.
50 Crescent P. L.	25 Galena Sig. Com.
50 Prairie P. L.	25 Northern P. L.
50 S. O. of Cal.	50 Ohio Oil
25 S. O. of N. J.	20 Prairie O. & G.
50 Vacuum Oil	25 S. O. of N. Y.

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

To the Holders of
First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds of
TANANA VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY:

The undersigned have agreed to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of the holders of the above-mentioned bonds under the terms of an agreement dated June 7th, 1917, lodged with the Columbia Trust Company, Depositary, with which Depositary bondholders are urged to make immediate deposit of their bonds.

Attention is called to the necessity that immediate steps should be taken to effect a sale of the mortgaged property.

Dated June 11, 1917.

BENJAMIN L. ALLEN,
PETER DUDLEY,
W. HARRIS ROOME,
JOHN W. HERBERT,
Committee.

ROBERT I. CURRAN, Secretary,
60 Broadway, New York City.
DAVIES, AUERBACH & CORNELL, Counsel.

Amer. Gas & Elec. Co.
Amer. Lt. & Trac. Co.
Commonwealth Pr., Ry. & Lt. Co.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Co.
United Lt. & Rys. Co.
Western Power Co.
Lamarche & Coady
Phone 9970 Rector 14 Wall St.

Amer. Graphophone
Aetna Explos. Pfd.
Federal Sugar
Indian Refining
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

DuPont Powder
Hercules Powder
Atlas Powder
Amer. Graphophone
Wheatley, Matchett & Co.
Incorporated
120 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 9717 Rector

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

Everett Heaney & Co., Inc.
Is reviewed in this week's issue. Send 15c for this number "A" and special subscription offer to
THE
FINANCIAL WORLD
Publication Office, 29 Broadway, New York

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TAMPA & JACKSONVILLE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Tampa & Jacksonville Railway Company will be held in the City of Gainesville, Fla., at the offices of the Company, on the tenth day of July, nineteen hundred and seventeen, at eleven A. M., or as soon thereafter as the said meeting can convene, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the said Company, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Dated at Gainesville, Fla., this first day of July A. D., nineteen hundred and seventeen.

G. F. ALLEN, Secretary.
A. de SOLA MENDES, Vice President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

Rumsey & Greutert Company, Inc.

To the Stockholders and Members of Rumsey & Greutert Company, Inc.:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors of Rumsey & Greutert Company, Inc., not having been held on the day designated in the By-Laws, and the directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the stockholders and members of said corporation for the purpose of electing directors thereof will be held in Room 672, No. 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of July, 1917, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated June 16th, 1917.

MATHIAS RIESTER,
Stockholder of said Corporation.

PROPOSALS.

WEST POINT, N. Y.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, August 1, 1917, for furnishing oats and motor gasoline at this post during remainder of fiscal year ending June 30, 1918. Information furnished on application to Quartermaster.

NOTICE OF CONSUMMATION
OF
PLAN OF REORGANIZATION
OF
The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit for Stock or for Debentures of The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, under Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated November 14, 1916, as modified November 26, 1916:

Notice is hereby given that the new stocks will be deliverable at the office of Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, No. 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on and after JULY 2, 1917, in exchange for and upon surrender of certificates of deposit, and upon complying with all conditions of said Plan including those below stated, viz.:

DEBENTURES:

Each $1,000 of certificates of deposit for Debentures will, upon complying with the conditions below stated, receive:

$1,000. par value in new 6% preferred stock, and

$97.92 cash,

(except that only $72.92 will be paid to certificates of deposit stamped as having received an advance of the January 15, 1916 coupon).

Holders of certificates of deposit must furnish Income Tax ownership certificates; the dates of payment to be inserted are January 15, 1916 and July 15, 1916; certificates of deposit which received an advance of the January 15, 1916 coupon will require only one certificate at $25 for interest due July 15, 1916; all others, two certificates each for $25 and respectively for interest due January 15, 1916 and July 15, 1916; the name of the security should be stated as "The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company Twenty-Year Five Per Cent. Debentures."

STOCK:

Each $1,000 par value of old stock represented by certificates of deposit will, upon complying with the conditions below stated, receive

$400 par value of new 7% preferred stock,

$1,000 par value of new common stock, and

$4 cash, namely, cash at the rate of $1 per share of new 7% preferred stock, being the amount that would otherwise have accumulated by way of dividend from May 1, 1917 to June 30, 1917 at 6% (May 1st being the date fixed by the Committee as the average date of payment of instalments).

Scrip of Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, will be issued for fractions of shares of 7% preferred stock. No cash will be paid in respect of such fractions of shares, unless and until exchanged for stock certificates on surrender of scrip in aggregate amounts of $100 or multiples.

Certificates of deposit for Stock must be endorsed in blank. All new shares will be issued in the name of the registered holder of the certificate of deposit, except upon the holder's written request, in which latter case the assignment must be guaranteed to the Depositary's satisfaction and be accompanied by any stock transfer stamps requisite under any law or laws then in force.

GENERAL:

For convenience of depositors, certificates of deposit will also be received by First Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, Depositary, on the same conditions as above stated, for transmission to New York. The initial issue of all new shares will be made at New York.

Certificates of deposit will be received by Bankers Trust Company, Depositary, only up to **noon** of each business day. The certificates for new shares will be delivered and the cash will be paid as early thereafter as practicable.

Stock certificates will be issued in temporary form, exchangeable for definitive engraved certificates as soon as the latter shall have been prepared. Application will be made to list these temporary certificates on the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated, New York, June 29, 1917.

SEWARD PROSSER,
NATHAN L. AMSTER,
EMILE K. BOISOT,
CHARLES HAYDEN,
JAMES SPEYER,
S. DAVIES WARFIELD,
Joint Reorganization Committee.

B. W. JONES,
Secretary,
16 Wall Street, New York City.

To the Holders of Debentures not Deposited under said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization:

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to decree entered June 12, 1917, by the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, in the Consolidated Cause entitled "American Steel Foundries and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, *complainants*, versus The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, *defendant*, in Equity No. 445," there has been delivered to and received by Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under the indenture dated January 17, 1912, between said Railway Company, of the first part, and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, of the second part, the new 6% preferred stock of said Railway Company and the cash by said decree required to be delivered and paid to Bankers Trust Company. On and after July 2, 1917 Bankers Trust Company, as said Trustee, upon delivery and surrender to it of any of the 20-year 5% Gold Debentures of said Railway Company not deposited under said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, accompanied in every case by the coupons thereunto appertaining matured January 15, 1916, and all subsequent coupons, will deliver and pay in respect of each $1,000 debenture and appurtenant coupons as aforesaid, the following:

$1,000. par value of the new 6% preferred stock of said Railway Company, entitled to cumulative dividends at the rate of 5 per centum per annum from and after July 1, 1917.

$97.92 in cash, being a sum equivalent to the interest which would have accrued upon said Debentures from July 15, 1915 to and including June 30, 1917.

Debentures must, if registered, be accompanied by proper instruments of transfer in blank. No Income Tax ownership certificates will be required. Certificates of stock will until further notice be in temporary form, exchangeable for definitive engraved certificates when prepared.

Dated, New York, June 29, 1917.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee,
By H. F. Wilson, Jr.,
Vice-President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK TRUST CERTIFICATES OF THE CURTISS AEROPLANE AND MOTOR CORPORATION:

The undersigned, the Voting Trustees of preferred and common stock of CURTISS AEROPLANE AND MOTOR CORPORATION, acting pursuant to a certain voting trust agreement dated January 14, 1916, announce that they have received notice from the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation that the common capital stock without nominal or par value of said corporation has been increased so that the holders of record of both common and preferred stock, or of either, at the close of business on July 3, 1917, are entitled, up to and including July 18, 1917, but not thereafter, to subscribe at the price of $35 a share for said increased common stock at the rate of thirty (30) shares of new common stock, without nominal or par value, for each one hundred (100) shares of common and preferred stock, or of either, of which such stockholders shall be the owners of record at the close of business on July 3, 1917.

The Voting Trustees hereby give notice to the holders of record at the close of business on July 3, 1917, of preferred and common stock trust certificates under said agreement of January 14, 1916, that the Voting Trustees will issue to such holders of record a warrant for said subscription rights in said common stock, and that upon the execution of the subscription agreement endorsed upon such warrant and the payment for the number of shares to be subscribed for and specified in such warrant, in New York funds, to the Franklin Trust Company, No. 46 Wall Street, New York City, on or before July 18, 1917, the undersigned will subscribe, on behalf of the holder of said warrant, for the number of shares specified in said warrant at said price, under the conditions stated in said warrant, and when said subscriptions are honored by said corporation and stock certificates therefor issued to the Voting Trustees, as soon as practicable thereafter the Voting Trustees will issue to the subscriber stock trust certificates under the said voting trust agreement for the number of shares specified in said warrant.

Dated, June 29, 1917.

GLENN H. CURTISS,
JOHN N. WILLYS,
C. M. KEYS,
Voting Trustees.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK,
NEW YORK.
COUPONS PAYABLE AT THIS BANK
JULY 2nd, 1917.

Austin, Texas, (City) Refunding, School, Street Improvement, Sewer, Hospital and Cemetery 4s-5s.
Bartow, Fla., Street, Elec. Lt. and Sewer 5s.
Blackshear, Ga., Water, Sewer and Electric Light, Various.
Conrad, Montana, Sewer 6s.
Fort Hill, S. C., (Town of) School District No. 28, 6s.
Lehigh and Hudson River Railway Co. Refunding and Consolidated Mortgage 5s.
Lincoln, Idaho, (County of) Refunding 4½s.
Madison, Mon., (County) 4½s.
Merchants' Refrigerating Co. 1st and Rfd. 6s.
Portland Terminal Company (Portland, Maine,) 4s.
St. Cloud, Minn., Bridge and Ref. 5s and 5½s.
Webb City, Mo., Sewer 5s.
Windsor, Conn., (Town of) 4½s.
Zanesville, Ohio, Refunding 4½s.

PROPOSALS.

BOARD OF AWARDS OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposal for Removing and Disposing of Garbage, Market Refuse and Dead Animals," will be received by the Board of Awards of the City of Baltimore until 11 A. M. Wednesday, July 18th, 1917, at the office of the City Register, City Hall, Baltimore, Md., for the removal and final disposition of the garbage and market refuse of the City of Baltimore, including all dead animals collected by the Street Cleaning Department, for a period of one year, from January 1st, 1918, to December 31st, 1918.

All proposals must be made upon the blank form of proposal, copy of which may be secured by applying at the Office of the Chief Engineer of the City of Baltimore, Room 202, City Hall, Baltimore, Md., on and after July 5th, 1917. A deposit of $10 will be required for each copy of the form of proposal and specifications obtained, which amount will be returned to those submitting bids, or upon return to the office of the Chief Engineer, before Wednesday, July 18th, 1917, of the unused proposals and specifications in good condition.

A certified check on a clearing house bank, payable to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, in the sum of $500, must accompany each bid submitted.

BOARD OF AWARDS OF CITY OF BALTIMORE.
Approved: (Signed) JOHN HUBERT, Acting President, Board of Awards.

Penn Mary Steel Company

To the Holders of Temporary First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Penn Mary Steel Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the definitive engraved First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Twenty Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the undersigned, dated January 1, 1917, are ready for delivery in exchange for, and upon the surrener of, the above mentioned temporary bonds, at the office of GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Broad and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and that on and after July 2, 1917, the coupons appertaining to said definitive bonds will be paid at said office of said Girard Trust Company, which the undersigned has appointed its agency for said purpose.

South Bethlehem, Pa., June 28, 1917.
PENN MARY STEEL COMPANY.
By B. H. JONES, Secretary.

BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED
(Incorporated under the Laws of the Dominion of Canada)

To the Holders of 5% First Mortgage 50-Year Bonds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with the Resolutions passed at the Meeting of the 5% First Mortgage 50-Year Bondholders of the above Company held on Tuesday, the 8th June, 1915, Bondholders are requested to produce their Bonds at the Offices of the Company, 19 Manning Arcade, Toronto, Canada, for the purpose of having endorsed thereon a memorandum modifying the rights of Bondholders and of the Supplemental Trust Deed executed in pursuance of such resolutions.

For and on behalf of
BARCELONA TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
Toronto, Canada, 2nd July, 1917.
R. H. MERRY, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR BONDS.

The undersigned Trustee, under the terms of the Deed of Trust from the Virginia Coal & Coke Company, dated June 11, 1900, invites proposals at not more than par and accrued interest, for retirement into the Sinking Fund, for $9,000.00 of bonds, secured under said mortgage; bids to be opened on July 18, 1917, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of the Lynchburg Trust & Savings Bank, Lynchburg, Va. Said bonds to be purchased from the lowest bidder.

THE LYNCHBURG TRUST & SAVINGS BANK,
Trustee.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Broadway Property Corporation, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 28th day of June, 1917, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section inorder to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of [Seal.] Albany, this twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, July 10, 1917, for Contract 184, for placing a vitrified brick pavement in tar mastic in the Kensico aerator. The work is located near the Kensico reservoir, in the Town of Mt. Pleasant, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $33,037,889.14;) market value.		$32,926,275.50
Private securities, (book value, $22,886,482.10;) market value.		22,474,144.40
Real estate owned		3,607,180.00
Mortgages owned		1,948,504.98
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		31,800.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		48,677,890.82
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		42,510,041.63
Overdrafts		30,083.99
Overdrafts, secured		737,224.95
Advances to trusts, secured		214,411.04
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$14,131,753.28	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	16,061,605.38	
		30,193,356.66
Specie		15,126,370.38
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		382,990.00
Federal reserve notes		70,000.00
Liabilities of customers for acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		7,478,664.08
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$587,548.46	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	284,731.09	
		872,279.55
Total		$265,231,168.57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$5,000,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$1,000,000.00	
Undivided profits.	11,564,297.35	
		12,564,297.35
Undivided profits and surplus on book values, $12,985,684.96.		
Deposits:		
Preferred as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$3,248,076.91	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	5,883,486.99	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	6,630,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	129,083,910.59	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	11,616,572.54	
Demand certificates of deposit.	5,876,607.02	
Other certificates of deposit	301,109.00	
Certified checks	649,180.28	
Unpaid dividends.	79.25	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	16,742,126.65	
		177,177,055.63
Domestic and foreign acceptances		7,478,664.08
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes and dividend	$158,756.87	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	2,222,981.04	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	245,517.45	
Reserve for unearned interest.	433,946.75	
		3,061,151.51
Total		$265,281,168.57

The
American Exchange National Bank
NEW YORK

A Commercial Bank with Every Facility for the Care of Its Customers

STATEMENT
Comptroller's Call, June 20, 1917

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans, Discounts, Investments and U. S. Bonds (including security for Circulation and Postal Deposits)	$85,122,574.20	Capital Stock	$5,000,000.00
Cash, Due from Federal Reserve Bank and Exchanges	38,842,341.40	Surplus Fund and Undivided Profits	5,315,143.00
Customers' Liability under Acceptances and Letters of Credit	8,610,740.80	Deposits	112,653,865.78
Due from Banks and Trust Companies	7,768,689.16	Acceptances and Letters of Credit	9,371,080.04
Redemption Fund and due from U. S. Treasurer	294,000.00	Circulation	4,788,300.00
Other Assets	165,000.00	Reserved for Taxes	131,820.00
		Reserved for Depreciation, Contingencies, etc	375,282.12
		Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	3,000,000.00
		Liabilities other than those above stated	167,854.62
	$140,803,345.56		$140,803,345.56

Documentary Letters of Credit issued but not used or drawn against $2,985,633.00

OFFICERS
LEWIS L. CLARKE
President

WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-President
THEODORE H. BANKS, Vice-President
GEORGE C. HAIGH, Vice-President
ARTHUR P. LEE, Cashier
A. K. de GUISCARD, Asst. Cashier
HUGH S. McCLURE, Asst. Cashier
ALEXANDER G. ARMSTRONG, Asst. Cashier
LOUIS S. TIEMANN, Asst. Cashier
ELBERT A. BENNETT, Asst. Cashier
WALTER B. TALLMAN, Asst. Cashier
ROY MURCHIE, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS

WILLIAM M. BARRETT, Pres. Adams Express Co.
WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-President
JOHN S. BROWNING, Browning, King & Co.
LEWIS L. CLARKE, President
R. FULTON CUTTING, New York
WILLIAM P. DIXON, Dixon & Holmes
STEPHEN B. FLEMING, Pres. Intern'l Agr. Corp.
GEORGE LEGG, Geo. Legg & Sons
EDGAR J. NATHAN, Cardozo & Nathan
EDWARD C. PLATT, Vice-Pres. Mackay Co.'s
JOSEPH A. SKINNER, William Skinner & Sons
JAMES A. SMITH, Calhoun, Robbins & Co.
ELBRIDGE G. SNOW, Pres. Home Insur. Co.
CLAUS A. SPRECKELS, Pres. Fed'l Sugar Ref. Co.
JOHN T. TERRY, New York

Accounts of Individuals, Firms, Corporations, Banks and Bankers Invited
Foreign Exchange—Acceptances—Commercial Letters of Credit

Central Trust Company
OF NEW YORK
54 WALL STREET
Branch: FORTY-SECOND STREET AND MADISON AVENUE

Statement of Condition at the Close of Business June 30, 1917

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Bonds and Mortgages	$111,600.00	Capital Stock	$5,000,000.00
Public Securities, Market Value	26,039,114.96	Surplus	15,000,000.00
Other Securities, Market Value	20,519,262.32	Undivided Profits Dividend payable July 2, 1917, charged to Profit and Loss and not included in this Statement.	2,514,683.26
Loans	104,823,660.24	Deposits	209,430,940.26
Real Estate	1,403,275.12	Reserved for Taxes	205,837.25
Accrued Interest	1,184,747.00	Accrued Interest	577,815.52
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (see liabilities per contra)	1,125,000.00	Secretary's Checks	25,654.26
Cash on Hand and in Banks	78,673,270.91	Acceptances	1,125,000.00
Total	$233,879,930.55	Total	$233,879,930.55

OFFICERS
JAMES N. WALLACE, President

B. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice-President
GEORGE W. DAVISON, Vice-President
DUDLEY OLCOTT, 2d, Vice-President
FRANK B. SMIDT, Vice-President
FREDERIC J. FULLER, Vice-President
MILTON FERGUSON, Vice-President and Secretary
CHARLES P. STALLKNECHT, Asst. Secy.
GEORGE J. CORBETT, Asst. Secy.
OSCAR L. COLES, Asst. Secy.
WILLIAM H. LUDLUM, Asst. Secy.
STEPHEN H. TALLMAN, Asst. Secy.

FORTY-SECOND STREET BRANCH
F. J. LEARY, Branch Manager
C. R. BERRIEN, Assistant Manager
H. C. HOLT, Assistant Secretary

Report of the Condition of the
MERCANTILE
Trust & Deposit Co.
at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES			LIABILITIES		
Stock and bond investments, viz:			Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Public securities, (book value, $1,108,205.22;) market value		$1,108,205.22	Surplus on market values:		
Private securities, (book value, $87,587.50;) market value		87,587.50	Surplus fund	$500,000.00	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,389,050.00	Undivided profits	4,121.08	
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		1,121,686.94	Surplus on book values $496,447.12		504,121.08
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		225,925.06	Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets		510,000.00
Specie		1,503.28	Deposits subject to check.		2,684,948.68
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		385,100.00	Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days		159,815.61
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		14,656.26	Demand certificates of deposit		94,869.65
			Certified checks		5,848.54
			Due trust companies, banks, and bankers		851,308.59
			Net unearned interest entered		21,276.36
			Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.		1,739.16
			Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		3,829.94
			Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		6,282.37
Total		$5,738,062.26	Total		$5,738,062.26

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE.
SHANDAKEN TUNNEL.

The date for opening bids for the contract for the Shandaken tunnel has been changed from July 17, 1917, to September 11, 1917. The detailed advertisement inviting bids will appear in this paper from August 23, 1917, to September 11, 1917, inclusive.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF scrap rope, wire screening, brass and copper offered for sale by the Panama Canal.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Assistant Purchasing Agent, The Panama Canal, 24 State Street, New York City, until 2 P. M., July 5, 1917, at which time they will be opened in public, for purchasing the above-mentioned material. Blanks and general information relating to this sale may be obtained from the above office. R. E. RUTHERFORD, Assistant Purchasing Agent.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

Main Office: 55 Cedar Street, New York

BRANCHES:
Broadway at 73rd St.
Madison Ave. at 75th St.
125th St. at 8th Ave.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION JUNE 30th, 1917

Assets		Liabilities	
Public Securities	$10,498,050.96	Capital	$2,000,000.00
Securities due, 1 to 5 years	4,125,321.13	Surplus	4,000,000.00
Other Securities	6,498,204.54	Undivided Profits	351,473.62
Time Loans	19,803,131.22	Reserve for Taxes, etc.	690,544.94
Demand Loans and Loans due in thirty days	15,875,429.25	Deposits	81,532,086.75
Bills and Notes Purchased	12,461,622.56	Treasurer's Checks	1,182,797.09
Cash on Hand and in Bank	15,713,614.68	Mortgage Trust Bonds	7,977,500.00
Clearing House Exchanges	3,656,212.14	Accrued Interest Payable	199,092.24
Foreign Exchange	135,397.39		
Advances to Trusts	3,811.94		
Mortgages	8,331,073.80		
Real Estate	160,450.00		
Accrued Interest Receivable	671,175.03		
	$97,933,494.64		$97,933,494.64

DIRECTORS

NICHOLAS BIDDLE
CHARLES S. BROWN
BURNS D. CALDWELL
LEWIS L. CLARKE
THOMAS DEWITT CUYLER
CHARLES D. DICKEY
ALLEN B. FORBES
DONALD G. GEDDES
HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER
WILLIAM A. JAMISON
LOUIS C. KRAUTHOFF
JULIUS KRUTTSCHNITT
ROBERT OLYPHANT
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF
ELBRIDGE G. SNOW
HENRY TATNALL
EBEN B. THOMAS
JAMES TIMPSON
ARTHUR TURNBULL
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT
GEORGE G. WARD
THOMAS WILLIAMS
WILLIAM H. WILLIAMS
JOHN W. PLATTEN

OFFICERS

JOHN W. PLATTEN President
CALVERT BREWER Vice-President
JOSEPH ADAMS Vice-President
CHAUNCEY H. MURPHEY Treasurer
HARRY W. HADLEY Assistant Treasurer
RALPH L. CERERO Assistant Secretary
JOHN A. HOPPER Assistant Treasurer
FRANK J. PARSONS Vice-President
HENRY L. SERVOSS Secretary
WILLIAM T. LAW Assistant Treasurer
T. W. B. MIDDLETON Assistant Secretary
WILLIAM VAN THUN Assistant Secretary
GEORGE C. HOFFMAN Assistant Treasurer

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE BANK OF UNITED STATES
at the close of business on the 20th day of June, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (book value, $260,041.31,) market value		$260,041.31
Private securities, (book value, $449,170.89,) market value		449,170.89
Real estate owned		213,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		14,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		482,337.22
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		666,237.80
Overdrafts		365.28
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$973,986.55	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	160,831.54	
		1,134,818.09
Specie		185,426.43
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		48,933.00
Federal reserve notes		10,500.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$21,806.21	
Other cash items	3,244.67	
		25,050.88
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		164,637.17
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$7,900.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	18,397.23	
Foreign money	21,313.84	
		47,611.07
Total		$3,708,632.14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$60,000.00	
Undivided profits	90,747.90	
		150,747.90
Surplus on book values, $150,747.90.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$135,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	80,000.00	
Not preferred as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	967,379.74	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	59,161.90	
Demand certificates of deposit.	1,600.00	
Other certificates of deposit	6,750.00	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	1,629,694.14	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	51,835.54	
Certified checks	36,896.26	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	94,584.84	
		3,079,842.42
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorised by commercial letters of credit		346,370.85
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$18,360.98	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	12,810.34	
Estimated unearned discounts	4,509.65	
		35,670.97
Total		$3,708,632.14

To the Holders of Preferred Stock Trust Certificates of the CURTISS AEROPLANE AND MOTOR CORPORATION:

The undersigned, the Voting Trustees of the preferred stock of the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation, acting pursuant to a certain agreement dated January 14, 1916, announce to the holders of preferred stock trust certificates issued pursuant to said agreement, that they have received notice from the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation that upon the 27th day of June, 1917, a dividend was declared, of Three and one-half per cent. (3½%) (or $3.50 per share,) by the board of directors of Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation, payable July 16, 1917, to the preferred stockholders of record of said corporation at the close of business on July 2, 1917.

The Voting Trustees hereby give notice that upon the receipt of said dividends by them as the owners of record of said preferred stock, they will pay the same over forthwith to the holders of record of said preferred stock trust certificates at the close of business on July 2, 1917.

The transfer books of the Voting Trustees will not be closed.

Dated June 29, 1917.

GLENN H. CURTISS,
JOHN N. WILLYS,
C. M. KEYS,
Voting Trustees.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, July 10, 1917, for Contract 129, for the completion of the superstructure over the drainage chamber at Shaft 21 of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct. The shaft is located at the corner of South and Clinton Streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City. The building will be three stories high, about 48 feet by 42 feet by 59 feet, of the skeleton steel type, with brick walls and limestone and granite trimmings. The greater part of the steel framework is already in place.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, JUNE 25, 1917.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 509, District Building, until 2 o'clock, P. M., July 9, 1917, for furnishing and delivering one 50 K. W. Motor Generator, at the New Central High School Building, at 13th and Clifton Streets, N. W. Blank forms of proposal, plans, specifications and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications. Oliver P. Newman, Louis Brownlow, C. W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway

Fifth Avenue Office: Fifth Avenue & 43rd Street

London Office
32 Lombard St., E. C.

Paris Office
Rue des Italiens 1&3

Condensed Statement, June 20, 1917

RESOURCES

Real Estate		$2,770,801.75
Bonds and Mortgages		2,036,200.00
Public Securities		45,944,449.41
Other Securities		23,506,756.37
Loans and Bills Purchased		321,099,953.54
Cash—on Hand and in Banks		58,558,150.01
Exchanges for Clearing House		22,024,782.74
Foreign Exchange		82,419,717.80
Credit Granted on Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		40,228,966.92
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable		2,936,319.19
		$601,526,096.93

LIABILITIES

Capital		$20,000,000.00
Surplus Fund — required by law	$4,000,000	
Additional Surplus — not required by law	16,000,000	20,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		5,967,379.36
Accrued Dividend		1,000,000.00
Outstanding Treasurer's Checks		6,419,170.24
Accrued Interest Payable		3,811,757.75
Reserve for Taxes and Expenses		446,643.90
Foreign Accounts		5,392,030.20
Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		40,228,966.92
Deposits		498,161,281.92
		$601,526,096.93

Deposits, June 30, 1916 $437,992,912.82
Deposits, June 20, 1917 $498,161,281.92

ESTABLISHED 1887
Lawyers Title & Trust Company

Member of the New York Clearing House Association
160 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
44 Court Street, Brooklyn

STATEMENT JUNE 30, 1917

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Cash on hand and in Banks	$3,569,445.60	Capital Stock	$4,000,000.00
Exchanges for Clearing House	212,659.68	Surplus and Undivided Profits	5,431,895.21
Loans on Collateral and Bills Purchased.	8,482,419.21	Deposits	21,309,388.05
Stocks and Bonds	7,222,334.21	Certified Checks	221,276.23
Bonds and Mortgages.	7,866,641.50	Officers' Checks Outstanding	239,720.78
Interest Accrued, Receivable	395,506.27	Taxes and Rent Accrued, Payable	124,083.33
Company's Buildings.	2,994,760.00	Interest Accrued, Payable	24,476.72
Other Real Estate	599,883.50	Reserve for Current Expenses and Contingencies	62,253.03
Accounts Receivable	119,623.38	Dividend Payable July 2, 1917	50,000.00
Total	$31,463,273.35	Total	$31,463,273.35

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York
55 Liberty Street, New York

STATEMENT OF CONDITION JULY 1, 1917

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Mortgages	$7,299,785.81	Capital	$2,000,000.00
Liberty Loan.	30,000.00	Surplus	500,000.00
Other Bonds.	50,448.00	Undivided Profits	177,812.22
Real Estate	85,166.89	Mortgage Bonds	5,380,400.00
Int'st Rec'v'ble	157,805.17	Interest Payable	105,078.90
Cash	540,085.25		
	$8,163,291.12		$8,163,291.12

OFFICERS
GEORGE A. HURD, President
RICHARD M. HURD, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD, } Vice-Pres.
GURDON M. MAYNARD, Sec'y
J. HENRY WESTON, Treas.

INVESTORS—EXECUTORS—TRUSTEES

Among the many qualities of the wise investor, three are most necessary. They are:

1. Knowledge of fundamental conditions.
2. Knowledge of prices in relation to earnings.
3. Knowledge of prevailing prices as compared with those of the past.

This information is found in The Annalist.

DIVIDENDS.

The Reece Button Hole Machine Company

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND No. 125—3%

A quarterly dividend of three per cent. has been declared, payable July 16, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 2, 1917.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

Reece Folding Machine Company

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND No. 33—1%

A quarterly dividend of one per cent. has been declared, payable July 16, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 2, 1917.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

The International Button Hole Sewing Machine Company

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND No. 79—1%

A quarterly dividend of one per cent. has been declared, payable July 16, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 2, 1917.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

A REGULAR DIVIDEND OF ONE AND one-half (1½%) per cent. and an extra dividend of three (3%) per cent. on the common stock of this Company was declared by the Board of Directors on June 27, 1917, payable July 20, 1917, to common stockholders of record at the close of business July 5, 1917.

THE AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY,
By O. J. Fish, Treasurer.

A DIVIDEND OF ONE AND THREE-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the preferred stock of this Company was declared by the Board of Directors on June 27, 1917, payable July 16, 1917, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on July 2, 1917. THE AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY,
By O. J. Fish, Treasurer.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 11.

A quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share, upon the Common Capital Stock of this Company, for the three months ending June 30, 1917, will be paid on July 16, 1917, to shareholders of record at 12:00 o'clock noon June 30, 1917. The transfer books of the Company will not be closed. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.

PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO.,
A. F. HOCKENBEAMER,
Vice-President and Treasurer.
San Francisco, California, June 30, 1917.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

No. 25 Broad St., New York, June 14, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of ONE (1) PER CENT. has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable July 16, 1917, to stockholders of record at 12:00 o'clock noon, June 30, 1917. Checks in payment of the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Agent.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

222D DIVIDEND
CHARTERED 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.
New York, June 21, 1917.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this Company, free from tax, payable on and after July 2, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 27, 1917.

The Transfer Books will not close.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY.
120 Broadway, New York, June 13th, 1917.

The Finance Committee of Utah Copper Company has this day declared a special "Red Cross" dividend of 50 cents per share, payable July 25th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 14th, 1917, for the purpose of enabling stockholders, if they so desire, to contribute to the American Red Cross War Fund.

The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will remain open.

C. K. LIFMAN, Asst. Secretary.

NORTH BUTTE MINING COMPANY.
Dividend No. 43.

The Board of Directors of North Butte Mining Company have declared a dividend of Fifty cents (50c) per share on the 430,000 shares of outstanding capital stock of the Company, payable July 28th, 1917, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on July 12th, 1917. The stock transfer books will not be closed.

F. R. KENNEDY,
Secretary and Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., June 26, 1917.

127TH CASH DIVIDEND.
Illinois Central Railroad Company.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) in cash, payable September 1, 1917, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered at the close of business Monday, August 6th, 1917.

D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.
New York, June 27, 1917.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER CO.
149 Broadway, New York, June 22, 1917.

The Board of Directors of Virginia Railway and Power Company have this day declared a dividend of three per cent., equal to three dollars per share on the PREFERRED STOCK of said Company, payable on July 20, 1917, to holders of Preferred Stock of record on July 2, 1917. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend checks will be mailed. G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

CHINO COPPER COMPANY.
25 Broad St., New York, June 13, 1917.

The Executive Committee of the Chino Copper Company has this day declared a special "Red Cross" dividend of forty cents per share, payable on July 25, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 14, 1917, for the purpose of enabling stockholders, if they so desire, to contribute to the American Red Cross War Fund.

C. W. PETERS, Treasurer.

THE PEOPLES BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
June 21, 1917.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SECOND CONSECUTIVE SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent., payable on and after July 2, 1917, to stockholders of record June 23, 1917.

JOHN B. FORSYTH, Cashier.

RAY CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.
25 Broad St., New York, June 13, 1917.

The Executive Committee of the Ray Consolidated Copper Company has this day declared a special "Red Cross" dividend of twenty cents per share, payable on July 25, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 14, 1917, for the purpose of enabling stockholders, if they so desire, to contribute to the American Red Cross War Fund. E. P. SHOVE, Treasurer.

BUTTE & SUPERIOR MINING COMPANY
25 Broad St., New York, June 20, 1917.

The Board of Directors of the Butte & Superior Mining Company has this day declared a special "Red Cross" dividend of forty cents per share, payable on July 25, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 14, 1917, for the purpose of enabling stockholders, if they so desire, to contribute to the American Red Cross War Fund. C. W. PETERS, Treasurer.

NATIONAL CASKET CO.
Executive Offices, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A Stock Dividend of 10% on the Outstanding Capital Stock of this Company has been declared. Transfer books will close for this stock dividend July 7, 1917, and open July 17, 1917. This dividend is payable to all Stockholders of record July 7th. Certificates and cash at par for fractional shares will be mailed to Stockholders at an early date. W. E. CARNAHAN, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO.
June 27, 1917.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the preferred capital stock of this Company for the quarter ending June 30th, 1917, payable July 16th, 1917, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business, 3 P. M., July 5th, 1917. OWEN SHEPHERD, Treasurer.

WABASH RAILWAY COMPANY.
New York, June 27, 1917.

The Board of Directors of this Company have today declared a quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. on its Profit Sharing Preferred Stock A, payable on and after July 31, 1917, to holders of record of said stock at the close of business on July 10, 1917.

J. C. OTTESON, Assistant Treasurer.

COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC CO.

A quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the capital stock of Columbia Gas and Electric Company, has been declared, payable August 15th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 31st, 1917. T. F. Wickham, Treasurer. Charleston, W. Va., June 29th, 1917.

PITTSBURGH COAL COMPANY.
Pittsburgh, Pa., June 27, 1917.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of One and One-quarter (1¼) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock, payable July 25th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 9th, 1917.

F. J. LE MOYNE, Secretary.

New York, June 28, 1917.
CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE 5% Bonds of this Company, due July 1st, 1917, will be paid at the National City Bank, 55 Wall Street, New York City, on and after July 1st, 1917.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

PACIFIC MILLS.
RED CROSS DIVIDEND.

A special dividend of one per cent. (1%) has been declared, payable July 2nd, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.
Boston, June 25, 1917.

THE BANK OF AMERICA,
New York, June 22nd, 1917.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fourteen (14) per cent., free of tax, payable July 2nd, 1917, to stockholders of record of this date. The transfer books will remain closed until July 3rd, 1917. W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

COUPONS DUE JULY 1ST, 1917, ON Seattle Construction and Dry Dock Company's First and General Mortgage Ten-Year 6% Gold Bonds will be paid at the office of Bertron, Griscom & Co., 40 Wall Street, New York.

BUILDING MATERIAL PRICES HOLD FIRM

Freight Rate Decision Is Not Expected to Boost Quotations.

JULY BRICK TO BE $10

New Lime Prices Effective Today Show Advance of 5 Cents—Hydrated May Go Up.

Eleventh-hour decisions relative to freight rate increases and readjustments in coal prices left the building material markets of the territory east of the Mississippi in a quandary as to probable price movements, says The Dow Service Daily Building Reports today.

Although quotations on tonnages of all kinds entering into construction work made last week carried provisions for changes in carriers' charges, the actual list quotations carried into July are on the same levels ruling ten days ago, with the single exception of the lumber department where price advances from 1 to 8 per cent. are noted in staples. Hudson common brick at wholesale New York will be quoted throughout July at $10 for standard grades with "off loads" rated at $9.50. Window and plate glass will remain for a short time at the discounts quoted, and hollow tile manufacturers will make two quotations, one free on board, Perth Amboy factory, and the other carrying provision for the higher freight charges. Asphaltum interests are still quoting Mexican paving in barrels at $21 and to contractors in tank cars at $18, although even the largest company is unable to make any offers to any one. There were no changes in either steel or wrought iron pipe although the trade expects possible action within a few days.

New lime prices become effective today. Quotations rule at $2.10 per standard barrel of 300 pounds for finishing and $1.90 to $1.95 for masons. These levels are in wholesale quantities. Within a week or two architects and contractors may look for a change upward in hydrated lime. The higher prices for this material are due, in large measure, to the fact that the difference between $6.50 a ton, in bulk at the works and the $12 per ton wholesale, New York, is partly accounted for by a loss of $4 a ton on bags, which only last week advanced to 2½ cents apiece, on which a credit of only 10 cents is allowed. The net return to the manufacturer of empty bags is barely 25 per cent. The freight per barrel is $1.50 under the old tariff, and if the class rates apply to lime this will be marked up still more.

The steel mills are practically out of the market as far as taking future orders are concerned. They will be in this condition possibly for another three weeks until the full Government requirements are known. Any difference in freight rates will hardly affect building costs in the light of the great demand now prevailing. Wire lath may move up in the near future, the 26 cent quotation now ruling being practically nominal.

It was announced authoritatively in the building stone department Saturday noon that in the light of the freight rate decision the contemplated higher price for this commodity scheduled for today would not take effect. The leading interests in this department have large quantities of this material on hand and it is the desire of wholesalers and cutters alike to keep the market within builders' reach while other materials are at present levels. Indiana Limestone wholesale prices ruling at the opening of the second half of the year are 83 cents to 98 cents a cubic foot; Ohio sandstone, 80 cents to $1.25; Kentucky limestone, $1.05 to $1.10; Kingwood sandstone, $1 to $1.25; Kato stone, $1.60 to $1.75; marble, $1.35 to $10, and granite 50 cents to $4.

Structural steel quotations and building metals showed no change over the week end. Reports of manufacture from the Hudson River district as indicated by reports made at a meeting of Hudson River brick interests on Friday showed that the rate of production in the district supplying New York this year was only 50 per cent. of the total, or about 600,000,000 brick. This will be sufficient, it was explained, to take care of present needs, especially since only about 1,500,000 new brick have come into this market so far this year. The concession made by the coal operators will not affect the July cost of common brick because the brick now coming into this market were made under last year's operating costs. Transportation costs have advanced 50 per cent. since then and labor is 80 per cent. higher than last year which, in turn, brought the cost of brick yard labor 20 per cent. higher than in the preceding year.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges.
Joseph P Tobias,
David Diamond,
A Rosenberg & Son,
William Kerner,
Louis Silberglest,
Hyman Prisyan,
Elizabeth J Halpin,
Frederick S Shiesinger,
Brodsky & Rosen,
Louis Schoen,
Margaret A Colgan,
Henry O Elson,
Goodman Friedman,
Friedlander Diamond Jewelry Co,
Hoffman & Sachs,
C & M Eckhardt,
Willis Holly,
Solomon Polekoff,
Louis A Kurzman.
Under objections:
Nathan Pearlman,
Simon Clug,
John D Ireland,
I D Schlachetzki & Co,
Hansen Bros,
J & M Applebaum,
Wm Oppenheim.
Adjourned cases:
Frederick J White,
Harris H Walker,
Emanuel Knauer,
Bernard Solomon,
L & E Goldsmith.
Involuntary case:
Petition<S B C Holding Corp.
Motions:
Samuel B Newman,
Ferguson Novelty Co,
Defiance Waist Co,
Philip Settel,
Jacob Simon,
Infantino Realty Co,
Patterson Lumber Co,
I & P Burdichowsky.
Loretta Corp (2,)
Leibowitz & Kaufman,
R E Taylor Corp,
Geo M Garson,
I & P Burdichowsky, (2,)
Loretta Corp (4,)
Resnik Shapiro & Co,
Annex Homes,
J Cavanagh Cont Co,
H & L Jarmulowsky.
Loretta Corp,
Schnapp & Nass,
Jacob Simon,
Charles T Hesser,
Alton Dress & Waist,
Hansen Bros (3,)
Telechow & Hirschman,
C & A Spear,
Morris Fein,
Re Jarmulowsky,
Morris & Pope,
J H Levy & Sons,
M & H Gordon,
Max Sklar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Equity.
Burt<Ritchie.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

The calendar of Special Term, Part I., will hereafter be called by the Clerk at 10:15 A. M. for the purpose of noting defaults, adjournments, and motions ready for argument and to allow submission of motions where papers are complete. At 10:30 A. M. the motions not thus disposed of will be heard in their regular order by the Justice presiding.

Humphrey<Humphrey.
Re Peters.
Lithandler<Wetherill.
Niemotka<Del & Hudson Co.
Williams<N Y Theatre Co.
De Martini<same, (2.)
Dorfman<Postal Life.
Topping<Phoenix Mut Life Ins Co.
Edson<Bernhard.
Baier<Ormond.
Re Anger-Brohel Co.
Re Pettz Corset Co, (Arnold.)
Mathews<Mathews.
Shallenberger<Porter.
Horowitz<Frank.
Clandening<Clandening.
Benjamin Stearns Co<Teitelbaum.
De Cordova<Abrahams.
People ex rel Arnstett<Baecher Harmonie Verein, Inc.
Gordon<Stern Co.
Bauerdorf<Sun Five & Ten Cent Wall Paper Stores, (2.)
King<Becker Building.
Brand<Brand.
De Mant Tool & Machine Co<North East Electric Co.
Goodrich Transit Co<Nat'l City Bank.
Broman<Tiefenthal.
Ginsberg<Weiss.
Rice<Goldstein.
Peake<Peake.
Met Life Ins Co<Delehanty.
Levine<Excelsior Cleaning & Deying.
Krieger<Krieger.
Feigenbaum<Feigenbaum.
Robertson<Beer, Sondheimer & Co.
Ettenson<Mitchell H Mark Rty Co.
Re Universal Tool & Die W'ks, Inc.
Prast<Prast.
Altschiller<Altschiller.
Griffin<NY, N H & H
Re Flanagan.
Jackson<Case.
Re Baum, (Bernstein)
Breiter<Breiter.
Solomon<H A Matthews Mfg Co.
McDonald<Schneiding.
Re State Industrial Commisn<Johansen.
Re McQuade.
Beerli<Beerli.
Fuss<Julies.
Simmons<Emerson Motors Co.
Saltzman<Ediros Silk Mfg Co.
Dobe<Torday.
Re Oppenheim.
Edward Thompson Co<Lash.
CNY<Learned, (2.)
Romanoff<Federal Dyestuff & Chemical
Am Wet Wash Laundry Co<Richter.
Re Weinrib & Meierowitz.
Englander<Hudson Trust Co.
Kanter<Smith.
Re Oppenheim.
Re CNY.
Wiesser<M & L Hess, Inc.
Simpson<Dowe.
Hidden<V R Bldg Co.
Freess<Freess.
Zebrower<Boy's Club.
Beir<Beir.
De Garmo<De Garmo.
French<Seybel.
Kitz<Ruff.
Harris<Wohlthatter, (2.)
Tama<Tama.
Traverso<Harrison.
Knickerbocker Ice Co<Labella.
Perell<Reinfeld.
Cohen<Bloomenfeld.
Clark<Gibson.
Brown<W Wells & Co.
Re Kaiser.
Re Silverstein.
Francis Draz & Co<A Mintz, Inc.
Greenbaum<Blauner.
Pearl<Aronson.
Reid<Reid.
Wechsler<Miller.
Re Baldwin.
Lewis<Compagnie de Navigation A Vapeur
Schwartz<Goldwasser.
Bruce<Bruce.
Re E 180th St, (Bronx River.)
Macauley<Macauley.
Harvey<Harvey.

PART II.—Bijur, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—PART II.—Recess.
PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—Room 504, at 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
F L Whittemere,
Anna Kullmann,
Elizabeth C Martin,
Alexander S Williams
Isabella Elliott,
Stephania Anderer,
Bettie Stern,
Mary Prince.
In Room 510, at 10 A. M.:
Estate of Clementine M Silverman.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—Room 509, at 10:30 A. M.
Estate of Dorothy C. Kirschner.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Strasbourger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Anglo-Am Elec Light<Peck & Mack.
Thomas Co<38 W 59 St
Halligan<Dillingham Theatre Co.
Edouard<Vecsey.
Fleischer<Detroit Cadillac M Car Co.
Cohen<Asen.
Levey<Rosett.
Ingber<Brachfeld.
Darcy & Nolford<Life Photo Film Corp.
Stamburger<Prince.
Cooper<Strassburger.
Cushing<Elblight Co of America.
Rothstein<Goldstein.
Van Pelt<King.
Klein<Wolf Beller Co.
Lewitzky<Abramowitz
Greenberg<Langman.
Coiro<Tishman.
Stoltz<Sonntag.
Lader<Schwartz.
Abelson<Kaplan.
Hershon<German S Co
Hood<McConihe.
Apeda Studio<Wineburgh.
Lyall<Hecht.
Henning<Martin.
Libman<Dickstein.
Representative Sec Corp<Landeker.
PART II.—Strasbourger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Parts I. and II.—Adjourned for the term.
PART III.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.—No day calendar.
PARTS IV., V., and VI.—Adjourned for the term.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on—Machinski<Machinsky.
No day calendar.
PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Henry<Randegg Realty Co—Henry A Friedman.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Pendleton, J.—Motion calendar to be called Tuesday, July 3.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Pendleton, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Motions:
Nathan Kirshner,
Theresa Schobel.
Wills for probate:
Nellie Morrin,
Katharina Bothner,
Carrie Willson,
Ambrose Moncrieff,
Esther A Shepperd.
Accountings:
Nathan Lissauer,
William Beaman,
Josephine Hamburger,
Fredericka C Haag.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Jacobs<Lyons—Orson A Raynor. Pool<Mercury Realty Co—Robert Seelav. Urstadt, Jr<Rothfelder—Harold C Knoeppel.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Hiram Elliott & ano<B F & G Realty Co, Inc, et al—Lawrence N Martin. Edwin Wolf<W O Construction Co & ano—John P Leo, Jr.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Dime Savgs Bk<Raphael.
Wilson<Mitchell.
Sallman<Schwartz.
Costa<Difiori.
Potter<Tourtellot.
McNicholes<Ralston.
Eisner<Hammerly.
Kascokewicz<Ralston.
Rothman<Silovitz.
Guazinski<Ralston.
Weinstein<Sisson.
Re Abraham, (Bauckner.)
R Wallach Co<McKeon.
Feldman<Parshelsky Bros.
Burns Bros<Rappaport.
Re Raiman.
Booregard<42d St Manhattanville, &c Ry Co.
Glickman<Glickman.
Re Gordon.
Mendelson<Mendelson.
Re Union Bank, (Siegel St.)
Moliver<Weiss.
Bussing<Westberg.
Re Rutland Road, (Wmsbg Impt Co.)
Wege<Wege.
Sellers<McMonagle.
Alfred Marks Rty Co<Packard Auto Serv.
Barton<Powell.
Deverall<Deverall.
Barr<Sexton.
Allison<Willoughby Realty Co, (2.)
Broesel<Long Beach Water Co.
Bates<Berson.
Re 66th St, (Kings County Lighting Co)
Cohen<Cohen.
Blohm<Everit.
Dinger<Dinger.
Perno<A S P C A.
Steel<Norton.
Hutchinson<Mitchell.
Interboro R T Co<McSherry.
Ridley<Chalmers Rty Corp.
Schwab<Fowler.
Altschul<Ruben.
Craft<Player.
Everit<Miller.
Gordon<Weaver.
Wishart<Badeau.
Chiulli<Inguaggiato.
Imhoff<Neymaber.
Willer<Johnson.
Wallin<Morehead.
Siegel<Neuman.
PART II.—Cropsey, J.—Ex parte business.—At 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.
This calendar will be called in Room 38, 26 Court Street, Garfield Building.
Lund<Johnson.
Levitt<Levitt.
Zimmerman<Zimmerman.
Klein<Klein.
Bergen<Bergen.
Mounsey<Pape.
Boedigheimer<Boedigheimer.
Shapero<Lifshin.
Brown<Brown.
Bandler<Bandler.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 4,354.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar.—At 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Martha Underhill,
Patrick Duffy,
David David,
Charles A Blank,
Louis Barazinsky,
Michael Mulligan,
Bertha Lewin,
Mary Easton,
Mary Farrell,
Cora Rockfeller,
Marie C Hummell,
Frederick Holler,
Frank A Cook.
Accounting of:
Charles Stocker,
Isaac Thomas,
Charles M Wemmel,
Thomas Haefner,
Laura Galleher,
Marie Stocker,
Annie Healy,
Joel Aaronson,
Eliza Kenny.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

Young, C. J.
Masi<Ponty.
De Omo<Schmidt.
Kelly<Boswell.
Connolly<Bennett.
Witt<Odell.
Murray<City of Yonkers.
Horton<West St RR.
Hartwell<Lough.
Leone<Larchmont Water Co.
Fried<West St Ry Co.
Tripodie<Townes.

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C. J. BRAUN, Jr., Treasurer.

MONEY RATES.

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
June 25	6	6	6	6
June 26	6	6	6	6
June 27	6	2	2	6
June 28	5	4	4	5
June 29	4½	3	4	4½
June 30	4½	4½	4½	4½
Week's range—				
High			6	6
Low			2	5
Same week last year—				
High			3½	2¾
Low			2½	2½
Year to date—				
High			6	6
Low			1½	1¾
Same period last year—				
High			3½	3
Low			1½	1¾

On Time.	60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
June 25	5¼@5½	5¼@5½	5 @5½
June 26	5½	5½	5¼@5½
June 27	5½	5½	5
June 28	5	4¾@5	5
June 29	4½@4¾	4½@4¾	4½@4¾
June 30	4½@4¾	4½@4¾	4½@4¾
Week's range—			
High	5½	5½	5½
Low	5	4½	4½
Same week last year—			
High	4	4	4
Low	3½	3¾	3¾
Year to date—			
High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2¾
Same period last year—			
High	4	4	4
Low	2½	2½	2¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....3@4
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4@5

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days.....5½
4 to 6 months.....5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5¾@6

DISCOUNT RATES FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Days.	15 or Less.	Over 15, up to 30.	Over 30, up to 60.	Over 60, up to 90.
Boston	*3½	†4	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	3½	4	4	4
Atlanta	3½	4	4	4½
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3½	4	4	4
Minneapolis	4	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	3½	4	4	4½
S. Francisco	3½	4	4	4½

*10 days or less. †Over 10 days.

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	4
New York	5	3½	3½	..
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3½	3½
Cleveland	5	†3½	4	4
Richmond	4½	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	3½	3½	..
St. Louis	5	3½	3½	3½
Minneapolis	5	3½	4	4
Kansas City	5	4	4	4
Dallas	5	3½	3½	3½
S. Francisco	5½	3½	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent. †This bank has a rate of 3 per cent. for 30-day acceptances.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
June 25	Par	†10c	†25@10c	*10c
June 26	Par	†15c	†25@10c	*10c
June 27	Par	†15c	†25@10c	*10c
June 28	Par	†10c	†25@10c	*10c
June 29	Par	†10c	†25@10c	*10c
June 30	Par	†10c	†25@10c	*10c

*Premium. †Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	Discounts. Short Bills.	3 Mos.	Paris Ex. on London.
June 25	4@4½	4⅝	4⅝	27f 18c
June 26	4@4½	4⅝	4⅝	27f 18c
June 27	4@4½	4⅝	4⅝	27f 18c
June 28	4@4½	4⅝	4⅝	27f 18c
June 29	4@4½	4⅝	4⅝	27f 18c
June 30	4@4½	4⅝	4⅝	27f 18c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Brit. Consols. London.	British 4½%.	Rentes, Paris.
June 25	54¾	94¼	60f 25c
June 26	54¾	94	60f 25c
June 27	54¾	94	60f 25c
June 28	54¾	94	60f 25c
June 29	54¾	94	60f 20c
June 30	54¾	94	60f 20c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
June 25	39⅞d	78½c
June 26	39⅝d	78c
June 27	39⅝d	78¼c
June 28	39½d	78½c
June 29	39¼d	77¼c
June 30	39½d	77¾c

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

LONDON.	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.
June 25	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75⅝
June 26	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75⅝
June 27	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75⅝
June 28	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75⅝
June 29	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75⅝
June 30	4.75⅝	4.75⅝	4.75½
	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
June 25	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
June 26	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
June 27	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
June 28	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
June 29	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
June 30	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	4.75⅝	4.76 7-16
Low	4.75⅝	4.76 7-16
Same week last year—		
High	4.75 13-16	4.76½
Low	4.75⅝	4.76 7-16
Year to date—		
High	4.7590	4.77
Low	4.75	4.7641¼
Same period last year—		
High	4.78	4.78¾
Low	4.73⅛	4.74½

PARIS.	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
June 25	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.73⅛	5.73⅛	5.73⅛
June 26	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.74¼	5.73¼	5.73¼	5.73¼
June 27	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.74¾	5.74¾	5.74¾
June 28	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.74¾	5.74¾	5.74¾
June 29	5.75⅞	5.75⅞	5.75⅞	5.74⅞	5.74⅞	5.74⅞
June 30	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.74¾	5.74¾	5.74¾

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	5.74¼	5.73⅛
Low	5.75⅞	5.74⅞
Same week last year—		
High	5.90⅝	5.90⅝
Low	5.91¼	5.90⅝
Year to date—		
High	5.68	5.67
Low	5.85¾	5.84¾
Same period last year—		
High	5.82¾	5.82
Low	6.08½	6.07¾

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Cables.
June 25	4.90½	4.88¾	41.25	41.37½	7.28	7.26
June 26	4.85	4.83	41.18¾	41.31¼	7.22¾	7.21¾
June 27	4.85	4.83	41.18¾	41.31¼	7.22	7.21
June 28	4.83¾	4.82	41.18¾	41.31¼	7.22	7.21
June 29	4.85	4.86	41.25	41.31¼	7.25	7.24
June 30	4.84½	4.82½	41.25	41.31¼	7.27	7.26
Week's range—						
High	4.83¾	4.82	41.25	41.37½	7.22	7.21
Low	4.90½	4.88¾	41.18¾	41.31¼	7.28	7.26
Same week last year—						
High	5.29	5.28¼	41.50	41.62½	6.37¾	6.37
Low	5.29¾	5.29	41.37½	41.50	6.38½	6.38¼
Year to date—						
High	4.83¾	4.82	41.75	42.00	6.85⅝	6.87¾
Low	5.16½	5.15¾	40.18¾	40.25	7.86	7.85¼
Same period last year—						
High	5.15	5.14	45.18¾	45.31¼	6.21	6.20
Low	5.29¾	5.29	41.12½	41.25	6.79	6.78

	Greece. Dem.	Cables.	Russia. Dem.	Cables.
June 25	19.85	19.90	23.60	23.70
June 26	19.85	19.90	23.40	23.50
June 27	19.85	19.90	23.00	23.10
June 28	19.85	19.90	23.00	23.10
June 29	19.85	19.90	22.65	22.75
June 30	19.85	19.90	22.65	22.75
Week's range—				
High	19.85	19.90	23.60	23.70
Low	19.85	19.90	22.65	22.75
Year to date—				
High	20.05	20.65	30.20	29.95
Low	19.70	19.75	22.65	22.75

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cab's.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cab's.	Christiania. Dem.	Cab's.
June 25	28.90	29.10	30.10	30.25	29.25	29.50
June 26	28.95	29.10	30.20	30.40	29.25	29.45
June 27	28.95	29.10	30.20	30.50	29.30	29.50
June 28	28.95	29.10	30.30	30.55	29.25	29.50
June 29	28.95	29.10	30.30	30.50	29.25	29.50
June 30	28.95	29.10	30.40	30.60	29.25	29.50
Week's range—						
High	28.95	29.10	30.40	30.60	29.30	29.50
Low	28.90	29.10	30.10	30.25	29.25	29.45
Year to date—						
High	29.60	26.70	30.40	30.60	29.75	29.85
Low	27.05	27.12	29.35	29.45	27.80	27.90

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cab's.	Peking. Dem.	Cab's.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	60.40	60.50	97.75	97.875	91.75	91.875
Low	60.00	60.10	96.50	96.75	90.50	90.62½
Year to date—						
High	60.40	60.50	97.75	97.875	91.75	91.875
Low	55.00	55.10	85.00	85.12½	80.00	80.12½

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	32.75	33.00	32.75	33.00	50.12½	50.25
Low	32.75	33.00	32.75	33.00	50.01½	50.25
Year to date—						
High	32.75	33.00	32.75	33.00	51.12½	51.25
Low	32.25	32.37½	32.25	32.37½	50.12½	50.25

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cab's.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Cab's.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	23.50	23.70	51.25	51.37½	51.25	51.37½
Low	23.00	23.25	51.25	51.37½	51.25	51.37½
Year to date—						
High	23.70	23.80	51.37½	52.00	51.37½	52.00
Low	21.05	21.15	50.75	50.87½	50.70	50.87½

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Demand.	Cables.	Rio. Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	44.25	44.87½	27.25	27.37½
Low	44.25	44.87½	26.62½	26.75
Year to date—				
High	44.75	44.87½	27.25	27.37½
Low	42.60	[illegible]	25.50	25.62½

FORECLOSURE SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Western District of New York.—THE PINTSCH COMPRESSING COMPANY, Plaintiff, against BUFFALO GAS COMPANY, Defendant.—In Equity.—No 141B.—Consolidated Cause.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the decree of foreclosure and sale made and entered by the District Court of the United States for the Western District of New York on April 11, 1916, and a supplemental decree amendatory thereof, dated May 24, 1917, entered nunc pro tunc as of said April 11, 1916, in a certain consolidated cause in equity pending in said Court, I, Adolph Rebadow, duly appointed by said decree, Special Master for the purpose, among others, of making sale of the real and personal property therein directed to be sold, shall offer for sale, at public auction to the highest bidder, under the terms and conditions provided in said decree, and in said supplemental decree, in the westerly vestibule of the City and County Hall, in the City of Buffalo, Erie County, New York, and in the Western District of New York, that being the Court House in said County of Erie, New York, on the 16th day of July, 1917, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon on that day, the following real and personal property, both in the eleven separate lots, respectively, hereinafter designated, and as an entirety:

LOT ONE: Two thousand and forty-five (2,045) bonds of the par value of One thousand dollars ($1,000) each, executed by the People's Gas Light & Coke Company of Buffalo.

LOT TWO: Twenty-seven thousand and twenty-four (27,024) shares of the capital stock of said People's Gas Light & Coke Company of Buffalo.

LOT THREE: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the south line of Elk Street with the east line of Katherine Street; thence easterly along said line of Elk Street Two hundred sixty-eight (268) feet more or less to the west line of Fitzgerald Street; thence southerly along said line of Fitzgerald Street Eight hundred three (803) feet more or less to the north line of Mackinaw Street; thence westerly along said line of Mackinaw Street Two hundred sixty-eight (268) feet more or less to said east line of Katherine Street; thence northerly along said line of Katherine Street, Eight hundred three (803) feet more or less to the south line of Elk Street at the place of beginning.

LOT FOUR: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie and State of New York, being part of Outer Lot 16 and of Lot number 2 of the South Village of Black Rock, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northwest line of Genesee Street, distant forty (40) feet southwesterly from its intersection with the southwest line of Fourth Street; thence northwesterly parallel with Fourth Street, one hundred thirty (130) feet; thence northeasterly parallel with Genesee Street forty (40) feet to the southwest line of Fourth Street; thence northwesterly along said line of Fourth Street, two hundred eighty-two (282) feet to the southeast corner of lands conveyed by Buffalo Gas Light Company to James H. Lee and others by deed dated October 7th, 1890, and recorded in Erie County Clerk's office in Liber 593 of Deeds at page 266; thence southwesterly parallel to Wilkeson Slip and along the southeast line of lands so conveyed as aforesaid Two hundred (200) feet more or less to the northeast line of Third Street; thence southeasterly along said line of Third Street One hundred forty-nine (149) feet more or less to the southeast corner on said street of lands conveyed by James H. Lee and others to Buffalo Gas Light Company by deed dated October 7th, 1890, and recorded in Erie County Clerk's office in Liber 593 of deeds at page 262; thence northeasterly at right angles with Third Street One hundred (100) feet; thence southeasterly parallel with Fourth Street One hundred twenty-seven (127) feet more or less to the northwest line of a parcel of land conveyed by Buffalo Gas Light Company to John G. Haentges by deed dated September 15th, 1892, and recorded in Erie County Clerk's office in Liber 709 of deeds at page 366; thence northeasterly along the northwest line of last mentioned parcel of land, twenty-four (24) feet to the northeast line thereof; thence southeasterly parallel with Fourth Street, Six (6) feet to the northwest corner of a triangular parcel of land conveyed by John G. Haentges to Buffalo Gas Light Company by deed dated September 15th, 1892, and recorded in Erie County Clerk's office in Liber 709 of deeds at page 358; thence southeasterly along the southwest line of last described triangular parcel, Eighty-four (84) feet more or less to the north line of Church Street; thence easterly along said line of Church Street, Forty-nine (49) feet more or less to its intersection with the northwest line of Genesee Street; thence northeasterly along said line of Genesee Street, six and seventy-five hundredths (6.75) feet more or less to the point of beginning.

LOT FIVE: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie and State of New York, being part of Outer Lot 16 and of Lot number 2 of the South Village of Black Rock, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the northwest line of Genesee Street and the northeast line of Fourth Street; thence northwesterly along said line of Fourth Street, Five hundred seventy-five (575) feet more or less to the southeast line of an alley extending along the southeast line of Wilkeson Slip from Fourth Street to Jackson Street; thence northeasterly along said line of said alley, Three hundred seventy (370) feet more or less to the southwest line of Jackson Street, thence southeasterly along said line of Jackson Street, Two hundred forty (240) feet more or less to an angle in said line of Jackson Street; thence southeasterly continuing along the southwest line of Jackson Street, Four hundred fifteen (415) feet to its intersection with the northwest line of Genesee Street; thence southwesterly along said line of Genesee Street, Two hundred eighty-two (282) feet more or less to the point of beginning.

LOT SIX: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie and State of New York, being parts of Lots 33 and 34, according to the Appollos Stevens survey of Great Lots 104, 105, 106 and 107, made in August, 1811, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the west line of Niagara Street and the north line of Forest Avenue; thence northerly along said line of Niagara Street, Two hundred sixty-three (263) feet more or less to Scajaquada Creek, thence northwesterly down and along the margin of Scajaquada Creek to its intersection with the west line of lands granted by Letters Patent from the People of the State of New York to Buffalo Gas Light Company, dated July 15th, 1896, and recorded in Erie County Clerk's office in Liber 824 of deeds at page 187; thence southerly along the west line of lands so granted by letters patent, Seven hundred eighty-four and ninety-six hundredths (784.96) feet more or less to the north line of Forest Avenue; thence easterly along said line of Forest Avenue Three hundred seven and ninety-six hundredths (307.96) feet more or less to the west line of Niagara Street at the place of beginning; together with all the right, title and interest first party may have in Forest Avenue, Niagara Street and Scajaquada Creek adjacent to said premises: Excepting, however, from the above described premises, a strip of land Sixty-six (66) feet in width extending from Forest Avenue to Scajaquada Creek owned by the New York Central Railroad Company, the boundary lines of which are established by an agreement between Pascal P. Pratt and the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, dated February 11, 1896, and recorded in Erie County Clerk's office in Liber 771 of Deeds at page 460.

LOT SEVEN: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie and State of New York, being part of Lot 8, Township 11, Range 8, according to the Holland Land Company's survey, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the south line of Ferry Street distant One thousand nine hundred and sixty-six and eight-tenths (1966.8) feet easterly from its intersection with the east line of Fillmore Avenue (formerly Avenue A); thence southerly along the west line of lands conveyed to Buffalo Gas Company, Four hundred forty-six and six-tenths (446.6) feet more or less to the south line of lands so conveyed; thence easterly along said south line of lands so conveyed to Buffalo Gas Company, being also the north line of lands formerly owned by one Gangloff, Six hundred twenty-three and thirty-nine hundredths (623.39) feet more or less to the west boundary line of lands owned by the New York Central Railroad; thence northerly along the west boundary line of lands so owned by the New York Central Railroad, One hundred sixty-eight and fourteen hundredths (168.14) feet more or less to an angle in said boundary; thence northwesterly along the west boundary line of lands owned by the New York Central Railroad, Two hundred sixty-four and eighty-five hundredths (264.85) feet more or less to its intersection with the south line of Ferry Street; thence westerly along said south line of Ferry Street, Five hundred twenty-seven and twenty-six hundredths (527.26) feet more or less to the point of beginning.

LOT EIGHT: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the City of Buffalo, County of Erie and State of New York, being part of Farm Lot 8, Township 11, Range 8 of the Holland Land Company's survey, and on a subdivision map of a part of said Lot 8, made by M. Davey, surveyor, and filed in Erie County Clerk's office August 27th, 1890, in Cover 380, is designated as Sub-division Lot 77, in Block "A," and according to said subdivision map is bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the north line of Winslow Avenue distant Four hundred eighty (480) feet easterly from its intersection with the east line of Kehr Street as originally laid out on said subdivision map Forty-eight and seventy-five hundredths (48.75) feet wide; thence easterly along said line of Winslow Avenue, Thirty (30) feet; thence northerly at right angles with Winslow Avenue, One hundred nine and ninety-three hundredths (109.93) feet to the south line of lands owned by Buffalo Gas Company; thence westerly along said south line of lands owned by Buffalo Gas Company, Thirty (30) feet; thence southerly along the west line of said subdivision lot 77 One hundred nine and ninety-two hundredths (109.92) feet to the north line of Winslow Avenue at the point of beginning.

LOT NINE: Also all those certain pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the City of Buffalo, in the County of Erie and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the northerly line of Court Street with the northeasterly line of Fourth Street; running thence northwesterly along said line of Fourth Street to its intersection with the southeasterly line of Georgia Street as a four rod street; running thence northeasterly along said southeasterly line of Georgia Street to a point seventy-five (75) feet southwesterly from the southwesterly line of Trenton Avenue; thence southeasterly and parallel with the southerly line of Trenton Avenue sixty-one and one-half (61½) feet; thence northeasterly and parallel with said line of Georgia Street seventy-five (75) feet to the southwesterly line of Trenton Avenue; thence southeasterly and along said line of Trenton Avenue to a point one hundred and sixty-three and forty-five one-hundredths (163 45/100) feet northwesterly from the intersection of said line of Trenton Avenue with the northerly line of Court Street; thence at right angles southwesterly eight and one-half (8½) feet; thence southerly and on a line at right angles with said line of Court Street forty-five (45) feet; thence westerly and on a line parallel with said line of Court Street twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly at right angles seven and one-half (7½) feet; thence northwesterly and parallel with said line of Trenton Avenue forty (40) feet; thence southerly and at right angles with said line of Court Street ninety (90) feet to the northerly line of Court Street; and thence westerly thereon to the place of beginning. It being the intention of such description to include all of the property in the quadrangle bounded by Court Street, Fourth Street, Georgia Street and Trenton Avenue heretofore acquired or owned or possessed by the Citizens Gas Company of Buffalo, and being all of such quadrangle excepting a portion thereof situate at the northwesterly corner of Georgia Street and Trenton Avenue, being seventy-five (75) feet front on Georgia Street and sixty-one and one-half (61½) feet front on Trenton Avenue; and also excepting from such quadrangle the premises commencing at the intersection of the northeasterly line of Trenton Avenue with the northerly line of Court Street; running thence along said line of Court Street one hundred and seventy-seven and three-quarters (177¾) feet; thence northerly at right angles with Court Street one hundred (100) feet; thence southeasterly parallel with Trenton Avenue forty (40) feet; thence southerly at right angles with Court Street seven and one-half (7½) feet; thence easterly and parallel with Court Street twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly at right angles forty-five (45) feet; and thence northeasterly at right angles with Trenton Avenue to the southwesterly line of Trenton Avenue, and thence thereon to the intersection of said line of Trenton Avenue with the northerly line of Court Street.

LOT TEN: Also all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances belonging to any of above described premises or in any wise thereunto appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, incomes and profits thereof, and also all the estate, right, title and interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity of Buffalo City Gas Company at the time of the execution and delivery of a certain mortgage by said Buffalo City Gas Company to New York Security and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated October 1, 1897, of, in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof, together with the appurtenances and all improvements thereon, and also all lands and real estate acquired and belonging to said Buffalo City Gas Company subsequent to the execution and delivery of said mortgage, dated October 1, 1897, and all easements, privileges, franchises and rights, both corporate and municipal of every kind, owned and acquired by said Buffalo City Gas Company at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage of October 1, 1897, or owned or acquired by said Buffalo City Gas Company after the execution and delivery of said mortgage of October 1, 1897, including the right to lay, construct, place in and maintain mains, tubes, pipes, conductors and other appliances in, above, under and through the avenues, streets, ways, alleys and public places of lands, waters, and lands under water in the City of Buffalo and elsewhere, and also all and singular the personal property, gas works, plants and machinery for making, generating and supplying gas, the service and other pipes, holders, mains, meters, purifiers, generators, cocks, tools, implements and all apparatus, service, connections, fixtures, appurtenances, licenses, contracts and agreements, and patented or other processes for making and distributing gas, owned by said Buffalo City Gas Company at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage of October 1, 1897, or acquired by said Buffalo City Gas Company after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, all of which personal property being declared by said mortgage to be fixtures and appurtenances of said gas works and plants and parts of same; the particular description of the personal property contained in said mortgage not to be construed to exclude any other personal property which then belonged to or which was thereafter acquired by said Buffalo City Gas Company and also all improvements and additions then or thereafter made to said plants and properties, real and personal, and all replacements of the same, and the appurtenances thereof, and also all and every other estate, right and interest, privilege and franchise, corporate or otherwise, property and thing, real, personal or mixed, which said Buffalo City Gas Company owned or held at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage, or which were subsequently acquired, owned or held by said Buffalo City Gas Company, not heretofore specifically released from the lien of said mortgage of October 1, 1897.

LOT ELEVEN: Also all and singular the real estate, land, tenements, and property, real and personal and mixed, acquired by Buffalo Gas Company subsequent to the execution and delivery of a certain mortgage by said Buffalo Gas Company to New York Security and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated October 17, 1899, wheresoever the same may be situated, including all and singular its plants for the manufacture of gas, gas meters, structures, mains, pipes, and all and singular its supplies of whatever name, nature and description, and all and singular its rights, privileges and franchises of every name, nature and description, and all and singular the moneys, book accounts, bills receivable, and other property of every name, nature and description owned by said Buffalo Gas Company at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage of October 17, 1899, or thereafter acquired by said Buffalo Gas Company, whatever the particular description thereof may be, and all and singular the tenements, hereditaments or appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion or reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, income and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title and interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said Buffalo Gas Company, of, in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances, and all improvements thereon, and all the easements, privileges, franchises and rights, both corporate and municipal of every kind, owned or acquired by said Buffalo Gas Company at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage of October 17, 1899, or owned or acquired by said Buffalo Gas Company subsequently thereto, including the right to lay, construct, place in and maintain mains, tubes, pipes, conductors, and other appliances in, above, under and through the avenues, streets, ways, alleys and public places of, and lands, waters and lands under water in, the City of Buffalo and elsewhere, and also all and singular the personal property, plants, and machinery for making, generating and supplying gas, the service and other pipes, holders, mains, meters, purifiers, generators, tools, implements, and all apparatus, fixtures, licenses, contracts and agreements owned or acquired by said Buffalo Gas Company at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage of October 17, 1899, or owned or acquired by said Buffalo Gas Company subsequently thereto, all of said personal property being declared by said mortgage to be fixtures and appurtenances of said gas works and plants, and parts of same, and all additions and improvements made to any such plants or properties, real or personal, and all replacements of the same, and every other estate, right, interest, privilege and franchise, corporate or otherwise, property and thing, real, personal or mixed which said Buffalo Gas Company owned or held at the time of the execution and delivery of said mortgage, of October 17, 1899, or has subsequently owned or held, not heretofore specifically released from the lien of said mortgage of October 17, 1899.

For further particulars with reference to the property to be sold and the terms and conditions of sale reference is hereby made to the above mentioned decree of foreclosure and sale and to said supplemental decree. Copies of said decree and of said supplemental decree may be obtained at the office of the Special Master, Room 928, White Building, 298 Main Street, City of Buffalo, New York.

Dated, Buffalo, New York, June 1, 1917.
(Signed) ADOLPH REBADOW,
Special Master.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

NOTICE IS GIVEN that ANTHONY O'BOYLE, Owner of the Barges LAKE GEORGE and GREAT LAKES, has filed his Petition for Limitation of Liability for any loss, damage, or injury caused by said vessels breaking away from Foot 41st Street, East River, on the 18th day of May, 1917. Stipulated value of said vessels and freight, Ten Thousand and Twenty-four ($10,024) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Alexander Gilchrist, Jr., Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Room 343, United States Court and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 12th day of September, 1917, or be defaulted.

Dated June 9th, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the vote of and to due corporate action by the stockholders of the undersigned, Greene Consolidated Copper Company, a West Virginia Corporation, hereinafter called the Company, at the Annual and General Meeting of said Stockholders, duly held at its New York office in the City and State of New York on the 12th day of June, 1917, and agreeably to the statutes of the State of West Virginia, in such case made and provided, all of the property and assets of the Company, as an entirety, not including, however, its corporate franchise or good will, were sold to the Greene Cananea Copper Company, a Minnesota corporation, hereinafter called the Greene Cananea Company, at the price and consideration and upon the terms and conditions specified in a certain proposition and offer, dated May 23rd, 1917, made by the Greene Cananea Company to and accepted by the Company pursuant to due authority and vote of the stockholders of the Company at their said General and Annual Meeting, subject, however, to the express condition that upon not less than three weeks' notice, to be given by publication in at least three daily newspapers printed and published in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, and in one daily newspaper printed and published in the City of Charleston, in the State of West Virginia, the Executive officers of the Company shall forthwith offer all said property and assets, as an entirety, for sale, for cash, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder therefor, and upon the further express condition that if at said auction no higher or better bid or offer for said property and assets is made or received, then, and in such event, the said proposition of the Greene Cananea Company and the sale of said property and assets to it made by the Company pursuant to the authorization and vote of the stockholders of the Company at their said meeting shall be binding and final and be forthwith consummated.

Notice is further hereby given that, pursuant to said vote and action of the stockholders of the Company at said Stockholders' Meeting, and in compliance with but subject to the aforesaid conditions of such sale as imposed by said stockholders at said meeting, the undersigned, L. D. Ricketts, as President, and J. W. Allen, as Treasurer, of the Company, will offer for sale, at public auction, on the 11th day of July, 1917, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, on the front steps of the United States Post Office Building, in the City of Charleston, in the State of West Virginia, to the highest and best bidder, all of the property and assets of the Company, as an entirety, not including, however, its corporate franchise or good will.

The said property and assets will be sold as an entirety and for cash only, and the person or persons or corporation or corporations to whom said property and assets may be sold shall and will be required to pay to the Treasurer of the Company, at the time of such sale, in cash or by certified check or cashier's check, ten percentum of the price at which said property and assets are sold to the successful bidder or bidders, and the balance of said purchase price shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Company upon the execution and delivery of good and sufficient instruments of transfer and conveyance.

No bid will be received by the undersigned from any person or corporation offering to bid for said property and assets, as an entirety, unless such person or corporation so offering to bid shall have first deposited with the Treasurer of the Company, as a pledge that he or it will make good his or its bid in case of acceptance, the sum of $2,000,000.00 in cash or certified check or cashier's check.

The undersigned expressly reserve the right to resell said property and assets at public sale, upon like publication, in case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good his or its bid, upon the acceptance of the same by the undersigned, by failing to make any payment on account of the purchase price. Upon the failure of any purchaser to make good his or its bid upon the acceptance of the same by the undersigned, by failing to make any payment on account of the purchase price as required in the consummation of his or its purchase, then the moneys, if any, paid by such bidder or purchaser, or the amount deposited with the undersigned by any bidder or purchaser bidding for the property and assets as a whole, shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure, and shall be applied toward the payment of any expense of resale and toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property and assets shall be sold at a less price upon resale, and as and for liquidated damages in the premises.

Such sale shall and will be made without valuation, appraisement, redemption, or extension, and the undersigned reserve the right to reject any bid or bids and may adjourn or postpone such sale, and may, without further notice or advertisement, proceed with the sale on any date to which the same may have been adjourned or postponed.

This notice is given and published by order of the Stockholders and of the Board of Directors of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company.

Dated June 18th, 1917.
L. D. RICKETTS, President.
J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.
Room 2027, No. 42 Broadway, New York City, New York.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that on June 14, 1917, W. FREELAND DALZELL et al. filed their petition praying limitation of liability as owners of the steamtug Dalzelline for any loss, damage, or injury arising in or about February 20, 1917, while S. S. Joaquin Mumbru was in tow of the tug Dalzelline, in consequence of which persons are alleged to have sustained damage. That petitioner has stipulated to pay into this court the value of said steamtug Dalzelline and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $17,840, with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said court to prove their claims before Max Rockmore, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Room 349, P. O. Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 19th day of September, 1917, at 10:30 A. M.; and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

Dated, New York, June 15, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
BURLINGHAM, MONTGOMERY & BEECHER, Proctors for Petitioners.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—THE AMERICAN DYEWOOD CO. et al., against THE SCHOONER "CHARLES G. ENDICOTT," her tackle, &c.—Notice.—I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for contract, $50,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on July 11th, 1917, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.

Dated New York, July 2d, 1917.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR, Procs. for Libellant.

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LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEMI-BUNGALOW

just completed; owner cannot occupy; 6 rooms, tile bathroom, extra large living room full width of house; open fireplace; up-to-date kitchen; large china dressers, new model gas range with improved hot water attachment; combination gas and electric fixtures; hot water heat; spacious porches front and side opening into living room; can be closed in as sun parlor for the Winter; large grounds; 6,000 square feet; 3 minutes' walk to beautiful sandy bathing beach; 40 minutes from city; owner's loss—your profit. Will sell for $4,500, worth $5,000; $350 cash, balance very easy monthly payments. BARGAIN, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

A Sacrifice—$20 Monthly

Beautiful home, 6 rooms, handsome; open fireplace, elegant decorations, hardwood floors throughout, electricity, gas, steam heat, range and tubs, large plot for garden and garage; shrubs; easy commuting; $250 cash; full price, $3,400. H. S., 47 West 34th St., Room 434.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MODERN HOUSE
VIEW OVER 200 SQUARE MILES WOODS AND FARMS.

River Edge, N. J.; 2 miles north Hackensack; express trains 45 minutes to New York; all improvements, electricity, gas, water, telephone, four bedrooms, living room 14x26 feet with fireplace for large logs; plot 100x145, beautifully planted with evergreens, pines, spruces, rhododendrons, flowering shrubbery, roses; neighborhood has long been carefully restricted; most desirable country home; only $9,000. Arthur Watts, River Edge, N. J.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

is now, to secure a first-class country home within auto distance of the city; land mostly under cultivation. For particulars, address H. Herman Hancock, Spring Valley, New York.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

HYANNIS, MASS. To Let on Hyannis Park, Lewis Bay

New 7-room furnished cottage, waterfront, all improvements, including town water, electric lights and bath. Price $500. Apply to F. A. RUSSO, Waltham, Mass. Tel. Waltham 211-M.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

640 MADISON AVE.
"HOFFMAN ARMS," N.W. COR. 59TH.
6 TO 10 LARGE ROOMS.
$1,300 TO $2,000

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE WOOLSEY
141 EAST 44TH ST.
2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette.
Furnished, $85 to $100.
Inquire on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

REAL ESTATE.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND
IS A WISE MOVE."

LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY.
REAL ESTATE.
171 MADISON AVENUE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,420.—Very desirable corner plot in first-class renting section; four car lines and subway station within two blocks. J. W.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Attention! Builders, Brokers.—I have choice lots, West Bronx, two blocks from rapid transit, will sell at price that will more than offset present price of material. H. U. Singhi, Fordham Road and Jerome Av.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Modern 7-room house; garage; all improvements; lot 22x100; West End train, 77th St., Bath Beach. 1,968 78th St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale or rent, houses, farms, acreage. See H. E. Dickenson, Real Estate, Depot Plaza Bldg., P. O. Box 396, White Plains, N. Y. Phone 589.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGEL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Must sell immediately; 9-room and 3-bath Hy-tex brick house; 33 minutes out; North Shore; beautiful situation; close to Hempstead Harbor; shorefront privileges; fireproof garage for 2 cars in basement; inclosed porch; sunken garden at side; will consider offer. Apply Mrs. Viola Jones, 500 West End Av.

$1,350 for cozy house and 2 acres; easy terms; trees; high and healthy spot, near lake. Owner, Box 249 Times Downtown.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Magnificent estate on Strawberry Hill; 8¼ acres; large house with every modern improvement; garage; greenhouses, gardener's cottage, &c. Address B. S. H., (Suite 1933,) 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Wonderful Bargain.—Ten-room house, two baths, on ¼-acre corner plot; sleeping porch, outside dining porch, wonderful living room, with large, open fireplace; parquet floors, hardwood trim; magnificent modern kitchen; butler's pantry; high ground; extended view; fine old shade trees; fully improved streets; sewer, water, gas, electricity, stores, schools, churches, golf, tennis; 3 minutes to station, 30 minutes to New York; 40 trains daily; commutation $5.90; best and most beautiful suburb in the State; price $7,750; small amount cash, balance to suit. Call, write, or 'phone Owner, Munson D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Greeley 4535.

NO MONEY DOWN,
NO INTEREST TO PAY.

This charming house can be bought by our new plan that makes buying a house easy as renting; house has 9 rooms and bath; located in the most exclusive section of Rochelle Park, N. J.; large open fireplace, built-in glass closets, window seats, &c.; beautifully shaded; plot 50x125, planted with fruit trees, grapes, &c.; price $4,800; call or write for full particulars. H. O. Wentworth, Rochelle Park, N. J.

TELEPHONE ME NOW!—If sold immediately my beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments much less than rent; 30 minutes from New York; 7-cent fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily, trolleys also. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

Exceptional bargain; six-room modern home, $3,200; worth $3,700; also five-room bungalow, $2,700; worth $3,000; all improvements; near station and trolley; restricted neighborhood; high ground; 30 minutes on Erie; small payment down, balance monthly, like rent. W. Butscher, 21 Park Row.

Notice.—We have sold nine of our new palace houses at original prices; there are only three left; they are among the best in Plainfield; $8,000; two baths, sleeping porches, &c. Act quickly. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Attractive country home; modern improvements, spacious grounds, plenty fruit, flowers, shrubs; shop, chicken coops; sacrifice account leaving town; price, $2,950; terms arranged; Lackawanna nine miles out. Owner, 250 Times Downtown.

All-year country home; fifteen-room house, all improvements; twenty-three acres; stable, outbuildings; excellent condition; crops planted; price, $15,000. Owner, Box 138, Ramsey, N. J.

Account death, must sacrifice beautiful country home; modern improvements, spacious grounds; Rutherford's prettiest section; price, $3,250; worth $5,000; easiest terms. Widow, 200 Times Downtown.

Montclair.—Modern house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, solarium, fireproof garage; rent per annum, $1,200. F. M. Crawley & Bros., Real Estate Brokers, Montclair, N. J.

A big lot at Westfield on a hill; houses all around; very cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Rutherford.—Free list of places, sale and rent. Booster, Box 57, Rutherford, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Desk room in private office, very bright and attractive; unusual service, every convenience; "get a 5th Av. address." 373 5th Av., corner 35th St., Room 507.

Newly furnished private office; every facility; two windows, overlooking Broadway; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, Room 807.

Light office, overlooking Broadway; Wilson Building, Broadway and 33rd St., to sublet at sacrifice. S. Mayer & Sons, 584 Broadway.

Lofts to let, with or without power; light and heat; 42x100. Nanes Art Furniture Co., Grand St. and East River.

At 404 4th Av., 9th floor, (corner 28th St.) Private offices; deskroom or mail privilege; excellent service.

At 404 4th Av., 9th floor, (corner 28th St.) Private offices; deskroom or mail privilege; excellent service.

Magnificent corner suite offices, overlooking Bryant Park; enormous sacrifice. 110 West 40th.

926 MADISON AV., (73d.)
Large, light store. (Phone Bryant 460.)

HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,335, ([illegible] ST.). Attractive house of 10 rooms and 2 baths; two-story extension; hardwood trim; possession immediately. Caretaker, on premises.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Old farm house, with 3 acres of fine farm land, shade trees, fruit orchard, &c.; barn and other outbuildings; main road; will sell on easy terms at right price to reliable party. McNabb, Box 294 Times Downtown.

Small farm, outbuilding, good house, in large town, cheap to quick buyer; $150 cash, $12 monthly. B. Treiss, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

5-acre farm, orchard, cultivated land, near main road; $1,000. B Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

By Delaware River at R. R. Station; products sold to campers at good prices; productive 88-acre farm; 9-room house, carriage house and 3 modern poultry houses, all painted and in perfect repair; big unpainted barn and granary; price $3,500. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

Old Stone House with Rare Views; 107-acre farm, 70 acres tillable; outbuildings poor; near Flemington; has been held at $7,500; we offer it for $5,000. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

Good fruit and stock farm; 2,700 fruit trees, 10-room house and 5-room house, 7 good outbuildings painted; 85 acres in cultivation; 2 miles from main line station; price $7,000. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

APPLE ORCHARD FARM—128 ACRES.

Charming house, high elevation, fine views; 882 fruit trees; excellent pasturage; good barns; price $7,000; $3,000 cash. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 Broadway.

Two small farms, near Lockport; fairly good buildings, good productive money-making places; bargains. Address Walter Millett, Lockport, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Farm for sale containing 140 acres; 75 level and tillable; brick house, 14 rooms, containing water system; two barns; mile station, trolley; two railroad; price $16,000. Alex Bukstella, Wauregan, Conn.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.

PENNSYLVANIA FARM.—A productive 88-acre farm, 8-roomed dwelling house, large bank barn, fruit, woodland, excellent soil, mail delivered, telephone, directly on the highway, near school, not far to the railway station; all growing crops, stock and implements; $1,500 in cash required. For further particulars address FRANCIS W. WACK, Schwenksville, Penn.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor.—To rent, two months, July 10 to Sept. 10, most attractive 9-room furnished house; vegetable garden; bathing; country club. Bayside 3368.

For rent, in Seagate, furnished or unfurnished houses, 8, 9, 11 rooms, with garage; desirable location, near water; reasonable. Phone 594 Coney Island.

Attractively furnished home, directly on North Shore of Long Island, in desirable Summer colony. Phone Apt. 19, Lenox 1690.

DOUGLASTON, L. I.—8-room cottage, desirable location, July-August; garage, garden. Phone Greeley 2155.

New York State.

MOUNT KISCO.

For rent, furnished 8-room house and cultivated vegetable garden, garage; ten minutes' walk from station; possession immediately. Apply D. Frank Dakin, Mount Kisco.

Wanted—Furnished.

For entire Summer season, furnished house wanted, two large bedrooms and three smaller, and two baths, lawn and trees, overlooking Sound; not near other houses, on the North Shore, Long Island, between Great Neck and Oyster Bay or in Rye or Mamaroneck, N. Y. 1 West 64th St. Apt. 6C. 8500 Columbus.

Wanted.—Small furnished house in New Rochelle, N. Y., for July and August; house within few blocks of Neptune Av. preferred; must be reasonable rent. Answer, 318 West 100th St. Telephone 3502 Riverside.

Small house wanted within commuting distance of New York, near water. Address, giving particulars as to location, rental, &c., X 340 Times Annex.

5 or 6 room furnished house wanted, with grounds, within easy commuting distance; preferably in country; not a built-up suburb. H 110 Times.

ALLENHURST, N. J., 407 Euclid Av.—Furnished cottage, six rooms, all improvements, by month or season to Oct. 1. Samuel Taylor, Jr.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 12.—Hotel, under new management; one, two or three room apartments; furnished, unfurnished.

10TH ST., 22 EAST.—Sublet, studio, bedroom, bath; July-October; partly furnished; $40 month. Apply Janitor, telephone Simonson, Jamaica 2334.

34TH, 144 EAST.—Well furnished small apartment, kitchenette, bath, electricity, &c. Malchus.

62D, 27 EAST.—Block from Park; fully furnished; mahogany; three months; six rooms, two baths; references. Plaza 6746.

62D, 129 EAST, (4C.)—Young couple wish sublet their beautiful six-room (all outside) apartment during the Summer for less than rent unfurnished; rent furnished $100 per month.

82D, 108 EAST.—To rent, doctor's apartment, furnished; office, waiting, and operating room. Apply Geist, 1,200 Madison Av.

ATTENTION!—Summer rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; one block from subway; $10.50 to $14 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

MADISON AV., 1,861, (80th.)—Cool 3-room modern, bath, (kitchenette,) apartment, victrola, at cost Summer months or longer; suitable 2 or 3; good neighborhood; near Central Park. Lenox 5840.

TO SUBLET, bedroom and bath, also a suite of parlor, bedroom, and bath; can be connected if desired; attractive rate. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Furnished—West Side.

[illegible]TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator housekeeping furnished apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms; tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; highest references indispensable; $50 up monthly. Tel. Bry. 6255.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartment.

58TH.—Charmingly furnished 3-room apartment; housekeeping; new building; to September, any reasonable offer considered. Details, Columbus 3974.

71ST, 19 WEST.—Unusually attractive kitchenette apartment; exclusive, private home; location unexcelled.

71ST, 10 WEST.—Three very large, elaborately furnished rooms, fireplaces, bath, kitchenette, suitable for professional; exceptional.

74TH ST., 237 WEST, (Between B'way and West End.)—Most attractively furnished; 6 all large, outside rooms, 2 baths; 8th floor; big concession. McCormack.

74TH, 108 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable business; doctor; private baths; also artist's studios.

80TH ST., (412 West End Av.)—Six rooms and bath; handsomely furnished; will sacrifice. Apply Capt. Hunt. Phone Schuyler 7775.

86TH, 257 WEST.—Sublet, July 15-Sept. 15, studio apartment, beautifully and completely furnished, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $65 month. Funk.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Five-room front apartment; very desirable; reasonable. Fanning, Schuyler 5200.

86TH, 206 WEST.—Unusual bargain; five rooms, $60; new furniture; references. Freeman.

94TH, 178 WEST.—Artistically furnished 5 rooms; piano, silver; electricity; cars convenient. Garrett.

105TH, 229 WEST.—Unusually attractive modern apartment, elevator; 5 rooms, all light, furnished or unfurnished. Sancton, Academy 2297.

113TH, 617 WEST.—Distinctly unusual five-room apartment; choice location; light, cool, quiet; ample closet space. Moody.

115TH and Broadway, (The Luxor.)—Apt. 51, four rooms; housekeeping; immediate possession.

122D, 520 WEST.—Sublet for Summer, six rooms, front apartment, elevator; completely furnished; piano; Apt. 4, F. W.; $60 monthly.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$35 $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence, 449 West 23d, (London Terrace;) every improvement; unusual.

BROADWAY, 2,612.—Six-room front apartment for Summer; adults; references; seventh floor.

CLAREMONT AV., 130.—Five cool rooms, overlooking Hudson; near Columbia; reasonable. Abbott.

FURNISHED apartments; list on request. Consult Elite Renting Co., 25 West 42d St.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Immediate and future rentals; choice localities; long, short leases; $75-$500 month.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
80 E. 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450

67 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Magnificent 7 rooms, all overlooking Hudson; rare furnishings; $150. Jackson, 9066 Schuyler.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

SPECIALIST.
Remarkable Summer bargains; handsomely furnished apartments. Gray, 269 West 73d St. Columbus 3974.

$75 FOR $125 eight-room apartment, overlooking Hudson. Inquire 322 West 72d St.

Unfurnished—East Side.

926 MADISON AV., (73d.)
2, 3 rooms; all modern; $55-$65.

Unfurnished—West Side.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, (Southwest Corner of 7th Av.)—Fourteen-story, high-class studio and apartment building, nearing completion; studio apartments, largest rooms ever offered; suites of 3, 4, 6, and 8 rooms; rentals $1,800 to $4,500, including refrigeration; new express subway station at building. Representative on premises every day, including Sunday. Payson McL. Merrill Co., Inc., Agent, 9 East 44th. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

90TH, 129 WEST.—Six light front rooms, $35; one block "L" and subway.

90TH, 154 WEST.—Ground floor, suitable doctor's office, studio; 2 large rooms; $30.

Long Island.

APARTMENT, seven rooms and bath, hot water, steam heat; best apartment on Long Island; will lease 1 to 3 years; $480 yearly. D. E. Lennox, Lawrence, L. I.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

21ST ST., 137 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite; private baths; breakfast served rooms.

38TH and Park Av., (at 70 Park Av.)—Large room; private bath.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Square room; running water; room with piano; single room.

53D, 65 EAST.—Large, front room; all conveniences; references.

61ST ST., 166 EAST.—Beautiful front parlor, private bath; electricity; piano; select surroundings.

61ST ST., 53 EAST, (Weld Chambers.)—Large room and bath for gentleman; hotel service. Plaza 4603.

68TH ST., 219 EAST.—Large, light, airy rooms; board. Phone 7267 Plaza.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Large, airy room, with, without kitchenette; every convenience; telephone.

76TH, 82 EAST.—Delightfully cool rooms; near park; board optional. 6613 Lenox.

86TH ST., 153 EAST, (Y. M. C. A.)—Rooms, $2.50 to $4 weekly. Lenox 6051.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms, box-spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 163.—Room, sunny, with running water, phone, elevator, electric light; well furnished; excellent service; $5 weekly and up; with bath, $9 weekly and up; meals exceptionally reasonable; optional.

MADISON AV., 162.—Large, small rooms, private bath; kitchenette; electricity. Murray Hill 8427.

MADISON AV., 218, Corner 36th St.—Large, cool room, with bathroom; reasonable rent for Summer.

West Side.

7TH AV., 1,858, (near 112th.)—Room for two nurses. Matthews, Cathedral 8280.

9TH, 11 WEST.—Unusually large, with private bath; also two single; electricity; references.

12TH, 38 WEST.—Large room with private bath; also small rooms; telephone; references.

12TH, 111 WEST.—Single and double rooms; running water; private house; reference.

23D, 350 WEST.—COLONIAL HOUSE, for women; running hot and cold water in every room; telephone connection. Chelsea 9070.

39TH ST., 61 WEST.—Refined hotel for gentlemen. $4 up; transients, 75c. up.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining bath, overlooking park; electricity; references.

46TH, 340 WEST.—Two medium-sized rooms; running water; reasonable.

49TH, 26 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; telephone, electricity; city visitors accommodated. Hayes.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Choice, airy room, bath room, kitchenette; hot water; reference; reasonable.

51ST, 62 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, private baths; gentlemen or couple; $10-$20 weekly.

52D, 236 WEST.—Elegant large front room, private bath; piano; home comforts. Pierce.

52D, 21 WEST.—Furnished room, with private bath; references.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room; gentleman; electric light; Summer rates.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric lights; select neighborhood.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Cool rooms; large and small; elevator apartment; Summer rates. Sewell.

57TH, 130 WEST.—Two large rooms, bath, well furnished; Summer rates. Inquire superintendent.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; excellent central location; private telephone; moderate.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Large room, private bath, kitchenette; other desirable rooms; maid service.

70TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant large well furnished, single and double rooms; modern conveniences; subway and elevated; very reasonable rates.

70TH, (2,030 Broadway.)—Attractive room, lavatory; suitable business man. Johnson, Columbus 6314.

70TH, 218 WEST.—Large cheerful room; all conveniences; private French family. Garden.

71ST, 62 WEST.—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Cool, attractive front rooms; breakfast, dinner optional; men; Summer rates.

71ST ST., 45 WEST.—Rooms; running water, phone, electricity.

71ST, 70 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, cool room; every convenience; low rate.

72D, (Subway.)—Single room, near bath, $5; high-class apartment; gentleman; references. Columbus 684, Apt. 1C.

72D, 22 WEST.—Delightful, cool, airy room; private bath, shower, electricity; quiet; refinement.

73D, 158 WEST.—Delightfully cool, quiet, large room, private bath; electricity; references.

73D, 139 WEST.—Newly decorated, nicely furnished rooms; also front parlors; electricity.

73D ST., 139 WEST.—Newly decorated, nicely furnished rooms; also front parlor; electricity.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private bath; Summer rates; references.

73D, 112 WEST.—Desirable room, near subway, elevated; meals optional; references.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Kitchenette apartment, private bath; telephone; ideal location; Summer rate.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath, telephone exchange, electricity; references.

75TH, 184 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room with dressing room; running hot and cold water; first-class house; excellent location.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms and private baths; also single, electricity, $4, $10.

75TH, 3 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; parlor with bedroom, $8; other rooms, $5.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Large bright, airy rooms; also single; refined; electricity. Apt. 23.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Well furnished rooms, bath adjoining; gentleman or business couple; reference.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Large, cheerful room, running water, adjoining bath; business couple or two gentlemen; references.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Attractive large, cool room; suit couple; also small room; reasonable.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Single, en suite; private bath; continuous hot water; electricity.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean; electricity; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references. Schuyler 4566.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable large and small room; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Large outside room, facing Park, in modern apartment. Giese.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, private house; reference.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Large room; connecting rooms; with, also without, private baths; electricity.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable rooms; refined surroundings; telephone; reception room; $2.50 to $10.

80TH, 104, 147 WEST.—Large and medium cool, airy rooms; private baths; references.

81ST, 251 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive front room, high-class elevator apartment. Holton.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Cool rooms, with, without private bath; electricity; $8, $10.

82D, 29 WEST.—Exceptional two rooms; hot and cold water; telephone; breakfast optional.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's wife will rent newly furnished rooms; references exchanged.

82D, (Near Riverside.)—Attractive room, hot and cold running water, adjoining bath, for gentleman, $5.50 weekly. Schuyler 3331.

82D, 33 WEST.—Rent 2d floor, newly furnished, private bath, phone; references required.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; private bath; breakfast optional.

84TH, 31 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; near baths; continuous hot water; electricity.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Very attractive large and small rooms, bath; excellent table; references.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Large room, private bath; electricity; breakfast optional; private house.

FURNISHED ROOMS

West Side.

86TH, (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms; refined, quiet surroundings; references; Summer rates.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Newly furnished outside rooms; kitchenette; maid service; elevator; reasonable. Kennedy.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished, single room; bath, telephone; gentlemen; $3.50.

93D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Two beautiful furnished rooms; private; electricity, running water; bath adjoining; gentlemen; meals optional.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, all conveniences; references.

98TH, 243 WEST, (Broadway.)—Cool outside room, or suite; homelike; moderate. Apt. 6B.

100TH, 216 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large room or suite. Hurt, Apartment 12C.

102D, 253 WEST.—Large room and private bath; also small room; special rates for Summer; private house.

106TH, (2,764 Broadway.)—Well-furnished, small outside room; refined. Starrett, Academy 1588.

108TH, 256 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Front room, adjoining bath; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

109TH ST., 312 WEST.—Beautiful rooms overlooking Hudson; kitchen optional; seventh floor.

111TH, 529 WEST, (Apt. 4.)—Broadway subway; nicely furnished large front room; strictly modern; Summer rates.

111TH, 515 WEST.—Cool front rooms; piano, phone, elevator, conveniences; refined.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Southern exposure, elevator; New Englanders; 1095 Morningside; fifth, south.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Outside room, facing vacant lot; lavatory, bath; telephone; $3. Wilford.

113TH, 600 WEST.—Large, cool front room; every appointment; exclusive corner apartment; private family; suit particular person. Johnston.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; southern exposure; kitchen privileges. Apt. 2. Tomlinson.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Well furnished single room, private family. Apartment 30.

115TH, (14 Morningside Av.)—Excellent accommodations; business people; exclusive neighborhood. Morningside 3307.

116TH, (Claremont, Columbia, Riverside.)—Attractive front room. Tel. 5136 Morningside. Apt. 22.

118TH, 401 WEST, Cor. Morningside Drive.—Outside rooms, closet, lavatory. Apt. 31.

121ST, 501 WEST.—Medium, light, comfortable rooms; telephone, electricity, shower; reasonable. Nielsen.

121ST ST., 523 WEST.—Front rooms, opposite Teachers College. Welles, 5th floor.

123D, 114-116 WEST.—Large, small, elegantly furnished rooms; superior service.

126TH, 56 WEST.—Excellent rooms, four houses; reasonable rates; Southerners accommodated; phone; subway.

126TH, 7 WEST.—Beautiful large, airy room; hot and cold running water; private house; no other roomers; phone; moderate terms.

144TH, 600 WEST.—River view; $7; small, $5; convenient location; evenings. 6B.

162D, WEST, (3,875 B'way.)—Beautiful room, suitable one or two business people; elevator apartment. Apartment 22.

A HANDSOMELY furnished, exceptionally cool, outside parlor, bedroom, bath, two gentlemen or couple; private entrance. Telephone Columbus 8218.

A lady having beautiful furnished private apartment, newly decorated, desires to rent two rooms; all conveniences; references. 8815 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 66TH ST.
In charming apartment, delightful outside room; lavatory; excellent transportation. Telephone 7915 Columbus.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Cool room overlooking Park, within one block from both Subway and elevated. Tel. Co. 9194.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 355.—Beautiful suite; two rooms, bath. Phone 1467 Riverside.

PRIVATE FAMILY WILL RENT TWO FINE CONNECTING ROOMS, WITH HOT AND COLD WATER, ELECTRICITY; VERY REASONABLE TO PERMANENT PARTY; REFERENCES EXCHANGED. PHONE RIVERSIDE 3287, APT. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Two rooms, suite, baths and showers; references. Phone 9487 Schuyler.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362, (Corner 109th.)—Large room or suite. Hurt, Apartment 10A.

ROOM 502, Carnegie Hall.—July, August, low rate. Porter, 56th St entrance.

TWO WOMEN, occupied, have eight-room apartment facing Central Park; will let room; woman; privileges. Tel. 9380 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 855, (corner 102d.)—Outside room; running water. Osborne, Telephone 8689 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 350, (near 76th.)—Attractive large, small rooms; private house; modern conveniences.

WEST END AV., 896, (Corner 103d.)—Large, airy, front, bath, $7; private residence.

WEST END AV., 664.—Exceptional large and small; twin beds; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 826.—Superior cool, clean room, bath, complete; electricity; residence.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Double, single, bath, facing park. $10-$8-$5.

Brooklyn.

AVENUE W, 814, (Coney Island Avenue.)—Large room, 5 windows, Brighton "L," Neck Road Station, 5c. fare; 5 minutes Brighton Beach, 10 minutes Sheepshead Bay.

AVENUE J.—Station Brighton Beach line; well furnished rooms with private family; telephone Midwood 7625 J.

CLIFTON PLACE, 34, (Near St. James Place.)—Alcove, also square room, handsomely furnished; parquet floors; electric lights; suitable couple.

HALSEY ST., 44.—All improvements, home comforts and privileges; phone.

KEAP ST., 199.—Cool room, furnished, hot water, electric light, telephone service. Inquire. Either one or two women.

MONROE ST., 10.—Large alcove room, suitable for 2 gentlemen; other rooms newly furnished and decorated; telephone.

PRESIDENT ST., 906.—SUMMER RATES; LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS; TELEPHONE; EVERY CONVENIENCE.

Long Island.

OCEAN front rooms; adults; boardwalk; near 3d Av., Rockaway Park. J. O'Connor.

New Jersey.

Lady will rent a few rooms in her private cottage, at the beach, to high-class guests. F. G. M., care Honce & Dubois, real estate, Belmar, N. J.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

JAPANESE gentleman wants refined, quiet room near 34th St., on east side; good family; references exchanged. K. V. Ono, 330 East 57th St.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

49TH, 116 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, all conveniences, suitable for bachelor. Telephone Circle 204.

87TH ST., 109 WEST, (Near Central Park West,)—Three unfurnished rooms for rent; hot and cold water, gas, electric light; private bath; $45 per month, inclusive.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th St.)—Exclusively for women. Why not live at a hotel at a lower cost than a boarding house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; full hotel service; homelike, including high-class meals; $10 weekly and up. Phone Madison Square 6160.

LEXINGTON AV., 342, (39th St.)—Quiet rooms; generous meals; Summer rates; $8.50 to $12. Telephone 9768 Murray Hill.

MADISON AV., 218.—Attractive rooms; exceptional table; references.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

49TH ST., 16 WEST.
Unusual accommodations; references; table board.

51ST, 58 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private baths; table guests; references.

53D ST, 57 WEST.—Very attractive double, single rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

55TH, 16 WEST.—Table board, rooms with private bath and board; gentlemen; references.

57TH, 225 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms, reasonable; excellent table; reference.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths, excellent table, parlor dining, convenient location.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms, with private bath; with or without board.

72D, 212 WEST.—Single, double rooms, private baths; table board. Columbus 6396.

72D, 253 WEST.—Double and single rooms; prices reasonable; table guests. Columbus 9687.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; excellent board; table guests.

72D, 157 WEST.—Double, single rooms; well-appointed house; near subway, elevated; references.

72D, 266 WEST.—Home cooking; best location; solicit Southern people for Summer.

72D, 322 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private house; overlooking Hudson. Columbus 1085.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable, cool room; private bath; with or without board.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

73D, 153 WEST.—Attractively furnished large front rooms; running water; large closets; electricity, telephone; subway express; Summer rates.

75TH, 56 WEST.—Attractive rooms; board optional; Summer rates; electricity; references; near Park.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Large, small room, with, without baths; excellent table; fine location.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms, parlor, dining; table board; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable rates; also table board.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 116 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath; smaller one; excellent table; moderate.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; few adults appreciating superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms, private baths; excellent table; best location in city; references required; Southern family.

96TH, 54 WEST.
Desirable rooms; excellent table; terms moderate.

107TH, 322 WEST.—SPACIOUS, AIRY DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, BATH, ELECTRICITY; SUMMER RATES.

110TH, 601 WEST.
Attractive, large room; exclusive surroundings; best home cooking. Morningside 4302. Apt. 8N.

115TH, 560 WEST.—Large, small rooms; all improvements; excellent cuisine; table guests accommodated.

115TH, (365 Manhattan Av.)—"Columbia." Pleasant rooms, board, $8 up. Morningside 4021.

126TH, 174 WEST, (The Norwood,) Corner 7th Av.—Room and board; special rates; baths; telephone; home cooking; convenient cars.

135TH, 630 WEST, (corner Riverside.)—Large, double front room; $15 week, for two; excellent cooking; elevator apartment. Apt. 1.

149TH, 544 WEST, ("Audubon.")—Bright rooms; excellent meals; $8 up. 2757 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (The Woodbury.)—Two blocks north 157th subway; wonderful grounds.

WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH, 21.—Rooms, with board; facing Park; table guests accommodated; references.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MAN, room and board, private family; near 4th Av. T 48 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (The Woodbury.)—Two blocks north 157th subway; wonderful grounds.

Long Island.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 46 BEACH, 113th.—Comfortable, cool rooms; balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board; reasonable. Phone Hammels 1688.

Westchester County.

EDGEWATER LODGE.
Directly on Sound; delightfully cool, attractive accommodations; moderate rates; commuting. Tel. 91W Neptune Island, New Rochelle.

PRIVATE FAMILY owning beautiful home in New Rochelle wants to take a few paying guests; 30 minutes Grand Central. Harrison, 126 Sickles Av. Phone 1836-J.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR HOTEL AND COTTAGE.—Delightful home at moderate prices; convenient to New York City. 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New York State.

EYRIE INN, TOMKINS COVE, N. Y.
A delightful spot; high elevation; cool; commuting distance; own garden; tennis, &c.; booklet. Phone 4 Stony Point. S. Helen Bicknell, Brooklyn and New York.

Board, at a quiet farmhouse, where there is rest and refreshment; also cottage with a view, and with meals at the farmhouse. Address Chichester, Mahopac, Putnam County, N. Y.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH HOTEL,
"THIRTY MINUTES FROM BROADWAY,"
45 NORTH ARLINGTON AV.,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Spend the Summer in beautiful East Orange, with its shady oiled streets, beautiful lawns and flowers; best water in the world; a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two persons, from $28 to $50 per week; take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange Station; write for booklet. Phone Orange 2620. W. T. Reade, Prop.

CLAREMONT AV., 271, (Montclair, N. J.)—Cool, quiet rooms, good food; reasonable rates.

Country Board Wanted.

Room and board for August and part of September by young couple in refined, private family or small boarding house in neighborhood Atlantic Highlands and Red Bank; easily accessible to Shrewsbury, with bathing and boating accommodations; also tennis; garage would also be desirable but not entirely necessary. T 227 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A BARGAIN LIST.
ROLLS ROYCE chassis.
FIAT 7-pass., late model.
CHANDLER SEDAN.
MERCER 5-passenger.
MERCER SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ special speedster, wire wheels.
NATIONAL SPEEDSTER.
OAKLAND COUPE.
PACKARD "18."
LANCIA 5-passenger.
MANY OTHERS.
R. S. IRELAND,
1,648 Broadway. Phone Circle 8249.
Next Door to Winter Garden.
Open Sundays and evenings.

A CLEAN-UP SALE.

1917 Davis	$750	1916 Overland "6"	$550
1917 Studeb'r Rd.	600	1916 Saxon 5-pas.	425
1916 Olds	650	1916 Dodge	500
1916 Paige	800	1914 Jeffrey	450
1916 Stude. "6"	600	1913 Hupmobile	185

LEXINGTON USED CAR DEPT.,
315 West 47th St. Bryant 2411.

BABY PEUGEOT, LATEST IMPORTATION.
BUICK 1917 SEDAN.
MARMON 1916 CLOVERLEAF.
OLDSMOBILE 1917 "8" Special Cabriolet.
LANCIA SPECIAL ROADSTER.
F. I. A. T. "30" IMPORTED FLEETWOOD.
F. I. A. T. "55" TOURING and Limousine.
STUTZ 1916-15-14-13 MODELS.
MERCER SPEEDSTERS, 1916-14-13-12.
SIMPLEX SPECIAL "75" SPEEDSTER.
RENAULT SPECIAL 5-PASS. TOURING.
MERCER 1914 TOURING.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, Cor. 54th.

BUICK 1917 "LITTLE-6" TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPECIAL, 4 PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1917 16 VALVE SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 SPORTING 4.
HUDSON 1917 4 PASS. SPORT MODEL.
LIBERTY 1917 TOURING, WIRE WHEELS.
MARMON 1915 "41" SPEEDSTER.
LANCIA SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
SIMPLEX 1914 "75 H. P." 4 PASS.
LANCIA "30" LIMOUSINE.
PIERCE ARROW "SERIES 3-B 48" RUNABOUT.
MERCER 1913 RACEABOUT.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 B'WAY.
Open Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday Evenings.

BUICK B 37, 5 passenger; best car of this make; many extras; excellent condition; must be seen to appreciate. T 47 Times.

BUICK 1916 "light 4"; extras; mechanically perfect; best offer. Kettner, 1,045 St. Nicholas Av., near 162d.

CADILLAC 1916, Scripps, Chandler, Dodge roadster, 1916. Century Co., 1,700 B'way.

CADILLAC 1916 8-cylinder touring; condition perfect; tires new. Phone Columbus 9869.

CHEVROLET 1916 Royal Mail Roadster, mechanically perfect, electric starter; bargain for cash. Mr. Deitch's car, 1,045 St. Nicholas Av., near 162d St.

HUPMOBILE USED CAR DEPARTMENT.
1914-15-16-17 Hupmobiles,
Touring, Sedans, Limousines and Broughams.
Cars from $450 to $1,750.
Overhauled and Guaranteed.
Other High Grade cars to select from.
CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., INC.,
1,741 Broadway at 56th Street.
Phone Circle 1616.

MARMON 1917, four-passenger club roadster; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

MARMON 1915, five-passenger touring car. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

MARMON 1916, Model 41, seven-passenger touring. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

MERCER 1916 Raceabout, 22-72; perfect condition. 1,790 Broadway. Herman Karp.

MITCHELL 1917, seven-passenger Sedan, Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

OLDSMOBILE.—Will sell at sacrifice credit on contract for 1917 Oldsmobile not delivered; July 2 price on Oldsmobile is to be advanced $172.10. X 357 Times Annex.

OVERLAND, 1916; self-starter, electric lights; excellent condition.
OVERLAND, 1914; self-starter; electric lights; $275; must sell.
FORD TAXI; clock all paid; excellent condition; $225.
2 FORD RUNABOUTS, 1916 and 1913.
FRANKLIN ROADSTER, $300.
OAKLAND SPEEDSTER, excellent condition, $275.
OVERLAND 69; selling price $250.
Mrs. L. DUGAN, 210 West 50th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 60th St., two doors from Broadway.
Telephone Columbus—5078.
PACKARDS | '16 "1-35" Touring 7 pass.
| '15 "2-38" Touring.
| 1915 and 1914 S. G. V.
ALSO | 1916 Cadillac Touring. 7 pass.
| 1912 Lancia Touring.
| 1913 Mercer Raceabout.
LIBERTY BONDS TAKEN IN PAYMENT.

PACKARD 1914, 1-38 Phaeton, A1 condition. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

SIMPLEX Speedster Special; very fast.
WALLACE, 1,739 BROADWAY.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, eight-cylinder, 1916, seven-passenger touring; two disappearing seats facing forward; Fleetwood paneled body; one-man top; ventilating windshield; Westinghouse lighting and starting; newly painted Brewster green and black; all new tires; sold with new car guarantee. Stearns Used Car Department, 417 West 55th St.

STEARNS 1917, five-passenger touring car; cost with extra equipment, $2,700. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

USED CAR DEPT.

BUICK—MODEL C 25.
Light 5 passenger touring.
Overhauled and repainted.

MAXWELL—1917.
5 passenger touring.
Slightly used, at a bargain.

STUDEBAKER FOUR.
1915 Model.
7 passenger.

REO RUNABOUT.
1915 Model.
Overhauled and Repainted.

WILLYS-KNIGHT.
Coupe 1916. Model 84.
With wire wheels.

WILLYS-KNIGHT.
1916 Model 84.
5 passenger touring.

OVERLAND 1916.
Model 83.
5 passenger touring.
With new slip covers.

OVERLAND 1916.
Model 86.
6 cylinder, 7 passenger.
With wire wheels.

ALL WILLYS-KNIGHT AND OVERLAND CARS ARE SOLD UNDER OUR USED CAR POLICY.

All cars sold for cash
or DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Used Car Dept.,
Broadway, at 50th Street,
at 50th St. Subway Entrance.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

WINTON SIX, 1913, fully equipped; electric lights, self-starter; overhauled and repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

WINTON 1915, seven-passenger limousine. Marmon N. Y. Co., 10 West 62d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD touring car, wire wheels, beautiful condition. Thomas Lynch, Murray Hill 932.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring, $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

PACKARD cars for hire, with competent chauffeurs; low rates. Gifford, 6520 Lenox.

PACKARDS, OPEN AND CLOSED.
Recent models; hourly, monthly. 1140 Col.

Automobiles Wanted.

PACKARD, seven or five passenger, late six touring or closed, wanted. Phone 7301 Columbus.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Booklet 1 explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 802 W.57th St. 7920. Spec. classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL, 231 WEST 50TH ST. | Practical, Thorough, moderate, Reliable, Ladies; also Ford. Booklet.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take entire charge, trial balance, controlling accounts, financial statements; stenographer, office manager, executive ability. H 112 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; typist; knowledge of stenography; $8. Parnis, 204 West 116th.

GOVERNESS, Swiss, experienced in tutoring in all English branches, French, German, music; visiting or resident; references. M 12 Times.

KINDERGARTENER wishes position with distinguished family; children loving; best references. 160 East 87th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Experienced, refined young woman; filing; figuring; American; $10. T 334 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' brokerage, export experience; excellent references; $15. T 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, 12 years' experience; entire charge books, correspondence. H 113 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, general office routine work; salary $12. Phone Rhinelander 3718.

YOUNG MULATTO, knowledge of typewriting, stenography, and secretaryship, experience in magazine office, wishes private work evenings. T 44 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th, phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

BERTA CARLSON Swedish Agency supplies first-class servants. 2,415 Broadway; Riverside 9463.

COOKS, Waitresses, Nurses, Houseworkers. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.;) Schuyler 9136.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ATTORNEY, a Christian, 27 years old, now employed, desires position where knowledge of real estate, especially tax matters, would be an asset. T 208 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) experienced trial balances, statements, controlling accounts; $18. M 31 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, thoroughly experienced, double entry, capable taking charge. G. N., 185 Times.

BOY, 14, graduate, wishes position in office. Hanel, 515 East 84th.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. F. Glanzsman, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—By mechanical engineering junior, in Cornell from now until Oct. 1; hold license; good mechanic; speak French, German, and Spanish. Address T 42 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, French-Swiss, does not speak English, would like position in private country home if possible; willing to help housework. Address 329 West 14th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Five years with present employer and careful driver; can furnish best of references, temperate habits and of very fine appearance. M 44 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 31, experienced mechanic, sober, willing, obliging, wishes position, private family; references. Rech, 217 East 87th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Nine years' experience; city, country; best of references. Wing, 141 W. 64th. Phone 5492 Columbus.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; 6 years' experience; first-class reference. R. L. Wilson, 269 West 118th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Gardener; careful driver; do own repairs; willing to be useful; good references. Weisman, 55 East 126th St.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position, private family; experienced on all makes cars; references. Lloyd, 38 West 139th St.

CHAUFFEUR, French, 35 years old, wishes position in private family; best of references. R. B., M 15 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private or commercial; references. Janisch, 895 Fort Washington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 3 years' experience, all repairs. George Schneider, 1,819 Himrod St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, careful driver, city or country; references. S., 304 East 65th.

CHEMIST, 22, two years' analytical experience, desires position in laboratory. T 49 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

CLERK.—Young man, general clerk, wishes connection with large mercantile house. T 367 Times Downtown.

COLLECTING MGR. ABLE TO take charge of 10 collectors; 11 years' experience; do my own advertising, corresponding; high-class man, first class references; security furnished if required; wishes to take charge of out of town store; salary $40 per week. O. Sussman, Hotel Van Cortlandt, New York.

COLLEGE STUDENT desires position, tutor, or work of secretarial character. M 66 Times.

COMPETENT BUSINESS MAN, retired, whole or part time; educated; active; can take charge of important interests. T 45 Times.

DESIGNER.—Pattern cutter, late with Wetzel; sporting, military. Rose, 101 West 117th.

EXECUTIVE OR ACCOUNTANT.—Could act as office manager or secretary; ten years' business experience; graduate New York University; can assume responsibility and handle credits, collections; age 26; salary $40. T 279 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE position desired, am 35, have 15 years' experience, modern methods of factory management and cost accounting, at present with firm of public accountants, prefer opening as Supt. of small shop; salary $2,500. M 42 Times.

EXPERIENCE OF TEN YEARS in banking, import, export, desires connection with opportunity for advancement; best references. T 295 Times Downtown.

HAVE YOU a live business where a young man can buckle down and make a man of himself? Wesley Meisner, 242 East 82d St. Telephone Lenox 4988.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, 17, desires clerical position with reliable firm. Frank Dunn, 98 43d St., Corona, L. I. 2799W Newtown.

MAN, 32, wants position as overseer or taking care of plantation; born Switzerland, naturalized American; speaks English, French, and German fluently, little Spanish; traveled extensively, Philippines, China, Japan, South America. E. H., 44, 1,464 3d Av.

MANAGER.—Reliable export or manufacturing concerns who are looking for an experienced purchasing and foreign sales manager, please communicate with purchasing agent. S 384 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Position wanted as private secretary by man of exceptional experience. S 163 Times.

SALESMAN, producer, excellent business character, desires connections with reliable concern. S 187 Times.

STUDENT.—Useful, handy, wants light occupation; anything in city; references. T 43 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT wants position; fifteen years' experience as factory superintendent in charge of following departments: Power press, plating, polishing, japanning, brass foundry, iron foundry, screw machine, tool and assembling rooms; now employed by large corporation. T 40 Times.

YOUNG CHRISTIAN, trustworthy, wants work in good family, city or country; wages no object; best references. T 41 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, wants to connect with reliable firm; bookkeeping experience. G. Shor, 115 West 128th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, wishes to connect with a reliable concern in clerical or sales department; experience. S 170 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 2 years' general experience, desires position anything. M 11 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER for an institution; pay $42 a month, board and room. Address S. Lord, Stamford, Conn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; state experience, references, salary. B. L., 77 Times.

BRIGHT GIRL for clerical work, must be experienced adding machine operator; address, giving experience, references and salary expected. "Clerical," 280 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER
on house dresses and porch dresses wanted by large New York firm; we want the best in the line; salary no object. Write full particulars in strictest confidence. T 349 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKERS.—Finishers on waists and skirts in high-class gown shop; none but experienced need apply. The Green Shop, 11 West 47th St.

OFFICE WORK, &c.—Young lady, neat appearing, for general office work, to assist in bookkeeping and credit department. Call Room 912, 1,150 Broadway.

EXPERIENCED FILE CLERK to take charge of large correspondent filing department; permanent position; address, giving age, experience, references and salary expected. "Clerk," 260 Times Downtown.

GIRLS.—Bright girls experienced in cutting room; also learners. Apply 2,159 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

SALESLADY IN SHOWROOM OF WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE; MUST HAVE YOUTHFUL, ATTRACTIVE APPEARANCE AND STOUT FIGURE; BUST MEASUREMENT 50, HIPS 47; NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED. BAUM & WOLFF, 99 MADISON AV., 29TH ST.

SECRETARY, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, at once; resident position; salary $40 per month; board, room, and laundry. Leake & Watts Orphan House, Yonkers, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Intelligent young lady, with high school education preferred, for advertising agency; neat appearance, ambitious. Call before 9:30 A. M., today, Room 1214, Flatiron Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Must have some experience; no fee. Apply at once, 9-1:30, Bush Terminal Employment Bureau, Inc., 4,010 2d Av., near 41st St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young lady for manager's office of large corporation located Long Island City; must be quick and accurate. H 43 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, also be generally useful in office. T 285 Times Downtown.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. N. C. McReynolds, 347 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4835. Call afternoons, 2 to 5.

TYPIST and Switchboard Operator.—No fee. Bush Terminal Employment Bureau, Inc., 4,010 2d Av., near 41st St., Brooklyn.

WAITRESS.—White and neat to assist generally. Apply 9 to 11, Price, 65 Central Park West.

YOUNG WOMAN.—A wholesale house, the largest in its field, has an opening for a young woman to travel; previous traveling experience not necessary providing applicant is exceptionally clever saleswoman; a permanent position with advancement is assured; address, giving in detail age, experience, references, and salary expected to begin; no attention to application without this information. Traveler, 200 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Agency, 329 West 59th.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Permanent positions; $18, $15, $12, $10, $9. Acme Agency, 25 Church.

STENOGRAPHERS, Dictaphone, Bookkeepers, Switchboard, Typists, Clerical; free registration. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS.—Numerous positions unfilled; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, clerks; free registrations. 303 5th Av. Miss A. Lynch's Agency.

Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y. Individual instruction. Reservations must be made in advance. References required. Summer sessions.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—In practice on his own account, to assist public accountant on part time each month; state salary, experience, and age. Auditors, H 109 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—In the office of public accountant; excellent chance to learn business; not over 30 years; state salary, references, age, and experience. Public Accountants, H 108 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—One with experience on Wall St. books only need apply; state reference and salary expected. E 298 Times Downtown.

BOYS in large mfg. concern to learn the business from the bottom; good chance for advancement. W 282 Times Downtown.

CARPENTERS, 100 wanted, day and night work. Apply at job, office Cauldwell-Wingate Co., City Park, Flushing Av. and Navy St., Brooklyn.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CYRUS E. LEWIS of Derby, Conn., would like to know the whereabouts of CARL HATTER, formerly of Huntington, Conn.

BILL.—Let me talk with you and straighten things for you. "Bill."

HELP WANTED—Male.

CHEMIST wanted at once for dye plant near Boston. Write E 306 Times Downtown.

COLLECTORS.—If you are a hustler and a sticker we have an opening for three experienced installment collectors who are fully acquainted with the streets in Greater New York and its environments; write fully, giving past experience and refrences. H 73 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Wholesale house desires young man as correspondent; permanent position with advancement is open to one capable of writing out of the ordinary letters. Address, giving age, experience, references, salary expected, in detail, "Permanent," 240 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT wanted to control freely the following languages: Spanish, French, and Russian; apply in writing only, stating experience, salary expected, and references; information will be treated in strict confidence. B. Brown & Bro., Inc., 227 Water St.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical designer and detailer and light machinery; state age, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. X 381 Times Annex.

DOWNTOWN BANK requires in its foreign department a young man not over 24 years of age; experience in handling documentary bills of exchange and foreign collections essential; answers must state experience, previous employment, references, age and salary expected. T 289 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER'S ASSISTANT for an institution; single man, with first-class license; must be able to care for heating plant, laundry, and electric light plant; alternating current used; also telephones; pay, $20 a week, board, and room. Address, stating age with copies of references, Box 706, Rye, N. Y.

FINISHERS, hardwood fillers, shellackers, water and oil rubbers, hardware fitters and touchers up; also learners; good wages; 48 hours per week. Call Sunday from 1 to 6 P. M.; Monday 10 A. M.-9 P. M. Room 907, Times Building, 42d and Broadway.

FOREMAN.—Boiler room foreman, man to take charge 16 large size Babcock-Wilcox marine type boilers and full boiler room equipment; 50,000 H. P. oil-fired steam plant in South America; transportation paid both ways; three-year contract; give full details, experience first letter. E 296 Times Downtown.

FOREMEN and SUB-FOREMEN, 30 wanted; day and night work on frame construction barrack buildings, near Brooklyn Navy Yard. Apply Room 1313, 381 4th Av., New York City.

FRAMERS, 300 wanted; day and night work. Apply at job, office Cauldwell-Wingate Co., City Park, Flushing Av. and Navy St., Brooklyn.

LABORERS, (masons' and carpenters') 200 wanted; day and night work. Apply at job, office Cauldwell-Wingate Co., City Park, Flushing Av. and Navy St., Brooklyn.

LITHOGRAPH PROVER, for high-class color work; steady work for capable man; write, stating experience and salary expected. Parker-Brawner Company, Lithographers, 472 La. Av., N. W., Washington, D. C.

LITHOGRAPH ARTISTS, for crayon and press work; steady employment for capable men; write, stating experience and salary expected. Parker-Brawner, Lithographers, 472 La. Av., N. W., Washington, D. C.

LUMBER HANDLERS, 75 wanted; day and night work. Apply at job, office Cauldwell-Wingate Co., City Park, Flushing Av. and Navy St., Brooklyn.

MACHINIST.—First-class, all-around mechanic on experimental work; established business; steady position, with unusual possibilities; write experience, salary, and age. T 354 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST DEMONSTRATOR to operate and demonstrate automatic machines. Write age, experience, salary. Opportunity, T 359 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED, OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE, WHO CAN DETAIL FROM LAYOUTS; ELECTRICAL EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; PERMANENT POSITIONS AND EVERY CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT OFFERED TO THE RIGHT MEN. ADDRESS CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELEC. & MFG. CO., EAST PITTSBURGH, PENN.

MECHANICS.—Thorough, competent mechanics for Brown & Sharpe automatic and hand-screw machines; one experienced hardener; day and night shifts. Employment Office, International Time Recording Co., Endicott, N. Y.

MUSICIANS.—Enlist 8th Regt. Band, Monday night, Kingsbridge Road and Jerome Av. Phone Melrose 8029. Also violinists and pianists. Please call.

OPORTUNITY for a capable, energetic man, age 21-24, possessed of a high school education, good presence and address, to enter the office and learn the business of a reliable manufacturer located in the Greenville district of Jersey City; opportunity for advancement; must be proficient in typewriting; state age, race, education, business experience, and salary expected. T 260 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK, MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS, EXPERIENCED, WANTED.—EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. X 352 TIMES ANNEX.

ORDER CLERK WANTED.—ONE HAVING EXPERIENCE HANDLING AUTOMOBILE TIRES AND ACCESSORIES PREFERRED. X 351 TIMES ANNEX.

PORTER.—Strong man, or young man accustomed to work in dry goods shipping department. Rittenberg Bros., 100 Bleecker St.

SALESMEN.—In New York live, ambitious man can earn large salary (commission) selling outdoor advertising; state particulars, age, experience, reference. The Lawder Advertising Co., Baltimore, Md.

SALESMEN covering small town; good side line, no samples; big, continuous commission. Sanitex, Northeast corner 22d St. and Avenue A.

SALESMEN.—A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER PLANT FOR USE IN COUNTRY HOMES, FARMS, STORES, AND BOATS, OF WHICH 15,000 HAVE BEEN SOLD FOR THE PAST YEAR, HAS THREE DISTRICTS VACANT IN NEW YORK STATE.

It is necessary to have an automobile, and the method of organization and management is similar to that used in automobile selling; the compensation is on a commission basis; applicants should furnish complete details concerning previous business and sales experience. E 305 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED.
A man of character, with some selling experience, wanted immediately to sell widely advertised product in New York and neighboring States; a permanent connection is assured man who can stand prosperity and is ambitious to get ahead; we will give the right man drawing account against commissions and every other aid consistent with a sound, successful selling policy; state age, education, and line of business you are engaged in. Address Box M 7 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.
When you hear the word "ENCYCLOPAEDIA" you immediately think "BRITANNICA." The same thing is true of millions of other Americans. If you wish to reap the benefit of our nationwide advertising campaign we have an A1 sales proposition for you. To men of education and good address we will give drawing account against commissions, transportation, and a training that will insure success. Call 120 West 32d St.

SALESMAN for Middle West wanted by a large and old established crepe de chine and muslin underwear house making dependable merchandise; to an experienced underwear man we offer a good following; answers treated in strictest confidence; drawing account against commission. M. W., 225 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN MOTOR TRUCKS.
"COMPLETE LINE."
Fine opportunity for live salesman; commission or salary. Apply Tuesday morning. Mr. Glass, Burford Co., 44 West 62d.

SALESMAN to carry a line of high-grade novelties for the dress trade; only one with following considered; salary or commission. H 44 Times.

SALESMAN for kimonos; side line; Western territory; commission basis. French Model Kimono Co., 18 West 21st St.

SALESMAN.—Stock, high grade man, proven ability, can find opportunity; big money commission. Room 701, 50 Broad St.

SEWER BRICKLAYERS.—Ten non-union; Tenth and Bismarck; one year's work; dry ditch; come ready for work. T. M. Torson & Son, sewer contractors, Indianapolis, Ind.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced children's dresses; take charge of shipping room in large dress house. S. Wieder, 24 University Place.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Must have some experience; no fee. Apply at once, 9-1:30, Bush Terminal Employment Bureau, Inc., 4,010 2d Av., near 41st St., Brooklyn.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Western disturbance of Saturday night is now north of Lake Superior, with about the same intensity, but the high pressure area to the westward is decreasing, with a general fall in pressure west of the Rocky Mountains. In the East and South pressure is falling, but it continues high over the Atlantic Ocean.

There were thunder showers in the lower Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys, the lake region, and Florida, and also light showers in New England, Eastern New York, Kansas, and North Dakota. Elsewhere fair weather prevailed.

There will be thunder showers Monday from the lower lake region eastward, continuing Tuesday in Central and Eastern Maine. Otherwise generally fair weather will prevail Monday and Tuesday east of the Mississippi River.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Thunder showers Monday. Tuesday fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Monday, probably local thunder showers. Tuesday fair.

Southern New England—Showers Monday, Tuesday probably fair.

Northern New England—Showers Monday, Tuesday fair, except showers in Central and Eastern Maine.

Western Pennsylvania—Thunder showers early Monday morning, followed by fair and slightly cooler. Tuesday fair.

Western New York—Local thunder showers Monday, somewhat cooler north and west. Tuesday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1916.	1917.		1916.	1917.
3 A. M.	66	66	4 P. M.	81	78
6 A. M.	64	65	6 P. M.	80	78
9 A. M.	72	72	9 P. M.	77	76
12 M.	81	78	11 P. M.	74	..

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 71; at 8 P. M. it was 76. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees at 4:20 P. M.; minimum, 63 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 59 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.10 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.95 inches.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..4:28|Sun sets..7:32|Moon sets..1:[illegible]

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:09	5:37	11:15	12:00
Governors Island	5:31	5:56	11:49	12:00
Hell Gate	7:19	7:35	1:43	1:25

Fire Record.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:10—1,538 Madison Av.	Slight
12:15—75 2 Av.; not given	None
1:25—651 Water St.; A. Costa	Slight
3:45—1,580 Madison Av.; L. Polligrini	$1,000
9:45—202 E. 115 St.; P. Nay	Slight
P. M.	
12:30—396 2 Av.; J. Kelley	Slight
2:15—145 W. 138 St.; J. Woytiseck	Slight
2:55—246 St. and Lexington Av.; auto; H. Hall	Slight
4:10—136 E. 117 St.; M. Feldman	Slight
4:30—509 E. 147 St., Bronx; J. Schuster	Slight
6:15—50 E. 117 St.; S. Weinhandy	Slight
7:00—428 Amsterdam Av.; S. Wiltz	Slight
8:00—94 Monroe St.; Shapiro Bros.	Slight
8:55—309 E. 101 St.; C. Grasato	Slight
9:15—207 W. 88 St.; Helen Costello	Slight
11:00—952 Fox St., Bronx; not given	Slight
11:35—1,505 Lexington Av.; R. Anastacio	$25

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, Underwood operator, male, experienced, with ability; none liable to military service need apply; good chance for advancement; $12 weekly to start; state age, experience, references in writing. S 49 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man wanted in business office of publishing house; must be neat, accurate, willing; state age, experience, salary, and reference. X 389 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERKS, EXPERIENCED, WANTED.—MEN FAMILIAR WITH THE HANDLING OF MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS AND AUTOMOBILE TIRES AND ACCESSORIES PREFERRED. ANSWER GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO., INC., LONG ISLAND CITY.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, above military age, wanted for Chile, South America; three years' contract; transportation paid; installation four steam turbo units; 10,000 K. V. A., each operating 110,000 volts, transmission system; describe in detail plants worked in, and exact duties performed. E 297 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE CLERK.—Experienced on Stock Exchange phone; state reference and salary. E 293 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and Bookkeeper, (bookkeeping machine;) no fee. Apply at once, 9-1:30, Bush Terminal Employment Bureau, Inc., 4,010 2d Av., near 41st St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE WAITING ON INCOMING TRADE IN STOCKROOM AND SHOWROOM; ALSO MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN WITH SILK WAIST MANUFACTURER NEED APPLY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; APPLY BETWEEN 3 AND 5 MONDAY. SHERR BROS., 546 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN (16-18) for stock work in New York selling office of large silk manufacturing concern; excellent chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, stating age, qualifications, and salary desired, K., P. O. Box 197, New York.

YOUNG MAN, bright, learn custom shirt business; $8 start; must have good schooling. Mason Custom Shirt, 44 West 36th.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Excellent opportunity for men, 30 to 40, who can handle double entry work; salary up to $25; cost clerk, active man, with considerable experience; unusual opportunities for advancement; $18 to $25. Apply before noon, Central Branch Y. M. C. A., Employment Dept., (Agency,) 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

Instruction.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN TRADES; free instruction; 9 trades. Apply any morning except Saturday and Sunday. Baron de Hirsch Trade School, 222 E. 64th St.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

MACHINE-TOOL WORK FOR SALE.
Immediate possession; finishing large contract; many planers, lathes, milling machines, and full modern equipment; owners wish rest; sell equipment and rent new, modern factory buildings; Pennsylvania Railroad sidings; near New York. X 391 Times Annex.

A reliable firm of insurance brokers desire to connect with a gentleman having trade connections with merchants or manufacturers, and who may be eligible to negotiate insurance. To such a party satisfactory financial arrangements would be made. D 266 Times Downtown.

Hall, grill, restaurant, music, and dancing daily, six lodge rooms; 62 lodges meet every month; rental of lodges covers rent; large hall for 2,000 people; 9-year lease; no mortgage. For full particulars apply Room 606, 72 Trinity Place, New York.

Integrity, energy and means positively secure unparalleled rich opening, municipal, domestic safe business. Call Edwards, 110 Centre St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Seamless steel cylinders, capacity 1,650 to 1,700 cubic inches, height 43 inches, diameter 8 inches, average weight 97 pounds, concave bottom, tested at 215 A. T. M.; bursting pressure over 5,500 pounds; manufactured in conformity to the rule of Interstate Commerce Commission specification No. 3; price on application. H. L. Gary, 617 Commerce Building, Kansas City, Mo.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 275 Canal St.

YACHTS, VESSELS, &c.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,
CRUISING SLOOP YACHT NINDAH,
39 feet over all; 11 feet beam; 3 feet draught; cabin handsomely furnished with silk plush cushions, Wilton carpets, modern lavatory and toilet, compass, marine clock, life preservers; two fresh water tanks; large refrigerator and oil stove in galley; fully furnished, including china * * * sleep six; yacht just done over, rigged, equipped, and all ready to sail; price $950 for immediate sale; can be seen at Muncy's Ship Yard, Bayshore, Long Island, or inquire of E. D. Estes & Sons, 362 Fifth Av., New York. Telephone 4820 Greeley.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

DIAMONDS, pearls, and gems purchased for cash; estates of important amounts preferred; in position to make highest bids. David A. Lindo, 170 Broadway, New York city. Phone 6016 Cortlandt.

FIRE ON LONG PIER NEAR TONS OF RESIN

Hard Fight, with New York Aid, Saves Shipping in Lehigh Valley's Morris Canal Basin.

MANY VESSELS THREATENED

Firemen Fight Blaze in Close Quarters—End of Pier Bady Damaged.

Shipping and commercial buildings in the vicinity of the Little Basin at the eastern terminal of the Morris Canal, in Jersey City, were threatened last night by a fire which started shortly before 11 o'clock at the outer end of Packard's pier. This pier extends from Washington Street some 600 feet out into the middle of the basin, which is controlled by the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

The flames started in a tow-story frame building belonging to the R. N. Rodoman Dry Dock Company, at the end of the pier. The first floor was used as an engine room and the second as an office and the blaze started on the upper floor just over the boiler. The flames spread quickly back up the pier and the bulk of the Jersey City Fire Department was soon assisting the railroad fire fighters in the attempt to check the flames.

Moored in the basin north of the pier were fifty-four tugs, lighters, scows, and other small vessels, twenty-six of them belonging to the Philadelphia and Reading Towing Line, and the others to various lighterage, railroad, and transfer companies. On the pier, stacked in long rows along the edge on the southern side, were 5,000 barrels of resin belonging to Colgate & Co. The flames threatened to reach these barrels, and part of the work of the Fire Department was devoted to stopping the blaze on that side.

Lines of hose were run down the narrow strip in the middle of the pier between the resin barrels on one side and the frame shanties used as offices and sleeping quarters for employes on the other, while from the piers at the foot of Hudson and Green Streets streams were played on the shipping in the basin. Other fire companies went down the big plant of the American Sugar Refining Company, which extends for two blocks along Washington Street.

Fireboats from New York, aiding those of the railroad, came into play in time to stop the flames before they had gone very far down the rows of resin barrels. On the other side several lighters were destroyed, but when the fire was got under control at about 11:30, it was found that the bulk of the shipping was intact. About 100 barrels of resin were burned and the end of the pier was badly damaged.

USED AUTO TO ROB.

Highwaymen Take Money and Watch from a Columbia Student.

On charges of assault and robbery Rocco Alberti, 22 years old, a chauffeur, of 233 East 107th Street, was held in $3,000 bail for trial in Harlem Court yesterday by Magistrate Marsh. The complainant, Gabriel Attansi, a Columbia law student, of 308 East 113th Street, testified that he was on his way home early yesterday morning, when at Pleasant Avenue and 117th Street Alberti and another man drove up to the curb in an automobile.

Both jumped out, he said, and while the other man covered him with a revolver Alberti searched his clothing and stole $100, a diamond ring, diamond stickpin, and a gold watch and chain. They then jumped into the machine and drove away.

Mr. Attansi reported the robbery to the Third Branch Detective Bureau, and Detectives Murphy and Quaine later arrested Alberti at 116th Street and Lenox Avenue. The prisoner was identified by the student. The money and jewelry were not found.

Patient Hangs Himself in Hospital.

Frank Krasches, a merchant of 865 Fox Street, the Bronx, committed suicide early yesterday morning in a private room on the ninth floor of the Polyclinic Hospital by hanging himself to a steampipe in the room by the cord from his bathrobe. The body was found dangling by a nurse. At the hospital it was said Krasches was admitted two weeks ago suffering from blood poisoning in his right leg, and that he had become despondent. Krasches is survived by his wife and a grown daughter.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Two diamond rings, platinum settings; one solitaire, other large centre and seven smaller stones, June 29, 1917, Broadway, between 140th and 144th Sts.; suitable reward return of either. Apartment 57, 3,495 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Tires, frame, tire holder, lamp, license, Ford car, between New York, Worcester, via Yonkers, Springfield, Mass. Reward. Reid, 57 West 25th St., New York City.

LOST—Pearl and diamond sunburst, somewhere between 167th, Morris Av., Jerome Av. car, Fordham Road car, and University Av.; reward. X 399 Times Annex.

LOST—Friday, June 15, between 61st St. and 85th St., East, or Madison Av. car, small diamond heart pin; reward. Mrs. H. B. Duryea, 535 Park Av.

LOST.—Diamond pin form letters "Z. E.," vicinity 55 West 95th, McAlpin, Cohan Theatre; reward. Martin, 540 Madison Avenue.

LOST—Black satin bag, Thursday, containing breastpin, keepsake, pocketbook, money; White Plains car; good reward. Boecher, Intervale 1384.

LOST—Lady's fur boa, on New Haven train, Port Chester local, leaving New York 1:12 Saturday. Liberal reward if returned to Wykagyl Country Club, New Rochelle.

LOST—Light female canary, flew out of window at 444 Park Av.; $5 reward if returned. Mrs. Wilson.

LOST—Friday, June 29, platinum bar pin set with diamonds; $50 reward if returned to Mrs. S. Higgins, 12 East 58th

LOST—Platinum diamond pin, Sunday, between 124th and 143d Sts.; liberal reward. 518 West 143d St., Apt. 7.

LOST—Gentleman's umbrella, Sea Beach line; initials A. H.; reward. Humphrey, Hotel Ansonia.

REWARD.—Gray office book, 12x18, uptown subway train, June 20. H 111 Times.

$300 REWARD return diamond horseshoe brooch and diamond dinner ring, lost in the vicinity of Altman's on June 28. Both pieces were contained in Tiffany pasteboard box. Proportionate reward for return of either piece. No questions asked. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$500 REWARD return ring lost about May 20 in the vicinity of Gladstone, N. J.; 1 square emerald, 54 small diamonds, 8 cut onyx set in platinum. Return to Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$500 REWARD return of diamond and platinum ring; one large diamond, 36 small diamonds, lost June 1 in the vicinity of Port Chester, N. Y. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$50 REWARD.
For bracelet, flexible diamond set with baroque pearls last Wednesday in or near Altman's; return to Black, Star & Frost, 48th St., and 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Collie, female; one white eye; reward. Eugene, 301 West 150th St. Telephone 574 Audubon.

MORE LIBERAL LOANS
Than Other Loan Companies on
DIAMONDS, WATCHES & JEWELRY.
OUR RATE 1% PER MONTH
MAX BERNSTEIN
273 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

ADVERTISEMENT.
GIANTS TO-DAY WITH BOSTON.
3:30 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.

PLEDGES JEWS' AID IN WAR.

"Will Do Full Part," Says Dr. Adler at Synagogue Convention.

The continued support of American Jews and American Jewish institutions in the war against Germany was pledged yesterday by Dr. Cyrus Adler, President of the United Synagogue of America, in an address which opened the fifth annual convention of the organization.

"We firmly believe," he said, "that the use of force which our beloved country is now employing is for the weal of all men, even for those against which it is being directed. But we hope and pray for the time speedily to come when such force will no longer be required. In the great adventure on which we have entered the Jewish people will do their full part."

The United Synagogue of America is an organization composed of orthodox synagogues. The convention, which is being held in the Jewish Theological Seminary, 531 West 123d Street, will come to a close today.

Discussing the observance of the Sabbath, Dr. Adler said: "I fully believe that the Saturday half holiday, now so common in many, if not most, of our industrial and commercial establishments, could readily be turned into a Saturday whole holiday, and that the proper agencies to work upon in this regard are the organizations of workmen and manufacturers. In any State where the laws render this plan impossible there should be secured modification of such laws so that the week's work may be compassed within five days instead of five and a half days, as at present."

Announcement was made by the Rev. Dr. Elias Solomon, Chairman of the Religious Observance Committee, that a list of kosher restaurants in this country had been compiled and would soon be published. Three hundred such restaurants, scattered in 107 cities, have been listed.

NO QUARANTINE TRANSFER.

Government Not Yet Ready to Take Over Staten Island Station.

The transfer of the Quarantine Station on Staten Island to Federal jurisdiction, which was scheduled to take place today on payment by the United States of $1,395,275, has been postponed until more important matters have been got out of the way.

Officials at the Quarantine Station said yesterday that they had not been instructed to make any preparations to turn over the station. It was said that nothing had been heard of the matter since the Legislature adopted a resolution in February last authorizing the transfer to be made.

The Quarantine Station on Staten Island is the only one on the Atlantic Coast that is not under the control of the Government.

WILL CONCENTRATE FREIGHT HANDLING

Pennsylvania R. R. Announces System to Hasten Shipments and Lessen Congestion.

TO NAME "SAILING DAYS"

Consignments for Certain Places Will Be Received at Certain Stations and at Certain Hours.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 30.—The Pennsylvania Railroad announced today a new system of handling freight intended to lessen congestion and bring about greater efficiency in the use of freight cars, thus relieving the rolling stock shortage. The scheme will be applied to less than carload consignments by having special stations for receiving freight for certain territories, and by dispatching cars for particular territories only on certain days.

"The new arrangement," a statement by the railroad says, "will constitute probably the most far-reaching improvement ever attempted on a large scale in freight transportation. The present system of receiving less than carload freight indiscriminately at all stations, at any time of day, for all destinations, which has been followed since the early days of the railroad, will be abolished. In its place there will be substituted a carefully devised plan whereby the acceptance and loading of freight in less than carload lots will be conducted according to a regularly established system, and such freight will be automatically concentrated into full loads at the point of shipment."

Important features of the new plan for handling less than carload lots are:

1. The inauguration of shipping days—substantially "sailing dates"—on which cars will depart from various points of origin to specified destinations; freight will be accepted on the proper shipping days only, and the cars will "sail" as specified.

2. The designation of particular stations at which freight will be exclusively received for specified destinations; freight for such points will be accepted at the stations named only.

The Purposes in View.

The purposes of the new system are fourfold:

First, elimination of delay incident to the rehandling of freight.

Second, conservation of car supply by effecting better average loading than is possible under the present system.

Third, reduction in the number of car and train movements required to transport a given volume of freight, thus increasing the capacity of the whole railroad plant and increasing rolling stock and trackage for the movement of troops and Government supplies.

Fourth, improvement in the regularity of freight service.

In explaining the new system, the railroad's statement says:

"Under the present method of handling less than carload freight, a shipper having a small consignment to transport from City A to City B can take his goods to any freight station in City A at any time during the ordinary working hours. In the course of the day, or perhaps the next two or three days, the freight will be loaded into a car and run out to a transfer station, which may be a few miles or more than 100 miles distant. There it will be unloaded and trucked into another car, in which numerous small shipments, from many other points, for City B, are being consolidated in the effort to make up a full car.

"Under the proposed plan, there will be certain days on which less than carload freight for City B will be accepted at one or more specified stations in City A, and such freight will be accepted only on the days and at the particular station or stations named. On the days specified, a car for City B will leave the originating station or stations. The service will be daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, or weekly, according to the average volume of the traffic, and freight for City B will be taken only in such cars. Under this method there will be no subsequent transferring or rehandling of the freight, and the car will move straight through to City B without breaking bulk. In large cities where a number of freight stations are maintained, traffic to the various principal destinations will be apportioned between the stations.

Will Advance "Sailing Hours."

"To eliminate the congestion of trucks and teams occurring at nearly all large freight stations in the afternoon, the 'sailing hours' of cars for certain destinations will be made earlier than the general closing time of the station. This will require the delivery of a considerable quantity of freight in the morning hours of the 'sailing day.' The result will be to distribute the receipts throughout the day, extend the capacity of the station and facilitate the movement of traffic. Shippers will be benefited, as their teams and trucks will not be forced to stand idle for several hours before being able to get to the platform, as is often the case under the present conditions.

"The application of the plan at smaller stations—those at which less than carload freight would not accumulate into carloads with sufficient frequency to operate through cars to any given point—will be limited to the establishment of shipping days. One important result which the plan is expected to bring about will be a reduction in loss and damage to freight, owing to the greater promptness with which it will be loaded and dispatched.

"A conservative estimate shows that the adoption of the proposed plan will result in the saving of at least 1,000 box cars a day in the handling of less than carload freight on the lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie.

"The new plan will be put into effect first in the Philadelphia district, where it will become operative in the near future. As soon thereafter as possible it will be applied at New York, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, and Buffalo, following which it will be inaugurated at all stations."

CUTS GIRL WITH RAZOR.

Suitor Disdaining Advice to Enlist, Disfigures His Sweetheart.

PASSAIC, N. J., July 1.—Because his sweetheart refused to marry him until he had joined the army, Stanley Romano of 345 Clifton Avenue, Clifton, today disfigured her for life. Romano and his cousin, Marie Bruno of the same address, have been sweethearts, and on many occasions Romano tried unavailingly to induce the girl to marry him. About two weeks ago she suggested that he should join the army, and when he returned she would consider marriage.

Romano left the house, and did not return again until this afternoon. He then insisted that she should promise to marry him, she says. She again refused until he joined the army. Romano then with a razor slashed the girl across the right cheek, and also badly cut her about the throat. Romano was arrested.

The Entire Sample Line
of
Blum & Koch
Straw Hats
$1.95

Sennits, Splits, Leghorns, Milans

Again we have "corralled" Blum & Koch's entire sample line of straw hats. Every hat was selected for "exhibition purposes."

In straw hats the name that counts most is Blum & Koch.

Come in early for yours.

Sale Begins at All Wallach Stores Today

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, Cor. 29th
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We are equalizing our stocks—reducing the quantity on surplus patterns—making reductions that warrant an immediate purchase.

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Army Officers' Uniforms to measure. Government regulations strictly adhered to. Special service stations at Plattsburg and at Madison Barracks.

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Blue Serge Suits
$20, $22.50, $25 and up to $40
Hart Schaffner & Marx make. Every one worth more than its price today.

Dixie Weave Suits
$15 to $22.50
Breezy all wool clothes that Hart Schaffner & Marx have made famous. No vests.

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$10
Smartly cut, well-fitting suits. Models with plain backs or pinch backs.

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Every gentleman should have one in his summer wardrobe.

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Except Tropical Weaves

We can reduce the price of Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits, but we cannot possibly lessen their quality or their style.

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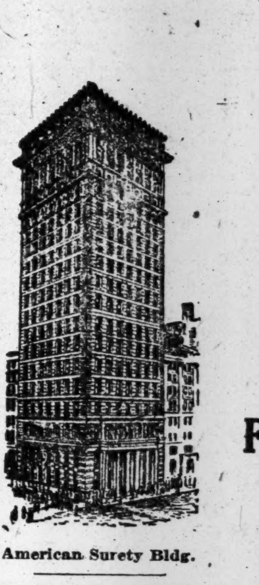

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